

4-{2-[3-(2-Ammonioacetamido)-propanamido]ethyl}-1*H*-imidazol-3-ium dichloride

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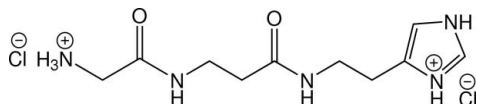
Received 18 September 2008; accepted 3 November 2008

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 110$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$ Å; R factor = 0.046; wR factor = 0.111; data-to-parameter ratio = 19.2.

Molecules of the title compound, Gly- β -Ala-Histamine dihydrochloride, $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{19}\text{N}_5\text{O}_2^{2+} \cdot 2\text{Cl}^-$, are linked by N—H...O and N—H...Cl hydrogen bonds into two-dimensional polymeric sheets parallel to the (011) plane, forming a stacked structure along the a axis. The parallel layers are also interlinked alternately by different N—H...Cl hydrogen bonds, forming a three-dimensional framework.

Related literature

For the complexation abilities of oligopeptides towards different metals, see: Kozłowski *et al.* (1999); Gajda *et al.* (1996). For bond lengths and angles in other oligopeptides, see: Itoh *et al.* (1977). For hydrogen-bond motifs, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995). For related literature, see: Henry *et al.* (1993).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{19}\text{N}_5\text{O}_2^{2+} \cdot 2\text{Cl}^-$
 $M_r = 312.20$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 $a = 7.2923$ (10) Å
 $b = 8.2215$ (11) Å
 $c = 13.0767$ (15) Å
 $\alpha = 81.702$ (11)°
 $\beta = 77.863$ (11)°

$\gamma = 69.543$ (12)°
 $V = 715.98$ (16) Å³
 $Z = 2$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.46$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 110$ (2) K
0.30 × 0.20 × 0.12 mm

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur-Sapphire2 CCD diffractometer
Absorption correction: numerical (*ABSORB*; DeTitta, 1985)
 $T_{\min} = 0.874$, $T_{\max} = 0.952$
12727 measured reflections
3307 independent reflections
1798 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.061$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.111$
 $S = 0.97$
3307 reflections
172 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.51$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.35$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N1—H1 ⁱ ...Cl1	0.88	2.27	3.083 (4)	153
N2—H2 ⁱ ...O1 ⁱ	0.88	1.81	2.670 (4)	165
N3—H3 ⁱ ...O2 ⁱ	0.88	2.07	2.927 (4)	165
N4—H4 ⁱ ...Cl1 ⁱⁱ	0.88	2.31	3.192 (4)	178
N5—H5C ⁱ ...Cl2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.91	2.32	3.152 (4)	152
N5—H5B ⁱ ...Cl2	0.91	2.32	3.191 (4)	160
N5—H5A ⁱ ...Cl1 ^{iv}	0.91	2.31	3.161 (4)	156

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y + 1, z$; (ii) $x, y - 1, z + 1$; (iii) $-x + 2, -y - 1, -z + 2$; (iv) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$.

Data collection: *Crysalis*CCD (Oxford Diffraction, 2003); cell refinement: *Crysalis* RED (Oxford Diffraction, 2003); data reduction: *Crysalis* RED; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *enCIFer* (Allen *et al.*, 2004).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CS2096).

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Kozłowski, H., Bal, W., Dyba, M. & Kowalik-Jankowska, T. (1999). *Coord. Chem. Rev.* **184**, 319–346.
Oxford Diffraction (2003). *Crysalis* CCD and *Crysalis* RED. Oxford Diffraction, Wrocław, Poland.
Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2008). E64, o2476 [doi:10.1107/S1600536808035952]

