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{2-[(3,5-Dichloro-2-oxidobenzylidene)-amino- κ^2N,O]-3-methylpentanoato- κO]-(N,N' -dimethylformamide- κO)copper(II)}

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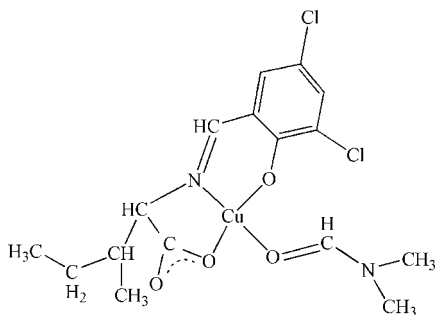
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 298$ K; mean $\sigma(C-C) = 0.020$ Å; R factor = 0.096; wR factor = 0.242; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.4.

In the title compound, $[Cu(C_{13}H_{13}Cl_2NO_3)(C_3H_7NO)]$, the Cu^{II} atom is coordinated in a slightly distorted square-planar geometry by two O atoms and one N atom from the tridentate chiral ligand 2-[(3,5-dichloro-2-oxidobenzylidene)amino]-3-methylpentanoate and by one O atom from dimethylformamide. In the crystal structure, the Cu atom forms contacts with Cl and O atoms of two units ($Cu \cdots Cl$ and $Cu \cdots O = 3.401$ and 2.947 Å, respectively), thereby forming an approximately octahedral arrangement. A three-dimensional network is constructed through $Cl \cdots Cu$, $O \cdots Cu$, $Cl \cdots Cl$ contacts and $C-H \cdots O$ hydrogen bonds.

Related literature

For Schiff base complexes containing amino acids, see: Garcia-Raso *et al.* (1996); Dawes *et al.* (1982); Laurent *et al.* (1982); Zhang *et al.* (2006). For related literature, see: Cohen *et al.* (1964); Garcia-Orozco *et al.* (2002); Hu & Englert (2006); Royles & Sherrington (2000); Subramanian *et al.* (2000); Zaman *et al.* (2004); Zordan *et al.* (2005).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[Cu(C_{13}H_{13}Cl_2NO_3)(C_3H_7NO)]$
 $M_r = 438.78$
 Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12$
 $a = 11.671(2)$ Å
 $b = 27.465(3)$ Å
 $c = 5.8890(18)$ Å
 $V = 1887.7(7)$ Å³
 $Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 1.46$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 298(2)$ K
 $0.43 \times 0.15 \times 0.13$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)
 $T_{min} = 0.572$, $T_{max} = 0.833$
 9274 measured reflections
 3260 independent reflections
 2288 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{int} = 0.086$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.095$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.242$
 $S = 1.05$
 3260 reflections
 226 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.54$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{min} = -1.08$ e Å⁻³
 Absolute structure: Flack (1983), with 1915 Friedel pairs
 Flack parameter: 0.11 (6)

Table 1

Selected geometric parameters (Å, °).

Cu1—O3	1.872 (9)	Cu1—O4	1.920 (9)
Cu1—O1	1.905 (9)	Cu1—N1	1.925 (10)
O3—Cu1—O1	169.2 (4)	O3—Cu1—N1	94.2 (4)
O3—Cu1—O4	92.5 (4)	O1—Cu1—N1	82.7 (4)
O1—Cu1—O4	90.5 (3)	O4—Cu1—N1	173.1 (4)

Table 2

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H \cdots A$	$D-H$	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-H \cdots A$
$C15-H15B \cdots O2^i$	0.96	2.31	3.19 (2)	150

Symmetry code: (i) $-x, -y + 2, z - 1$.

