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## Structure Reports

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## 3-[2-(3-Methyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydro-quinoxalin-1-yl)ethyl]oxazolidin-2-one

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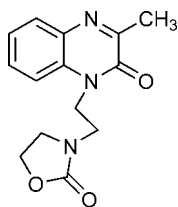
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 298$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.050;  $wR$  factor = 0.157; data-to-parameter ratio = 20.1.

The title heterocyclic compound,  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3$ , is a new synthetic molecule containing oxazolidine and quinoxaline rings. It is built up from two fused six-membered rings linked to a five-membered oxazolidin-2-one ring by a  $\text{C}_2$  chain. Both ring systems are essentially planar [maximum deviation = 0.894 (3) Å, r.m.s. deviation = 0.0043 Å]. The structure is held together by van der Waals forces [electrostatic interactions between dipoles,  $\text{O} \cdots \text{C} = 3.002$  (2) Å] between molecules and by weak  $\pi$ - $\pi$  stacking between symmetry-related molecules, with an interplanar distance of 3.579 Å and a centroid-centroid distance of 3.800 (1) Å. Intermolecular  $\text{C}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$  hydrogen bonds are also observed in the crystal structure.

## Related literature

For the biological activity of 3-2-(3-methyl-2-oxoquinoxalin-1(2*H*)-yl) ethyl)oxazolidin-2-one, see: Ferfra (2001); Habib & El-hawash (1997); Romer *et al.* (1995). For pharmaceutical agrochemicals, see: Badran *et al.* (2003); Madhusudhan *et al.* (2004); Soad *et al.* (2006); Sriharsha & Shashikanth (2006); Sarro *et al.* (2002). For a related structure, see: Doubia *et al.* (2007).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3$   
 $M_r = 273.29$   
Monoclinic,  $C2/c$   
 $a = 12.280$  (3) Å  
 $b = 10.736$  (3) Å  
 $c = 20.406$  (4) Å  
 $\beta = 102.32$  (1)°  
 $V = 2628.3$  (11) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 8$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.10$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 298$  K  
 $0.28 \times 0.17 \times 0.12$  mm

## Data collection

Bruker X8 APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer  
Absorption correction: none  
21237 measured reflections  
4108 independent reflections  
2727 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.033$

## Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.050$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.157$   
 $S = 1.04$   
4108 reflections  
204 parameters  
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.29$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.24$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H \cdots A$	$D-H$	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-H \cdots A$
$\text{C7}-\text{H5} \cdots \text{O3}^i$	0.98 (2)	2.54 (2)	3.462 (2)	157 (2)
$\text{C10}-\text{H10A} \cdots \text{O3}^i$	0.97	2.43	3.348 (2)	157

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x, y, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2005); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 1997) and PLATON (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 1999).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: FJ2233).

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## supporting information

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### 3-[2-(3-Methyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydroquinoxalin-1-yl)ethyl]oxazolidin-2-one

Ahoya Anothane Caleb, Rachid Bouhfid, El Mokhtar Essassi and Lahcen El Ammari

#### S1. Comment

The heterocyclic compounds to 5 or 6 Chains occupying a capital in fields as varied, quinoxalines pharmacy (Madhusudhan *et al.* 2004 and Sarro *et al.* 2002) in agrochemicals (Romer *et al.* 1995, Habib *et al.* 1997) biology (Ferfra 2001) *etc.* The quinoxalines and the oxazolidines are subjects of numerous articles in describing the synthesis of new derivatives presentery antibacterial properties (Badran *et al.* 2003, Sriharsha *et al.* 2006) and anti tumor (Soad *et al.* 2006). We describe here the synthesis of compound 3 to side of the compound 2 per share on the dichlorodiethylamine quinoxaline-2-one fusion as show in the chemical structural diagram (Fig.1).

