organic compounds

2-Amino-3-nitropyridinium hydrogen selenate

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The asymmetric unit of the title compound, $C_5H_6N_3O_2^+\cdot HSeO_4^-$, contains two monoprotonated 2-amino-3-nitropyridinium cations and two hydrogen selenate anions which are connected through N—H···O and O—H···O hydrogen bonds, building chains parallel to the a direction. These chains are further connected to each other by weaker C—H···O hydrogen-bonding interactions, leading to the formation of a three-dimensional network.

Related literature

For related structures, see: Akriche *et al.* (2009); Fleck (2006); Le Fur, Masse & Nicoud (1998); Nicoud *et al.* (1997); Maalej *et al.* (2008).
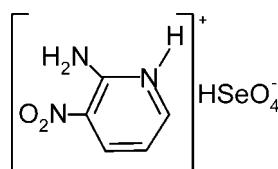
Experimental

Crystal data

$C_5H_6N_3O_2^+\cdot HSeO_4^-$	V = 1845.6 (10) Å^3
M_r = 284.10	Z = 8
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
a = 9.090 (3) Å	μ = 4.09 mm^{-1}
b = 20.130 (2) Å	T = 298 K
c = 10.434 (4) Å	0.37 × 0.29 × 0.19 mm
β = 104.84 (2)°	

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius Turbo-CAD-4 diffractometer	4433 independent reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (Blessing, 1995)	2980 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
T_{min} = 0.145, T_{max} = 0.298 (expected range = 0.224–0.460)	R_{int} = 0.040
	2 standard reflections
7325 measured reflections	frequency: 120 min
	intensity decay: 4%

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)]$ = 0.047	274 parameters
$wR(F^2)$ = 0.112	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 1.01	$\Delta\rho_{max}$ = 0.80 e Å^{-3}
4433 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{min}$ = −0.75 e Å^{-3}

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
O1—H1···O6	0.82	1.75	2.565 (5)	170
O5—H5···O2^i	0.82	1.80	2.601 (5)	167
N1—H1A···O4	0.86	1.84	2.679 (5)	166
N2—H2A···O3	0.86	2.02	2.870 (5)	172
N2—H2B···O9	0.86	2.09	2.675 (6)	124
N2—H2B···O8^{ii}	0.86	2.28	2.933 (5)	133
N4—H4···O7	0.86	2.05	2.864 (5)	157
N5—H5A···O8	0.86	2.07	2.900 (5)	163
N5—H5B···O3^{ii}	0.86	2.11	2.798 (5)	137
N5—H5B···O11	0.86	2.12	2.693 (5)	124
C3—H3···O5^{iii}	0.93	2.54	3.443 (5)	163
C4—H4A···O12^{iv}	0.93	2.47	3.290 (6)	148
C8—H8···O6^{iii}	0.93	2.57	3.463 (6)	162
C10—H10···O4^v	0.93	2.35	3.228 (6)	158

Symmetry codes: (i) $x + 1, y, z$; (ii) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z$; (iii) $-x + 2, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iv) $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (v) $-x + 2, -y + 1, -z + 1$.

Data collection: *CAD-4 EXPRESS* (Enraf–Nonius, 1994); cell refinement: *CAD-4 EXPRESS*; data reduction: *XCAD4* (Harms & Wocadlo, 1995); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997) and *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg & Putz, 2005); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: DN2458).

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supporting information

2-Amino-3-nitropyridinium hydrogen selenate

Samah Akriche and Mohamed Rzaigui

S1. Comment

The important advantage of hybrid organic inorganic salts is the opportunity offered by the chromophores that when anchored onto inorganic host matrices, lead to non-centrosymmetric frameworks suitable for NLO devices. The approach of this new engineering has been applied to 2-amino-3-nitropyridinium cation (2 $A3NP^+$) encapsulated in various anionic subnetworks (Akriche *et al.*, 2009, Nicoud *et al.*,1997, Le Fur *et al.*, 1998). The attempt using $(HSO_4^-)_n$ polymeric anions has been successful with the cristallization of the non-centrosymmetric 2-Amino-3-nitropyridinium sulfate (Le Fur *et al.*, 1998). The encapsulation of this cation in $(HSeO_4^-)_n$ polymeric anions leads to the title compound (I).