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S1. Comment

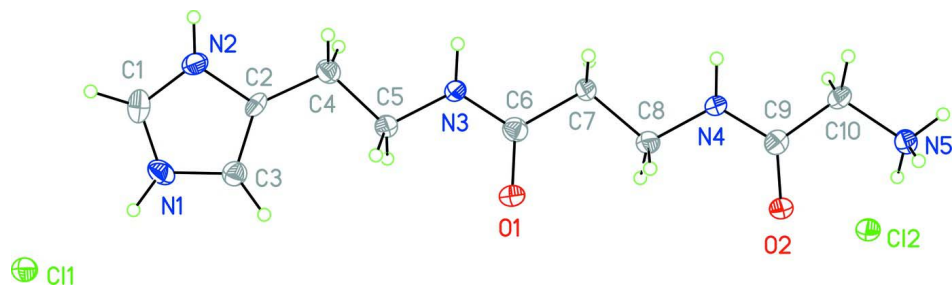
Serum albumin (SA) is the most abundant protein in human, and considered as the trace metal carrier between tissues and blood. To mimicking the coordination site in SA many oligopeptides have been synthesized and their complexation abilities towards different metals (Cu, Ni, Co, Mn, etc.) have been studied (Kozłowski *et al.*, 1999, Gajda *et al.*, 1996). We report here the molecular structure of the pseudo-tripeptide Glycyl- β -Alanyl-Histamine dihydrochloride (I) as a potential model compound which was synthesized in two steps from histamine hydrochloride, BOC- β -Alanine (BOC: *N*-(*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)) and BOC-Glycine. The asymmetric unit consists of the bicationic form of the pseudo-tripeptide and two chloride anions (Fig.1). The organic cation is essentially planar (maximum deviation from the mean plane is 0.102 (4) Å). The bond distances and angles of the peptide bonds and the protonated imidazolium rings are close to the values measured for other oligopeptides (Itoh *et al.*, 1977). Ions in the title salt are interlinked by two types of hydrogen bridges in the crystal. The N2 and N3 nitrogen atoms form strong N—H \cdots O hydrogen bonds with O1ⁱ and O2ⁱ carbonyl oxygen atoms of neighbouring pseudo-tripeptide molecules, respectively [symmetry codes: (i) $x, y + 1, z$], giving an $R_2^2(14)$ hydrogen-bonded ring motif (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995). The N1, N4 and N5 nitrogen atoms form N—H \cdots Cl1 hydrogen bonds with Cl1, Cl1ⁱⁱ and Cl1^{iv}, respectively [symmetry codes: (ii) $x, y - 1, z + 1$ and (iv) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$], and are engaged in two other cyclic patterns ($R_2^3(13)$ and $R_3^5(22)$). This complex hydrogen bond framework gives a two-dimensional polymer parallel to the (011) plane (Fig.2). Layers are linked along the *a* axis and Cl1 and Cl2 atoms are alternatively involved. The distances between the two layers are 2.914 (4) Å and 3.747 (4) Å (N5 \cdots Cl1 \cdots N5 and N5 \cdots Cl2 \cdots N5, respectively) (Fig. 3).

S2. Experimental

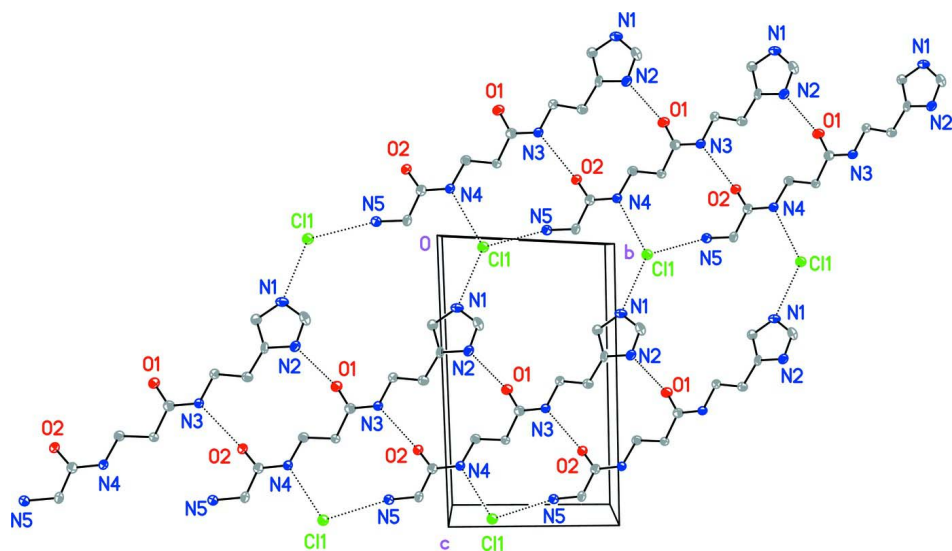
The title compound was synthesized in two steps. First, β -Ala-histamine was prepared from *N*-(*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)- β -alanine and histamine dihydrochloride according to the procedure described earlier (Henry *et al.*, 1993). Using the same method in the second step, the title compound was obtained from the reaction of *N*-(*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)-glycine on β -Ala-histamine. Suitable crystals were obtained by slow diffusion of ethyl acetate into the methanolic solution of the title compound.

