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Poly[aqua[μ -4-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-thioxo-2,3-dihydrothiazol-3-olato]-sodium(I)]

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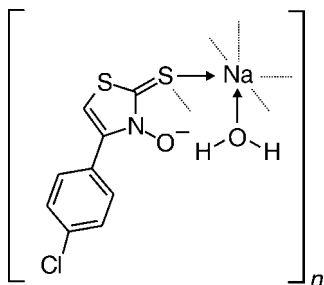
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 300$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.013$ Å; R factor = 0.080; wR factor = 0.173; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.2.

The packing of the title compound, $[\text{Na}(\text{C}_9\text{H}_5\text{ClNOS}_2)(\text{H}_2\text{O})]_n$, in the crystal structure occurs by pairwise attachment of $+sc$ - and $-sc$ -arranged 4-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-thioxo-2,3-dihydrothiazol-3-olate subunits *via* S to sodium. Water molecules that are bound in the axial position of the distorted octahedral coordination octahedron give rise to a stereogenic center at sodium.

Related literature

 For related literature, see: Allen *et al.* (1987); Hartung *et al.* (1996, 1999, 2007); Nardelli (1999).


Experimental

Crystal data

 $[\text{Na}(\text{C}_9\text{H}_5\text{ClNOS}_2)(\text{H}_2\text{O})]$
 $M_r = 283.72$

 Orthorhombic, $Pca2_1$
 $a = 39.264$ (5) Å

 $b = 4.168$ (1) Å

 $c = 7.097$ (1) Å

 $V = 1161.4$ (4) Å³
 $Z = 4$

 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

 $\mu = 0.71$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 300$ (2) K

 $0.60 \times 0.28 \times 0.02$ mm

Data collection

 Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur diffractometer with Sapphire CCD detector
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis RED*; Oxford)

 Diffraction, 2007
 $T_{\min} = 0.677$, $T_{\max} = 0.986$
 5052 measured reflections
 2288 independent reflections
 1860 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.036$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.081$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.173$
 $S = 1.20$

2288 reflections

151 parameters

10 restraints

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.60$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.83$ e Å⁻³

Absolute structure: Flack (1983),

1009 Friedel pairs

Flack parameter: 0.1 (2)

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{O2}-\text{H2A}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{i}}$	0.88 (5)	1.80 (5)	2.675 (8)	175 (9)
$\text{O2}-\text{H2A}\cdots\text{N3}^{\text{i}}$	0.88 (5)	2.61 (6)	3.434 (9)	156 (8)
$\text{O2}-\text{H2B}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.89 (5)	1.91 (6)	2.770 (8)	164 (9)

 Symmetry codes: (i) $-x - \frac{1}{2}, y, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $-x - \frac{1}{2}, y + 1, z - \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis CCD* (Oxford Diffraction, 2007); cell refinement: *CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2007); data reduction: *CrysAlis RED*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 1997); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2003) and *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SJ2452).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2008). E64, m299 [doi:10.1107/S1600536807067736]

Poly[aqua[μ -4-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-thioxo-2,3-dihydrothiazol-3-olato]sodium(I)]**Jens Hartung, Janina Bachmann, Ingrid Svoboda and Hartmut Fuess****S1. Comment**

Neutralization of 4(4-chlorophenyl)-3-hydroxythiazole-2(3*H*)-thione (Hartung *et al.*, 1999) with sodium hydroxide in CH₃OH furnishes sodium 4-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-thiooxo-2,3-dihydrothiazole-3-olate. The compound crystallizes as monohydrate, (I), from a saturated solution of CH₃CN/hexane as yellowish prisms. The compound was investigated by X-ray diffraction in order to explore the structural chemistry of an alkali metal thiohydroxamate. The results of the study are summarized in the following section.