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2001); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2001); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: GW2039).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2008). E64, m660–m661 [doi:10.1107/S160053680800932X]

**{2-[(3,5-Dichloro-2-oxidobenzylidene)amino- κ^2 N,O]-3-methylpentanoato- κ O}
(*N,N'*-dimethylformamide- κ O)copper(II)**

Jin Hong Xia, Zheng Liu, Yuan Wang and Xiao Zhen Feng

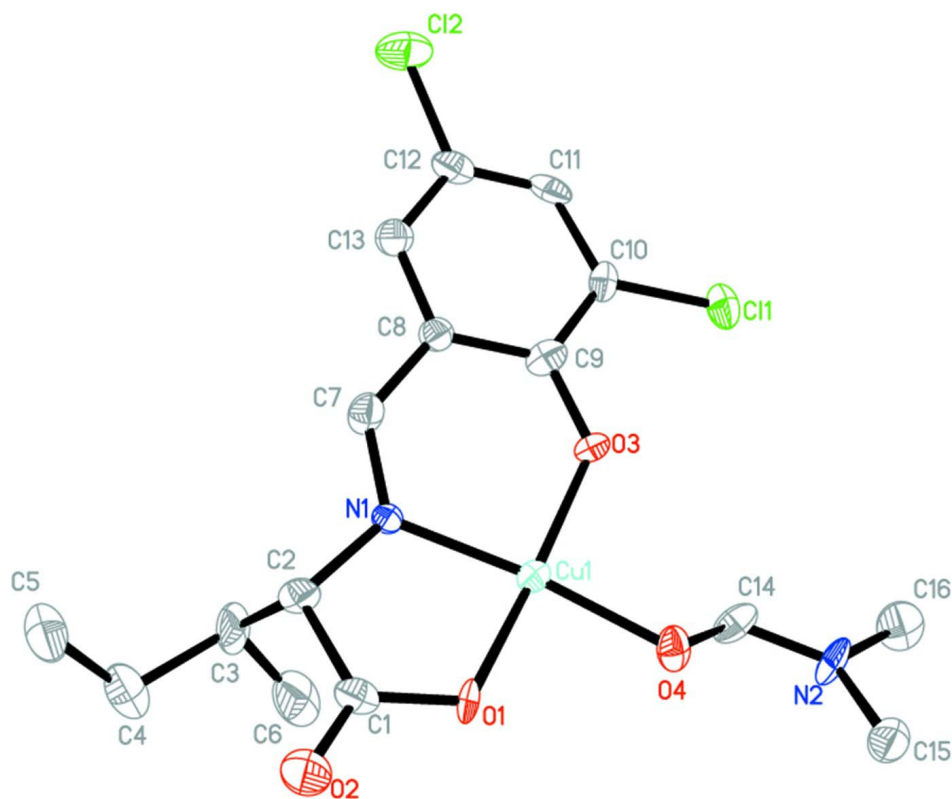
S1. Comment

Schiff bases is a kind of very important compounds in coordination chemistry. And Schiff base complexes have been increasing interest because of their antiviral, anticancer and antibacterial activities. Just as the title compound, it's amino acid salicylaldehyde of halogen substituent Schiff base. Meanwhile, we find some unusual bonds which look like hydrogen bond in this halogenated compound.

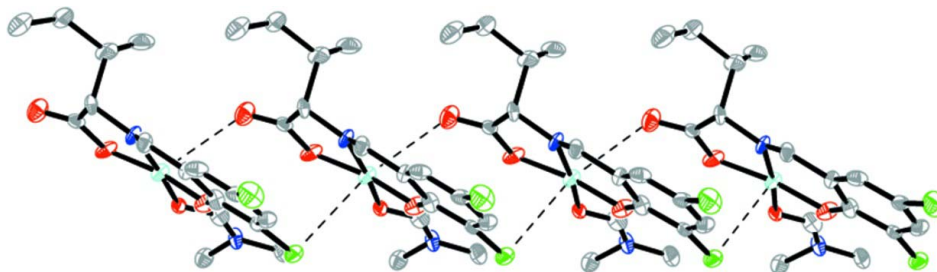
In (I), the Cu^{II} atom is coordinated by two O atoms, one N atom, which come from one tridentate ligand 2-[(3,5-dichloro-2-oxidobenzylidene)amino]-3-methylpentanoate and one O atom from *N,N*-Dimethyl-formamide, forming a slightly distorted planar square geometry (Fig. 1). In the unit one-dimensional chains, the distorted planar square with Cl and O which above or below of it form an approximately "octahedral". The weak interaction length of Cl–Cu and O–Cu is 3.401 Å. and 2.947 Å. These can be seen the results of Jahn-Teller effect. (Garcia-Orozco *et al.*, 2002) People have interest in packing arrangements of halogenated compounds date back to what Schmidt called the 'chloro effect', where the presence of chloro substituents on aromatic compounds frequently arise from stacking arrangements with a short (*ca* 4 Å) crystallographic axis (Cohen *et al.*, 1964; Zaman *et al.*, 2004; Zordan *et al.*, 2005). The title compound contains the dichloride ligand 2-[(3,5-dichloro-2-oxidobenzylidene)amino]-3-methylpentanoate, with two Cl atoms accessible at the periphery of the ligand. The three-dimensional network of (I) through short Cl–Cu, Cl–Cl, O–Cu contacts and C–H···O hydrogen bonds (Fig. 3). The weak interaction length of Cl–Cl is 3.349 Å. The final position parameters of the nonhydrogen atoms are given in Table 1. The selected bond lengths and bond angles are listed in Table 2.

