

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

### 3-(3-Fluorobenzyl)isochroman-1-one

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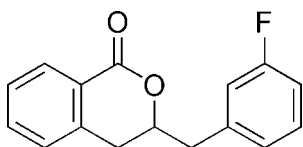
Received 22 January 2009; accepted 27 January 2009

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 100$  K; mean  $\sigma(C-C) = 0.002$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.042;  $wR$  factor = 0.096; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.5.

In the molecule of the title compound,  $C_{16}H_{13}FO_2$ , the aromatic rings are oriented at a dihedral angle of  $74.46$  (4)°. The heterocyclic ring adopts a twisted conformation. In the crystal structure, there is a weak  $C-H \cdots \pi$  interaction.

#### Related literature

For related structures, see: Schmalte *et al.* (1982); Schnebel *et al.* (2003). For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987). For ring-puckering parameters, see: Cremer & Pople (1975). For details of the Cambridge Structural Database, see: Allen (2002).



#### Experimental

##### Crystal data

$C_{16}H_{13}FO_2$   
 $M_r = 256.26$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

$a = 12.6154$  (16) Å  
 $b = 7.6918$  (10) Å  
 $c = 13.0532$  (17) Å

$\beta = 103.705$  (2)°  
 $V = 1230.6$  (3) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

$\mu = 0.10$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 100$  (2) K  
 $0.50 \times 0.40 \times 0.10$  mm

##### Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: none  
 6739 measured reflections  
 2501 independent reflections  
 1805 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{int} = 0.055$

##### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.096$   
 $S = 0.93$   
 2501 reflections  
 172 parameters  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.24$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.19$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

**Table 1**

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

Cg1 is the centroid of the C3–C8 ring.

$D-H \cdots A$	$D-H$	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-H \cdots A$
$C12-H12 \cdots Cg1^1$	0.95	2.95	3.806 (3)	151

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$ .

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2001); cell refinement: *SAINTE* (Bruker, 2002); data reduction: *SAINTE*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

The authors gratefully acknowledge the financial support of the Higher Education Commission, Islamabad, Pakistan.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HK2616).

#### References

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## supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2009). E65, o418 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809003304]

### 3-(3-Fluorobenzyl)isochroman-1-one

Tariq Mahmood Babar, Ghulam Qadeer, Nasim Hasan Rama, Javeed Akhtar and Madeleine Helliwell

#### S1. Comment

The title compound was prepared in order to evaluate its potential as antibacterial and antifungal agents. The CCDC search (Allen, 2002) showed that the crystal structures of *rac-exo*-tricarboxyl-(h6-3-phenyl isochromanone)chromium (Schnebel *et al.*, 2003) and 3,4-dihydro-8-hydroxy-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)isocoumarin (Schmalle *et al.*, 1982) have been reported, which have close resemblance as far as isochromane and attached phenyl ring is considered. We report herein the synthesis and crystal structure of the title compound.

In the molecule of the title compound (Fig. 1), the bond lengths (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and angles are within normal ranges. Rings A (C3–C8) and C (C11–C16) are, of course, planar, and they are oriented at a dihedral angle of 74.46 (4)°. Ring B (O1/C1–C3/C8/C9) is not planar, having total puckering amplitude,  $Q_T$ , of 0.467 (3) Å and twisted conformation [ $\varphi = -105.12$  (3)° and  $\theta = 118.02$  (3)°] (Cremer & Pople, 1975).

