

## Retraction of articles

This article reports the retraction of articles published in *Acta Crystallographica Section E* between 2005 and 2009.

After further thorough investigation (see Harrison *et al.*, 2010), articles are retracted as a result of problems with the data sets or incorrect atom assignments. Full details of all the articles are given in Table 1.

Table 1

Details of articles to be retracted, in order of publication.

Title	Reference	DOI	Refcode
<i>Poly[diacquadi-<math>\mu_3</math>-malonato-<math>\mu</math>-pyrazine-dinickel(II)] catena-Poly[[[diacqua(6-carboxypyridine-2-carboxylato)samarium(II)]-<math>\mu</math>-pyridine-2,6-dicarboxylato] tetrahydrate]</i>	Liu <i>et al.</i> (2005) Liu <i>et al.</i> (2006)	10.1107/S1600536805026358 10.1107/S1600536806038141	GATWAA FONCUH03
<i>Poly[[[<math>\mu_4</math>-4,4'-carbonylbis(benzene-3,4-dicarboxylato)]tetrakis(1,10-phenanthroline)-dipalladium(II)] dihydrate]</i>	Li, Wang, Zhang & Yu (2007e)	10.1107/S1600536807039050	AFELAZ
<i>Poly[diacqua-<math>\mu_3</math>-malonato-<math>\mu</math>-pyrazine-diiron(II)]</i>	Li, Liu <i>et al.</i> (2007)	10.1107/S1600536807038743	AFELON
<i>Poly[diacqua-di-<math>\mu_3</math>-malonato-<math>\mu</math>-pyrazine-dimanganese(II)]</i>	Li, Wang, Zhang & Yu (2007f)	10.1107/S1600536807039773	VIJZAO
<i>Poly[[aqua(2,2-bipyridine)(<math>\mu_3</math>-pyridine-3,4-dicarboxylato)cobalt(II)] monohydrate]</i>	Li, Wang, Zhang & Yu (2007g)	10.1107/S1600536807040275	VIKIC
<i>catena-Poly[[[diacqua(6-carboxypyridine-2-carboxylato)holmium(III)]-<math>\mu</math>-pyridine-2,6-dicarboxylato] tetrahydrate]</i>	Li, Wang, Zhang & Yu (2007a)	10.1107/S1600536807041657	DILGEL
<i>catena-Poly[[[2,2'-bipyridine-<math>\kappa^2</math>N,N']iron(II)]-<math>\mu</math>-5-carboxy-4-carboxylatoimidazol-1-ido-<math>\kappa^4</math>N<sup>3</sup>,O<sup>4</sup>:N<sup>1</sup>,O<sup>2</sup>]</i>	Li, Wang, Zhang & Yu (2007h)	10.1107/S1600536807042122	XIKWAO
<i>Poly[[aqua(2,2'-bipyridine)(<math>\mu_3</math>-pyridine-3,4-dicarboxylato)nickel(II)] monohydrate]</i>	Li, Wang, Zhang & Yu (2007b)	10.1107/S1600536807046466	LEVZAO01
<i>2-(Benzyliminomethyl)-6-methoxyphenol</i>	Li, Wang, Zhang & Yu (2007i)	10.1107/S1600536807042134	SILDEX
<i>Poly[aqua(2,2'-bipyridine)(<math>\mu_3</math>-pyridine-2,4-dicarboxylato)palladium(II)]</i>	Li, Wang, Zhang & Yu (2007c)	10.1107/S1600536807047575	SILXAN
<i><math>\mu</math>-Oxido-bis[chlorido[tris(2-pyridylmethyl)amine]iron(III)] bis(hexafluoridophosphate)</i>	Liu, Dou, Li & Zhang (2007)	10.1107/S1600536807049665	TINRIS
<i><math>\mu</math>-Oxido-bis[(4,4'-dibromo-2,2'-[ethane-1,2-diylbis(nitrilomethylidyne)]diphenolato)-manganese(III)]</i>	Liu, Dou, Niu & Zhang (2007a)	10.1107/S1600536807051008	GIMZAE
<i>Bis[N-(8-quinolyl)pyridine-2-carboxamidato]iron(III) perchlorate monohydrate</i>	Li, Wang, Zhang & Yu (2007d)	10.1107/S1600536807048556	WIMZIC
