

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

5-Fluoro-1-(pentanoyl)pyrimidine-2,4(1*H*,3*H*)-dione

 Hans-Joachim Lehmler^{a*} and Sean Parkin^b
^aDepartment of Occupational and Environmental Health, University of Iowa, 100 Oakdale Campus, 124 IREH, Iowa City, IA 52242-5000, USA, and ^bDepartment of Chemistry, University of Kentucky, Lexington, KY 40506-0055, USA

Correspondence e-mail: hans-joachim-lehmler@uiowa.edu

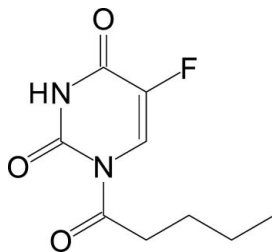
Received 11 February 2008; accepted 13 February 2008

 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 88$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.048; wR factor = 0.092; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.8.

The pentanoyl group and the 5-fluorouracil moiety of the title compound, $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{11}\text{FN}_2\text{O}_3$, are essentially coplanar, with the pentanoyl carbonyl group oriented towards the ring CH group and away from the nearer ring carbonyl group. In the crystal structure, two inversion-related molecules form a dimer structure, in which two $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds generate an intermolecular $R_2^2(8)$ ring. In addition, there are intra- and intermolecular $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ interactions.

Related literature

For similar 5-fluoropyrimidine-2,4(1*H*,3*H*)-dione structures with N1-acyl substituents, see: Beall *et al.* (1997); Jiang *et al.* (1988); Lehmler & Parkin (2000). For related literature, see: Roberts & Sloan (1999).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{11}\text{FN}_2\text{O}_3$
 $M_r = 214.20$

 Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 $a = 5.3165$ (2) Å

 $b = 9.3986$ (4) Å
 $c = 10.1895$ (5) Å
 $\alpha = 96.000$ (3)°
 $\beta = 100.957$ (3)°
 $\gamma = 105.539$ (3)°
 $V = 475.04$ (4) Å³
 $Z = 2$

 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

 $\mu = 0.13$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 87.8$ (2) K

 $0.30 \times 0.30 \times 0.03$ mm

Data collection

 Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (*SCALEPACK*; Otwinowski & Minor, 1997)
 $T_{\min} = 0.963$, $T_{\max} = 0.996$

 12409 measured reflections
 2167 independent reflections
 1727 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.037$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.047$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.092$
 $S = 1.02$
 2167 reflections

 137 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.23$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.24$ e Å⁻³
Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N3}-\text{H3}\cdots\text{O4}^i$	0.88	1.99	2.8588 (16)	170
$\text{C6}-\text{H6}\cdots\text{O7}$	0.95	2.28	2.6102 (17)	100
$\text{C6}-\text{H6}\cdots\text{O7}^{ii}$	0.95	2.34	3.2266 (19)	154

 Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 2, -y + 1, -z + 2$; (ii) $-x, -y + 1, -z + 1$.

Data collection: *COLLECT* (Nonius, 1998); cell refinement: *SCALEPACK* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); data reduction: *DENZO-SMN* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *XP* in *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97* and local procedures.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: AT2544).

References

- Beall, H. D., Pranker, R. J. & Sloan, K. B. (1997). *Drug Dev. Ind. Pharm.* **23**, 517–525.
- Jiang, A., Hu, S., Wang, Y. & Chen, Q. (1988). *Gaodeng Xuexiao Huaxue Xuebao*, **9**, 307–309.
- Lehmler, H.-J. & Parkin, S. (2000). *Acta Cryst.* **C56**, e518–e519.
- Nonius (1998). *COLLECT*. Nonius BV, Delft, The Netherlands.
- Otwinowski, Z. & Minor, W. (1997). *Methods in Enzymology*, Vol. 276, *Macromolecular Crystallography*, Part A, edited by C. W. Carter Jr & R. M. Sweet, pp. 307–326. New York: Academic Press.
- Roberts, W. J. & Sloan, K. B. (1999). *J. Pharm. Sci.* **88**, 515–522.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2008). E64, o617 [doi:10.1107/S1600536808004418]

5-Fluoro-1-(pentanoyl)pyrimidine-2,4(1*H*,3*H*)-dione**Hans-Joachim Lehmler and Sean Parkin****S1. Comment**

Despite the potential pharmaceutical application of acyl-5-fluorouracil prodrugs, the crystal structures of only three acyl derivatives have been reported (Beall *et al.*, 1997; Jiang *et al.*, 1988; Lehmler & Parkin, 2000). We herein describe the crystal structures of another acyl-5-fluorouracil prodrug, 5-fluoro-1-(1-oxopentyl)-2,4(1*H*,3*H*)-pyrimidinedione.

