

5-Iodo-2,7-dimethyl-3-phenylsulfinyl-1-benzofuran

Hong Dae Choi,^a Pil Ja Seo,^a Byeng Wha Son^b and Uk Lee^{b*}

^aDepartment of Chemistry, Dongeui University, San 24 Kaya-dong, Busanjin-gu, Busan 614-714, Republic of Korea, and ^bDepartment of Chemistry, Pukyong National University, 599-1 Daeyeon 3-dong, Nam-gu, Busan 608-737, Republic of Korea

Correspondence e-mail: uklee@pknu.ac.kr

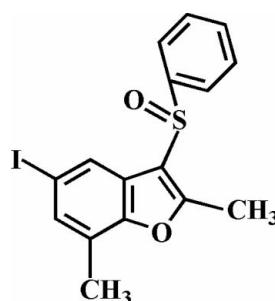
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 173\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.021; wR factor = 0.054; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.8.

The title compound, $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{13}\text{IO}_2\text{S}$, was prepared by the oxidation of 5-iodo-2,7-dimethyl-3-phenylsulfanyl-1-benzofuran using 3-chloroperbenzoic acid. The O atom and the phenyl group of the phenylsulfinyl substituent lie on opposite sides of the plane of the benzofuran system. The phenyl ring is nearly perpendicular to the plane of the benzofuran fragment [89.15 (5) $^\circ$]. The crystal structure is stabilized by an I \cdots O halogen bond [$\text{I}\cdots\text{O} = 3.177(2)\text{ \AA}$ and $\text{C}-\text{I}\cdots\text{O} = 175.68(6)^\circ$] linking molecules into centrosymmetric dimers and by a weak C–H \cdots π interaction between a phenyl H atom and the furan ring of the benzofuran system.

Related literature

For the crystal structures of similar 5-iodo-2-methyl-1-benzofuran compounds, see: Choi *et al.* (2007a,b). For a review of halogen bonding, see: Politzer *et al.* (2007).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{13}\text{IO}_2\text{S}$	$V = 2986.54(17)\text{ \AA}^3$
$M_r = 396.22$	$Z = 8$
Monoclinic, $C2/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 24.4683(8)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 2.28\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$b = 8.1686(3)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 173(2)\text{ K}$
$c = 16.2345(5)\text{ \AA}$	$0.40 \times 0.40 \times 0.20\text{ mm}$
$\beta = 113.015(1)^\circ$	

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD diffractometer	8756 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Sheldrick, 2000)	3261 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.412$, $T_{\max} = 0.640$	3063 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.013$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.021$	183 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.053$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.17$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.29\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
3261 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.80\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

Cg is the centroid of the furan ring.

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{C13}-\text{H13}\cdots Cg^i$	0.95	2.82	3.576 (3)	137

Symmetry code: (i) $x, y + 1, z$.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 1997); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 1997); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997) and *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 1998); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: GK2130).

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supporting information

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5-Iodo-2,7-dimethyl-3-phenylsulfinyl-1-benzofuran

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S1. Comment

As part of our continuing studies on the synthesis and structure of 5-iodo-2-methyl-1-benzofuran derivatives, the crystal structures of 5-iodo-2-methyl-3-phenylsulfinyl-1-benzofuran (Choi *et al.*, 2007*a*) and 5-iodo-2-methyl-3-methylsulfinyl-1-benzofuran (Choi *et al.*, 2007*b*) have been described to the literatures. Herein we report the molecular and crystal structure of the title compound, 2,7-dimethyl-5-iodo-3-phenylsulfinyl-1-benzofuran (Fig. 1).