Fundamental differences between heterocyclic subunits of sodium 4-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-thiooxo-2,3-dihydrothiazole-3-olate monohydrate, (I) (Fig. 1), and the parent acid, *i.e.*, 4(4-chlorophenyl)-3-hydroxythiazole-2(3*H*)-thione (Hartung *et al.*, 1999) originate from a shortening of the N3—O3 distance from 1.379 (2) Å to 1.329 (8) Å and a lengthening of C2—S2 from 1.684 (2) Å to 1.699 (8) Å. The N3—O1 distance in (I) is closer to values reported for heterocyclic N—oxides than for thiohydroxamic acids (Hartung *et al.*, 1996, 1999, 2007). The C2—S2 bond length lies in between typical values of C—S single and double bonds (Allen *et al.*, 1987, Hartung *et al.*, 1999). The distance C2—N3 [1.33 (1) Å] in sodium salt (I) agrees with the corresponding bond length of 4(4-chlorophenyl)-3-hydroxythiazole-2(3*H*)-thione (Hartung *et al.*, 1999).

The parameters of the thiohydroxamate functional group in (I) are distinctively different from distances reported for 4(4-chlorophenyl)-3-isopropoxy-thiazole-2(3*H*)-thione [N3—O1 = 1.369 (3) Å, C2—S2 = 1.658 (3) Å, C2—N3 = 1.353 (3) Å] and further *N*-alkoxy derivatives thereof (Hartung *et al.*, 1999). One possible explanation for this finding is associated with a significant contribution of the *N*-oxidothiolato formulae for the description of ground state properties of (I) apart from the well established thione resonance formulae. Support for this argumentation comes from sodium atom positioning in the unit cell of (I). The proximity to the metal is in line with 4-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-thiooxo-2,3-dihydrothiazole-3-olate binding as monodentate S-donor ligand to sodium [Na1—S1 = 3.001 (4) Å, S2—Na1A = 2.998 (4) Å, S2—Na1B = 2.958 (4) Å, S2—Na1A = 2.961 (4) Å]. The N-oxide oxygen atom O1 forms hydrogen bonds toward the hydrate water that is attached at either side of the apex of a octahedrally distorted coordination polyhedron at sodium [N3—O1...H2 = 162.2 (3) °, O1...O2A = 2.770 (4) Å] (Figure 2). O1 therefore does not participate in a chelate type of interaction with the metal atom [Na1...O1 = 3.855 (5) Å].

The *p*-chlorophenyl substituent is characterized by two different arrangements with respect to the heterocyclic core, *i.e.* positive (+) and negative (-) synclinal [N3—C4—C6—C7 = ± 42 (1) °]. The sodium atom is offset from the heterocyclic plane by Na1—S2—C2—N3 = 53.9 (8) °. A pairwise +*sc* and -*sc* arrangement of 4-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-thiooxo-2,3-dihydrothiazole-3-olate entities in the equatorial plane in association with a non linearity of the O2—Na1—O2A axis [162.1 (3) °] gives rise to a stereogenic center at sodium (Fig. 2). Chirality thus originates from the packing of individual components of (I) in the solid state.

S2. Experimental

Sodium hydroxide (40.0 mg, 1.00 mmol, 1 equiv) was added to a solution of 4-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-hydroxythiazol-2(3*H*)-thione (244 mg, 1.00 mmol) in CH₃OH (5 ml) at 294 K. The reaction mixture was stirred at this temperature for 1.5 h. The volatiles were subsequently removed to afford a yellowish powder. The material was freeze-dried and subsequently dissolved in CH₃CN/hexane [1/1 (v/v)]. Yellowish prisms suitable for X-ray diffraction were grown by slowly allowing the solvent to evaporate at 293 K. Analysis calculated for C₉H₇ClNNaO₂S₂ (283.7 g/mol): C 38.10, H 2.49, N 4.94%; found C 38.15, H 2.39, N 4.92%; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO, p.p.m.): 7.06 (s, 1 H), 7.44 (d, J = 8.52 Hz, 2 H), 8.01 (d, J = 8.52 Hz, 2 H); ¹³C (150 MHz, DMSO, p.p.m.): 104.5, 127.9, 129.5, 130.3, 132.8, 142.0, 162.2.