The asymmetric unit of (I) contains two monoprotonated 2-amino-3-nitropyridinium cations and two hydrogen selenate anions (Fig.1) which are connected through N—H⋯O, C—H⋯O and O—H⋯O hydrogen bonds. The hydrogen selenate anions are interconnected between themselves by H-bonds involving the proton of selenate groups leading to $(HSeO_4^-)_n$ chains parallel to the *a* axis (Fig. 2).

In this atomic arrangement the $HSeO_4^-$ tetraedra are slightly distorted with Se—O distances from 1.594 (6) to 1.713 (4) Å. The Se—O bonds in selenate tetrahedra depends greatly on the nature of the O atoms acting as an acceptor or a donor atoms: the longer bonds (1.713 (4) and 1.692 (5) Å) involve oxygen atoms acting as a H-donor whereas shorter bonds ranging from 1.594 (6) to 1.623 (4) relate to oxygen atoms acting as H-acceptor participating in hydrogen bonds of type N—H⋯O and C—H⋯O. As expected, the geometrical features of anion agree with those previously observed for this group in other analogues (Fleck, 2006, Maalej *et al.*, 2008).

The 2-amino-3-nitropyridinium cations are onchored onto anionic chains through short hydrogen bonds originating from the NH_2 and NH^+ groups. The unique inter-cation contact C4—H4A⋯O11(H4A⋯O11 = 2.45 Å) induces the aggregation of cations in pairs (2 $A3NP^+)_2$ elongated in -*(a+c)* direction. Two hydrogen bonds, N2—H2B⋯O10 (2.10 Å) and N5—H5B⋯O12 (2.11 Å) (see Table 1) ensure the intra-cation links. This situation is well observed in nitroaniline derivatives in which nitro and amino groups are *ortho* to one another which precludes the rotation of the nitro group with respect to the pyridinium rings. The diedral angles between the planes of the NO_2 groups and the two pyridinium planes are 19.0 (3) and 15.9 (4) % indicating a distortion of the NO_2 groups under the influence of C—H⋯O hydrogn bonds of neighbouring cations. This situation is alawys observed in other 2-amino-3-nitropyridinium salts (Nicoud *et al.*,1997, Le Fur *et al.*, 1998). The bond lengths and angles in (I) are normal and comparable with the corresponding values observed in the related structure (Akriche *et al.*, 2009, Nicoud *et al.*,1997, Le Fur *et al.*, 1998).

S2. Experimental

The title compound (I) was cristallized by slow evaporation at room temperature of an aqueous solution (20 ml) of 2-amino-3-nitropyridine (4 mmol) and selenic acid (4 mmol) in a 1:1 stochiometric ratio.