<i><math>\mu</math>-Oxido-bis[(4,4'-dibromo-2,2'-[ethane-1,2-diylbis(nitrilomethylidyne)]diphenolato)-chromium(III)]</i>	Liu, Dou, Niu & Zhang (2007b)	10.1107/S1600536807057996	HIQFIX
<i><math>\mu</math>-Oxido-bis[chlorido[tris(2-pyridylmethyl)amine]chromium(III)] bis(hexafluoridophosphate)</i>	Li, Wang <i>et al.</i> (2008)	10.1107/S1600536807061296	MIRNAD
<i><math>\mu</math>-Oxido-bis[(4,4'-dibromo-2,2'-[ethane-1,2-diylbis(nitrilomethylidyne)]diphenolato)-iron(III)]</i>	Meng <i>et al.</i> (2008a)	10.1107/S1600536807063143	MIRWUG
<i>catena-Poly[[bis(1H-benzimidazole-<math>\kappa</math>N<sup>3</sup>)palladium(II)]-<math>\mu</math>-benzene-1,4-dicarboxylato-<math>\kappa^2</math>O<sup>1</sup>:O<sup>2</sup>]</i>	Meng <i>et al.</i> (2008b)	10.1107/S1600536807065051	XISCAE
<i>Oxalato-bis(propene-1,3-diamine)manganese(II) chloride monohydrate</i>	Meng <i>et al.</i> (2008e)	10.1107/S1600536807065361	SISWIB
<i><math>\mu</math>-Oxido-bis[chlorido[tris(2-pyridylmethyl)amine]manganese(III)] bis(hexafluoridophosphate)</i>	Meng <i>et al.</i> (2008c)	10.1107/S1600536807066512	RISRIV
<i>Bis[N-(8-quinolyl)pyridine-2-carboxamidato-<math>\kappa^3</math>N,N',N''manganese(III)] perchlorate monohydrate</i>	Meng <i>et al.</i> (2008d)	10.1107/S1600536808000287	GISLEA
<i>Diaquabis(pyridine-2-carboxylato-<math>\kappa^2</math>N,O)cobalt(II)</i>	Huang (2008)	10.1107/S1600536808010507	WIZPOL
<i>Tetra-<math>\mu</math>-2,5-difluorobenzoato-bis[(2,2'-bipyridine)(2,5-difluorobenzoato)gadolinium(III)]</i>	Li, Zhang <i>et al.</i> (2008)	10.1107/S1600536808023507	BOFQIX
<i>catena-Poly[[[2,2'-bipyridine-<math>\kappa^2</math>N,N']nickel(II)]-<math>\mu</math>-oxalato-<math>\kappa^4</math>O<sup>1</sup>,O<sup>2</sup>:O<sup>1</sup>,O<sup>2</sup>]</i>	Li, Yan <i>et al.</i> (2008)	10.1107/S1600536808028389	NOHYUF
<i>catena-Poly[[aqua(2,2'-bipyridyl)cobalt(II)]-<math>\mu</math>-5-nitrosophthalalato]</i>	Liu <i>et al.</i> (2008)	10.1107/S1600536808038178	AFIREN
<i>Diaquabis(pyridine-2-carboxylato-<math>\kappa^2</math>N,O)iron(II)</i>	Xia & Sun (2009)	10.1107/S1600536809005765	RONFEG
<i>catena-Poly[[[diacquathulium(III)]-<math>\mu</math>-6-carboxynicotinato-<math>\mu</math>-pyridine-2,5-dicarboxylato] dihydrate]</i>	Li <i>et al.</i> (2009)	10.1107/S1600536809008836	NOQNIR
<i>1-Phenyl-3-(2,4,6-trimethoxyphenyl)prop-2-en-1-one</i>	Liu <i>et al.</i> (2009)	10.1107/S1600536809040227	PUGLOT

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Diaquabis(pyridine-2-carboxylato- $\kappa^2N,O$ )cobalt(II)

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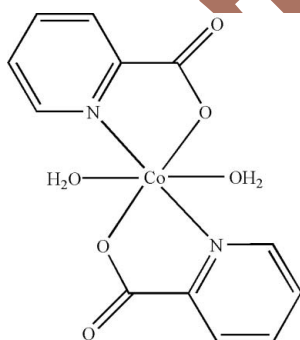
Received 7 April 2008; accepted 16 April 2008

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 273$  K; mean  $\sigma(C-C) = 0.008$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.060;  $wR$  factor = 0.227; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.6.