S3. Refinement

All H Atoms were positioned geometrically and treated as riding atoms (C—H = 0.93 Å), with U^{iso}(H)=1.2 U_{eq}(C) except H2A and H2B. The latter H atoms were located in a difference Fourier map and were refined with restrained geometry (Nardelli, 1999). The O—H distance was restrained to 0.85 (6)Å and H···H distances were restrained to 1.365Å thus leading to an angle of 107 Å.

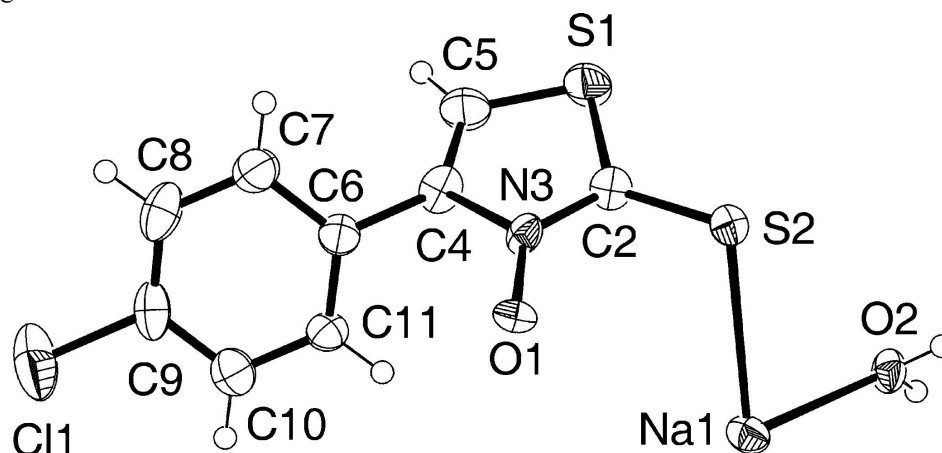
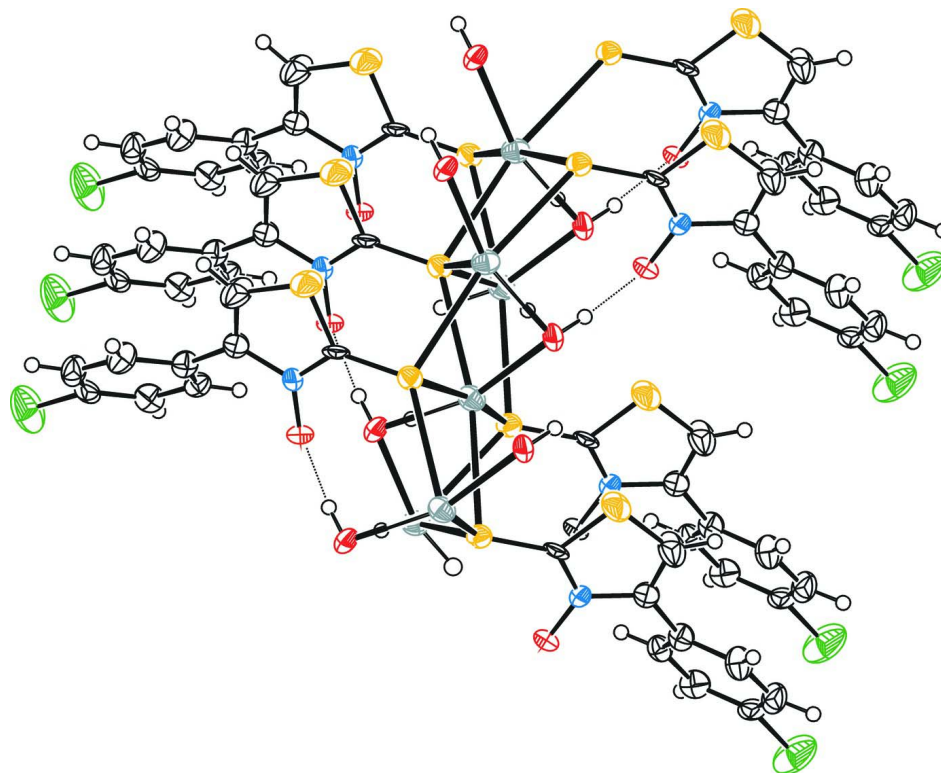