S3. Refinement

All H atoms attached to C, N and H atoms were fixed geometrically and treated as riding with C—H = 0.93 Å, N—H = 0.86Å and O—H = 0.82 Å with U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C or N) and U_{iso}(H) = 1.5U_{eq}(O).
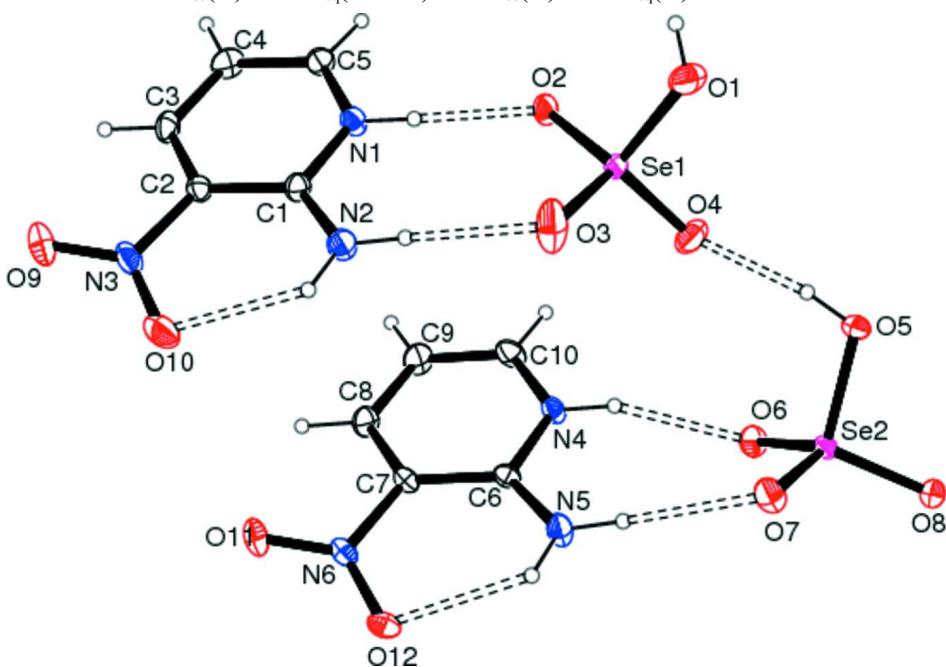
Figure 1

An *ORTEP* view of (I) with the atom-labelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. H atoms are represented as small spheres of arbitrary radii. Hydrogen bonds are represented as dashed lines.
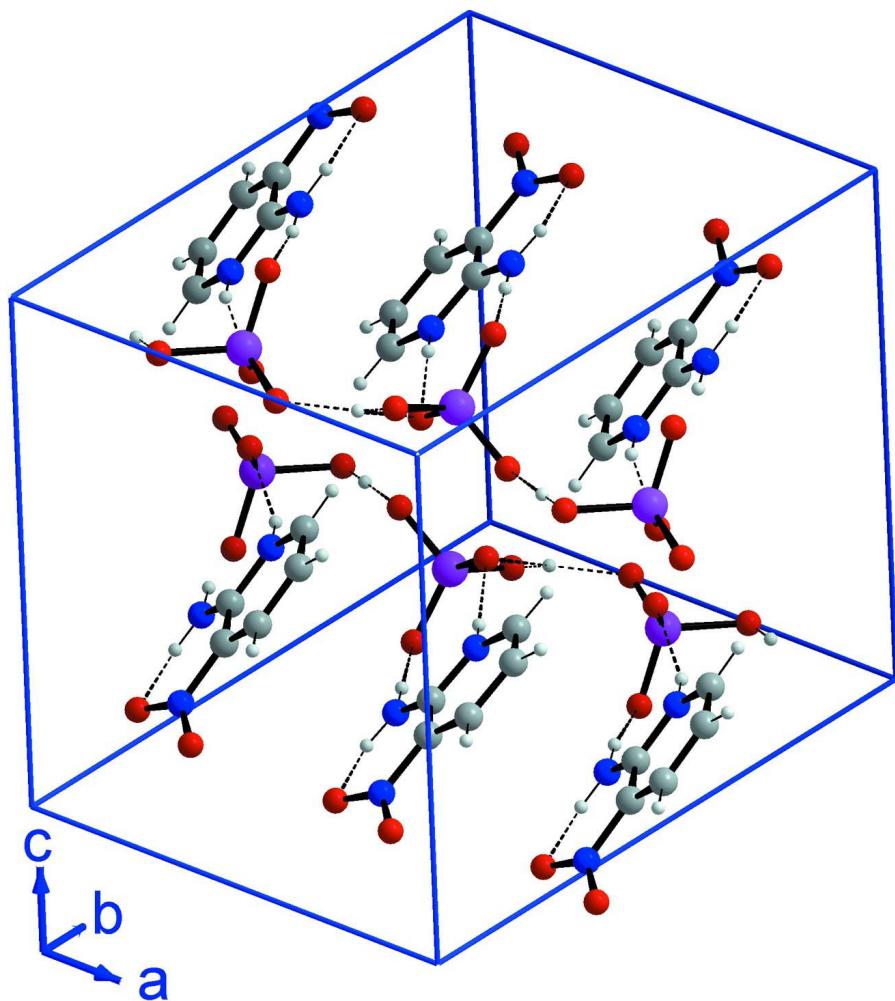
Figure 2