The 3-[2-(3-methyl-2-oxoquinoxalin-1(2*H*)-yl)ethyl]oxazolidin-2-one (I) molecule structure is built up from two fused six-membered rings linked to a five-membered ring (oxazolidin-2-one) by an ethylic groupe. The both rings are essentially planar and forms a dihedral angle of 20.46 (6)° with the oxazolidin-2-one ring. The molecular structure of (I) is shown in Fig.2. The geometric parameters (bond lengths and angles) are very similar to those observed in previously reported structures (Doubia *et al.* 2007).

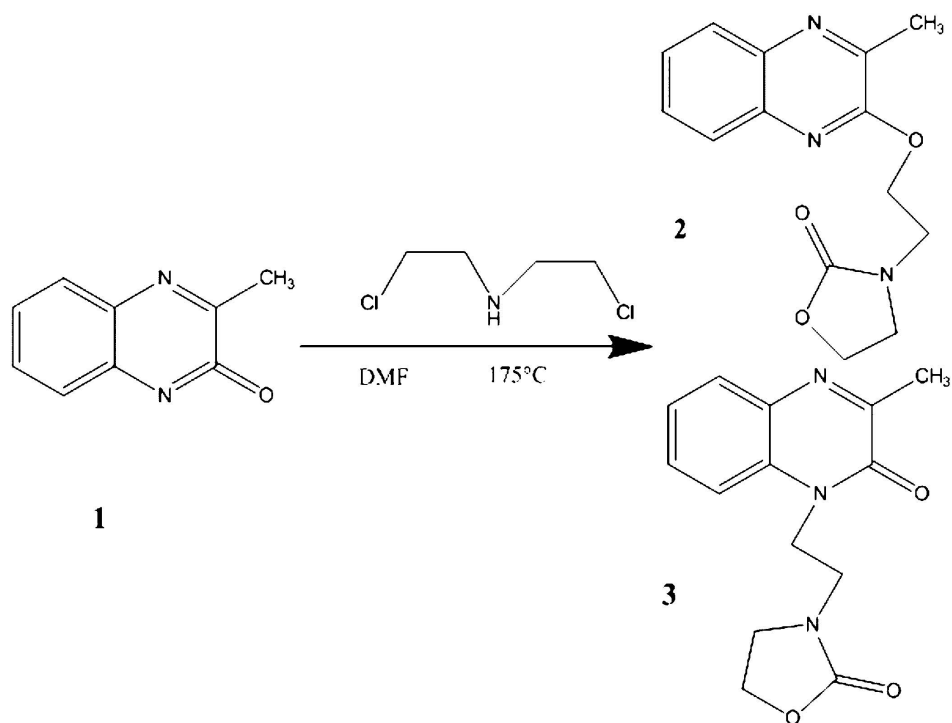
An intermolecular C—H···O hydrogen bond is observed in the cristal structure as shown in the partial plot of the structure (Fig.3). Furthermore, the structure is stabilized by Van der Waals forces and together by weak slipped  $\pi$ - $\pi$  stzcking between symmetry related molecules (C to C ring) with interplanar distance of 3.579 Å and centroid to centroid vector of 3.800 (1) Å.