S3. Refinement

All H atoms bonded to C and N atoms were initially located from difference Fourier maps. Nevertheless, all the H atoms were constrained in a riding motion approximation with fixed bond lengths and U_{iso} parameters: C_{aryl}-H = 0.95 Å, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$; C_{methylene}-H = 0.99 Å, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$; N-H = 0.88 Å, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{N})$; N_{amine}-H = 0.91 Å, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{N})$.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title salt with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

**Figure 2**

A partial packing diagram of (I), viewed along the *a* axis, showing the N—H...O and N—H...Cl1 hydrogen bonds. H atoms have been omitted for clarity.

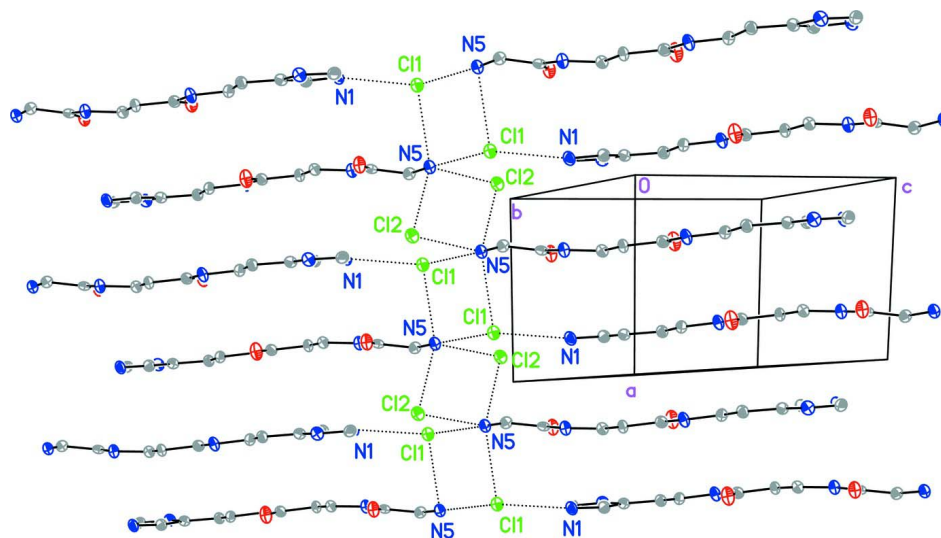


Figure 3

A view of the crystal packing of (I), showing the alternation of N5—H...Cl1 and N5—H...Cl2 hydrogen bonds (dashed lines) between two layers along the *a* axis. H atoms have been omitted for clarity.

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 $\beta = 77.863$ (11)°
 $\gamma = 69.543$ (12)°
 $V = 715.98$ (16) Å³

$Z = 2$
 $F(000) = 328$
 $D_x = 1.448$ Mg m⁻³
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
 Cell parameters from 12727 reflections
 $\theta = 2.7$ – 29.2°
 $\mu = 0.46$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 110$ K
 Prism, colourless
 $0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.12$ mm

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur-Sapphire2 CCD
 diffractometer
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
 Graphite monochromator
 ω scan
 Absorption correction: numerical
 (*ABSORB*; DeTitta, 1985)
 $T_{\min} = 0.874$, $T_{\max} = 0.952$

12727 measured reflections
 3307 independent reflections
 1798 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.061$
 $\theta_{\max} = 29.2^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.7^\circ$
 $h = -9 \rightarrow 9$
 $k = -11 \rightarrow 11$
 $l = -17 \rightarrow 16$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.111$
 $S = 0.97$
 3307 reflections
 172 parameters

0 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods
 Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0489P)^2]$$