A perspective view of (I) showing the (HSeO$_4^-$) $_n$ polymeric anions running along the *a* axis. The C—H⋯O bonds are omitted for clarity of figure.

2-Amino-3-nitropyridinium hydrogen selenate

Crystal data
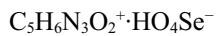
C$_5$H$_6$N$_3$O$_2^+$·HO$_4$Se$^-$	*F*(000) = 1120
M$_r$ = 284.10	*D$_x$* = 2.045 Mg m^{-3}
Monoclinic, *P*2$_1$/*c*	Mo *Kα* radiation, *λ* = 0.71073 Å
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	Cell parameters from 25 reflections
a = 9.090 (3) Å	*θ* = 9–11°
b = 20.130 (2) Å	*μ* = 4.09 mm^{-1}
c = 10.434 (4) Å	*T* = 298 K
β = 104.84 (2)°	Prism, yellow
V = 1845.6 (10) Å^3	0.37 × 0.29 × 0.19 mm
Z = 8	

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius Turbo-CAD-4 diffractometer	4433 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	2980 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Graphite monochromator	$R_{int} = 0.040$
ω scans	$\theta_{max} = 28.0°$, $\theta_{min} = 2.0°$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (Blessing, 1995)	$h = -11 \rightarrow 11$
	$k = 0 \rightarrow 26$
	$l = -6 \rightarrow 13$
$T_{min} = 0.145$, $T_{max} = 0.298$	2 standard reflections every 120 min
7325 measured reflections	intensity decay: 4%

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
Least-squares matrix: full	H-atom parameters constrained
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.047$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0549P)^2]$
$wR(F^2) = 0.112$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$S = 1.01$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} = 0.001$
4433 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.80$ e Å^{-3}
274 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.75$ e Å^{-3}
0 restraints	Extinction correction: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008), Fc*=kFc[1+0.001xFc$^2\lambda^3$/sin(2θ)]$^{-1/4}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction coefficient: 0.0106 (7)
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map	

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2, conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F^2. The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) *etc*. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å^2)

	x	y	z	U_{iso}*/U_{eq}
Se1	0.39573 (5)	0.57437 (2)	0.26743 (5)	0.03205 (15)
Se2	0.88010 (5)	0.61095 (2)	0.28019 (5)	0.02924 (14)
O1	0.4598 (4)	0.65134 (18)	0.2463 (5)	0.0680 (13)
H1	0.5519	0.6530	0.2786	0.102*
O3	0.3344 (5)	0.5426 (2)	0.1228 (4)	0.0756 (14)
O2	0.2627 (4)	0.58545 (19)	0.3409 (4)	0.0576 (11)
O4	0.5374 (4)	0.53198 (15)	0.3555 (3)	0.0411 (8)
O5	1.0304 (3)	0.66505 (15)	0.3064 (4)	0.0401 (8)
H5	1.1091	0.6443	0.3109	0.060*
O6	0.7514 (3)	0.65653 (16)	0.3186 (4)	0.0433 (8)
O7	0.9371 (4)	0.54843 (15)	0.3783 (3)	0.0405 (8)
O8	0.8397 (4)	0.58792 (17)	0.1281 (3)	0.0478 (9)
O9	0.4200 (5)	0.2899 (2)	−0.0205 (4)	0.0656 (12)
O10	0.6241 (5)	0.23103 (19)	0.0156 (4)	0.0672 (12)

