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## Structure Reports

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## (E)-2-Hydroxy-3-methoxybenzaldehyde thiosemicarbazone

 Ren-Gao Zhao,<sup>a\*</sup> Wei Zhang,<sup>b</sup> Ji-Kun Li<sup>a</sup> and Li-Ya Zhang<sup>a</sup>
<sup>a</sup>Department of Materials Science and Chemical Engineering, Taishan University, 271021 Taian, Shandong, People's Republic of China, and <sup>b</sup>Feng Cheng Senior High School, 271100 Laiwu, Shandong, People's Republic of China

Correspondence e-mail: imlijikun@163.com

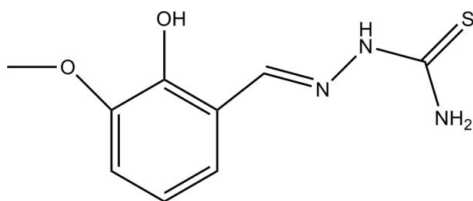
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 273$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.006$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.060;  $wR$  factor = 0.163; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.6.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{11}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2\text{S}$ , intramolecular  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  and  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$  hydrogen bonds contribute to the planarity of the molecular skeleton. Intermolecular  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds link the molecules into zigzag chains along the  $b$  axis; these molecules are further paired by  $\pi-\pi$  interactions [centroid-centroid distance 4.495 (5) Å]. The crystal structure also exhibits weak intermolecular  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{S}$  and  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{S}$  hydrogen bonds.

### Related literature

For related crystal structures, see: Joseph *et al.* (2006). For biological activities of thiosemicarbazone Schiff bases, see: Kasuga *et al.* (2001); Fonari *et al.* (2003).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

 $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{11}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2\text{S}$   
 $M_r = 225.27$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$ 
 $a = 7.057$  (3) Å  
 $b = 14.673$  (5) Å  
 $c = 10.738$  (4) Å

 $\beta = 108.412$  (7)°  
 $V = 1055.0$  (7) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

 $\mu = 0.29$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 273$  (2) K  
 $0.15 \times 0.12 \times 0.10$  mm

#### Data collection

 Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.958$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.972$   
 5510 measured reflections  
 1872 independent reflections  
 1023 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.071$ 

#### Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.059$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.163$   
 $S = 1.10$   
 1872 reflections

 138 parameters  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.18$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.28$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{O1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{O2}$	0.82	2.14	2.610 (4)	116
$\text{N3}-\text{H3A}\cdots\text{N1}$	0.86	2.23	2.592 (5)	105
$\text{O1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{S1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.82	2.69	3.290 (3)	131
$\text{N2}-\text{H2}\cdots\text{S1}^{\text{iii}}$	0.86	2.62	3.470 (4)	172
$\text{N3}-\text{H3B}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{iv}}$	0.86	2.28	2.943 (4)	134

 Symmetry codes: (ii)  $-x+2, y+\frac{1}{2}, -z+\frac{1}{2}$ ; (iii)  $-x+2, -y+1, -z+1$ ; (iv)  $-x+2, y-\frac{1}{2}, -z+\frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: SMART (Siemens, 1996); cell refinement: SAINT (Siemens, 1996); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CV2411).

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## supporting information

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**(E)-2-Hydroxy-3-methoxybenzaldehyde thiosemicarbazone****Ren-Gao Zhao, Wei Zhang, Ji-Kun Li and Li-Ya Zhang****S1. Comment**

Thiosemicarbazone Schiff-bases have been investigated in terms of their chemistry and potentially beneficial biological activities, such as antitumor, antibacterial, antiviral and antimalarial activities (Kasuga *et al.*, 2001; Fonari *et al.*, 2003). In continuation of our studies on thiosemicarbazone Schiff-bases, we report the synthesis and crystal structure of the title compound, (I).