$$\text{where } P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.51 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.36 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.7290 (4)	0.3622 (3)	0.54649 (15)	0.0302 (6)
O2	0.7180 (3)	-0.1826 (2)	0.77310 (14)	0.0255 (5)
N1	0.7705 (4)	1.0791 (3)	0.25403 (18)	0.0255 (6)
H1'	0.7720	1.0903	0.1859	0.031*
N2	0.7640 (4)	1.1387 (3)	0.40854 (18)	0.0230 (6)
H2'	0.7614	1.1961	0.4609	0.028*
N3	0.7314 (4)	0.5944 (3)	0.61436 (17)	0.0217 (6)
H3'	0.7289	0.6443	0.6701	0.026*
N4	0.7164 (4)	0.0643 (3)	0.83121 (17)	0.0205 (6)
H4'	0.7173	0.1161	0.8854	0.025*
N5	0.7507 (4)	-0.3688 (3)	0.95958 (18)	0.0223 (6)
H5C'	0.7717	-0.4211	1.0243	0.033*
H5B'	0.8438	-0.4329	0.9097	0.033*
H5A'	0.6275	-0.3610	0.9505	0.033*
C1	0.7671 (5)	1.2013 (4)	0.3094 (2)	0.0271 (7)
H1	0.7668	1.3152	0.2829	0.033*
C2	0.7655 (4)	0.9685 (3)	0.4167 (2)	0.0189 (7)
C3	0.7717 (5)	0.9304 (4)	0.3183 (2)	0.0222 (7)
H3	0.7759	0.8228	0.2977	0.027*
C4	0.7614 (5)	0.8637 (4)	0.5201 (2)	0.0217 (7)
H4B	0.6470	0.9288	0.5709	0.026*
H4A	0.8842	0.8465	0.5473	0.026*
C5	0.7448 (5)	0.6879 (3)	0.5113 (2)	0.0201 (7)
H5B	0.6251	0.7041	0.4814	0.024*
H5A	0.8626	0.6195	0.4638	0.024*
C6	0.7229 (4)	0.4335 (4)	0.6247 (2)	0.0217 (7)
C7	0.7099 (5)	0.3428 (3)	0.7336 (2)	0.0195 (7)
H7B	0.5899	0.4119	0.7796	0.023*
H7A	0.8276	0.3333	0.7634	0.023*
C8	0.7003 (5)	0.1626 (3)	0.7299 (2)	0.0203 (7)
H8B	0.5730	0.1730	0.7097	0.024*
H8A	0.8098	0.0998	0.6761	0.024*
C9	0.7297 (4)	-0.1029 (4)	0.8434 (2)	0.0190 (7)
C10	0.7655 (5)	-0.1917 (3)	0.9503 (2)	0.0202 (7)
H10B	0.8992	-0.1998	0.9607	0.024*
H10A	0.6660	-0.1223	1.0054	0.024*
C12	1.15091 (12)	-0.57052 (9)	0.81161 (5)	0.0251 (2)
C11	0.71393 (12)	1.24682 (9)	0.03128 (5)	0.0240 (2)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.0512 (17)	0.0260 (12)	0.0199 (11)	-0.0198 (12)	-0.0059 (10)	-0.0041 (9)
O2	0.0408 (15)	0.0195 (11)	0.0184 (11)	-0.0124 (11)	-0.0042 (10)	-0.0036 (9)
N1	0.0291 (17)	0.0326 (15)	0.0148 (13)	-0.0124 (13)	-0.0004 (11)	-0.0010 (11)
N2	0.0277 (16)	0.0206 (14)	0.0224 (14)	-0.0095 (13)	-0.0025 (12)	-0.0060 (11)
N3	0.0330 (17)	0.0177 (13)	0.0162 (12)	-0.0125 (12)	0.0004 (11)	-0.0027 (10)
N4	0.0304 (16)	0.0170 (13)	0.0163 (12)	-0.0106 (12)	-0.0030 (11)	-0.0030 (10)
N5	0.0267 (16)	0.0202 (13)	0.0191 (13)	-0.0084 (12)	-0.0010 (11)	-0.0010 (10)
C1	0.0218 (19)	0.0225 (17)	0.0353 (19)	-0.0076 (15)	-0.0070 (15)	0.0070 (15)
C2	0.0193 (18)	0.0114 (15)	0.0254 (16)	-0.0051 (13)	-0.0008 (13)	-0.0032 (12)
C3	0.0227 (19)	0.0222 (17)	0.0223 (16)	-0.0085 (15)	-0.0035 (14)	-0.0018 (13)
C4	0.0229 (19)	0.0242 (16)	0.0186 (15)	-0.0093 (15)	-0.0029 (13)	-0.0009 (13)
C5	0.0232 (18)	0.0178 (15)	0.0180 (15)	-0.0053 (14)	-0.0033 (13)	-0.0019 (12)
C6	0.0210 (19)	0.0240 (17)	0.0202 (16)	-0.0080 (15)	-0.0023 (13)	-0.0023 (13)
C7	0.0255 (19)	0.0165 (15)	0.0151 (15)	-0.0070 (14)	-0.0011 (13)	-0.0008 (12)
C8	0.0228 (19)	0.0217 (16)	0.0186 (15)	-0.0100 (14)	-0.0031 (13)	-0.0026 (12)
C9	0.0128 (17)	0.0208 (16)	0.0230 (16)	-0.0062 (14)	0.0002 (13)	-0.0035 (13)
C10	0.0221 (18)	0.0154 (15)	0.0234 (16)	-0.0055 (14)	-0.0045 (14)	-0.0033 (12)
C12	0.0295 (5)	0.0243 (4)	0.0217 (4)	-0.0097 (4)	-0.0006 (3)	-0.0055 (3)
C11	0.0291 (5)	0.0241 (4)	0.0215 (4)	-0.0114 (4)	-0.0050 (3)	-0.0022 (3)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