S2. Experimental

The title compound was produced from aqueous solution of copper chloride and A ethanol solution of (*E*)-2-(3,5-dichloro-2-hydroxybenzylideneamino)-3-methylpentanoic acid with vapour volatilization of *N,N*-Dimethyl-formamide at room temperature.

**Figure 1**

The asymmetric unit of (I), showing 30% probability displacement ellipsoids. Carbon-bound H atoms have been omitted.

**Figure 2**

The interactions of Cl...Cu and O...Cu in the asymmetric unit one-dimensional chains.

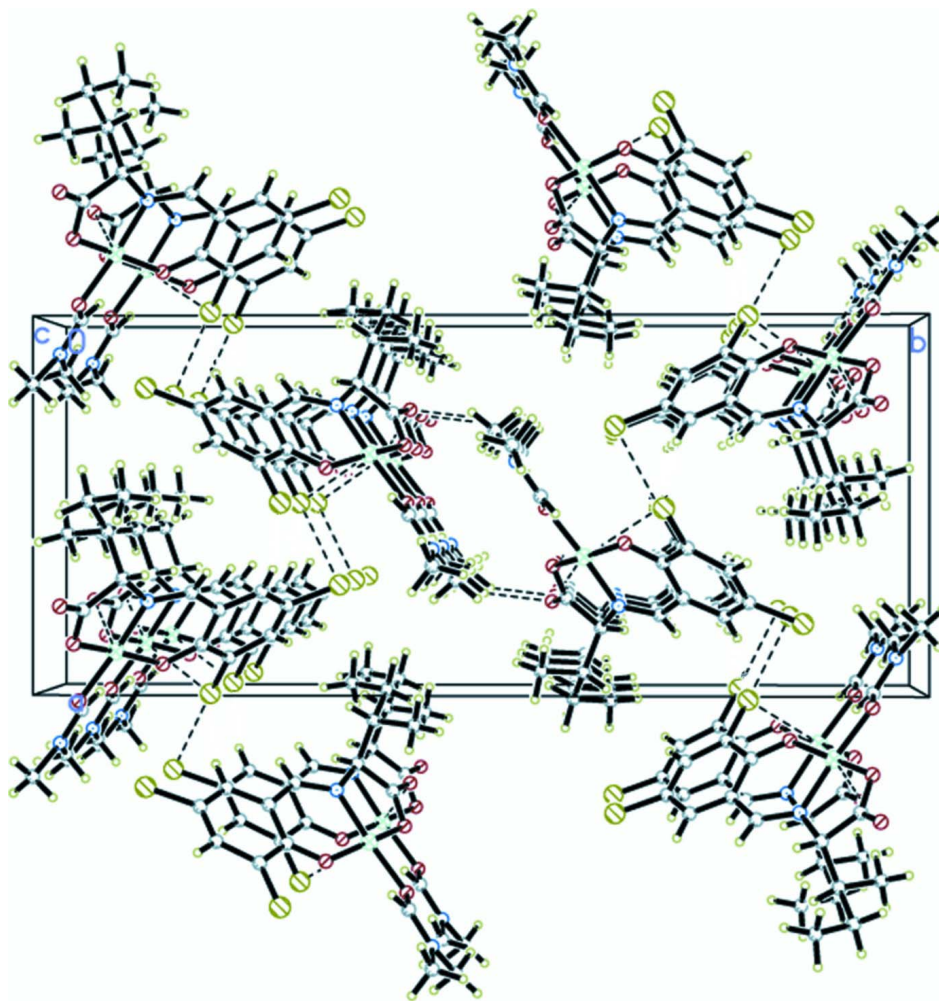


Figure 3

Three-dimensional network of (I), broken line showing Short Cl–Cl, Cl···Cu and O···Cu contacts, C–H···O hydrogen bonds.

{2-[(3,5-Dichloro-2-oxidobenzylidene)amino- κ^2N,O]-3-methylpentanoato- κO }(*N,N'*-dimethylformamide- κO)copper(II)

Crystal data

[Cu(C₁₃H₁₃Cl₂NO₃)(C₃H₇NO)]

$M_r = 438.78$

Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12$

$a = 11.671(2) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 27.465(3) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 5.8890(18) \text{ \AA}$

$V = 1887.7(7) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 900$

$D_x = 1.544 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 1991 reflections

$\theta = 2.3\text{--}20.3^\circ$

$\mu = 1.46 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 298 \text{ K}$

Block, blue

$0.43 \times 0.15 \times 0.13 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
 φ and ω scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)
 $T_{\min} = 0.572$, $T_{\max} = 0.833$

