

2-Amino-5-chloro-1,3-benzoxazole

Daniel E. Lynch

School of Science and the Environment,
Coventry University, Coventry CV1 5FB,
EnglandCorrespondence e-mail:
apx106@coventry.ac.uk

Key indicators

Single-crystal X-ray study
 $T = 120$ K
Mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å
 R factor = 0.029
 wR factor = 0.084
Data-to-parameter ratio = 15.3For details of how these key indicators were
automatically derived from the article, see
<http://journals.iucr.org/e>.

The structure of the title compound, $\text{C}_7\text{H}_5\text{ClN}_2\text{O}$, comprises a planar molecule that associates *via* $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ interactions to form $R_2^2(8)$ graph set hydrogen-bonded dimers, while $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$ associations from the second 2-amino H atom create a two-dimensional hydrogen-bonding network containing $C_2^2(8)$ helical chains.

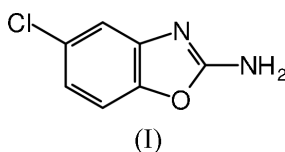
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Comment

2-Amino-5-chloro-1,3-benzoxazole, or Zoxazolamine, (I), is a human metabolite and a centrally acting myorelaxant that was formerly used as an antispasmodic and uricosuric; current uses for the compound include as a tool for assessing hepatic cytochrome P-450 activity in rodents (The Merck Index, 2001). Chemically, (I) is a 2-aminooxazole derivative, the Cambridge Structural Database, version of April 2004 (Allen, 2002) lists 22 (in total) 2-aminooxazoles, 2-aminooxazolines, 2-aminooxadiazoles and 2-aminobenzoxazoles, four being co-crystals containing (I) (Lynch, Daly & Parsons, 2000, Lynch, Singh & Parsons, 2000). The structure of (I), reported here, consists of a planar molecule (Fig. 1) that associates *via* $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ interactions, forming a $R_2^2(8)$ graph set (Etter, 1990) hydrogen-bonded dimer (Fig. 2). The second 2-amino $\text{N}-\text{H}$ donates to an adjacent Cl atom, creating a two-dimensional hydrogen-bonding network that consists of $C_2^2(8)$ helical chains. Hydrogen-bonding associations are listed in Table 1. Molecules of (I) are slip-stacked in the b -axis direction, 3.36 (2) Å apart.



Experimental

The title compound was purchased from Aldrich Chemical Co. and recrystallized from ethanol.

Crystal data

$\text{C}_7\text{H}_5\text{ClN}_2\text{O}$
 $M_r = 168.58$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$
 $a = 9.4403$ (19) Å
 $b = 3.7390$ (7) Å
 $c = 19.737$ (4) Å
 $\beta = 101.67$ (3)°
 $V = 682.2$ (2) Å³
 $Z = 4$

$D_x = 1.641$ Mg m⁻³
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
Cell parameters from 3789
reflections
 $\theta = 2.9$ – 27.5 °
 $\mu = 0.49$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 120$ (2) K
Plate, colourless
 $0.24 \times 0.18 \times 0.05$ mm

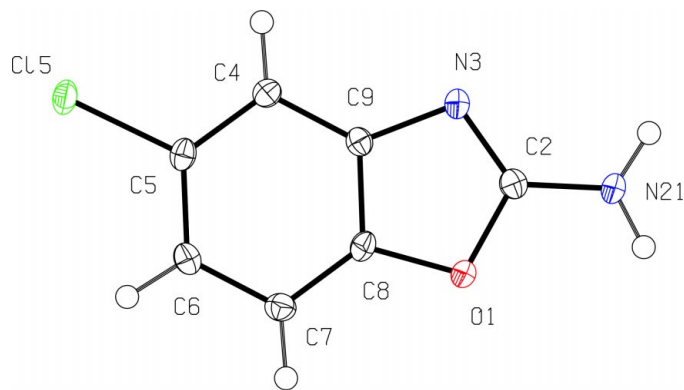


Figure 1
The molecular structure and atom-numbering scheme for (I). Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

Data collection

Bruker–Nonius KappaCCD area-detector diffractometer	1526 independent reflections
φ and ω scans	1360 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SORTAV; Blessing, 1995)	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.032$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.806$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.978$	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^\circ$
4816 measured reflections	$h = -12 \rightarrow 12$
	$k = -4 \rightarrow 4$
	$l = -22 \rightarrow 25$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0405P)^2 + 0.2976P]$
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.029$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$wR(F^2) = 0.084$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
$S = 1.06$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.31 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
1526 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.30 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
100 parameters	
H-atom parameters constrained	

Table 1

Hydrogen-bonding geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$N21-H21\cdots N3^i$	0.88	2.04	2.901 (2)	166
$N21-H22\cdots Cl5^{ii}$	0.88	2.83	3.444 (2)	128

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, -y, -z$; (ii) $x - \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} - y, z - \frac{1}{2}$.