In (I) (Fig. 1), all bond lengths and angles are normal and in a good agreement with those found in the literature (Joseph *et al.*, 2006). The intramolecular O—H $\cdots$ O and N—H $\cdots$ N hydrogen bonds (Table 2) contribute to the planarity of molecular skeleton. The intermolecular N—H $\cdots$ O hydrogen bonds (Table 2) link the molecules into zigzag chains along *b* axis, which are further paired by  $\pi\cdots\pi$  interactions proved by short intermolecular C $\cdots$ C distances (Table 1). The crystal packing exhibits also weak intermolecular N—H $\cdots$ S and O—H $\cdots$ S hydrogen bonds (Table 2).

**S2. Experimental**

The title compound was synthesized by the reaction of 2-hydroxy-3-methoxybenzaldehyde (0.152 g, 1 mmol) and hydrazinecarbothioamide (0.091 g, 1 mmol) in ethanol solution and stirred under reflux conditions (353 K) for 6 h. When cooled to the room temperature, the solution was filtered off and after a week orange crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction study were obtained. Yield, 0.199 g, 82%. m.p. 358–360 K.

Analysis found: C 47.94, H 4.95, N 18.62%; C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>11</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S requires: C 47.99, H 4.92, N 18.65%.

**S3. Refinement**

The H-atoms were geometrically positioned (C-H 0.93–0.96 Å, N-H 0.86 Å, O-H 0.82 Å), and refined as riding on their parent atoms, with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C-aromatic and N})$  and  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C-methyl and O})$ .

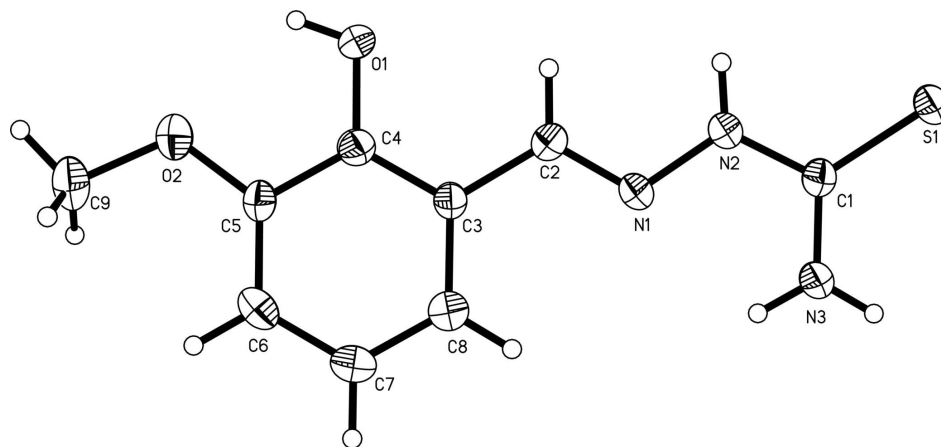


Figure 1

The molecular structure of (I) showing the atomic numbering and 30% probability displacement ellipsoids.

### (E)-2-Hydroxy-3-methoxybenzaldehyde thiosemicarbazone

#### Crystal data

$C_9H_{11}N_3O_2S$

$M_r = 225.27$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol:  $-P\ 2_1/c$

$a = 7.057\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 14.673\ (5)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 10.738\ (4)\ \text{\AA}$

$\beta = 108.412\ (7)^\circ$

$V = 1055.0\ (7)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 472$

$D_x = 1.418\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 511 reflections

$\theta = 2.4\text{--}19.8^\circ$

$\mu = 0.29\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 273\ \text{K}$

Block, orange

$0.15 \times 0.12 \times 0.10\ \text{mm}$

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector  
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

$\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)

$T_{\min} = 0.958$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.972$

5510 measured reflections

1872 independent reflections

1023 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.071$

$\theta_{\max} = 25.0^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.4^\circ$

$h = -8 \rightarrow 6$

$k = -17 \rightarrow 17$

$l = -9 \rightarrow 12$

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.060$

$wR(F^2) = 0.163$

$S = 1.10$

1872 reflections

138 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0641P)^2 + 0.0089P]$

where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.19\ \text{e \AA}^{-3}$

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.28\ \text{e \AA}^{-3}$

Extinction correction: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick,  
2008),  $F_c^* = kF_c[1 + 0.001xF_c^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$