9274 measured reflections
3260 independent reflections
2288 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.087$
 $\theta_{\max} = 25.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 1.5^\circ$
 $h = -9 \rightarrow 13$
 $k = -32 \rightarrow 32$
 $l = -6 \rightarrow 6$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.095$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.242$
 $S = 1.05$
3260 reflections
226 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites
H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.1179P)^2 + 7.0901P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.54 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -1.08 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 1310 Friedel
pairs
Absolute structure parameter: 0.11 (6)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cu1	0.13255 (12)	0.88233 (5)	0.7191 (3)	0.0369 (4)
Cl1	0.0068 (3)	0.79870 (13)	0.0644 (6)	0.0481 (9)
Cl2	0.2946 (3)	0.65124 (12)	0.2389 (8)	0.0671 (12)
N1	0.2606 (8)	0.8445 (3)	0.8257 (17)	0.033 (2)
N2	-0.1115 (10)	0.9551 (4)	0.3728 (17)	0.043 (3)
O1	0.1585 (7)	0.9174 (3)	0.9935 (17)	0.046 (2)
O2	0.2565 (10)	0.9193 (4)	1.3185 (19)	0.063 (3)
O3	0.0957 (7)	0.8388 (3)	0.4856 (18)	0.044 (2)
O4	0.0063 (7)	0.9243 (3)	0.6463 (15)	0.039 (2)
C1	0.2446 (12)	0.9026 (5)	1.125 (2)	0.038 (3)
C2	0.3198 (12)	0.8638 (4)	1.029 (2)	0.035 (3)
H2	0.3294	0.8377	1.1411	0.042*
C3	0.4373 (11)	0.8833 (7)	0.960 (3)	0.059 (4)
H3	0.4762	0.8584	0.8687	0.071*
C4	0.5115 (15)	0.8947 (7)	1.168 (3)	0.067 (5)