All H atoms were included in the refinement at calculated positions, in the riding-model approximation, with aromatic C–H distances of 0.95 \AA and N–H distances of 0.88 \AA . The isotropic

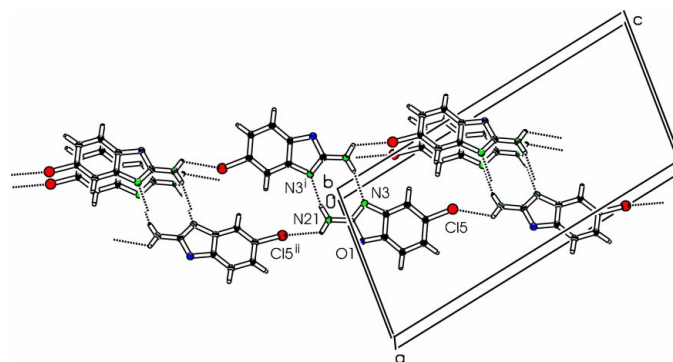


Figure 2
Packing diagram for (I). Dotted lines represent hydrogen bonds. [Symmetry codes (i) $-x, -y, -z$; (ii) $x - \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} - y, z - \frac{1}{2}$]

displacement parameters were set equal to $1.25U_{\text{eq}}$ of the carrier atom.

Data collection: *DENZO* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997) and *COLLECT* (Hooft, 1998); cell refinement: *DENZO* and *COLLECT*; data reduction: *DENZO*, *SCALEPACK* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997) and *COLLECT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 1997); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: *PLATON97* (Spek, 2003); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2004). E60, o1715–o1716 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536804021786]

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$\beta = 101.67$ (3)°

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$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 344$

$D_x = 1.641$ Mg m⁻³

Melting point = 458–458.5 K

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 3789 reflections

$\theta = 2.9$ – 27.5 °

$\mu = 0.49$ mm⁻¹

$T = 120$ K

Plate, colourless

0.24 × 0.18 × 0.05 mm

Data collection

Bruker–Nonius KappaCCD area-detector diffractometer

Radiation source: Bruker–Nonius FR591 rotating anode

Graphite monochromator

Detector resolution: 9.091 pixels mm⁻¹

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan (SORTAV; Blessing, 1995)

$T_{\min} = 0.806$, $T_{\max} = 0.978$

4816 measured reflections

1526 independent reflections

1360 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.032$

$\theta_{\max} = 27.5$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 3.5$ °

$h = -12 \rightarrow 12$

$k = -4 \rightarrow 4$

$l = -22 \rightarrow 25$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.029$

$wR(F^2) = 0.084$

$S = 1.06$

1526 reflections

100 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0405P)^2 + 0.2976P]$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.31$ e Å⁻³

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.30$ e Å⁻³

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.35183 (11)	0.2435 (3)	0.01453 (5)	0.0168 (2)
C2	0.21001 (15)	0.1379 (4)	0.00663 (7)	0.0168 (3)

N21	0.12672 (14)	0.1887 (4)	-0.05575 (6)	0.0234 (3)
H21	0.0359	0.1183	-0.0641	0.029*
H22	0.1626	0.2926	-0.0886	0.029*
N3	0.17429 (12)	-0.0105 (3)	0.06061 (6)	0.0165 (3)
C4	0.33211 (14)	-0.1232 (4)	0.17882 (7)	0.0146 (3)
H4	0.2601	-0.2295	0.1997	0.018*
C5	0.47302 (15)	-0.0765 (4)	0.21461 (7)	0.0148 (3)
Cl5	0.51663 (4)	-0.21998 (9)	0.300743 (16)	0.01855 (14)
C6	0.58231 (15)	0.0731 (4)	0.18576 (7)	0.0163 (3)
H6	0.6775	0.0948	0.2127	0.020*
C7	0.55165 (15)	0.1915 (4)	0.11709 (8)	0.0167 (3)
H7	0.6235	0.2957	0.0959	0.021*
C8	0.41178 (15)	0.1480 (4)	0.08232 (7)	0.0147 (3)
C9	0.30223 (14)	-0.0054 (4)	0.11057 (7)	0.0137 (3)