Figure 1

Molecular structure of (I). Displacement ellipsoids are plotted at the 50% probability level.

**Figure 2**

Packing and hydrogen bonding (dashed lines) of (I) in the solid state. S atoms are depicted in yellow, Cl in green, O in red, N in blue, and Na in gray).

poly[aqua[μ -4-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-thioxo-2,3-dihydrothiazol-3-olato]sodium(I)]

Crystal data

[Na(C₉H₅ClNOS₂)(H₂O)]
 $M_r = 283.72$
 Orthorhombic, *Pca*2₁
 Hall symbol: P 2c -2ac
 $a = 39.264$ (5) Å
 $b = 4.168$ (1) Å
 $c = 7.097$ (1) Å
 $V = 1161.4$ (4) Å³
 $Z = 4$

$F(000) = 576$
 $D_x = 1.623$ Mg m⁻³
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
 Cell parameters from 1313 reflections
 $\theta = 2.1$ – 23.1°
 $\mu = 0.71$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 300$ K
 Prism, light yellow
 $0.60 \times 0.28 \times 0.02$ mm

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur with Sapphire CCD detector diffractometer
 Radiation source: Enhance (Mo) X-ray Source
 Graphite monochromator
 Detector resolution: 8.4012 pixels mm⁻¹
 Rotation method data acquisition using ω and φ scans
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis RED*; Oxford Diffraction, 2007)

$T_{\min} = 0.677$, $T_{\max} = 0.986$
 5052 measured reflections
 2288 independent reflections
 1860 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.036$
 $\theta_{\max} = 26.4^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 3.1^\circ$
 $h = -47 \rightarrow 48$
 $k = -2 \rightarrow 5$
 $l = -8 \rightarrow 8$

*Refinement*Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.081$ $wR(F^2) = 0.173$ $S = 1.20$

2288 reflections

151 parameters

10 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methodsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier
mapHydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sitesH atoms treated by a mixture of independent
and constrained refinement $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + 10.6487P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.069$ $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.61 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.83 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 1009 Friedel
pairs

Absolute structure parameter: 0.1 (2)

*Special details***Experimental.** empirical absorption correction using spherical harmonics, implemented in SCALE3 ABSPACK scaling algorithm]**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.**Refinement.** Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C2	-0.1784 (2)	-0.0666 (19)	0.0522 (12)	0.0262 (19)
C4	-0.1251 (2)	0.049 (2)	0.1720 (12)	0.028 (2)
C5	-0.1183 (3)	0.058 (3)	-0.0110 (13)	0.049 (3)
H5	-0.0969	0.1047	-0.0602	0.059*
C6	-0.1010 (2)	0.136 (2)	0.3269 (12)	0.030 (2)
C7	-0.0672 (2)	0.018 (3)	0.3149 (14)	0.041 (3)
H7	-0.0608	-0.1245	0.2202	0.049*
C8	-0.0438 (2)	0.122 (3)	0.4503 (16)	0.043 (3)
H8	-0.0211	0.0592	0.4419	0.051*
C9	-0.0540 (2)	0.314 (3)	0.5942 (14)	0.038 (3)
C10	-0.0872 (2)	0.429 (2)	0.6068 (15)	0.037 (2)
H10	-0.0936	0.5677	0.7031	0.044*
C11	-0.1107 (2)	0.330 (2)	0.4701 (12)	0.030 (2)
H11	-0.1332	0.3973	0.4781	0.036*
N3	-0.15955 (17)	-0.031 (2)	0.2072 (9)	0.0271 (18)
O1	-0.17113 (14)	-0.0646 (14)	0.3820 (7)	0.0230 (13)
O2	-0.28942 (14)	0.4205 (16)	-0.0027 (9)	0.0314 (15)
H2A	-0.302 (2)	0.266 (16)	-0.047 (12)	0.038*
H2B	-0.299 (2)	0.587 (15)	-0.058 (12)	0.038*
S1	-0.15330 (7)	-0.0274 (8)	-0.1467 (3)	0.0431 (7)
S2	-0.22082 (5)	-0.1443 (5)	0.0407 (3)	0.0271 (4)