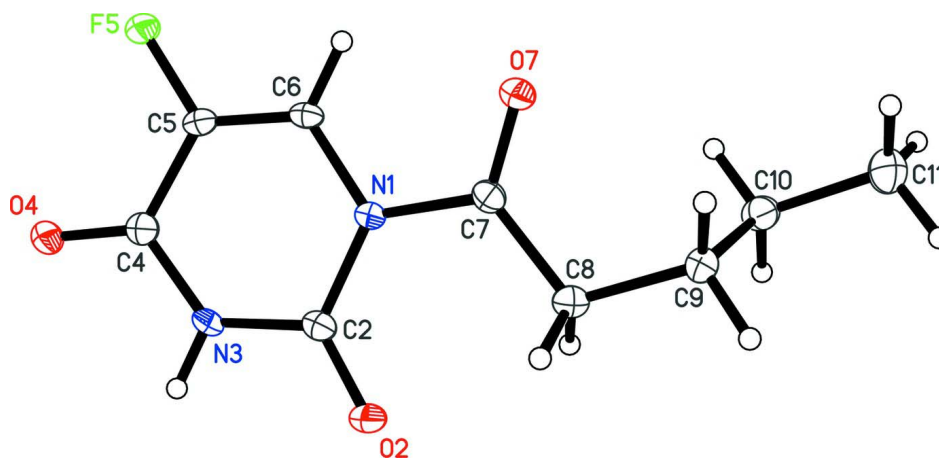
The molecular structures of the title compound and the other 1-acyl-5-fluorouracil derivatives are very similar. Specifically, the 1-acyl group and the 5-fluorouracil moiety are almost coplanar, with the C7?O7 carbonyl group oriented towards the C6—H group and away from the C2?O2 group in all four crystal structures. The C6—N1—C7—O7 dihedral angle of all 1-acyl-5-fluorouracil derivatives is comparable and ranges from 1.6 to 17.3° (Beall *et al.*, 1997; Jiang *et al.*, 1988; Lehmler & Parkin, 2000). In the crystal structure, two inversion-related molecules form a dimer structure, in which two N—H···O hydrogen bonds generate an intermolecular $R_2^2(8)$ ring. In addition, there are C—H···O type-intra and intermolecular interactions.

S2. Experimental

5-Fluoro-1-(1-oxopentyl)-2,4(1*H*,3*H*)-pyrimidinedione was synthesized by acylation of 5-fluorouracil with pentanoyl chloride and recrystallized from diethylether at 253 K (Beall *et al.*, 1997; Lehmler & Parkin, 2000; Roberts & Sloan, 1999).

S3. Refinement

H atoms were found in difference Fourier maps and subsequently placed in idealized positions with constrained C—H distances of 0.98 Å (RCH₃), 0.99 Å (R₂CH₂), 0.95 Å (C_{Ar}H) and 0.88 Å (NH) with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H})$ values set to either $1.2U_{\text{eq}}$ or $1.5U_{\text{eq}}$ (RCH₃ only) of the attached atom.

**Figure 1**

View of the title compound showing the atom-labelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

5-Fluoro-1-(pentanoyl)pyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione

Crystal data

$C_9H_{11}FN_2O_3$
 $M_r = 214.20$
 Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 Hall symbol: -P 1
 $a = 5.3165$ (2) Å
 $b = 9.3986$ (4) Å
 $c = 10.1895$ (5) Å
 $\alpha = 96.000$ (3)°
 $\beta = 100.957$ (3)°
 $\gamma = 105.539$ (3)°
 $V = 475.04$ (4) Å³

$Z = 2$
 $F(000) = 224$
 $D_x = 1.497$ Mg m⁻³
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
 Cell parameters from 6994 reflections
 $\theta = 1.0$ – 27.5 °
 $\mu = 0.13$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 88$ K
 Irregular plate, colourless
 $0.30 \times 0.30 \times 0.03$ mm

Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD
 diffractometer
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
 Graphite monochromator
 Detector resolution: 18 pixels mm⁻¹
 ω scans at fixed $\chi = 55$ °
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (SCALEPACK; Otwinowski & Minor, 1997)
 $T_{\min} = 0.963$, $T_{\max} = 0.996$