#### S2. Experimental

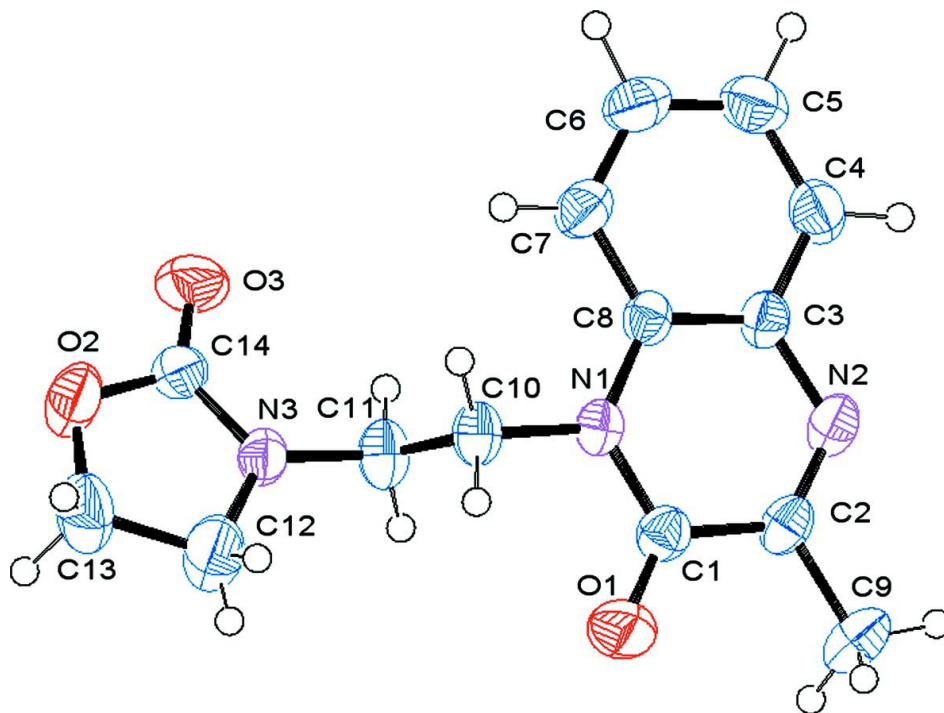
It reacted 0.0125 moles of quinoxaline-2-one with 2.66 moles of dichlorodiethylamine in 40 ml dimethyl formamide in the presence of 2.87 moles of K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> and a few milligrams of BTBA. The mixture was brought to reflux in a bath of sand magnetic stirring for 6 h. After vacuum concentration, the separation of compounds was done by column chromatography eluant 4 / 6(hexane - ethyl acetate). Recrystallization occurred in the same eluent. This compound was obtained in 60% and his melting point is 175°C.

#### S3. Refinement

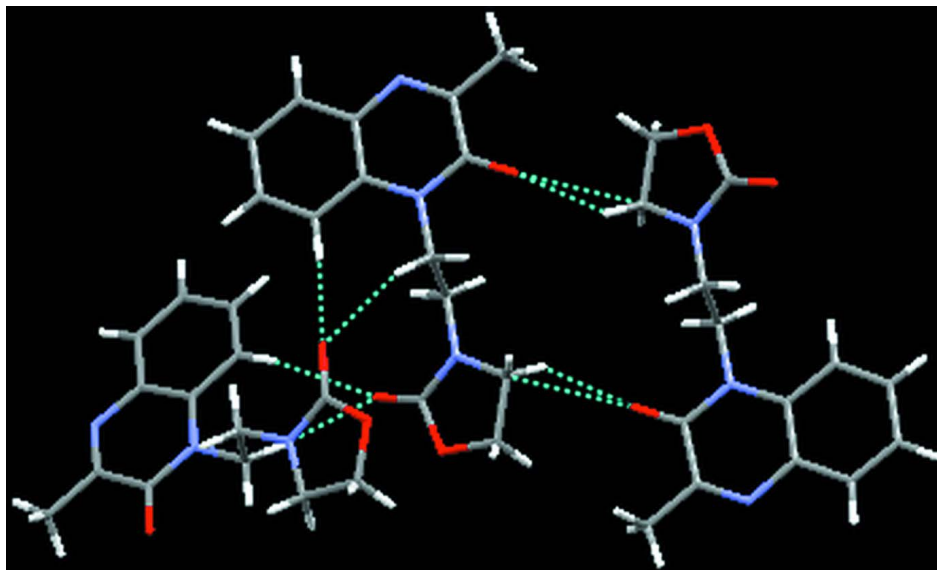
All H atoms were located in a difference map and refined without any distance restraints.

**Figure 1**

Schematic of the chemical reaction leading to the title compound.

**Figure 2**

Molecular structure of the title compound with the atom-labelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. H atoms are represented as small circles.