Cl1	-0.02523 (8)	0.4352 (8)	0.7662 (5)	0.0758 (11)
Na1	-0.25584 (8)	0.3625 (9)	0.2703 (5)	0.0320 (8)

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C2	0.034 (4)	0.021 (5)	0.023 (4)	-0.004 (3)	0.002 (4)	0.015 (5)
C4	0.030 (4)	0.022 (5)	0.033 (5)	-0.001 (4)	0.006 (3)	0.024 (4)
C5	0.042 (6)	0.076 (9)	0.031 (5)	-0.010 (6)	0.009 (4)	-0.007 (6)
C6	0.030 (4)	0.023 (5)	0.037 (5)	-0.004 (4)	-0.001 (4)	-0.002 (4)
C7	0.037 (5)	0.041 (6)	0.045 (7)	-0.004 (5)	0.003 (4)	-0.005 (5)
C8	0.027 (5)	0.034 (6)	0.067 (7)	-0.005 (5)	-0.005 (5)	0.010 (6)
C9	0.033 (5)	0.032 (6)	0.050 (7)	-0.008 (5)	-0.016 (4)	0.022 (5)
C10	0.044 (6)	0.028 (6)	0.039 (5)	-0.004 (5)	-0.003 (4)	-0.003 (4)
C11	0.031 (5)	0.024 (5)	0.034 (5)	-0.002 (4)	0.002 (4)	0.000 (4)
N3	0.021 (3)	0.035 (5)	0.026 (4)	0.006 (3)	0.001 (3)	0.007 (4)
O1	0.032 (3)	0.018 (3)	0.018 (3)	-0.002 (3)	0.006 (2)	0.000 (3)
O2	0.025 (3)	0.032 (4)	0.037 (4)	0.005 (3)	-0.008 (3)	0.003 (3)
S1	0.0447 (14)	0.0600 (19)	0.0245 (11)	-0.0061 (14)	0.0058 (11)	0.0009 (15)
S2	0.0295 (10)	0.0234 (10)	0.0283 (10)	-0.0021 (9)	-0.0025 (10)	0.0016 (12)
Cl1	0.070 (2)	0.061 (2)	0.097 (3)	-0.0061 (17)	-0.048 (2)	-0.006 (2)
Na1	0.037 (2)	0.0337 (18)	0.0253 (17)	0.0020 (17)	-0.0014 (16)	0.0000 (19)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C2—N3	1.334 (10)	C11—H11	0.9300
C2—S2	1.699 (8)	N3—O1	1.329 (8)
C2—S1	1.729 (9)	O2—Na1	2.356 (7)
C4—C5	1.326 (13)	O2—Na1 ⁱ	2.411 (7)
C4—N3	1.415 (10)	O2—H2A	0.88 (5)
C4—C6	1.495 (12)	O2—H2B	0.89 (5)
C5—S1	1.716 (10)	S2—Na1 ⁱⁱ	2.958 (4)
C5—H5	0.9300	S2—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.961 (4)
C6—C11	1.352 (12)	S2—Na1 ⁱ	2.998 (4)
C6—C7	1.420 (12)	S2—Na1	3.001 (4)
C7—C8	1.398 (13)	Na1—O2 ^{iv}	2.411 (7)
C7—H7	0.9300	Na1—S2 ^v	2.958 (4)
C8—C9	1.359 (14)	Na1—S2 ^{vi}	2.961 (4)
C8—H8	0.9300	Na1—S2 ^{iv}	2.998 (4)
C9—C10	1.389 (13)	Na1—Na1 ⁱ	3.5780 (10)
C9—C11	1.738 (9)	Na1—Na1 ^{iv}	3.5780 (10)
C10—C11	1.402 (12)	Na1—Na1 ^{vi}	4.1680 (10)
C10—H10	0.9300	Na1—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	4.1680 (10)
N3—C2—S2	127.2 (6)	Na1 ⁱ —S2—Na1	73.23 (9)
N3—C2—S1	110.3 (6)	O2—Na1—O2 ^{iv}	162.1 (3)
S2—C2—S1	122.5 (5)	O2—Na1—S2 ^v	106.8 (2)
C5—C4—N3	111.8 (9)	O2 ^{iv} —Na1—S2 ^v	74.03 (18)