In the molecule of the title compound,  $[Co(C_6H_4NO_2)_2(H_2O)_2]$ , the coordination environment around the  $Co^{II}$  atom is distorted octahedral; two N and two O atoms of the pyridine-2-carboxylate ligands lie in the equatorial plane and the two water O atoms in the axial positions. In the crystal structure, intermolecular  $O-H\cdots O$  hydrogen bonds link the molecules, forming a supramolecular network structure.

## Related literature

For general background, see: Desiraju (1997); Braga *et al.* (1998); McCann *et al.* (1996); Wai *et al.* (1990); Yaghi *et al.* (1996); Min & Lee (2002); Maira *et al.* (2001). For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

 $[Co(C_6H_4NO_2)_2(H_2O)_2]$  $M_r = 339.17$ Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$  $a = 11.7401$  (3) Å $b = 8.9994$  (6) Å $c = 14.9211$  (3) Å $\beta = 105.985$  (2)° $V = 1515.52$  (11) Å<sup>3</sup> $Z = 4$ Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation $\mu = 1.16$  mm<sup>-1</sup> $T = 273$  (2) K $0.24 \times 0.18 \times 0.08$  mm

## Data collection

Bruker APEXII area-detector

diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)

 $T_{\min} = 0.770$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.918$ 

9384 measured reflections

2926 independent reflections

2065 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$  $R_{\text{int}} = 0.042$ 

## Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.060$  $wR(F^2) = 0.227$  $S = 1.07$ 

2926 reflections

200 parameters

6 restraints

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.83$  e Å<sup>-3</sup> $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.62$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Selected geometric parameters (Å, °)

Co1—O1	2.150 (3)	Co1—O5	2.153 (3)
Co1—O2	2.162 (3)	Co1—N1	2.284 (4)
Co1—O3	2.151 (3)	Co1—N2	2.274 (3)
O1—Co1—O2	84.68 (13)	O3—Co1—N1	98.83 (14)
O1—Co1—O3	167.36 (12)	O5—Co1—N1	72.84 (12)
O1—Co1—O5	93.78 (12)	O1—Co1—N2	93.86 (12)
O2—Co1—O3	92.63 (13)	O2—Co1—N2	98.99 (14)
O2—Co1—O5	95.35 (13)	O3—Co1—N2	74.33 (12)
O3—Co1—O5	93.75 (12)	O5—Co1—N2	161.68 (13)
O1—Co1—N1	86.44 (14)	N1—Co1—N2	94.91 (13)
O2—Co1—N1	163.96 (15)		

Table 2

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
O1—H1B $\cdots$ O4 <sup>i</sup>	0.784 (18)	1.98 (3)	2.733 (4)	161 (4)
O1—H1A $\cdots$ O5 <sup>ii</sup>	0.82	1.88	2.679 (4)	164
O2—H2B $\cdots$ O4 <sup>iii</sup>	0.771 (16)	1.959 (16)	2.712 (4)	166 (3)
O2—H2A $\cdots$ O6 <sup>ii</sup>	0.82	1.96	2.699 (5)	149

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (ii)  $-x + \frac{3}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$ ; (iii)  $-x + 1, -y + 2, -z + 1$ .

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: SAINT (Siemens, 1996); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HK2450).

