

The local structure fingerprint of dual orbital degeneracy lifting in a strongly correlated electron system

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The local structure of NaTiSi₂O₆ is examined across its Ti-dimerization orbital-assisted Peierls transition at 210 K. An atomic pair distribution function approach evidences local symmetry breaking pre-existing far above the transition. The analysis shows the dimers evolve on heating into a short-range orbital degeneracy lifted (ODL)[1] state of dual orbital character, present up to at least 490 K. The ODL state is correlated over the length scale spanning ~6 sites of the Ti zigzag chains. Our results imply that the ODL phenomenology extends to strongly correlated electron systems.

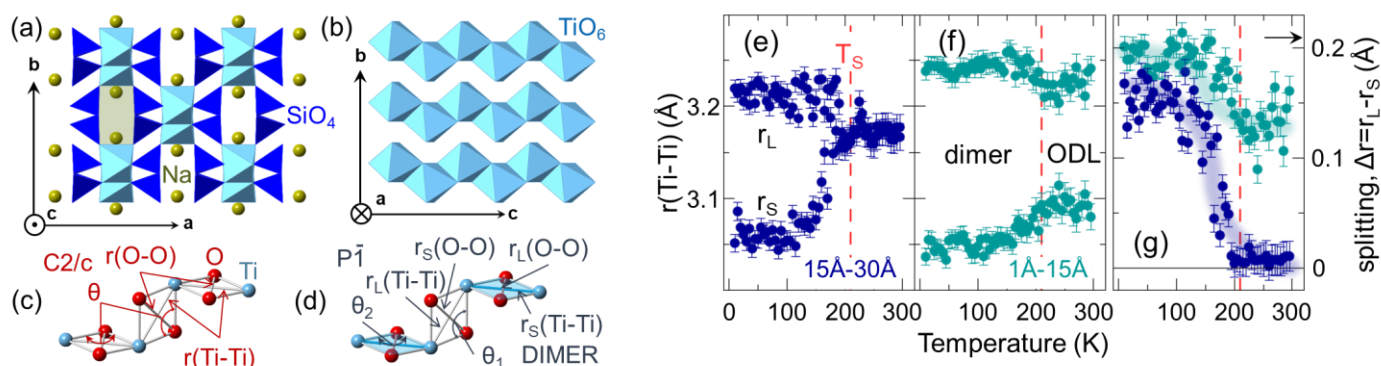


Figure 1. (a) C2/c structure of NaTiSi₂O₆ (b) Quasi-1D zigzag TiO₆ chains; (c) undistorted TiO₂ plaquettes of the C2/c phase, with uniform Ti-Ti and O-O distances; (d) distorted TiO₂ plaquettes of the dimerized $\overline{P1}$ phase, with Ti-Ti and O-O distances split (S=short, L=long). The nearest neighbour Ti-Ti distances from $\overline{P1}$ -based model fits over (e) 15-30 Å and (f) 1-15 Å ranges. The associated $r(\text{Ti-Ti})$ splitting are shown in (g).

[1] Bozin, E. S., Yin, W. G., Koch, R. J., Abeykoon, M., Hor, Y. S., Zheng, H., Lei, H. C., Petrovic, C., Mitchell, J. F. & Billinge, S. J. L (2019). *Nat. Comm.* **10**, 3638.

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