Extinction coefficient: 0.005 (2)

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	1.0171 (2)	0.35387 (8)	0.55909 (10)	0.0534 (5)
O1	0.8111 (5)	0.65121 (18)	-0.0190 (3)	0.0600 (10)
H1	0.7915	0.6940	-0.0706	0.090*
O2	0.6495 (5)	0.6610 (2)	-0.2733 (3)	0.0637 (10)
N1	0.8421 (5)	0.4185 (2)	0.1879 (3)	0.0423 (10)
N2	0.9111 (5)	0.4247 (2)	0.3218 (3)	0.0464 (10)
H2	0.9351	0.4771	0.3595	0.056*
N3	0.9079 (6)	0.2710 (2)	0.3278 (3)	0.0583 (12)
H3A	0.8692	0.2716	0.2434	0.070*
H3B	0.9248	0.2199	0.3692	0.070*
C1	0.9411 (7)	0.3481 (3)	0.3936 (4)	0.0425 (11)
C2	0.8215 (7)	0.4935 (3)	0.1257 (4)	0.0442 (12)
H2A	0.8580	0.5480	0.1712	0.053*
C3	0.7403 (6)	0.4938 (3)	-0.0173 (4)	0.0383 (11)
C4	0.7340 (7)	0.5738 (3)	-0.0851 (4)	0.0410 (11)
C5	0.6465 (7)	0.5770 (3)	-0.2212 (4)	0.0443 (12)
C6	0.5703 (8)	0.4995 (3)	-0.2877 (4)	0.0556 (14)
H6	0.5123	0.5011	-0.3784	0.067*
C7	0.5789 (8)	0.4183 (3)	-0.2207 (4)	0.0625 (15)
H7	0.5275	0.3655	-0.2669	0.075*
C8	0.6621 (7)	0.4148 (3)	-0.0874 (4)	0.0552 (14)
H8	0.6667	0.3599	-0.0434	0.066*
C9	0.5673 (8)	0.6720 (3)	-0.4120 (4)	0.0628 (15)
H9A	0.6335	0.6316	-0.4551	0.094*
H9B	0.5859	0.7339	-0.4351	0.094*
H9C	0.4272	0.6582	-0.4392	0.094*

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
S1	0.0790 (10)	0.0454 (7)	0.0340 (6)	0.0035 (7)	0.0154 (6)	0.0006 (5)
O1	0.100 (3)	0.0310 (16)	0.0406 (17)	-0.0114 (18)	0.0107 (17)	-0.0004 (14)
O2	0.092 (3)	0.054 (2)	0.0415 (19)	-0.0039 (19)	0.0147 (17)	0.0101 (15)
N1	0.055 (3)	0.041 (2)	0.0303 (19)	0.0000 (18)	0.0133 (17)	-0.0019 (16)
N2	0.068 (3)	0.038 (2)	0.032 (2)	0.000 (2)	0.0133 (18)	-0.0004 (16)
N3	0.098 (4)	0.039 (2)	0.032 (2)	-0.001 (2)	0.012 (2)	0.0005 (16)

C1	0.053 (3)	0.037 (2)	0.036 (2)	0.003 (2)	0.012 (2)	0.005 (2)
C2	0.056 (4)	0.035 (2)	0.042 (2)	0.000 (2)	0.016 (2)	0.0029 (19)
C3	0.046 (3)	0.036 (3)	0.032 (2)	0.004 (2)	0.011 (2)	0.0028 (18)
C4	0.043 (3)	0.038 (3)	0.040 (2)	0.003 (2)	0.012 (2)	-0.001 (2)
C5	0.056 (3)	0.042 (3)	0.035 (2)	0.001 (2)	0.014 (2)	0.008 (2)
C6	0.069 (4)	0.061 (3)	0.033 (3)	-0.004 (3)	0.010 (2)	-0.006 (2)
C7	0.087 (4)	0.045 (3)	0.049 (3)	-0.006 (3)	0.013 (3)	-0.011 (2)
C8	0.074 (4)	0.043 (3)	0.045 (3)	-0.003 (3)	0.013 (2)	-0.001 (2)
C9	0.063 (4)	0.074 (3)	0.047 (3)	0.004 (3)	0.011 (2)	0.017 (2)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