12409 measured reflections
 2167 independent reflections
 1727 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.037$
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5$ °, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.1$ °
 $h = -6 \rightarrow 6$
 $k = -12 \rightarrow 12$
 $l = -13 \rightarrow 13$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.047$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.092$
 $S = 1.02$
 2167 reflections
 137 parameters
 0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods
 Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0269P)^2 + 0.2309P]$$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.23 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.24 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
N1	0.4196 (2)	0.37039 (13)	0.62262 (12)	0.0131 (3)
O2	0.7435 (2)	0.24634 (12)	0.65488 (10)	0.0208 (3)
C2	0.6455 (3)	0.33911 (17)	0.69638 (15)	0.0146 (3)
N3	0.7532 (2)	0.42493 (13)	0.82378 (12)	0.0149 (3)
H3	0.8913	0.4049	0.8723	0.018*
O4	0.7890 (2)	0.60838 (12)	0.99779 (10)	0.0176 (3)
C4	0.6725 (3)	0.53737 (16)	0.88432 (15)	0.0148 (3)
F5	0.34305 (17)	0.66618 (10)	0.85412 (8)	0.0198 (2)
C5	0.4391 (3)	0.56025 (16)	0.80080 (15)	0.0142 (3)
C6	0.3224 (3)	0.48168 (16)	0.67833 (14)	0.0135 (3)
H6	0.1698	0.5013	0.6273	0.016*
O7	0.1183 (2)	0.35259 (12)	0.42664 (10)	0.0189 (3)
C7	0.2850 (3)	0.30070 (16)	0.48388 (15)	0.0139 (3)
C8	0.3615 (3)	0.17280 (17)	0.41877 (15)	0.0162 (3)
H8A	0.3494	0.0949	0.4775	0.019*
H8B	0.5500	0.2088	0.4108	0.019*
C9	0.1823 (3)	0.10375 (17)	0.27854 (15)	0.0170 (3)
H9A	0.1644	0.1853	0.2267	0.020*
H9B	0.2710	0.0418	0.2302	0.020*
C10	-0.0962 (3)	0.00735 (17)	0.28048 (16)	0.0192 (4)
H10A	-0.1828	0.0668	0.3330	0.023*
H10B	-0.0809	-0.0788	0.3262	0.023*
C11	-0.2706 (3)	-0.0500 (2)	0.13778 (17)	0.0266 (4)
H11A	-0.2890	0.0351	0.0929	0.040*
H11B	-0.4482	-0.1117	0.1427	0.040*
H11C	-0.1868	-0.1103	0.0860	0.040*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
N1	0.0116 (6)	0.0140 (6)	0.0139 (6)	0.0054 (5)	0.0013 (5)	0.0013 (5)
O2	0.0197 (6)	0.0233 (6)	0.0206 (6)	0.0133 (5)	-0.0006 (5)	-0.0007 (5)

C2	0.0119 (7)	0.0156 (8)	0.0167 (8)	0.0044 (6)	0.0029 (6)	0.0047 (6)
N3	0.0117 (6)	0.0165 (7)	0.0155 (7)	0.0060 (5)	-0.0016 (5)	0.0023 (5)
O4	0.0164 (6)	0.0196 (6)	0.0153 (6)	0.0061 (5)	0.0002 (4)	0.0007 (5)
C4	0.0141 (8)	0.0139 (8)	0.0170 (8)	0.0031 (6)	0.0050 (6)	0.0047 (6)
F5	0.0199 (5)	0.0208 (5)	0.0193 (5)	0.0116 (4)	0.0009 (4)	-0.0027 (4)
C5	0.0142 (7)	0.0139 (8)	0.0170 (8)	0.0069 (6)	0.0049 (6)	0.0033 (6)
C6	0.0106 (7)	0.0152 (8)	0.0166 (8)	0.0062 (6)	0.0037 (6)	0.0043 (6)
O7	0.0197 (6)	0.0210 (6)	0.0163 (6)	0.0108 (5)	-0.0009 (5)	0.0011 (5)
C7	0.0115 (7)	0.0153 (8)	0.0149 (7)	0.0030 (6)	0.0035 (6)	0.0036 (6)
C8	0.0159 (8)	0.0166 (8)	0.0172 (8)	0.0066 (6)	0.0035 (6)	0.0037 (6)
C9	0.0175 (8)	0.0176 (8)	0.0156 (8)	0.0064 (7)	0.0026 (6)	-0.0006 (6)
C10	0.0189 (8)	0.0175 (8)	0.0219 (8)	0.0066 (7)	0.0051 (7)	0.0029 (7)
C11	0.0242 (9)	0.0236 (9)	0.0270 (9)	0.0045 (7)	0.0013 (7)	-0.0024 (7)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