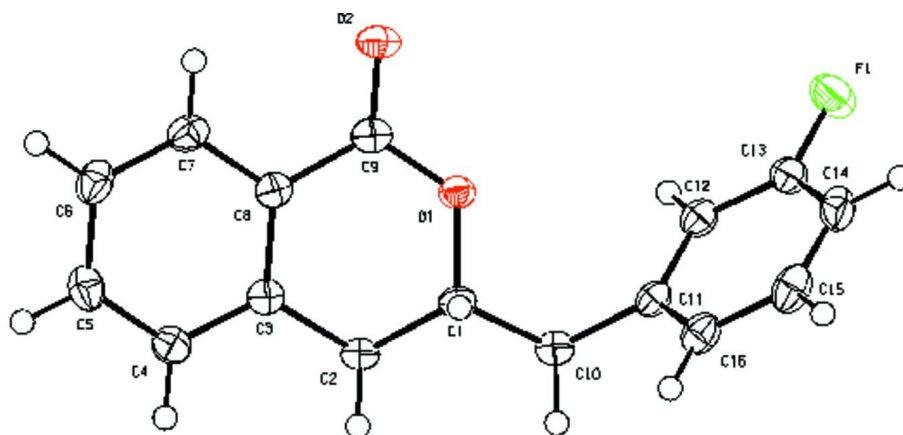
In the crystal structure, there is a C—H $\cdots\pi$  interaction (Table 1).

#### S2. Experimental

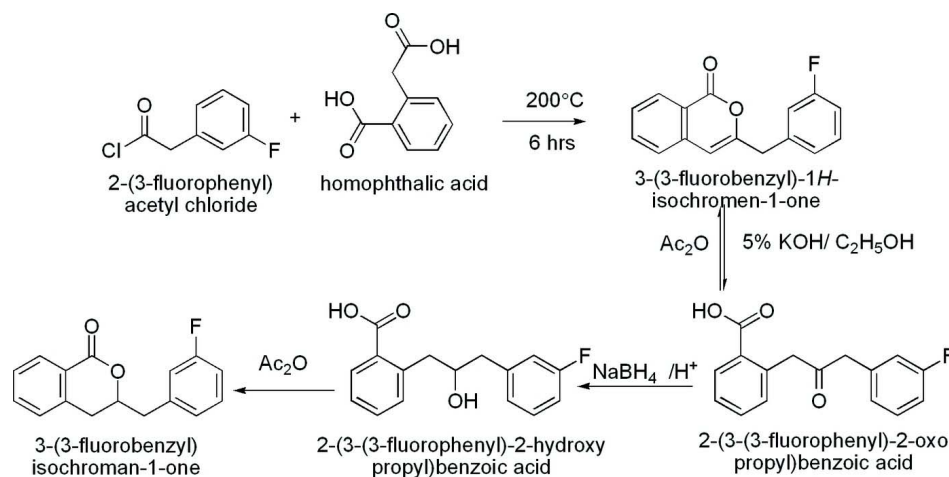
As shown in Scheme 2, a mixture of homophthalic acid (1.98 g, 11.0 mmol) and 2-(3-fluorophenyl) acetyl chloride (7.91 g, 46 mmol) was heated under reflux at 473 K. After concentration, the residue was chromatographed on silica gel column using petroleum ether (333–353 K) to give 3-(3-fluorobenzyl)-1*H*-isochromen-1-one. 2-(3-(3-fluorophenyl)-2-oxopropyl)benzoic acid was obtained by refluxing a solution of 3-(3-fluorobenzyl)-1*H*-isochromen-1-one (3.6 g, 15.9 mmol) in ethanol (200 ml) and potassium hydroxide (5%, 200 ml) for 6 h. NaBH<sub>4</sub> (1.6 g) was added to a solution of 2-(3-(3-fluorophenyl)-2-oxopropyl)benzoic acid (4.23 g, 17.8 mmol) in sodium hydroxide (1%, 180 ml), and the resulting solution was stirred overnight at room temperature. After being acidified with HCl, the whole mixture was extracted with dichloromethane (2 × 15 ml). Usual work-up gave crude racemic hydroxy-acid, 2-(3-(3-fluorophenyl)-2-hydroxy propyl)-benzoic acid, which was dissolved in acetic anhydride (5 ml) and heated under reflux for 2 h to get the title compound (yield; 81%, m.p, 374–375 °). The crude compound was purified by column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether and recrystallized in ethanol.

#### S3. Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically, with C—H = 0.95, 1.00 and 0.99 Å for aromatic, methine and methylene H, respectively, and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$ .