O11	0.8828 (4)	0.33319 (18)	−0.0323 (4)	0.0498 (9)
O12	1.0837 (4)	0.27232 (16)	−0.0052 (4)	0.0503 (9)
N1	0.6363 (4)	0.41805 (19)	0.2743 (4)	0.0361 (9)
H1A	0.6010	0.4565	0.2869	0.043*
N2	0.4378 (4)	0.4105 (2)	0.0899 (4)	0.0442 (10)
H2A	0.4098	0.4494	0.1082	0.053*
H2B	0.3862	0.3897	0.0211	0.053*
N3	0.5509 (5)	0.2774 (2)	0.0413 (5)	0.0454 (10)
N4	1.1029 (4)	0.44386 (17)	0.2922 (4)	0.0333 (9)
H4	1.0723	0.4821	0.3116	0.040*
N5	0.9152 (4)	0.4497 (2)	0.0988 (4)	0.0413 (10)
H5A	0.8914	0.4881	0.1236	0.050*
H5B	0.8653	0.4335	0.0241	0.050*
N6	1.0111 (5)	0.31667 (18)	0.0290 (4)	0.0348 (9)
C1	0.5601 (5)	0.3828 (2)	0.1677 (5)	0.0337 (10)
C2	0.6231 (5)	0.3199 (2)	0.1535 (5)	0.0339 (10)
C3	0.7524 (5)	0.2982 (2)	0.2424 (5)	0.0400 (12)
H3	0.7922	0.2568	0.2303	0.048*
C4	0.8245 (5)	0.3366 (3)	0.3493 (5)	0.0427 (12)
H4A	0.9114	0.3214	0.4103	0.051*
C5	0.7647 (5)	0.3970 (2)	0.3629 (5)	0.0381 (11)
H5C	0.8120	0.4243	0.4333	0.046*
C6	1.0279 (5)	0.4158 (2)	0.1752 (4)	0.0288 (9)
C7	1.0836 (5)	0.3528 (2)	0.1496 (4)	0.0286 (9)
C8	1.2031 (5)	0.3237 (2)	0.2393 (5)	0.0387 (11)
H8	1.2366	0.2819	0.2216	0.046*
C9	1.2739 (6)	0.3557 (3)	0.3550 (5)	0.0443 (12)
H9	1.3562	0.3363	0.4150	0.053*
C10	1.2217 (5)	0.4159 (2)	0.3799 (5)	0.0402 (11)
H10	1.2680	0.4382	0.4580	0.048*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Se1	0.0214 (2)	0.0312 (2)	0.0401 (3)	0.00508 (17)	0.00162 (18)	−0.0022 (2)
Se2	0.0249 (2)	0.0232 (2)	0.0358 (3)	−0.00061 (17)	0.00088 (18)	−0.00011 (18)
O1	0.0320 (19)	0.040 (2)	0.129 (4)	0.0059 (17)	0.015 (2)	0.030 (2)
O3	0.079 (3)	0.075 (3)	0.049 (3)	0.045 (2)	−0.026 (2)	−0.021 (2)
O2	0.040 (2)	0.055 (2)	0.088 (3)	0.0112 (18)	0.034 (2)	0.009 (2)
O4	0.0365 (17)	0.0333 (17)	0.045 (2)	0.0110 (14)	−0.0050 (15)	−0.0029 (15)
O5	0.0281 (16)	0.0327 (17)	0.057 (2)	−0.0049 (13)	0.0061 (16)	−0.0020 (16)
O6	0.0299 (17)	0.0338 (17)	0.066 (2)	0.0023 (14)	0.0125 (16)	−0.0058 (17)
O7	0.0416 (18)	0.0311 (16)	0.048 (2)	0.0056 (14)	0.0099 (16)	0.0142 (15)
O8	0.055 (2)	0.0375 (18)	0.041 (2)	0.0050 (17)	−0.0043 (17)	−0.0050 (16)
O9	0.054 (2)	0.061 (3)	0.071 (3)	−0.007 (2)	−0.004 (2)	−0.023 (2)
O10	0.084 (3)	0.046 (2)	0.074 (3)	0.004 (2)	0.026 (2)	−0.023 (2)
O11	0.0348 (18)	0.057 (2)	0.050 (2)	−0.0048 (17)	−0.0036 (17)	−0.0155 (18)
O12	0.066 (2)	0.0294 (18)	0.057 (2)	0.0063 (17)	0.018 (2)	−0.0091 (16)