C5—C4—C6	125.8 (8)	O2—Na1—S2 ^{vi}	74.71 (19)
N3—C4—C6	122.1 (7)	O2 ^{iv} —Na1—S2 ^{vi}	87.46 (18)
C4—C5—S1	112.5 (8)	S2 ^v —Na1—S2 ^{vi}	91.06 (13)
C4—C5—H5	123.8	O2—Na1—S2 ^{iv}	115.3 (2)
S1—C5—H5	123.8	O2 ^{iv} —Na1—S2 ^{iv}	82.42 (17)
C11—C6—C7	121.1 (8)	S2 ^v —Na1—S2 ^{iv}	88.82 (11)
C11—C6—C4	121.3 (8)	S2 ^{vi} —Na1—S2 ^{iv}	169.51 (13)
C7—C6—C4	117.6 (8)	O2—Na1—S2	83.24 (19)
C8—C7—C6	117.7 (9)	O2 ^{iv} —Na1—S2	95.48 (18)
C8—C7—H7	121.2	S2 ^v —Na1—S2	169.51 (13)
C6—C7—H7	121.2	S2 ^{vi} —Na1—S2	88.70 (11)
C9—C8—C7	120.4 (9)	S2 ^{iv} —Na1—S2	89.52 (12)
C9—C8—H8	119.8	O2—Na1—Na1 ⁱ	41.94 (16)
C7—C8—H8	119.8	O2 ^{iv} —Na1—Na1 ⁱ	124.6 (2)
C8—C9—C10	121.9 (9)	S2 ^v —Na1—Na1 ⁱ	133.11 (9)
C8—C9—C11	120.4 (8)	S2 ^{vi} —Na1—Na1 ⁱ	52.77 (9)
C10—C9—C11	117.7 (9)	S2 ^{iv} —Na1—Na1 ⁱ	132.39 (9)
C9—C10—C11	118.1 (10)	S2—Na1—Na1 ⁱ	53.34 (9)
C9—C10—H10	120.9	O2—Na1—Na1 ^{iv}	152.5 (2)
C11—C10—H10	120.9	O2 ^{iv} —Na1—Na1 ^{iv}	40.77 (15)
C6—C11—C10	120.7 (9)	S2 ^v —Na1—Na1 ^{iv}	52.85 (8)
C6—C11—H11	119.6	S2 ^{vi} —Na1—Na1 ^{iv}	119.08 (11)
C10—C11—H11	119.7	S2 ^{iv} —Na1—Na1 ^{iv}	53.43 (8)
O1—N3—C2	124.6 (7)	S2—Na1—Na1 ^{iv}	118.65 (11)
O1—N3—C4	121.1 (6)	Na1 ⁱ —Na1—Na1 ^{iv}	165.3 (2)
C2—N3—C4	114.2 (7)	O2—Na1—Na1 ^{vi}	84.11 (18)
Na1—O2—Na1 ⁱ	97.3 (2)	O2 ^{iv} —Na1—Na1 ^{vi}	84.24 (18)
Na1—O2—H2A	123 (6)	S2 ^v —Na1—Na1 ^{vi}	45.98 (8)
Na1 ⁱ —O2—H2A	97 (6)	S2 ^{vi} —Na1—Na1 ^{vi}	46.04 (8)
Na1—O2—H2B	134 (6)	S2 ^{iv} —Na1—Na1 ^{vi}	134.80 (8)
Na1 ⁱ —O2—H2B	96 (6)	S2—Na1—Na1 ^{vi}	134.74 (8)