O1—C6	1.235 (3)	C1—H1	0.9500
O2—C9	1.237 (3)	C2—C3	1.356 (4)
N1—C1	1.311 (4)	C2—C4	1.495 (4)
N1—C3	1.378 (3)	C3—H3	0.9500
N1—H1'	0.8800	C4—C5	1.514 (4)
N2—C1	1.322 (4)	C4—H4B	0.9900
N2—C2	1.384 (3)	C4—H4A	0.9900
N2—H2'	0.8800	C5—H5B	0.9900
N3—C6	1.333 (3)	C5—H5A	0.9900
N3—C5	1.454 (3)	C6—C7	1.510 (4)
N3—H3'	0.8800	C7—C8	1.515 (3)
N4—C9	1.332 (3)	C7—H7B	0.9900
N4—C8	1.453 (3)	C7—H7A	0.9900
N4—H4'	0.8800	C8—H8B	0.9900
N5—C10	1.483 (3)	C8—H8A	0.9900
N5—H5C'	0.9100	C9—C10	1.510 (4)
N5—H5B'	0.9100	C10—H10B	0.9900
N5—H5A'	0.9100	C10—H10A	0.9900
C1—N1—C3	109.9 (2)	H4B—C4—H4A	107.9
C1—N1—H1'	125.0	N3—C5—C4	109.9 (2)
C3—N1—H1'	125.0	N3—C5—H5B	109.7
C1—N2—C2	109.1 (2)	C4—C5—H5B	109.7

C1—N2—H2'	125.4	N3—C5—H5A	109.7
C2—N2—H2'	125.4	C4—C5—H5A	109.7
C6—N3—C5	120.2 (2)	H5B—C5—H5A	108.2
C6—N3—H3'	119.9	O1—C6—N3	120.1 (3)
C5—N3—H3'	119.9	O1—C6—C7	122.2 (2)
C9—N4—C8	121.1 (2)	N3—C6—C7	117.8 (2)
C9—N4—H4'	119.4	C6—C7—C8	110.2 (2)
C8—N4—H4'	119.4	C6—C7—H7B	109.6
C10—N5—H5C'	109.5	C8—C7—H7B	109.6
C10—N5—H5B'	109.5	C6—C7—H7A	109.6
H5C'—N5—H5B'	109.5	C8—C7—H7A	109.6
C10—N5—H5A'	109.5	H7B—C7—H7A	108.1
H5C'—N5—H5A'	109.5	N4—C8—C7	110.9 (2)
H5B'—N5—H5A'	109.5	N4—C8—H8B	109.5
N1—C1—N2	108.3 (2)	C7—C8—H8B	109.5
N1—C1—H1	125.9	N4—C8—H8A	109.5
N2—C1—H1	125.9	C7—C8—H8A	109.5
C3—C2—N2	106.4 (2)	H8B—C8—H8A	108.0
C3—C2—C4	132.2 (2)	O2—C9—N4	123.5 (2)
N2—C2—C4	121.4 (2)	O2—C9—C10	121.6 (2)
C2—C3—N1	106.3 (2)	N4—C9—C10	114.9 (2)
C2—C3—H3	126.9	N5—C10—C9	110.0 (2)
N1—C3—H3	126.9	N5—C10—H10B	109.7
C2—C4—C5	111.9 (2)	C9—C10—H10B	109.7
C2—C4—H4B	109.2	N5—C10—H10A	109.7
C5—C4—H4B	109.2	C9—C10—H10A	109.7
C2—C4—H4A	109.2	H10B—C10—H10A	108.2
C5—C4—H4A	109.2		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N1—H1' \cdots C11	0.88	2.27	3.083 (4)	153
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N4—H4' \cdots C11 ⁱⁱ	0.88	2.31	3.192 (4)	178
N5—H5C' \cdots C12 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.91	2.32	3.152 (4)	152
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