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Article retracted

## supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2008). E64, m685–m686 [doi:10.1107/S1600536808010507]

**Diaquabis(pyridine-2-carboxylato- $\kappa^2$ N,O)cobalt(II)**

G. S. Huang

**S1. Comment**

In the synthesis of crystal structures by design, the assembly of molecular units in predefined arrangements is a key goal (Desiraju, 1997; Braga *et al.*, 1998). Due to carboxyl groups are one of the most important classes of biological ligands, the coordination of metal-carboxyl groups complexes are of critical importance in biological systems, organic materials and coordination chemistry. Recently, carboxyl groups with variable coordination modes have been used to construct metal-organic supramolecular structures (McCann *et al.*, 1996; Wai *et al.*, 1990; Yaghi *et al.*, 1996; Min & Lee 2002; Maira *et al.*, 2001). We report herein the crystal structure of the title compound, (I).

In the molecule of (I) (Fig. 1), the ligand bond lengths (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and angles are within normal ranges. The two N and the two O atoms of the two pyridine-2-carboxylato ligands in the equatorial plane around the Co<sup>II</sup> atom form a distorted square-planar arrangement, while the distorted octahedral coordination is completed by the two O atoms of water molecules in the axial positions (Table 1 and Fig. 1). The Co–O bonds [average 2.154 (3) Å] are somewhat shorter than the Co–N distances [average 2.279 (3) Å].

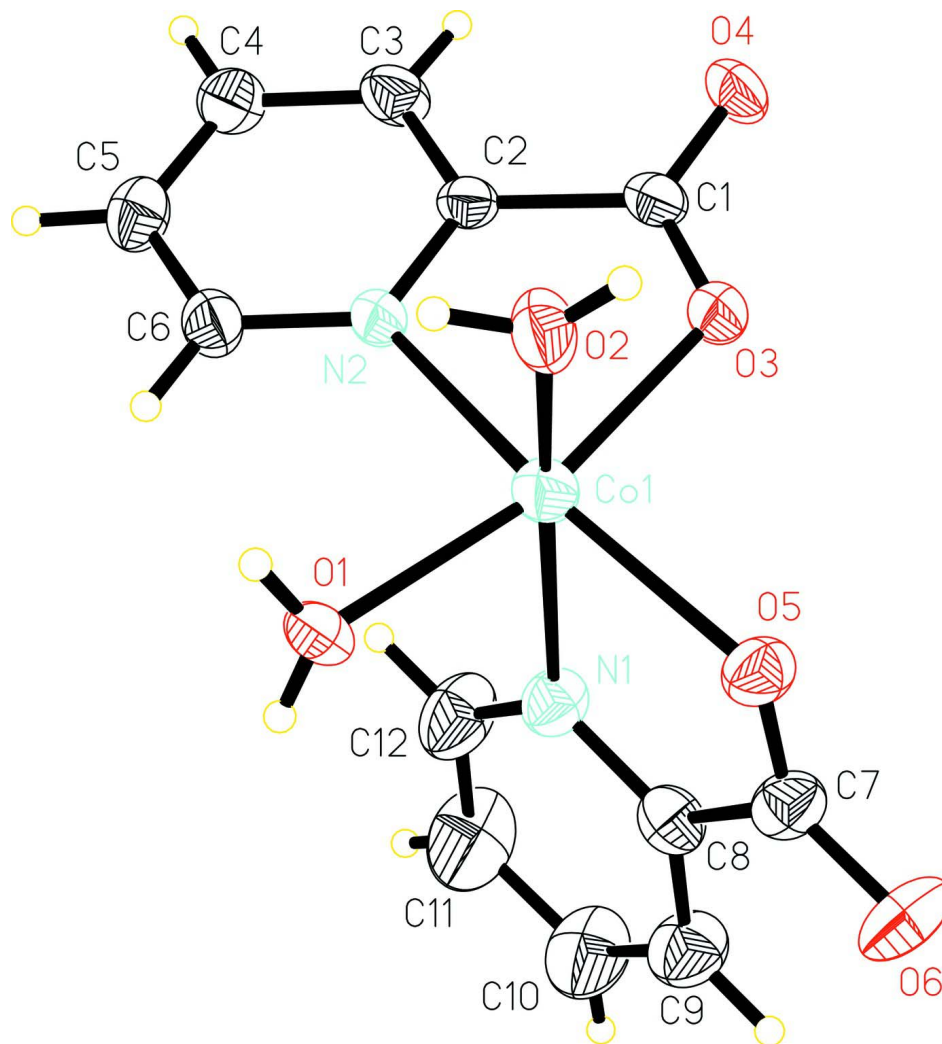
In the crystal structure, intermolecular O–H...O hydrogen bonds (Table 2) link the molecules to form a supramolecular network structure (Fig. 2), in which they may be effective in the stabilization of the structure.