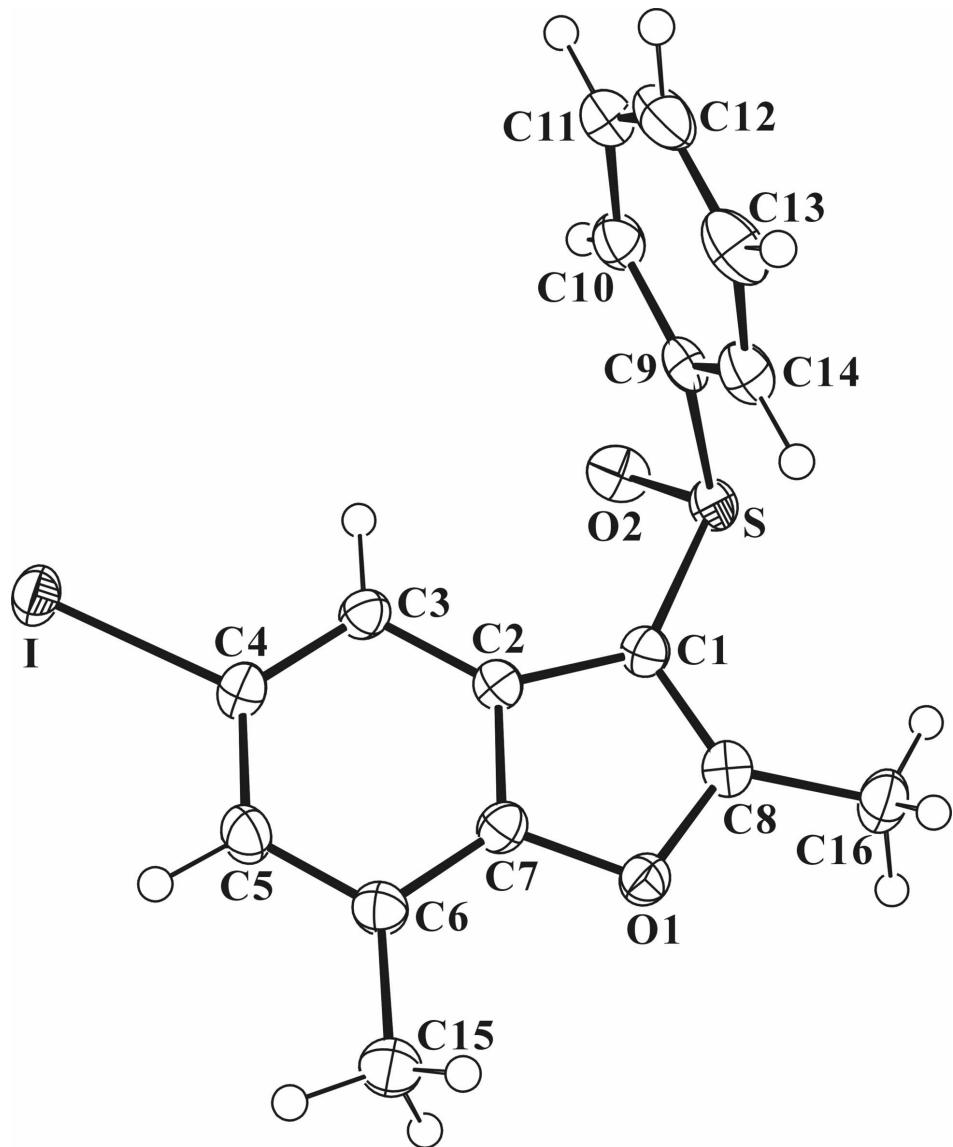
The benzofuran unit is essentially planar, with a mean deviation of 0.012 Å from the least-squares plane defined by the nine constituent atoms. The phenyl ring (C9—C14) is almost perpendicular to the plane of the benzofuran system [89.15 (5)°] and is tilted slightly towards it. The molecular packing (Fig. 2) is stabilized by a C—H···π interaction between the phenyl H atom and the furan ring of the benzofuran unit, with a C13—H13···Cgⁱ separation of 2.82 Å (Fig. 2 and Table 1; Cg is the centroid of C1/C2/C7/O1/C8 furan ring, symmetry code as in Fig. 2). The molecular packing (Fig. 2) is further stabilized by an I···O halogen bond (Politzer *et al.*, 2007) between the iodine atom and the oxygen of a neighbouring S?O unit, with an C—I···O2ⁱⁱ distance of 3.177 (2) Å (symmetry code as in Fig. 2).