**Figure 3**

Partial packing view showing the C—H...O interactions (dashed lines).

### 3-[2-(3-Methyl-2-oxo-1,2-dihydroquinoxalin-1-yl)ethyl]oxazolidin-2-one

#### Crystal data

$C_{14}H_{15}N_3O_3$

$M_r = 273.29$

Monoclinic,  $C2/c$

Hall symbol:  $-C\ 2yc$

$a = 12.280\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 10.736\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 20.406\ (4)\ \text{\AA}$

$\beta = 102.32\ (1)^\circ$

$V = 2628.3\ (11)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 8$

$F(000) = 1152$

$D_x = 1.381\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Melting point: 448 K

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 21279 reflections

$\theta = 2.6\text{--}30.9^\circ$

$\mu = 0.10\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 298\ \text{K}$

Prism, colourless

$0.28 \times 0.17 \times 0.12\ \text{mm}$

#### Data collection

Bruker X8 APEXII CCD area-detector  
diffractometer

Graphite monochromator

$\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans

21237 measured reflections

4108 independent reflections

2727 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.033$

$\theta_{\text{max}} = 30.9^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.6^\circ$

$h = -17 \rightarrow 17$

$k = -15 \rightarrow 15$

$l = -26 \rightarrow 29$

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.050$

$wR(F^2) = 0.157$

$S = 1.04$

4108 reflections

204 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent  
and constrained refinement

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.081P)^2 + 0.6684P]$$

where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.29 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.24 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.11176 (11)	0.25753 (10)	0.54216 (6)	0.0630 (3)
O2	-0.13309 (10)	0.52714 (11)	0.26113 (5)	0.0598 (3)
O3	-0.13793 (10)	0.32026 (12)	0.24503 (6)	0.0662 (4)
N1	0.11384 (8)	0.15986 (10)	0.44405 (5)	0.0353 (2)
N2	0.16192 (10)	-0.06171 (10)	0.51654 (5)	0.0422 (3)
N3	-0.06491 (10)	0.40729 (10)	0.34753 (5)	0.0411 (3)
C1	0.12314 (11)	0.16145 (12)	0.51219 (6)	0.0387 (3)
C2	0.14895 (11)	0.04062 (12)	0.54680 (6)	0.0385 (3)
C3	0.15128 (10)	-0.05948 (12)	0.44748 (6)	0.0375 (3)
C4	0.16612 (13)	-0.17122 (14)	0.41519 (8)	0.0499 (4)
H4	0.1830 (15)	-0.2426 (16)	0.4433 (9)	0.064 (5)*
C5	0.15685 (13)	-0.17446 (16)	0.34713 (8)	0.0550 (4)
H5	0.0990 (14)	0.1222 (17)	0.3136 (8)	0.061 (5)*
C6	0.13209 (13)	-0.06520 (17)	0.31028 (8)	0.0524 (4)
H6	0.1300 (16)	-0.0693 (17)	0.2637 (11)	0.070 (6)*
C7	0.11673 (12)	0.04585 (15)	0.34045 (7)	0.0452 (3)
H7	0.1688 (16)	-0.2533 (17)	0.3259 (9)	0.064 (5)*
C8	0.12719 (10)	0.05051 (11)	0.40996 (6)	0.0341 (3)
C9	0.15977 (14)	0.04223 (15)	0.62100 (7)	0.0522 (4)
H9A	0.1775	-0.0400	0.6386	0.090*
H9B	0.0907	0.0690	0.6313	0.080*
H9C	0.2181	0.0987	0.6409	0.071 (6)*
C10	0.08780 (11)	0.27856 (12)	0.40844 (7)	0.0414 (3)
H10A	0.1230	0.2811	0.3702	0.053 (4)*
H10B	0.1171	0.3469	0.4381	0.047 (4)*
C11	-0.03761 (11)	0.29325 (13)	0.38470 (7)	0.0457 (3)
H11A	-0.0670	0.2231	0.3565	0.062 (5)*
H11B	-0.0723	0.2934	0.4232	0.069 (5)*
C12	-0.0550 (2)	0.52845 (15)	0.37655 (9)	0.0767 (6)
H12A	0.0221	0.5485	0.3962	0.090*
H12B	-0.0990	0.5361	0.4106	0.088*
C13	-0.10029 (16)	0.61022 (15)	0.31685 (9)	0.0625 (5)