**S2. Experimental**

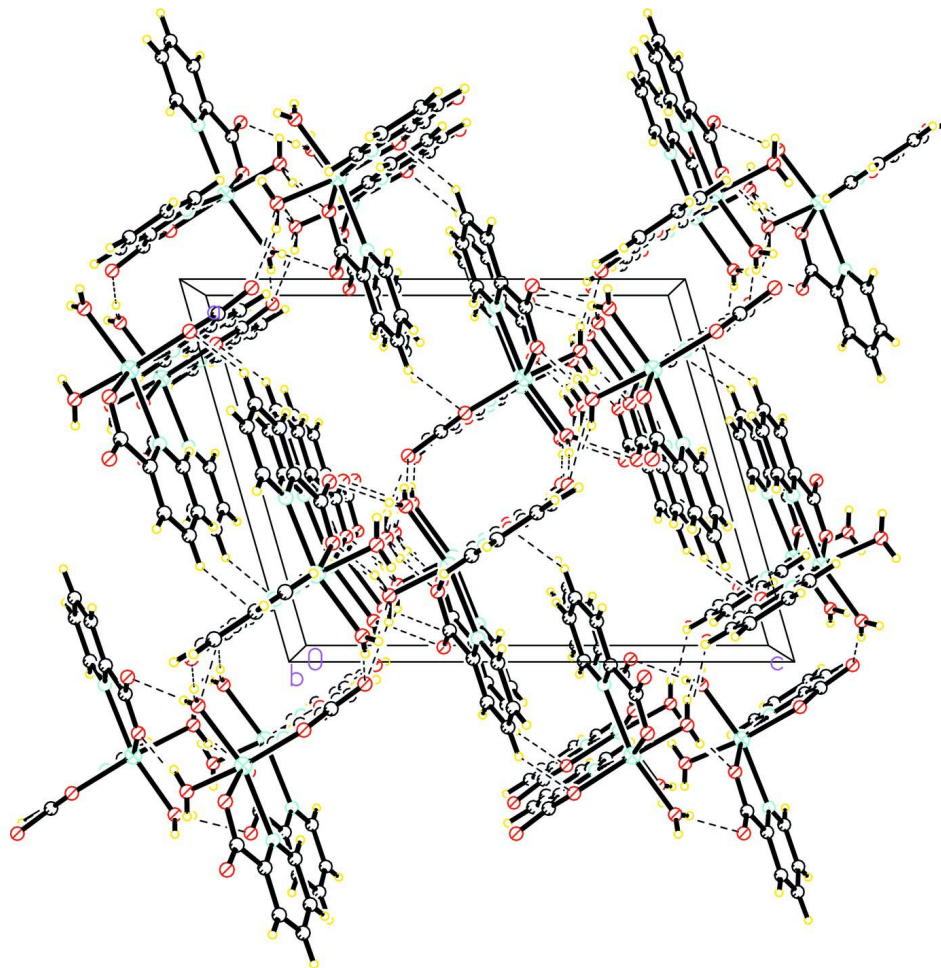
The title compound was synthesized using hydrothermal method in a 23 ml Teflon-lined Parr bomb. Cobalt(II) chloride hexahydrate (47.6 mg, 0.2 mmol), pyridine-2-carboxylic acid (49.2 mg, 0.4 mmol) and distilled water (6 g) were placed into the bomb and sealed. The bomb was then heated under autogenous pressure up to 413 K over the course of 7 d and allowed to cool at room temperature for 24 h. Upon opening the bomb, a clear colorless solution was decanted from small pink crystals. These crystals were washed with distilled water followed by ethanol, and allowed to air-dry at room temperature.