H2A—O2—H2B	100 (6)	Na1 ⁱ —Na1—Na1 ^{vi}	90.0
C5—S1—C2	91.0 (4)	Na1 ^{iv} —Na1—Na1 ^{vi}	90.0
C2—S2—Na1 ⁱⁱ	117.9 (3)	O2—Na1—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	95.89 (18)
C2—S2—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	124.2 (3)	O2 ^{iv} —Na1—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	95.76 (18)
Na1 ⁱⁱ —S2—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	74.38 (9)	S2 ^v —Na1—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	134.02 (8)
C2—S2—Na1 ⁱ	101.3 (3)	S2 ^{vi} —Na1—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	133.96 (8)
Na1 ⁱⁱ —S2—Na1 ⁱ	88.82 (11)	S2 ^{iv} —Na1—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	45.20 (8)
Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ —S2—Na1 ⁱ	134.38 (7)	S2—Na1—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	45.26 (8)
C2—S2—Na1	106.8 (3)	Na1 ⁱ —Na1—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	90.0
Na1 ⁱⁱ —S2—Na1	134.38 (7)	Na1 ^{iv} —Na1—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	90.0
Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ —S2—Na1	88.70 (11)	Na1 ^{vi} —Na1—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	180.000 (1)
N3—C4—C5—S1	0.3 (14)	Na1 ⁱ —O2—Na1—S2	-39.9 (2)
C6—C4—C5—S1	-174.8 (8)	Na1 ⁱ —O2—Na1—Na1 ^{iv}	175.14 (18)
C5—C4—C6—C11	133.0 (12)	Na1 ⁱ —O2—Na1—Na1 ^{vi}	96.6 (2)
N3—C4—C6—C11	-41.7 (13)	Na1 ⁱ —O2—Na1—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	-83.4 (2)
C5—C4—C6—C7	-45.0 (15)	C2—S2—Na1—O2	129.3 (3)