H13A	-0.1637	0.6578	0.3242	0.081 (6)*
H13B	-0.0435	0.6676	0.3088	0.089 (7)*
C14	-0.11293 (11)	0.40817 (14)	0.28215 (7)	0.0429 (3)

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
O1	0.0931 (9)	0.0442 (6)	0.0505 (6)	0.0055 (6)	0.0130 (6)	-0.0100 (5)
O2	0.0708 (8)	0.0578 (7)	0.0454 (6)	0.0030 (5)	0.0000 (5)	0.0146 (5)
O3	0.0708 (8)	0.0718 (8)	0.0502 (6)	0.0112 (6)	0.0005 (5)	-0.0246 (6)
N1	0.0362 (5)	0.0336 (5)	0.0352 (5)	0.0005 (4)	0.0053 (4)	0.0056 (4)
N2	0.0472 (6)	0.0398 (6)	0.0353 (6)	-0.0030 (5)	-0.0010 (4)	0.0057 (4)
N3	0.0502 (7)	0.0332 (5)	0.0361 (6)	0.0048 (4)	0.0009 (5)	0.0017 (4)
C1	0.0397 (6)	0.0385 (6)	0.0363 (6)	-0.0027 (5)	0.0048 (5)	-0.0001 (5)
C2	0.0369 (6)	0.0425 (7)	0.0329 (6)	-0.0078 (5)	0.0005 (5)	0.0033 (5)
C3	0.0360 (6)	0.0370 (6)	0.0368 (6)	0.0008 (5)	0.0016 (5)	0.0028 (5)
C4	0.0525 (8)	0.0400 (7)	0.0528 (8)	0.0061 (6)	0.0013 (6)	-0.0023 (6)
C5	0.0513 (9)	0.0561 (9)	0.0557 (9)	0.0062 (7)	0.0075 (7)	-0.0160 (7)
C6	0.0475 (8)	0.0734 (11)	0.0373 (7)	0.0010 (7)	0.0110 (6)	-0.0072 (7)
C7	0.0434 (7)	0.0566 (8)	0.0360 (7)	0.0010 (6)	0.0091 (5)	0.0063 (6)
C8	0.0289 (6)	0.0381 (6)	0.0345 (6)	0.0004 (4)	0.0050 (4)	0.0036 (5)
C9	0.0595 (9)	0.0622 (9)	0.0319 (6)	-0.0168 (7)	0.0030 (6)	0.0035 (6)
C10	0.0425 (7)	0.0341 (6)	0.0463 (7)	-0.0008 (5)	0.0066 (5)	0.0103 (5)
C11	0.0426 (7)	0.0387 (7)	0.0533 (8)	0.0001 (5)	0.0044 (6)	0.0121 (6)
C12	0.1231 (18)	0.0380 (8)	0.0533 (10)	0.0076 (9)	-0.0162 (10)	-0.0075 (7)
C13	0.0684 (11)	0.0380 (8)	0.0734 (11)	0.0008 (7)	-0.0019 (8)	0.0086 (7)
C14	0.0399 (7)	0.0513 (8)	0.0368 (6)	0.0074 (6)	0.0067 (5)	-0.0016 (6)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