**S3. Refinement**

H1B and H2B (for H<sub>2</sub>O) were located in difference syntheses and refined isotropically [O–H = 0.784 (18) and 0.771 (16) Å,  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 0.065$  (16) and  $0.035$  (12) Å<sup>2</sup>]. The remaining H1A and H2A (for H<sub>2</sub>O) and aromatic H atoms were positioned geometrically, with O–H = 0.82 Å (for H<sub>2</sub>O) and C–H = 0.93 Å for aromatic H, and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = xU_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{O})$ , where  $x = 1.2$  for aromatic H atoms and  $x = 1.5$  for all other H atoms.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title molecule, with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. Hydrogen bond is shown as dashed line.



**Figure 2**

A packing diagram of (I). Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

**Diaquabis(pyridine-2-carboxylato- $\kappa^2$ N,O)cobalt(II)**

*Crystal data*

[Co(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>2</sub>]

$M_r = 339.17$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$

Hall symbol: -P 2yn

$a = 11.7401$  (3) Å

$b = 8.9994$  (6) Å

$c = 14.9211$  (3) Å

$\beta = 105.985$  (2)°

$V = 1515.52$  (11) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 692$

$D_x = 1.486$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 2863 reflections

$\theta = 2.6$ – $23.8$ °

$\mu = 1.16$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 273$  K

Plate, pink

$0.24 \times 0.18 \times 0.08$  mm

*Data collection*

Bruker APEXII area-detector  
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

$\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)

$T_{\min} = 0.770$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.918$

9384 measured reflections

2926 independent reflections

2065 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.042$   
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 26.0^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.0^\circ$

$h = -14 \rightarrow 14$   
 $k = -11 \rightarrow 11$   
 $l = -18 \rightarrow 17$

### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$   
 Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.060$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.227$   
 $S = 1.07$   
 2926 reflections  
 200 parameters  
 6 restraints  
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
 map  
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
 neighbouring sites  
 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent  
 and constrained refinement  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.152P)^2 + 0.1958P]$   
 where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.83 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.62 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

### Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional R-factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and R-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Co1	0.74558 (5)	0.85905 (7)	0.62775 (4)	0.0500 (3)
O1	0.8193 (3)	0.7460 (4)	0.7578 (2)	0.0528 (8)
H1A	0.7662	0.7036	0.7737	0.079*
H1B	0.8854 (17)	0.719 (5)	0.773 (3)	0.065 (16)*
O2	0.5921 (3)	0.8896 (4)	0.6792 (3)	0.0562 (9)
H2A	0.5826	0.8156	0.7083	0.084*
H2B	0.546 (3)	0.953 (3)	0.673 (3)	0.035 (12)*
O3	0.6510 (3)	0.9270 (3)	0.48901 (19)	0.0497 (8)
O4	0.5390 (3)	0.8577 (3)	0.3503 (2)	0.0560 (9)
O5	0.8183 (3)	1.0767 (4)	0.6673 (2)	0.0512 (8)
O6	0.9716 (3)	1.2287 (4)	0.6898 (3)	0.0724 (11)
N1	0.9333 (3)	0.8598 (4)	0.6113 (3)	0.0504 (9)
N2	0.6905 (3)	0.6452 (4)	0.5461 (2)	0.0406 (8)
C1	0.6032 (3)	0.8310 (5)	0.4295 (3)	0.0423 (9)
C2	0.6267 (3)	0.6693 (5)	0.4583 (3)	0.0392 (9)
C3	0.5838 (4)	0.5535 (5)	0.3968 (3)	0.0533 (11)
H3	0.5424	0.5722	0.3351	0.064*
C4	0.6040 (4)	0.4115 (6)	0.4293 (3)	0.0552 (11)
H4	0.5727	0.3319	0.3906	0.066*
C5	0.6700 (4)	0.3862 (5)	0.5184 (4)	0.0552 (12)
H5	0.6864	0.2897	0.5404	0.066*