N1	0.037 (2)	0.031 (2)	0.038 (2)	0.0060 (17)	0.0050 (18)	−0.0043 (18)
N2	0.039 (2)	0.041 (2)	0.046 (3)	0.0080 (19)	0.000 (2)	−0.004 (2)
N3	0.055 (3)	0.029 (2)	0.055 (3)	−0.006 (2)	0.019 (2)	−0.0050 (19)
N4	0.039 (2)	0.0234 (17)	0.032 (2)	0.0039 (16)	−0.0007 (17)	−0.0015 (15)
N5	0.046 (2)	0.036 (2)	0.033 (2)	0.0113 (18)	−0.0072 (19)	−0.0061 (17)
N6	0.043 (2)	0.0291 (19)	0.034 (2)	−0.0076 (17)	0.0117 (19)	−0.0040 (16)
C1	0.033 (2)	0.032 (2)	0.037 (3)	0.0022 (19)	0.010 (2)	0.003 (2)
C2	0.034 (2)	0.031 (2)	0.038 (3)	−0.0001 (19)	0.012 (2)	0.000 (2)
C3	0.042 (3)	0.027 (2)	0.055 (3)	0.008 (2)	0.020 (2)	0.007 (2)
C4	0.037 (3)	0.047 (3)	0.042 (3)	0.009 (2)	0.005 (2)	0.014 (2)
C5	0.035 (2)	0.041 (3)	0.035 (3)	0.002 (2)	0.003 (2)	−0.001 (2)
C6	0.032 (2)	0.029 (2)	0.023 (2)	−0.0036 (18)	0.0041 (19)	0.0005 (18)
C7	0.035 (2)	0.023 (2)	0.029 (2)	−0.0039 (17)	0.0094 (19)	−0.0007 (18)
C8	0.043 (3)	0.027 (2)	0.047 (3)	0.006 (2)	0.012 (2)	0.005 (2)
C9	0.041 (3)	0.045 (3)	0.038 (3)	0.013 (2)	−0.005 (2)	0.005 (2)
C10	0.044 (3)	0.038 (3)	0.031 (3)	−0.003 (2)	−0.005 (2)	0.000 (2)

Geometric parameters (Å, º)

Se1—O3	1.602 (4)	N4—C10	1.347 (5)
Se1—O2	1.604 (3)	N4—C6	1.359 (5)
Se1—O4	1.620 (3)	N4—H4	0.8600
Se1—O1	1.689 (4)	N5—C6	1.316 (5)
Se2—O8	1.603 (3)	N5—H5A	0.8600
Se2—O6	1.616 (3)	N5—H5B	0.8600
Se2—O7	1.621 (3)	N6—C7	1.456 (5)
Se2—O5	1.713 (3)	C1—C2	1.412 (6)
O1—H1	0.8200	C2—C3	1.369 (7)
O5—H5	0.8200	C3—C4	1.377 (7)
O9—N3	1.225 (5)	C3—H3	0.9300
O10—N3	1.216 (5)	C4—C5	1.355 (7)
O11—N6	1.224 (5)	C4—H4A	0.9300
O12—N6	1.217 (5)	C5—H5C	0.9300
N1—C1	1.352 (6)	C6—C7	1.417 (6)
N1—C5	1.357 (6)	C7—C8	1.370 (6)
N1—H1A	0.8600	C8—C9	1.374 (7)
N2—C1	1.321 (6)	C8—H8	0.9300
N2—H2A	0.8600	C9—C10	1.351 (7)
N2—H2B	0.8600	C9—H9	0.9300
N3—C2	1.463 (6)	C10—H10	0.9300
O3—Se1—O2	112.5 (2)	O11—N6—C7	118.4 (4)
O3—Se1—O4	111.03 (18)	N2—C1—N1	117.2 (4)
O2—Se1—O4	112.89 (19)	N2—C1—C2	127.9 (5)
O3—Se1—O1	106.9 (3)	N1—C1—C2	114.9 (4)
O2—Se1—O1	105.2 (2)	C3—C2—C1	121.1 (4)
O4—Se1—O1	107.86 (17)	C3—C2—N3	119.1 (4)
O8—Se2—O6	114.36 (18)	C1—C2—N3	119.8 (4)