**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title molecule, with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.


**Figure 2**

The formation of the title compound.

### 3-(3-Fluorobenzyl)isochroman-1-one

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{13}\text{FO}_2$

$M_r = 256.26$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol:  $-P 2_1/c$

$a = 12.6154 (16) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 7.6918 (10) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 13.0532 (17) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 103.705 (2)^\circ$

$V = 1230.6 (3) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 536$

$D_x = 1.383 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Melting point:  $374(1) \text{ K}$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 1804 reflections

$\theta = 3.2\text{--}26.2^\circ$

$\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 100 \text{ K}$

Plate, colourless

$0.50 \times 0.40 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$

*Data collection*

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector  
diffractometer  
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
Graphite monochromator  
 $\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans  
6739 measured reflections  
2501 independent reflections

1805 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.055$   
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 26.4^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\text{min}} = 1.7^\circ$   
 $h = -15 \rightarrow 15$   
 $k = -8 \rightarrow 9$   
 $l = -16 \rightarrow 9$

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$   
Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.096$   
 $S = 0.93$   
2501 reflections  
172 parameters  
0 restraints  
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map  
Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0463P)^2]$   
where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.24 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.19 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
F1	0.04488 (8)	0.11657 (13)	0.39583 (8)	0.0386 (3)
O1	0.45079 (8)	0.20180 (13)	0.44056 (8)	0.0218 (3)
O2	0.50042 (9)	0.34257 (14)	0.59049 (9)	0.0268 (3)
C1	0.47167 (12)	0.1662 (2)	0.33687 (12)	0.0196 (4)
H1	0.4666	0.2776	0.2964	0.024*
C2	0.58453 (12)	0.0910 (2)	0.34910 (13)	0.0212 (4)
H2A	0.5877	-0.0258	0.3815	0.025*
H2B	0.6005	0.0783	0.2788	0.025*
C3	0.66870 (12)	0.20666 (19)	0.41701 (12)	0.0200 (4)
C4	0.77528 (12)	0.2189 (2)	0.40595 (13)	0.0241 (4)
H4	0.7972	0.1532	0.3529	0.029*
C5	0.84964 (13)	0.3259 (2)	0.47153 (14)	0.0288 (4)
H5	0.9225	0.3325	0.4636	0.035*
C6	0.81851 (13)	0.4239 (2)	0.54894 (14)	0.0295 (4)
H6	0.8699	0.4974	0.5938	0.035*
C7	0.71298 (13)	0.4138 (2)	0.56045 (14)	0.0259 (4)
H7	0.6915	0.4811	0.6131	0.031*

C8	0.63765 (12)	0.30552 (19)	0.49515 (13)	0.0206 (4)
C9	0.52632 (13)	0.28886 (19)	0.51240 (13)	0.0214 (4)
C10	0.38215 (12)	0.0446 (2)	0.28054 (13)	0.0219 (4)
H10A	0.3948	0.0162	0.2104	0.026*
H10B	0.3872	-0.0651	0.3211	0.026*
C11	0.26821 (12)	0.1165 (2)	0.26575 (13)	0.0209 (4)
C12	0.20723 (12)	0.0833 (2)	0.33946 (13)	0.0230 (4)
H12	0.2368	0.0155	0.4003	0.028*
C13	0.10394 (13)	0.1499 (2)	0.32292 (14)	0.0256 (4)
C14	0.05618 (14)	0.2488 (2)	0.23648 (15)	0.0301 (4)
H14	-0.0159	0.2923	0.2272	0.036*
C15	0.11730 (13)	0.2824 (2)	0.16351 (15)	0.0310 (4)
H15	0.0871	0.3507	0.1030	0.037*
C16	0.22210 (13)	0.2173 (2)	0.17798 (14)	0.0263 (4)
H16	0.2631	0.2417	0.1273	0.032*