C6	0.7120 (4)	0.5054 (5)	0.5755 (3)	0.0495 (10)
H6	0.7569	0.4880	0.6364	0.059*
C7	0.9224 (4)	1.1095 (5)	0.6665 (3)	0.0513 (11)
C8	0.9904 (4)	0.9869 (5)	0.6340 (3)	0.0489 (11)
C9	1.1060 (4)	1.0058 (7)	0.6312 (4)	0.0704 (15)
H9	1.1443	1.0961	0.6485	0.085*
C10	1.1635 (6)	0.8917 (7)	0.6029 (6)	0.091 (2)
H10	1.2403	0.9039	0.5983	0.109*
C11	1.1064 (6)	0.7581 (8)	0.5811 (6)	0.102 (2)
H11	1.1445	0.6768	0.5639	0.123*
C12	0.9906 (5)	0.7476 (6)	0.5856 (5)	0.0772 (17)
H12	0.9510	0.6578	0.5698	0.093*

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Co1	0.0509 (5)	0.0450 (5)	0.0472 (5)	-0.0007 (3)	0.0018 (3)	-0.0005 (2)
O1	0.0397 (16)	0.060 (2)	0.0502 (18)	0.0013 (15)	-0.0015 (13)	0.0150 (14)
O2	0.056 (2)	0.0450 (19)	0.070 (2)	0.0125 (16)	0.0209 (17)	0.0143 (16)
O3	0.0515 (17)	0.0412 (18)	0.0466 (17)	-0.0020 (13)	-0.0031 (13)	0.0045 (13)
O4	0.0550 (19)	0.052 (2)	0.0467 (18)	0.0079 (14)	-0.0106 (14)	0.0083 (13)
O5	0.0467 (17)	0.0448 (18)	0.0613 (19)	-0.0019 (14)	0.0135 (14)	-0.0096 (15)
O6	0.078 (2)	0.059 (2)	0.089 (3)	-0.0299 (19)	0.037 (2)	-0.031 (2)
N1	0.049 (2)	0.046 (2)	0.059 (2)	-0.0010 (17)	0.0189 (18)	-0.0046 (17)
N2	0.0418 (18)	0.037 (2)	0.0366 (18)	-0.0012 (14)	0.0011 (14)	0.0024 (13)
C1	0.0331 (19)	0.049 (2)	0.040 (2)	0.0023 (17)	0.0035 (16)	0.0025 (18)
C2	0.0334 (19)	0.041 (2)	0.039 (2)	-0.0012 (16)	0.0032 (15)	-0.0034 (17)
C3	0.051 (2)	0.053 (3)	0.046 (2)	0.005 (2)	-0.0033 (18)	-0.008 (2)
C4	0.056 (3)	0.044 (3)	0.061 (3)	0.002 (2)	0.008 (2)	-0.012 (2)
C5	0.064 (3)	0.041 (3)	0.064 (3)	0.001 (2)	0.023 (2)	-0.001 (2)
C6	0.057 (2)	0.044 (3)	0.044 (2)	0.001 (2)	0.0068 (19)	0.0031 (19)
C7	0.059 (3)	0.055 (3)	0.039 (2)	-0.011 (2)	0.0124 (19)	-0.0056 (19)
C8	0.050 (2)	0.055 (3)	0.042 (2)	0.006 (2)	0.0146 (18)	0.0039 (19)
C9	0.058 (3)	0.073 (4)	0.086 (4)	-0.008 (3)	0.027 (3)	-0.001 (3)
C10	0.069 (4)	0.085 (5)	0.134 (6)	-0.001 (4)	0.054 (4)	0.006 (4)
C11	0.085 (4)	0.079 (5)	0.165 (8)	0.016 (4)	0.074 (5)	-0.007 (5)
C12	0.076 (4)	0.052 (3)	0.114 (5)	-0.001 (3)	0.043 (3)	-0.012 (3)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

Co1—O1	2.150 (3)	C1—C2	1.521 (6)
Co1—O2	2.162 (3)	C2—C3	1.389 (6)
Co1—O3	2.151 (3)	C3—C4	1.365 (7)
Co1—O5	2.153 (3)	C3—H3	0.9300
Co1—N1	2.284 (4)	C4—C5	1.361 (7)
Co1—N2	2.274 (3)	C4—H4	0.9300
O1—H1A	0.8200	C5—C6	1.374 (6)
O1—H1B	0.784 (18)	C5—H5	0.9300