S2. Experimental

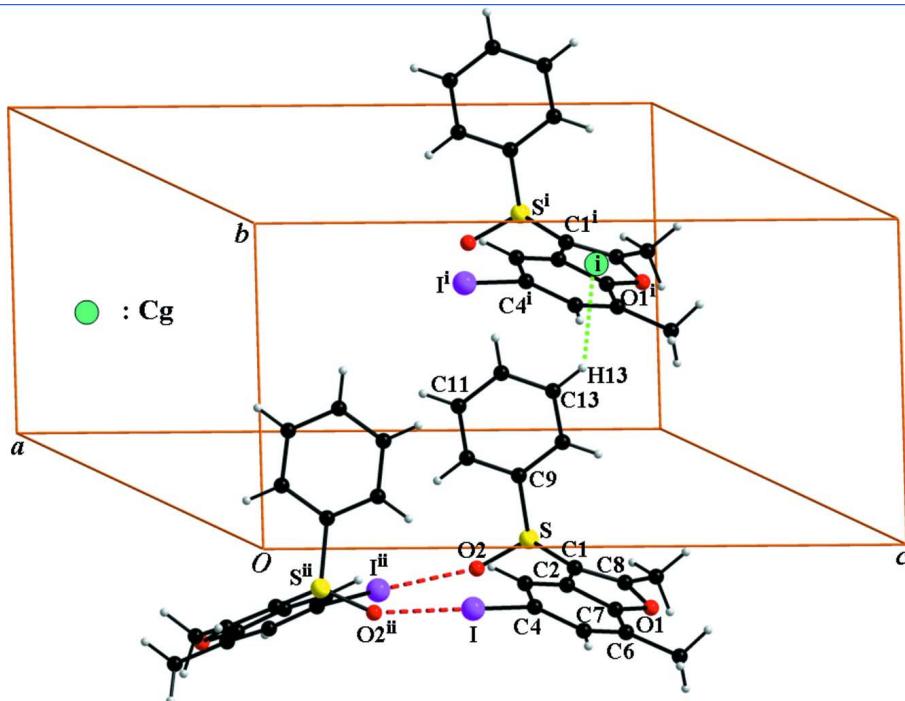
3-Chloroperbenzoic acid (77%, 123 mg, 0.55 mmol) was added in small portions to a stirred solution of 2,7-dimethyl-5-iodo-3-phenylsulfinyl-1-benzofuran (190 mg, 0.5 mmol) in dichloromethane (20 ml) at 273 K. After being stirred at room temperature for 2 h, the mixture was washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution and the organic layer was separated, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuum. The residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane-ethyl acetate, 2:1 v/v) to afford the title compound as a colorless solid [yield 80%, m.p. 450–451 K; R_f = 0.41 (hexane-ethyl acetate, 2:1 v/v)]. Single crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were prepared by slow evaporation of a dilute solution of the title compound in benzene at room temperature.

S3. Refinement

All H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model, with C—H = 0.95 Å for aromatic H atoms and 0.98 Å for methyl H atoms, respectively, and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for aromatic H atoms and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for methyl H atoms.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound, showing displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

**Figure 2**

C—H \cdots π interaction and I \cdots O halogen bond (dotted lines) in crystals of the title compound. [Symmetry code: (i) $x, y + 1, z$; (ii) $-x, y, -z + 1/2$.]