H4A	0.5874	0.9039	1.1162	0.080*
H4B	0.4789	0.9226	1.2457	0.080*
C5	0.5232 (16)	0.8529 (7)	1.338 (3)	0.077 (5)
H5A	0.4651	0.8559	1.4523	0.115*
H5B	0.5974	0.8542	1.4076	0.115*
H5C	0.5145	0.8224	1.2600	0.115*
C6	0.4285 (13)	0.9300 (7)	0.818 (3)	0.077 (6)
H6A	0.3701	0.9261	0.7044	0.116*
H6B	0.5007	0.9363	0.7453	0.116*
H6C	0.4092	0.9568	0.9150	0.116*
C7	0.2818 (10)	0.7995 (4)	0.755 (2)	0.040 (3)
H7	0.3322	0.7813	0.8426	0.047*
C8	0.2357 (11)	0.7757 (4)	0.557 (2)	0.034 (3)
C9	0.1437 (12)	0.7977 (4)	0.428 (2)	0.041 (3)
C10	0.1061 (8)	0.7732 (4)	0.235 (2)	0.031 (3)
C11	0.1625 (11)	0.7281 (4)	0.181 (2)	0.043 (3)
H11	0.1418	0.7123	0.0474	0.051*
C12	0.2427 (10)	0.7075 (5)	0.310 (3)	0.043 (3)
C13	0.2807 (11)	0.7309 (5)	0.495 (3)	0.044 (3)
H13	0.3380	0.7170	0.5836	0.053*
C14	-0.0233 (13)	0.9290 (4)	0.448 (3)	0.048 (4)
H14	0.0203	0.9128	0.3393	0.058*
C15	-0.1907 (13)	0.9786 (5)	0.540 (3)	0.053 (4)
H15A	-0.2402	0.9544	0.6047	0.080*
H15B	-0.2361	1.0028	0.4636	0.080*
H15C	-0.1467	0.9938	0.6579	0.080*
C16	-0.1495 (16)	0.9579 (7)	0.135 (3)	0.063 (5)
H16A	-0.0882	0.9478	0.0366	0.094*
H16B	-0.1709	0.9908	0.0995	0.094*
H16C	-0.2143	0.9368	0.1129	0.094*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cu1	0.0356 (7)	0.0313 (6)	0.0437 (9)	0.0098 (6)	-0.0076 (7)	-0.0074 (7)
Cl1	0.0389 (18)	0.061 (2)	0.044 (2)	-0.0044 (16)	-0.0118 (16)	0.0061 (17)
Cl2	0.081 (3)	0.0460 (18)	0.074 (3)	-0.0011 (17)	0.018 (3)	-0.019 (2)
N1	0.039 (5)	0.030 (5)	0.028 (6)	0.009 (4)	-0.013 (5)	-0.012 (4)
N2	0.044 (7)	0.055 (7)	0.030 (6)	0.032 (6)	0.002 (5)	0.011 (5)
O1	0.024 (5)	0.049 (5)	0.066 (7)	0.017 (4)	-0.021 (4)	-0.005 (5)
O2	0.069 (7)	0.066 (7)	0.055 (7)	0.012 (6)	-0.009 (6)	-0.021 (6)
O3	0.040 (5)	0.024 (4)	0.069 (7)	0.009 (4)	-0.012 (4)	-0.010 (4)
O4	0.026 (4)	0.060 (6)	0.031 (5)	0.004 (4)	0.004 (4)	-0.002 (4)
C1	0.032 (7)	0.042 (7)	0.041 (8)	-0.008 (6)	0.012 (6)	-0.014 (6)
C2	0.051 (8)	0.034 (6)	0.020 (6)	0.007 (5)	0.006 (6)	-0.004 (5)
C3	0.022 (7)	0.086 (11)	0.068 (10)	0.020 (8)	-0.006 (7)	-0.017 (11)
C4	0.054 (9)	0.091 (13)	0.056 (10)	-0.008 (9)	-0.011 (8)	-0.011 (9)
C5	0.063 (11)	0.091 (13)	0.076 (13)	0.003 (10)	-0.028 (10)	-0.010 (10)