N1—C6	1.3999 (18)	C7—C8	1.499 (2)
N1—C2	1.4093 (19)	C8—C9	1.526 (2)
N1—C7	1.4526 (18)	C8—H8A	0.9900
O2—C2	1.2084 (17)	C8—H8B	0.9900
C2—N3	1.3837 (18)	C9—C10	1.520 (2)
N3—C4	1.3743 (19)	C9—H9A	0.9900
N3—H3	0.8800	C9—H9B	0.9900
O4—C4	1.2291 (17)	C10—C11	1.523 (2)
C4—C5	1.446 (2)	C10—H10A	0.9900
F5—C5	1.3462 (16)	C10—H10B	0.9900
C5—C6	1.325 (2)	C11—H11A	0.9800
C6—H6	0.9500	C11—H11B	0.9800
O7—C7	1.2077 (17)	C11—H11C	0.9800
C6—N1—C2	120.42 (12)	C9—C8—H8A	109.1
C6—N1—C7	115.53 (12)	C7—C8—H8B	109.1
C2—N1—C7	123.89 (12)	C9—C8—H8B	109.1
O2—C2—N3	121.00 (13)	H8A—C8—H8B	107.9
O2—C2—N1	124.45 (13)	C10—C9—C8	114.16 (12)
N3—C2—N1	114.55 (13)	C10—C9—H9A	108.7
C4—N3—C2	128.41 (13)	C8—C9—H9A	108.7
C4—N3—H3	115.8	C10—C9—H9B	108.7
C2—N3—H3	115.8	C8—C9—H9B	108.7
O4—C4—N3	122.41 (13)	H9A—C9—H9B	107.6
O4—C4—C5	124.89 (14)	C9—C10—C11	111.57 (13)
N3—C4—C5	112.70 (13)	C9—C10—H10A	109.3
C6—C5—F5	120.95 (13)	C11—C10—H10A	109.3
C6—C5—C4	122.57 (14)	C9—C10—H10B	109.3
F5—C5—C4	116.48 (13)	C11—C10—H10B	109.3
C5—C6—N1	121.32 (13)	H10A—C10—H10B	108.0
C5—C6—H6	119.3	C10—C11—H11A	109.5
N1—C6—H6	119.3	C10—C11—H11B	109.5

O7—C7—N1	116.83 (13)	H11A—C11—H11B	109.5
O7—C7—C8	123.69 (13)	C10—C11—H11C	109.5
N1—C7—C8	119.47 (12)	H11A—C11—H11C	109.5
C7—C8—C9	112.37 (12)	H11B—C11—H11C	109.5
C7—C8—H8A	109.1		
C6—N1—C2—O2	-179.04 (14)	F5—C5—C6—N1	-179.41 (12)
C7—N1—C2—O2	-3.7 (2)	C4—C5—C6—N1	0.2 (2)
C6—N1—C2—N3	0.63 (19)	C2—N1—C6—C5	0.1 (2)
C7—N1—C2—N3	175.95 (12)	C7—N1—C6—C5	-175.62 (13)
O2—C2—N3—C4	177.79 (14)	C6—N1—C7—O7	5.59 (19)
N1—C2—N3—C4	-1.9 (2)	C2—N1—C7—O7	-169.94 (13)
C2—N3—C4—O4	-178.30 (14)	C6—N1—C7—C8	-175.64 (12)
C2—N3—C4—C5	2.1 (2)	C2—N1—C7—C8	8.8 (2)
O4—C4—C5—C6	179.25 (14)	O7—C7—C8—C9	-6.9 (2)
N3—C4—C5—C6	-1.2 (2)	N1—C7—C8—C9	174.46 (12)
O4—C4—C5—F5	-1.1 (2)	C7—C8—C9—C10	-74.69 (17)
N3—C4—C5—F5	178.46 (12)	C8—C9—C10—C11	176.35 (13)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
N3—H3 \cdots O4 ⁱ	0.88	1.99	2.8588 (16)	170
C6—H6 \cdots O7	0.95	2.28	2.6102 (17)	100
C6—H6 \cdots O7 ⁱⁱ	0.95	2.34	3.2266 (19)	154

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+2, -y+1, -z+2$; (ii) $-x, -y+1, -z+1$.