S1—C1	1.688 (4)	C2—H2A	0.9300
O1—C4	1.358 (4)	C3—C4	1.375 (5)
O1—H1	0.8200	C3—C8	1.396 (5)
O2—C5	1.357 (5)	C4—C5	1.397 (5)
O2—C9	1.426 (5)	C5—C6	1.360 (6)
N1—C2	1.271 (5)	C6—C7	1.382 (6)
N1—N2	1.367 (4)	C6—H6	0.9300
N2—C1	1.342 (5)	C7—C8	1.365 (6)
N2—H2	0.8600	C7—H7	0.9300
N3—C1	1.315 (5)	C8—H8	0.9300
N3—H3A	0.8600	C9—H9A	0.9600
N3—H3B	0.8600	C9—H9B	0.9600
C2—C3	1.460 (5)	C9—H9C	0.9600
C1...C9 <sup>i</sup>	3.425 (7)	C2...C4 <sup>i</sup>	3.445 (7)
C4—O1—H1	109.5	C3—C4—C5	120.8 (4)
C5—O2—C9	118.7 (3)	O2—C5—C6	126.7 (4)
C2—N1—N2	116.0 (3)	O2—C5—C4	113.7 (4)
C1—N2—N1	119.2 (3)	C6—C5—C4	119.5 (4)
C1—N2—H2	120.4	C5—C6—C7	120.1 (4)
N1—N2—H2	120.4	C5—C6—H6	119.9
C1—N3—H3A	120.0	C7—C6—H6	119.9
C1—N3—H3B	120.0	C8—C7—C6	120.8 (4)
H3A—N3—H3B	120.0	C8—C7—H7	119.6
N3—C1—N2	116.3 (4)	C6—C7—H7	119.6
N3—C1—S1	123.5 (3)	C7—C8—C3	120.0 (4)
N2—C1—S1	120.2 (3)	C7—C8—H8	120.0
N1—C2—C3	119.8 (4)	C3—C8—H8	120.0
N1—C2—H2A	120.1	O2—C9—H9A	109.5
C3—C2—H2A	120.1	O2—C9—H9B	109.5
C4—C3—C8	118.8 (4)	H9A—C9—H9B	109.5
C4—C3—C2	119.7 (4)	O2—C9—H9C	109.5
C8—C3—C2	121.4 (4)	H9A—C9—H9C	109.5
O1—C4—C3	119.8 (4)	H9B—C9—H9C	109.5
O1—C4—C5	119.4 (4)		

C2—N1—N2—C1	-178.4 (4)	C9—O2—C5—C4	178.9 (4)
N1—N2—C1—N3	2.5 (6)	O1—C4—C5—O2	0.0 (7)
N1—N2—C1—S1	-177.5 (3)	C3—C4—C5—O2	179.1 (4)
N2—N1—C2—C3	-177.3 (4)	O1—C4—C5—C6	179.6 (4)
N1—C2—C3—C4	-174.4 (4)	C3—C4—C5—C6	-1.3 (7)
N1—C2—C3—C8	7.7 (7)	O2—C5—C6—C7	179.7 (5)
C8—C3—C4—O1	-179.3 (4)	C4—C5—C6—C7	0.2 (8)
C2—C3—C4—O1	2.8 (7)	C5—C6—C7—C8	0.5 (9)
C8—C3—C4—C5	1.7 (7)	C6—C7—C8—C3	-0.2 (8)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-176.3 (4)	C4—C3—C8—C7	-0.9 (7)
C9—O2—C5—C6	-0.6 (7)	C2—C3—C8—C7	177.0 (5)

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x+2, -y+1, -z$ .

*Hydrogen-bond geometry* ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )

<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>
O1—H1 $\cdots$ O2	0.82	2.14	2.610 (4)	116
N3—H3A $\cdots$ N1	0.86	2.23	2.592 (5)	105
O1—H1 $\cdots$ S1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.82	2.69	3.290 (3)	131
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