C6	0.031 (8)	0.111 (14)	0.091 (14)	-0.005 (8)	0.008 (9)	-0.028 (13)
C7	0.040 (7)	0.049 (7)	0.031 (8)	0.014 (5)	0.001 (6)	-0.007 (7)
C8	0.040 (7)	0.032 (6)	0.030 (7)	0.002 (5)	-0.004 (6)	-0.002 (5)
C9	0.048 (8)	0.034 (6)	0.041 (8)	0.008 (6)	0.006 (7)	0.001 (6)
C10	0.022 (6)	0.043 (6)	0.029 (7)	0.001 (4)	0.004 (5)	0.012 (6)
C11	0.051 (8)	0.031 (6)	0.046 (9)	-0.021 (6)	-0.002 (7)	-0.004 (6)
C12	0.030 (6)	0.042 (7)	0.058 (9)	-0.006 (6)	0.016 (7)	-0.025 (7)
C13	0.026 (7)	0.039 (7)	0.067 (10)	0.000 (5)	0.005 (6)	-0.006 (7)
C14	0.059 (9)	0.029 (7)	0.056 (10)	0.015 (6)	0.005 (8)	0.013 (7)
C15	0.052 (9)	0.055 (8)	0.053 (10)	0.012 (7)	-0.008 (8)	-0.006 (7)
C16	0.059 (11)	0.081 (11)	0.048 (10)	0.004 (9)	0.015 (8)	-0.010 (8)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Cu1—O3	1.872 (9)	C5—H5A	0.9600
Cu1—O1	1.905 (9)	C5—H5B	0.9600
Cu1—O4	1.920 (9)	C5—H5C	0.9600
Cu1—N1	1.925 (10)	C6—H6A	0.9600
Cl1—C10	1.685 (11)	C6—H6B	0.9600
Cl2—C12	1.712 (12)	C6—H6C	0.9600
N1—C7	1.328 (14)	C7—C8	1.442 (17)
N1—C2	1.482 (16)	C7—H7	0.9300
N2—C14	1.329 (17)	C8—C13	1.384 (16)
N2—C16	1.473 (19)	C8—C9	1.444 (17)
N2—C15	1.497 (18)	C9—C10	1.395 (17)
O1—C1	1.333 (17)	C10—C11	1.438 (17)
O2—C1	1.233 (16)	C11—C12	1.333 (19)
O3—C9	1.306 (14)	C11—H11	0.9300
O4—C14	1.225 (17)	C12—C13	1.341 (19)
C1—C2	1.493 (17)	C13—H13	0.9300
C2—C3	1.53 (2)	C14—H14	0.9300
C2—H2	0.9800	C15—H15A	0.9600
C3—C4	1.53 (2)	C15—H15B	0.9600
C3—C6	1.53 (3)	C15—H15C	0.9600
C3—H3	0.9800	C16—H16A	0.9600
C4—C5	1.53 (2)	C16—H16B	0.9600
C4—H4A	0.9700	C16—H16C	0.9600
C4—H4B	0.9700		
O3—Cu1—O1	169.2 (4)	C3—C6—H6A	109.5
O3—Cu1—O4	92.5 (4)	C3—C6—H6B	109.5
O1—Cu1—O4	90.5 (3)	H6A—C6—H6B	109.5
O3—Cu1—N1	94.2 (4)	C3—C6—H6C	109.5
O1—Cu1—N1	82.7 (4)	H6A—C6—H6C	109.5
O4—Cu1—N1	173.1 (4)	H6B—C6—H6C	109.5
C7—N1—C2	120.0 (10)	N1—C7—C8	127.5 (11)
C7—N1—Cu1	122.9 (8)	N1—C7—H7	116.3
C2—N1—Cu1	115.7 (7)	C8—C7—H7	116.3