5-Iodo-2,7-dimethyl-3-phenylsulfinyl-1-benzofuran

Crystal data

$C_{16}H_{13}IO_2S$
 $M_r = 396.22$
Monoclinic, $C2/c$
Hall symbol: -C 2yc
 $a = 24.4683 (8)$ Å
 $b = 8.1686 (3)$ Å
 $c = 16.2345 (5)$ Å
 $\beta = 113.015 (1)$ °
 $V = 2986.54 (17)$ Å 3
 $Z = 8$

$F(000) = 1552$
 $D_x = 1.762$ Mg m $^{-3}$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Cell parameters from 7108 reflections
 $\theta = 2.6\text{--}28.3$ °
 $\mu = 2.28$ mm $^{-1}$
 $T = 173$ K
Block, colorless
 $0.40 \times 0.40 \times 0.20$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
Detector resolution: 10.0 pixels mm $^{-1}$
 φ and ω scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 2000)
 $T_{\min} = 0.412$, $T_{\max} = 0.640$

8756 measured reflections
3261 independent reflections
3063 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.013$
 $\theta_{\max} = 27.0$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 2.7$ °
 $h = -30 \rightarrow 31$
 $k = -10 \rightarrow 6$
 $l = -20 \rightarrow 20$

*Refinement*Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.021$$

$$wR(F^2) = 0.053$$

$$S = 1.17$$

3261 reflections

183 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methodsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier
mapHydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0277P)^2 + 2.4985P]$$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.29 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.80 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
I	-0.081673 (5)	-0.158666 (17)	0.292529 (8)	0.02880 (6)
S	0.20287 (2)	-0.04894 (6)	0.48963 (3)	0.02319 (10)
O1	0.13474 (6)	-0.23728 (17)	0.65079 (9)	0.0242 (3)
O2	0.18514 (7)	-0.13130 (18)	0.40076 (10)	0.0307 (3)
C1	0.15689 (8)	-0.1211 (2)	0.54224 (13)	0.0217 (4)
C2	0.09364 (8)	-0.1507 (2)	0.50573 (13)	0.0208 (4)
C3	0.04657 (8)	-0.1279 (2)	0.42283 (13)	0.0232 (4)
H3	0.0524	-0.0787	0.3738	0.028*
C4	-0.00869 (9)	-0.1805 (2)	0.41583 (13)	0.0246 (4)
C5	-0.01857 (9)	-0.2510 (3)	0.48745 (13)	0.0279 (4)
H5	-0.0576	-0.2842	0.4791	0.034*
C6	0.02741 (9)	-0.2734 (3)	0.57055 (13)	0.0269 (4)
C7	0.08257 (8)	-0.2231 (2)	0.57559 (12)	0.0220 (4)
C8	0.17897 (9)	-0.1754 (2)	0.62816 (13)	0.0235 (4)
C9	0.17569 (8)	0.1567 (2)	0.46631 (14)	0.0227 (4)
C10	0.16105 (9)	0.2173 (3)	0.38100 (14)	0.0277 (4)
H10	0.1614	0.1477	0.3343	0.033*
C11	0.14575 (10)	0.3820 (3)	0.36411 (16)	0.0340 (5)
H11	0.1354	0.4249	0.3055	0.041*
C12	0.14560 (9)	0.4826 (3)	0.43195 (17)	0.0357 (5)
H12	0.1352	0.5947	0.4201	0.043*
C13	0.16055 (10)	0.4211 (3)	0.51723 (17)	0.0357 (5)
H13	0.1601	0.4913	0.5636	0.043*
C14	0.17623 (9)	0.2583 (3)	0.53581 (14)	0.0281 (4)
H14	0.1871	0.2165	0.5947	0.034*