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
F1	0.0329 (6)	0.0451 (7)	0.0432 (7)	-0.0007 (5)	0.0195 (5)	-0.0039 (5)
O1	0.0239 (6)	0.0238 (6)	0.0181 (6)	0.0009 (5)	0.0059 (5)	-0.0008 (5)
O2	0.0334 (7)	0.0281 (6)	0.0203 (7)	0.0060 (5)	0.0091 (6)	-0.0012 (5)
C1	0.0257 (8)	0.0187 (8)	0.0150 (8)	0.0008 (6)	0.0058 (7)	0.0018 (7)
C2	0.0258 (9)	0.0201 (8)	0.0189 (9)	0.0005 (7)	0.0079 (7)	-0.0004 (7)
C3	0.0242 (8)	0.0161 (8)	0.0189 (9)	0.0045 (6)	0.0038 (7)	0.0046 (7)
C4	0.0251 (9)	0.0212 (8)	0.0262 (10)	0.0028 (7)	0.0065 (8)	0.0008 (7)
C5	0.0221 (9)	0.0258 (9)	0.0380 (11)	0.0020 (7)	0.0063 (8)	0.0015 (8)
C6	0.0271 (9)	0.0229 (9)	0.0341 (11)	-0.0002 (7)	-0.0016 (8)	-0.0044 (8)
C7	0.0311 (9)	0.0210 (9)	0.0236 (10)	0.0053 (7)	0.0028 (8)	-0.0020 (7)
C8	0.0241 (8)	0.0175 (8)	0.0191 (9)	0.0043 (6)	0.0028 (7)	0.0029 (7)
C9	0.0286 (9)	0.0163 (8)	0.0190 (9)	0.0046 (7)	0.0052 (8)	0.0041 (7)
C10	0.0263 (9)	0.0183 (8)	0.0218 (9)	-0.0005 (6)	0.0070 (8)	0.0004 (7)
C11	0.0238 (9)	0.0157 (8)	0.0220 (9)	-0.0038 (6)	0.0031 (7)	-0.0029 (7)
C12	0.0255 (9)	0.0198 (8)	0.0221 (9)	-0.0009 (7)	0.0028 (8)	-0.0002 (7)
C13	0.0248 (9)	0.0247 (9)	0.0293 (10)	-0.0048 (7)	0.0100 (8)	-0.0063 (8)
C14	0.0219 (9)	0.0236 (9)	0.0409 (12)	0.0016 (7)	-0.0002 (8)	-0.0077 (8)
C15	0.0314 (10)	0.0248 (9)	0.0312 (11)	-0.0001 (7)	-0.0039 (9)	0.0033 (8)
C16	0.0290 (9)	0.0249 (9)	0.0232 (10)	-0.0051 (7)	0.0030 (8)	0.0013 (8)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

F1—C13	1.3648 (19)	C6—H6	0.9500
O1—C1	1.4646 (18)	C7—C8	1.393 (2)
O1—C9	1.3461 (19)	C7—H7	0.9500
O2—C9	1.2141 (19)	C8—C9	1.480 (2)
C1—C2	1.510 (2)	C10—C11	1.509 (2)
C1—C10	1.516 (2)	C10—H10A	0.9900
C1—H1	1.0000	C10—H10B	0.9900