O8—Se2—O7	110.84 (17)	C2—C3—C4	121.1 (4)
O6—Se2—O7	114.76 (17)	C2—C3—H3	119.4
O8—Se2—O5	108.25 (19)	C4—C3—H3	119.4
O6—Se2—O5	101.41 (16)	C5—C4—C3	117.9 (4)
O7—Se2—O5	106.24 (17)	C5—C4—H4A	121.0
Se1—O1—H1	109.5	C3—C4—H4A	121.0
Se2—O5—H5	109.5	C4—C5—N1	120.4 (5)
C1—N1—C5	124.5 (4)	C4—C5—H5C	119.8
C1—N1—H1A	117.7	N1—C5—H5C	119.8
C5—N1—H1A	117.7	N5—C6—N4	117.6 (4)
C1—N2—H2A	120.0	N5—C6—C7	127.6 (4)
C1—N2—H2B	120.0	N4—C6—C7	114.8 (4)
H2A—N2—H2B	120.0	C8—C7—C6	120.8 (4)
O10—N3—O9	123.6 (5)	C8—C7—N6	118.7 (4)
O10—N3—C2	117.8 (4)	C6—C7—N6	120.4 (4)
O9—N3—C2	118.6 (4)	C7—C8—C9	120.8 (4)
C10—N4—C6	124.6 (4)	C7—C8—H8	119.6
C10—N4—H4	117.7	C9—C8—H8	119.6
C6—N4—H4	117.7	C10—C9—C8	118.7 (4)
C6—N5—H5A	120.0	C10—C9—H9	120.6
C6—N5—H5B	120.0	C8—C9—H9	120.6
H5A—N5—H5B	120.0	N4—C10—C9	120.3 (4)
O12—N6—O11	124.2 (4)	N4—C10—H10	119.9
O12—N6—C7	117.5 (4)	C9—C10—H10	119.9

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, º)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
O1—H1···O6	0.82	1.75	2.565 (5)	170
O5—H5···O2[i]	0.82	1.80	2.601 (5)	167
N1—H1*A*···O4	0.86	1.84	2.679 (5)	166
N2—H2*A*···O3	0.86	2.02	2.870 (6)	172
N2—H2*B*···O9	0.86	2.09	2.675 (6)	124
N2—H2*B*···O8[ii]	0.86	2.28	2.933 (5)	133
N4—H4···O7	0.86	2.05	2.864 (5)	157
N5—H5*A*···O8	0.86	2.07	2.900 (5)	163
N5—H5*B*···O3[ii]	0.86	2.11	2.798 (5)	137
N5—H5*B*···O11	0.86	2.12	2.693 (5)	124
C3—H3···O5[iii]	0.93	2.54	3.443 (5)	163
C4—H4*A*···O12[iv]	0.93	2.47	3.290 (6)	148
C8—H8···O6[iii]	0.93	2.57	3.463 (6)	162
C10—H10···O4[v]	0.93	2.35	3.228 (6)	158

Symmetry codes: (i) *x*+1, *y*, *z*; (ii) −*x*+1, −*y*+1, −*z*; (iii) −*x*+2, *y*−1/2, −*z*+1/2; (iv) *x*, −*y*+1/2, *z*+1/2; (v) −*x*+2, −*y*+1, −*z*+1.