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.0157 (5)	0.0231 (6)	0.0112 (5)	-0.0035 (4)	0.0015 (4)	0.0023 (4)
C2	0.0164 (7)	0.0184 (7)	0.0149 (7)	-0.0024 (6)	0.0015 (5)	-0.0012 (5)
N21	0.0190 (7)	0.0374 (8)	0.0123 (6)	-0.0066 (5)	-0.0008 (5)	0.0067 (5)
N3	0.0158 (6)	0.0203 (6)	0.0123 (5)	-0.0015 (5)	0.0001 (4)	0.0014 (5)
C4	0.0159 (7)	0.0140 (7)	0.0142 (7)	0.0004 (5)	0.0038 (5)	-0.0002 (5)
C5	0.0190 (7)	0.0126 (7)	0.0121 (6)	0.0012 (5)	0.0012 (5)	-0.0010 (5)
Cl5	0.0210 (2)	0.0211 (2)	0.0118 (2)	0.00004 (13)	-0.00093 (15)	0.00199 (12)
C6	0.0147 (7)	0.0161 (7)	0.0166 (6)	-0.0005 (5)	-0.0001 (5)	-0.0017 (5)
C7	0.0161 (7)	0.0173 (7)	0.0172 (7)	-0.0026 (5)	0.0045 (6)	-0.0015 (5)
C8	0.0184 (7)	0.0151 (7)	0.0102 (6)	0.0000 (6)	0.0023 (5)	-0.0004 (5)
C9	0.0139 (6)	0.0131 (7)	0.0137 (6)	-0.0003 (5)	0.0017 (5)	-0.0021 (5)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

O1—C2	1.3742 (17)	C4—H4	0.95
O1—C8	1.3898 (17)	C5—C6	1.3926 (19)
C2—N3	1.3045 (18)	C5—Cl5	1.7504 (14)
C2—N21	1.3335 (19)	C6—C7	1.399 (2)
N21—H21	0.88	C6—H6	0.95
N21—H22	0.88	C7—C8	1.369 (2)
N3—C9	1.3962 (18)	C7—H7	0.95
C4—C5	1.385 (2)	C8—C9	1.3937 (19)
C4—C9	1.3908 (19)		
C2—O1—C8	103.47 (11)	C6—C5—Cl5	118.17 (11)
N3—C2—N21	127.81 (13)	C5—C6—C7	119.86 (13)
N3—C2—O1	115.88 (13)	C5—C6—H6	120.1
N21—C2—O1	116.28 (12)	C7—C6—H6	120.1
C2—N21—H21	120.0	C8—C7—C6	115.94 (13)
C2—N21—H22	120.0	C8—C7—H7	122.0

H21—N21—H22	120.0	C6—C7—H7	122.0
C2—N3—C9	103.97 (11)	C7—C8—O1	127.99 (12)
C5—C4—C9	116.09 (12)	C7—C8—C9	124.53 (13)
C5—C4—H4	122.0	O1—C8—C9	107.47 (12)
C9—C4—H4	122.0	C4—C9—C8	119.75 (13)
C4—C5—C6	123.82 (13)	C4—C9—N3	131.05 (12)
C4—C5—C15	118.01 (10)	C8—C9—N3	109.21 (12)
C8—O1—C2—N3	-0.01 (16)	C2—O1—C8—C7	179.64 (14)
C8—O1—C2—N21	-177.95 (13)	C2—O1—C8—C9	-0.43 (14)
N21—C2—N3—C9	178.10 (15)	C5—C4—C9—C8	0.2 (2)
O1—C2—N3—C9	0.43 (16)	C5—C4—C9—N3	-179.91 (13)
C9—C4—C5—C6	-1.0 (2)	C7—C8—C9—C4	0.6 (2)
C9—C4—C5—C15	179.99 (10)	O1—C8—C9—C4	-179.34 (11)
C4—C5—C6—C7	1.0 (2)	C7—C8—C9—N3	-179.36 (13)
C15—C5—C6—C7	-179.90 (11)	O1—C8—C9—N3	0.71 (15)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-0.3 (2)	C2—N3—C9—C4	179.37 (14)
C6—C7—C8—O1	179.40 (13)	C2—N3—C9—C8	-0.68 (15)
C6—C7—C8—C9	-0.5 (2)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
N21—H21 \cdots N3 ⁱ	0.88	2.04	2.901 (2)	166
N21—H22 \cdots C15 ⁱⁱ	0.88	2.83	3.444 (2)	128

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