C2—C3	1.503 (2)	C11—C12	1.391 (2)
C2—H2A	0.9900	C11—C16	1.391 (2)
C2—H2B	0.9900	C12—C13	1.369 (2)
C3—C4	1.389 (2)	C12—H12	0.9500
C3—C8	1.400 (2)	C13—C14	1.376 (3)
C4—C5	1.382 (2)	C14—C15	1.384 (2)
C4—H4	0.9500	C14—H14	0.9500
C5—C6	1.390 (2)	C15—C16	1.384 (2)
C5—H5	0.9500	C15—H15	0.9500
C6—C7	1.377 (2)	C16—H16	0.9500
C9—O1—C1	118.95 (12)	C7—C8—C9	119.56 (14)
O1—C1—C2	110.20 (13)	C3—C8—C9	120.21 (14)
O1—C1—C10	106.69 (12)	O2—C9—O1	117.85 (14)
C2—C1—C10	112.96 (13)	O2—C9—C8	123.52 (15)
O1—C1—H1	109.0	O1—C9—C8	118.54 (14)
C2—C1—H1	109.0	C11—C10—C1	114.41 (13)
C10—C1—H1	109.0	C11—C10—H10A	108.7
C3—C2—C1	110.62 (12)	C1—C10—H10A	108.7
C3—C2—H2A	109.5	C11—C10—H10B	108.7
C1—C2—H2A	109.5	C1—C10—H10B	108.7
C3—C2—H2B	109.5	H10A—C10—H10B	107.6
C1—C2—H2B	109.5	C12—C11—C16	118.69 (15)
H2A—C2—H2B	108.1	C12—C11—C10	120.69 (15)
C4—C3—C8	118.91 (15)	C16—C11—C10	120.61 (15)
C4—C3—C2	123.01 (14)	C13—C12—C11	118.96 (16)
C8—C3—C2	118.07 (14)	C13—C12—H12	120.5
C5—C4—C3	120.51 (15)	C11—C12—H12	120.5
C5—C4—H4	119.7	F1—C13—C12	118.44 (16)
C3—C4—H4	119.7	F1—C13—C14	118.07 (15)
C4—C5—C6	120.40 (15)	C12—C13—C14	123.49 (17)
C4—C5—H5	119.8	C13—C14—C15	117.42 (15)
C6—C5—H5	119.8	C13—C14—H14	121.3
C7—C6—C5	119.75 (16)	C15—C14—H14	121.3
C7—C6—H6	120.1	C14—C15—C16	120.54 (17)
C5—C6—H6	120.1	C14—C15—H15	119.7
C6—C7—C8	120.26 (16)	C16—C15—H15	119.7
C6—C7—H7	119.9	C15—C16—C11	120.89 (16)
C8—C7—H7	119.9	C15—C16—H16	119.6
C7—C8—C3	120.17 (15)	C11—C16—H16	119.6
C9—O1—C1—C2	48.49 (17)	C7—C8—C9—O2	-12.0 (2)
C9—O1—C1—C10	171.47 (12)	C3—C8—C9—O2	164.92 (15)
O1—C1—C2—C3	-53.65 (16)	C7—C8—C9—O1	171.54 (14)
C10—C1—C2—C3	-172.87 (13)	C3—C8—C9—O1	-11.5 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-150.46 (15)	O1—C1—C10—C11	59.46 (17)
C1—C2—C3—C8	29.9 (2)	C2—C1—C10—C11	-179.30 (14)
C8—C3—C4—C5	0.5 (2)	C1—C10—C11—C12	-92.74 (17)

C2—C3—C4—C5	-179.19 (15)	C1—C10—C11—C16	87.32 (19)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.5 (2)	C16—C11—C12—C13	0.4 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C7	0.1 (3)	C10—C11—C12—C13	-179.59 (14)
C5—C6—C7—C8	0.3 (3)	C11—C12—C13—F1	-179.96 (13)
C6—C7—C8—C3	-0.3 (2)	C11—C12—C13—C14	0.1 (2)
C6—C7—C8—C9	176.63 (14)	F1—C13—C14—C15	179.63 (14)
C4—C3—C8—C7	-0.1 (2)	C12—C13—C14—C15	-0.5 (3)
C2—C3—C8—C7	179.61 (14)	C13—C14—C15—C16	0.3 (2)
C4—C3—C8—C9	-176.99 (14)	C14—C15—C16—C11	0.1 (2)
C2—C3—C8—C9	2.7 (2)	C12—C11—C16—C15	-0.5 (2)
C1—O1—C9—O2	167.83 (13)	C10—C11—C16—C15	179.45 (14)
C1—O1—C9—C8	-15.51 (19)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>
C12—H12 $\cdots$ Cg1 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	2.95	3.806 (3)	151

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+3/2$ .