C15	0.01764 (11)	-0.3447 (3)	0.64905 (16)	0.0429 (6)
H15A	0.0377	-0.4508	0.6647	0.064*
H15B	-0.0250	-0.3595	0.6333	0.064*
H15C	0.0338	-0.2702	0.7003	0.064*
C16	0.23960 (9)	-0.1798 (3)	0.69950 (14)	0.0317 (5)
H16A	0.2685	-0.1459	0.6747	0.048*
H16B	0.2487	-0.2914	0.7231	0.048*
H16C	0.2417	-0.1052	0.7479	0.048*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
I	0.02196 (8)	0.03709 (9)	0.02313 (8)	0.00094 (5)	0.00425 (6)	0.00074 (5)
S	0.0188 (2)	0.0262 (2)	0.0266 (2)	0.00015 (17)	0.01100 (18)	-0.00063 (18)
O1	0.0225 (6)	0.0283 (7)	0.0211 (6)	0.0003 (5)	0.0079 (5)	0.0015 (5)
O2	0.0394 (8)	0.0282 (7)	0.0312 (8)	-0.0009 (6)	0.0210 (7)	-0.0059 (6)
C1	0.0205 (9)	0.0227 (9)	0.0224 (9)	0.0012 (7)	0.0090 (7)	-0.0004 (7)
C2	0.0201 (9)	0.0212 (9)	0.0225 (9)	0.0011 (7)	0.0100 (7)	-0.0011 (7)
C3	0.0233 (9)	0.0262 (10)	0.0207 (9)	0.0017 (7)	0.0092 (7)	0.0022 (7)
C4	0.0217 (9)	0.0288 (10)	0.0212 (9)	0.0021 (7)	0.0060 (7)	-0.0005 (7)
C5	0.0205 (9)	0.0375 (11)	0.0267 (10)	-0.0033 (8)	0.0102 (8)	-0.0005 (8)
C6	0.0260 (10)	0.0324 (10)	0.0241 (9)	-0.0027 (8)	0.0118 (8)	0.0008 (8)
C7	0.0225 (9)	0.0240 (9)	0.0194 (8)	0.0020 (7)	0.0082 (7)	-0.0002 (7)
C8	0.0219 (9)	0.0238 (9)	0.0246 (9)	0.0008 (7)	0.0090 (8)	-0.0033 (7)
C9	0.0161 (8)	0.0234 (9)	0.0295 (10)	-0.0043 (7)	0.0101 (7)	-0.0038 (7)
C10	0.0275 (10)	0.0283 (10)	0.0266 (10)	-0.0060 (8)	0.0099 (8)	-0.0043 (8)
C11	0.0279 (10)	0.0316 (11)	0.0369 (12)	-0.0067 (9)	0.0066 (9)	0.0046 (9)
C12	0.0272 (10)	0.0233 (10)	0.0561 (14)	-0.0050 (8)	0.0156 (10)	-0.0013 (9)
C13	0.0333 (11)	0.0303 (11)	0.0497 (13)	-0.0085 (9)	0.0230 (10)	-0.0144 (10)
C14	0.0274 (10)	0.0305 (11)	0.0290 (10)	-0.0073 (8)	0.0138 (8)	-0.0077 (8)
C15	0.0319 (12)	0.0681 (18)	0.0300 (12)	-0.0089 (11)	0.0136 (10)	0.0117 (11)
C16	0.0237 (10)	0.0408 (12)	0.0258 (10)	0.0015 (8)	0.0044 (8)	0.0007 (8)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

I—C4	2.105 (2)	C8—C16	1.483 (3)
I—O2 ⁱ	3.177 (2)	C9—C10	1.380 (3)
S—O2	1.494 (2)	C9—C14	1.397 (3)
S—C1	1.759 (2)	C10—C11	1.394 (3)
S—C9	1.791 (2)	C10—H10	0.9500
O1—C8	1.369 (2)	C11—C12	1.375 (3)
O1—C7	1.384 (2)	C11—H11	0.9500
C1—C8	1.358 (3)	C12—C13	1.381 (3)
C1—C2	1.445 (3)	C12—H12	0.9500
C2—C7	1.396 (3)	C13—C14	1.384 (3)
C2—C3	1.400 (3)	C13—H13	0.9500
C3—C4	1.381 (3)	C14—H14	0.9500
C3—H3	0.9500	C15—H15A	0.9800