N3—C4—C6—C7	140.3 (10)	Na1 ⁱⁱ —S2—Na1—O2	-38.8 (3)
C11—C6—C7—C8	-3.5 (15)	Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ —S2—Na1—O2	-105.24 (18)
C4—C6—C7—C8	174.5 (9)	Na1 ⁱ —S2—Na1—O2	32.28 (18)
C6—C7—C8—C9	4.0 (16)	C2—S2—Na1—O2 ^{iv}	-32.8 (3)
C7—C8—C9—C10	-3.7 (16)	Na1 ⁱⁱ —S2—Na1—O2 ^{iv}	159.16 (19)
C7—C8—C9—C11	178.3 (8)	Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ —S2—Na1—O2 ^{iv}	92.68 (18)
C8—C9—C10—C11	2.7 (15)	Na1 ⁱ —S2—Na1—O2 ^{iv}	-129.80 (19)
C11—C9—C10—C11	-179.2 (7)	C2—S2—Na1—S2 ^v	-34.2 (10)
C7—C6—C11—C10	2.7 (14)	Na1 ⁱⁱ —S2—Na1—S2 ^v	157.7 (7)
C4—C6—C11—C10	-175.2 (8)	Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ —S2—Na1—S2 ^v	91.2 (9)
C9—C10—C11—C6	-2.2 (14)	Na1 ⁱ —S2—Na1—S2 ^v	-131.3 (9)
S2—C2—N3—O1	3.1 (13)	C2—S2—Na1—S2 ^{vi}	54.6 (3)
S1—C2—N3—O1	-176.2 (7)	Na1 ⁱⁱ —S2—Na1—S2 ^{vi}	-113.52 (17)
S2—C2—N3—C4	-177.0 (7)	Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ —S2—Na1—S2 ^{vi}	180.0
S1—C2—N3—C4	3.7 (10)	Na1 ⁱ —S2—Na1—S2 ^{vi}	-42.48 (9)
C5—C4—N3—O1	177.3 (9)	C2—S2—Na1—S2 ^{iv}	-115.1 (3)
C6—C4—N3—O1	-7.4 (14)	Na1 ⁱⁱ —S2—Na1—S2 ^{iv}	76.8 (2)
C5—C4—N3—C2	-2.7 (13)	Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ —S2—Na1—S2 ^{iv}	10.34 (13)
C6—C4—N3—C2	172.7 (8)	Na1 ⁱ —S2—Na1—S2 ^{iv}	147.86 (14)
C4—C5—S1—C2	1.5 (10)	C2—S2—Na1—Na1 ⁱ	97.1 (3)
N3—C2—S1—C5	-2.9 (8)	Na1 ⁱⁱ —S2—Na1—Na1 ⁱ	-71.04 (19)
S2—C2—S1—C5	177.7 (6)	Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ —S2—Na1—Na1 ⁱ	-137.52 (9)
N3—C2—S2—Na1 ⁱⁱ	-135.5 (7)	C2—S2—Na1—Na1 ^{iv}	-68.2 (3)
S1—C2—S2—Na1 ⁱⁱ	43.7 (6)	Na1 ⁱⁱ —S2—Na1—Na1 ^{iv}	123.7 (2)
N3—C2—S2—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	-46.0 (9)	Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ —S2—Na1—Na1 ^{iv}	57.21 (18)
S1—C2—S2—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	133.2 (4)	Na1 ⁱ —S2—Na1—Na1 ^{iv}	-165.27 (19)
N3—C2—S2—Na1 ⁱ	129.8 (8)	C2—S2—Na1—Na1 ^{vi}	54.6 (3)
S1—C2—S2—Na1 ⁱ	-51.0 (6)	Na1 ⁱⁱ —S2—Na1—Na1 ^{vi}	-113.52 (17)
N3—C2—S2—Na1	54.1 (8)	Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ —S2—Na1—Na1 ^{vi}	180.0
S1—C2—S2—Na1	-126.7 (5)	Na1 ⁱ —S2—Na1—Na1 ^{vi}	-42.48 (9)
Na1 ⁱ —O2—Na1—O2 ^{iv}	47.1 (12)	C2—S2—Na1—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	-125.4 (3)
Na1 ⁱ —O2—Na1—S2 ^v	137.05 (17)	Na1 ⁱⁱ —S2—Na1—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	66.48 (17)
Na1 ⁱ —O2—Na1—S2 ^{vi}	50.6 (2)	Na1 ⁱ —S2—Na1—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	137.52 (9)
Na1 ⁱ —O2—Na1—S2 ^{iv}	-126.10 (17)		

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x-1/2, y, z-1/2$; (ii) $-x-1/2, y-1, z-1/2$; (iii) $x, y-1, z$; (iv) $-x-1/2, y, z+1/2$; (v) $-x-1/2, y+1, z+1/2$; (vi) $x, y+1, z$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry ($\text{\AA}, ^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
O2—H2A \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.88 (5)	1.80 (5)	2.675 (8)	175 (9)
O2—H2A \cdots N3 ⁱ	0.88 (5)	2.61 (6)	3.434 (9)	156 (8)
O2—H2B \cdots O1 ^{vii}	0.89 (5)	1.91 (6)	2.770 (8)	164 (9)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x-1/2, y, z-1/2$; (vii) $-x-1/2, y+1, z-1/2$.