O1—C1	1.2223 (17)	C5—H7	0.976 (19)
O2—C14	1.3532 (18)	C6—C7	1.373 (2)
O2—C13	1.434 (2)	C6—H6	0.95 (2)
O3—C14	1.2080 (18)	C7—C8	1.3975 (18)
N1—C1	1.3708 (16)	C7—H5	0.984 (18)
N1—C8	1.3921 (16)	C9—H9A	0.9600
N1—C10	1.4680 (16)	C9—H9B	0.9600
N2—C2	1.2868 (18)	C9—H9C	0.9600
N2—C3	1.3874 (17)	C10—C11	1.5208 (19)
N3—C14	1.3387 (17)	C10—H10A	0.9700
N3—C12	1.4237 (19)	C10—H10B	0.9700
N3—C11	1.4415 (16)	C11—H11A	0.9700
C1—C2	1.4787 (18)	C11—H11B	0.9700
C2—C9	1.4915 (19)	C12—C13	1.508 (2)
C3—C4	1.3991 (19)	C12—H12A	0.9700
C3—C8	1.4041 (17)	C12—H12B	0.9700
C4—C5	1.369 (2)	C13—H13A	0.9700
C4—H4	0.953 (17)	C13—H13B	0.9700

C5—C6	1.392 (2)		
C14—O2—C13	109.55 (11)	C2—C9—H9B	109.5
C1—N1—C8	121.61 (10)	H9A—C9—H9B	109.5
C1—N1—C10	116.97 (11)	C2—C9—H9C	109.5
C8—N1—C10	121.42 (10)	H9A—C9—H9C	109.5
C2—N2—C3	118.58 (11)	H9B—C9—H9C	109.5
C14—N3—C12	112.86 (11)	N1—C10—C11	110.28 (10)
C14—N3—C11	122.27 (11)	N1—C10—H10A	109.6
C12—N3—C11	124.57 (12)	C11—C10—H10A	109.6
O1—C1—N1	121.63 (12)	N1—C10—H10B	109.6
O1—C1—C2	122.48 (12)	C11—C10—H10B	109.6
N1—C1—C2	115.89 (11)	H10A—C10—H10B	108.1
N2—C2—C1	123.75 (11)	N3—C11—C10	111.20 (11)
N2—C2—C9	120.25 (12)	N3—C11—H11A	109.4
C1—C2—C9	116.00 (12)	C10—C11—H11A	109.4
N2—C3—C4	118.03 (12)	N3—C11—H11B	109.4
N2—C3—C8	122.11 (12)	C10—C11—H11B	109.4
C4—C3—C8	119.85 (12)	H11A—C11—H11B	108.0
C5—C4—C3	120.55 (14)	N3—C12—C13	102.23 (13)
C5—C4—H4	123.4 (11)	N3—C12—H12A	111.3
C3—C4—H4	116.1 (11)	C13—C12—H12A	111.3
C4—C5—C6	119.21 (14)	N3—C12—H12B	111.3
C4—C5—H7	119.0 (11)	C13—C12—H12B	111.3
C6—C5—H7	121.8 (11)	H12A—C12—H12B	109.2
C7—C6—C5	121.64 (14)	O2—C13—C12	105.73 (13)
C7—C6—H6	120.9 (11)	O2—C13—H13A	110.6
C5—C6—H6	117.4 (11)	C12—C13—H13A	110.6
C6—C7—C8	119.63 (14)	O2—C13—H13B	110.6
C6—C7—H5	120.6 (10)	C12—C13—H13B	110.6
C8—C7—H5	119.8 (10)	H13A—C13—H13B	108.7
N1—C8—C7	122.83 (12)	O3—C14—N3	128.19 (14)
N1—C8—C3	118.06 (11)	O3—C14—O2	122.27 (13)
C7—C8—C3	119.10 (12)	N3—C14—O2	109.53 (12)
C2—C9—H9A	109.5		

## Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>
C7—H5 $\cdots$ O3 <sup>i</sup>	0.98 (2)	2.54 (2)	3.462 (2)	157 (2)
C10—H10A $\cdots$ O3 <sup>i</sup>	0.97	2.43	3.348 (2)	157

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x, y, -z+1/2$ .