C4—C5	1.400 (3)	C15—H15B	0.9800
C5—C6	1.390 (3)	C15—H15C	0.9800
C5—H5	0.9500	C16—H16A	0.9800
C6—C7	1.382 (3)	C16—H16B	0.9800
C6—C15	1.503 (3)	C16—H16C	0.9800
C4—I—O2 ⁱ	175.68 (6)	C6—C7—C2	125.0 (2)
O2—S—C1	108.58 (9)	O1—C7—C2	110.3 (2)
O2—S—C9	105.92 (9)	C1—C8—O1	111.0 (2)
C1—S—C9	99.30 (9)	C1—C8—C16	133.2 (2)
C8—O1—C7	106.6 (1)	O1—C8—C16	115.8 (2)
C8—C1—C2	107.4 (2)	C10—C9—C14	120.9 (2)
C8—C1—S	122.3 (2)	C10—C9—S	118.6 (2)
C2—C1—S	130.0 (2)	C14—C9—S	120.1 (2)
C7—C2—C3	119.3 (2)	C9—C10—C11	119.2 (2)
C7—C2—C1	104.7 (2)	C12—C11—C10	120.2 (2)
C3—C2—C1	136.0 (2)	C11—C12—C13	120.2 (2)
C4—C3—C2	116.7 (2)	C12—C13—C14	120.7 (2)
C3—C4—C5	122.8 (2)	C13—C14—C9	118.7 (2)
C3—C4—I	119.4 (1)	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
C5—C4—I	117.8 (1)	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
C6—C5—C4	121.5 (2)	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
C7—C6—C5	114.8 (2)	H16A—C16—H16B	109.5
C7—C6—C15	122.7 (2)	H16A—C16—H16C	109.5
C5—C6—C15	122.5 (2)	H16B—C16—H16C	109.5
C6—C7—O1	124.7 (2)		
O2—S—C1—C8	130.7 (2)	C3—C2—C7—C6	-1.2 (3)
C9—S—C1—C8	-118.9 (2)	C1—C2—C7—C6	-179.7 (2)
O2—S—C1—C2	-42.4 (2)	C3—C2—C7—O1	178.9 (2)
C9—S—C1—C2	68.0 (2)	C1—C2—C7—O1	0.4 (2)
C8—C1—C2—C7	0.0 (2)	C2—C1—C8—O1	-0.5 (2)
S—C1—C2—C7	174.0 (2)	S—C1—C8—O1	-174.9 (1)
C8—C1—C2—C3	-178.1 (2)	C2—C1—C8—C16	179.7 (2)
S—C1—C2—C3	-4.1 (3)	S—C1—C8—C16	5.2 (3)
C7—C2—C3—C4	-0.3 (3)	C7—O1—C8—C1	0.7 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	177.6 (2)	C7—O1—C8—C16	-179.5 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	1.1 (3)	O2—S—C9—C10	-18.3 (2)
C2—C3—C4—I	-178.0 (1)	C1—S—C9—C10	-130.8 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.5 (3)	O2—S—C9—C14	169.2 (2)
I—C4—C5—C6	178.5 (2)	C1—S—C9—C14	56.8 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-0.8 (3)	C14—C9—C10—C11	-1.0 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C15	178.4 (2)	S—C9—C10—C11	-173.4 (2)
C5—C6—C7—O1	-178.4 (2)	C9—C10—C11—C12	0.3 (3)
C15—C6—C7—O1	2.4 (3)	C10—C11—C12—C13	0.0 (3)
C5—C6—C7—C2	1.7 (3)	C11—C12—C13—C14	0.4 (3)
C15—C6—C7—C2	-177.5 (2)	C12—C13—C14—C9	-1.1 (3)

C8—O1—C7—C6	179.40 (19)	C10—C9—C14—C13	1.3 (3)
C8—O1—C7—C2	-0.6 (2)	S—C9—C14—C13	173.6 (2)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x, y, -z+1/2$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^{\circ}$)

$D\cdots H$	$D—H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D—H\cdots A$
C13—H13 ⁱⁱ —Cg ⁱⁱ	0.95	2.82	3.576 (3)	137

Symmetry code: (ii) $x, y+1, z$.