C14—N2—C16	125.3 (13)	C13—C8—C7	118.2 (11)
C14—N2—C15	119.5 (12)	C13—C8—C9	121.1 (12)
C16—N2—C15	114.6 (11)	C7—C8—C9	120.7 (10)
C1—O1—Cu1	117.4 (7)	O3—C9—C10	119.5 (11)
C9—O3—Cu1	130.0 (9)	O3—C9—C8	123.1 (11)
C14—O4—Cu1	119.5 (8)	C10—C9—C8	117.4 (10)
O2—C1—O1	120.6 (13)	C9—C10—C11	116.8 (10)
O2—C1—C2	123.3 (14)	C9—C10—C11	120.2 (9)
O1—C1—C2	116.1 (11)	C11—C10—C11	122.8 (10)
N1—C2—C1	106.7 (11)	C12—C11—C10	124.2 (12)
N1—C2—C3	109.0 (10)	C12—C11—H11	117.9
C1—C2—C3	112.3 (11)	C10—C11—H11	117.9
N1—C2—H2	109.6	C11—C12—C13	119.5 (12)
C1—C2—H2	109.6	C11—C12—C12	119.4 (11)
C3—C2—H2	109.6	C13—C12—C12	121.1 (12)
C2—C3—C4	111.3 (13)	C12—C13—C8	120.8 (13)
C2—C3—C6	112.3 (11)	C12—C13—H13	119.6
C4—C3—C6	107.6 (15)	C8—C13—H13	119.6
C2—C3—H3	108.5	O4—C14—N2	126.3 (14)
C4—C3—H3	108.5	O4—C14—H14	116.9
C6—C3—H3	108.5	N2—C14—H14	116.9
C5—C4—C3	114.9 (15)	N2—C15—H15A	109.5
C5—C4—H4A	108.5	N2—C15—H15B	109.5
C3—C4—H4A	108.5	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
C5—C4—H4B	108.5	N2—C15—H15C	109.5
C3—C4—H4B	108.5	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
H4A—C4—H4B	107.5	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
C4—C5—H5A	109.5	N2—C16—H16A	109.5
C4—C5—H5B	109.5	N2—C16—H16B	109.5
H5A—C5—H5B	109.5	H16A—C16—H16B	109.5
C4—C5—H5C	109.5	N2—C16—H16C	109.5
H5A—C5—H5C	109.5	H16A—C16—H16C	109.5
H5B—C5—H5C	109.5	H16B—C16—H16C	109.5
O3—Cu1—N1—C7	-10.6 (11)	C6—C3—C4—C5	176.2 (14)
O1—Cu1—N1—C7	159.0 (11)	C2—N1—C7—C8	-177.5 (12)
O3—Cu1—N1—C2	-177.3 (8)	Cu1—N1—C7—C8	16.4 (19)
O1—Cu1—N1—C2	-7.7 (8)	N1—C7—C8—C13	171.3 (12)
O3—Cu1—O1—C1	74 (2)	N1—C7—C8—C9	-10 (2)
O4—Cu1—O1—C1	180.0 (9)	Cu1—O3—C9—C10	-175.0 (8)
N1—Cu1—O1—C1	0.4 (9)	Cu1—O3—C9—C8	4.8 (19)
O1—Cu1—O3—C9	-72 (2)	C13—C8—C9—O3	177.1 (12)
O4—Cu1—O3—C9	-177.7 (11)	C7—C8—C9—O3	-2 (2)
N1—Cu1—O3—C9	0.7 (12)	C13—C8—C9—C10	-3.1 (18)
O3—Cu1—O4—C14	-34.2 (11)	C7—C8—C9—C10	178.0 (11)
O1—Cu1—O4—C14	156.2 (11)	O3—C9—C10—C11	180.0 (11)
Cu1—O1—C1—O2	-170.2 (10)	C8—C9—C10—C11	0.1 (16)
Cu1—O1—C1—C2	7.0 (14)	O3—C9—C10—C11	4.9 (16)

C7—N1—C2—C1	-154.7 (12)	C8—C9—C10—C11	-175.0 (9)
Cu1—N1—C2—C1	12.4 (12)	C9—C10—C11—C12	3.9 (18)
C7—N1—C2—C3	83.7 (14)	C11—C10—C11—C12	178.8 (10)
Cu1—N1—C2—C3	-109.1 (11)	C10—C11—C12—C13	-5 (2)
O2—C1—C2—N1	164.9 (13)	C10—C11—C12—C12	174.6 (9)
O1—C1—C2—N1	-12.2 (15)	C11—C12—C13—C8	2 (2)
O2—C1—C2—C3	-75.7 (17)	C12—C12—C13—C8	-177.8 (10)
O1—C1—C2—C3	107.2 (13)	C7—C8—C13—C12	-178.7 (12)
N1—C2—C3—C4	-169.2 (13)	C9—C8—C13—C12	2 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	72.8 (17)	Cu1—O4—C14—N2	177.0 (11)
N1—C2—C3—C6	70.2 (15)	C16—N2—C14—O4	-176.1 (15)
C1—C2—C3—C6	-47.9 (17)	C15—N2—C14—O4	-5 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	52.8 (19)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
C15—H15 <i>B</i> ...O2 ⁱ	0.96	2.31	3.19 (2)	150

Symmetry code: (i) $-x, -y+2, z-1$.