O2—H2A	0.8200	C6—H6	0.9300
O2—H2B	0.771 (16)	C7—C8	1.517 (6)
O3—C1	1.255 (5)	C8—C9	1.380 (7)
O4—C1	1.238 (5)	C9—C10	1.359 (8)
O5—C7	1.261 (5)	C9—H9	0.9300
O6—C7	1.222 (5)	C10—C11	1.371 (9)
N1—C8	1.321 (6)	C10—H10	0.9300
N1—C12	1.327 (6)	C11—C12	1.383 (8)
N2—C6	1.334 (5)	C11—H11	0.9300
N2—C2	1.335 (5)	C12—H12	0.9300
O1—Co1—O2	84.68 (13)	N2—C2—C1	116.2 (3)
O1—Co1—O3	167.36 (12)	C3—C2—C1	121.8 (4)
O1—Co1—O5	98.78 (12)	C4—C3—C2	118.2 (4)
O2—Co1—O3	92.63 (13)	C4—C3—H3	120.9
O2—Co1—O5	95.35 (13)	C2—C3—H3	120.9
O3—Co1—O5	93.75 (12)	C5—C4—C3	120.0 (4)
O1—Co1—N1	86.44 (14)	C5—C4—H4	120.0
O2—Co1—N1	163.96 (15)	C3—C4—H4	120.0
O3—Co1—N1	98.83 (14)	C4—C5—C6	119.1 (5)
O5—Co1—N1	72.84 (12)	C4—C5—H5	120.5
O1—Co1—N2	93.86 (12)	C6—C5—H5	120.5
O2—Co1—N2	98.99 (14)	N2—C6—C5	122.0 (4)
O3—Co1—N2	74.33 (12)	N2—C6—H6	119.0
O5—Co1—N2	161.68 (13)	C5—C6—H6	119.0
N1—Co1—N2	94.91 (13)	O6—C7—O5	125.9 (5)
Co1—O1—H1A	109.5	O6—C7—C8	118.7 (4)
Co1—O1—H1B	122 (3)	O5—C7—C8	115.4 (4)
H1A—O1—H1B	123.0	N1—C8—C9	122.2 (4)
Co1—O2—H2A	109.5	N1—C8—C7	116.0 (4)
Co1—O2—H2B	132 (2)	C9—C8—C7	121.9 (5)
H2A—O2—H2B	118.0	C10—C9—C8	119.5 (5)
C1—O3—Co1	119.8 (3)	C10—C9—H9	120.2
C7—O5—Co1	121.5 (3)	C8—C9—H9	120.2
C8—N1—C12	118.1 (4)	C9—C10—C11	119.0 (5)
C8—N1—Co1	114.3 (3)	C9—C10—H10	120.5
C12—N1—Co1	127.5 (3)	C11—C10—H10	120.5
C6—N2—C2	118.6 (4)	C10—C11—C12	118.1 (6)
C6—N2—Co1	128.5 (3)	C10—C11—H11	120.9
C2—N2—Co1	112.8 (3)	C12—C11—H11	120.9
O4—C1—O3	125.3 (4)	N1—C12—C11	123.0 (6)
O4—C1—C2	118.2 (4)	N1—C12—H12	118.5
O3—C1—C2	116.6 (4)	C11—C12—H12	118.5
N2—C2—C3	122.0 (4)		

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>
O1—H1B $\cdots$ O4 <sup>i</sup>	0.78 (2)	1.98 (3)	2.733 (4)	161 (4)
O1—H1A $\cdots$ O5 <sup>ii</sup>	0.82	1.88	2.679 (4)	164
O2—H2B $\cdots$ O4 <sup>iii</sup>	0.77 (2)	1.96 (2)	2.712 (4)	166 (3)
O2—H2A $\cdots$ O6 <sup>ii</sup>	0.82	1.96	2.699 (5)	149

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x+1/2, -y+3/2, z+1/2$ ; (ii)  $-x+3/2, y-1/2, -z+3/2$ ; (iii)  $-x+1, -y+2, -z+1$ .

Article retracted