

catena-Poly[[bis[(dicyanamido)silver(I)]- (Ag—Ag)]- μ_2 -4,4'-bipyridine- κ^2 N:N']

Jinfang Zhang

Molecular Materials Research Center, Scientific Research Academy, School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Jiangsu University, Zhenjiang 212013, People's Republic of China
Correspondence e-mail: zjf260@ujs.edu.cn

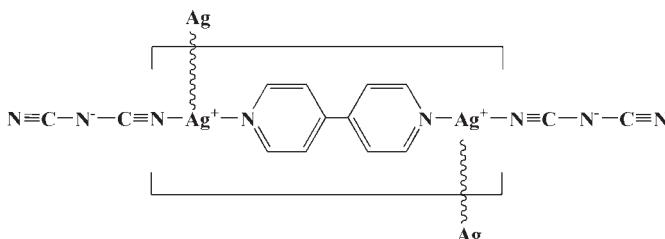
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C-C}) = 0.006$ Å; R factor = 0.033; wR factor = 0.103; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.3.

In the title compound, $[\text{Ag}_2(\text{C}_2\text{N}_3)_2(\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_8\text{N}_2)]_n$, the Ag atoms, lying on inversion centers, are separated by 3.3226 (12) Å. Each Ag atom is connected by one bridging 4,4'-bipyridine [$\text{Ag}-\text{N} = 2.177$ (4) Å] and a terminal dicyanamide [$\text{Ag}-\text{N} = 2.108$ (4) Å]. The Ag—Ag interactions play a key role in constructing a unique neutral polymeric chain.

Related literature

For the designed syntheses of metal-organic compounds, see: Eddaoudi *et al.* (2001); Zhang *et al.* (2008, 2009a,b). For their applications, see: Banerjee *et al.* (2008); Zhang *et al.* (2007).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[\text{Ag}_2(\text{C}_2\text{N}_3)_2(\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_8\text{N}_2)]$	$\gamma = 77.54$ (3)°
$M_r = 252.01$	$V = 374.95$ (13) Å ³
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$Z = 2$
$a = 6.1867$ (12) Å	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$b = 7.8344$ (16) Å	$\mu = 2.63$ mm ⁻¹
$c = 7.9649$ (16) Å	$T = 293$ K
$\alpha = 88.83$ (3)°	$0.2 \times 0.16 \times 0.12$ mm
$\beta = 84.09$ (3)°	

Data collection

Rigaku Saturn724+ diffractometer	2474 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Sheldrick, 1996)	1358 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.407$, $T_{\max} = 0.664$	1315 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.022$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.033$	110 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.103$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.24$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.67$ e Å ⁻³
1358 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.70$ e Å ⁻³

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 2008); cell refinement: *CrystalClear*; data reduction: *CrystalClear*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: PV2240).

References

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supporting information

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catena-Poly[[bis[(dicyanamido)silver(I)](Ag—Ag)]- μ_2 -4,4'-bipyridine- κ^2 N:N']

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S1. Comment

The designed syntheses of metal-organic compounds have attracted great attention in recent years because of not only their intriguing structures (Eddaoudi *et al.*, 2001; Zhang *et al.*, 2008) but also their potential applications.(Banerjee *et al.*, 2008; Zhang *et al.*, 2007). The flexible and rigid bridging ligands can play different roles in constructing metal-organic frameworks. The title compound, (I), was constructed by employing a flexible, dicyanamide, and a rigid, 4,4'-bipyridine ligand through diffusion reactions. In this paper, the crystal structure of (I) is presented.

As illustrated in Fig. 1, 4,4'-bipyridine acts as a bridgeing ligand to connect two Ag atoms. Dicyanamide usually acts as a bridging ligand to construct metal-organic compounds (Zhang *et al.*, 2009*a,b*). However, in the title compound, it is linked to only one Ag atom. Ag—Ag bonds [3.3226 (12) Å] play a key role in constructing a unique one-dimensional neutral chain.

S2. Experimental

$\text{Ag}(\text{NO}_3)$ (68.0 mg, 0.4 mmol) and $\text{NaN}(\text{CN})_2$ (178.2 mg, 2 mmol) were added into 3 ml dimethylformamide with thorough stirring for 5 minutes. After filtration, the colorless filtrate was carefully laid on the surface of a solution of 4,4'-bipyridine (78.0 mg, 0.5 mmol) in 8 ml *i*-PrOH. Colorless prismatic crystals were obtained after five days.

S3. Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined with riding model, with $U_{\text{iso}} = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}$ for pyridyl H atoms, the C—H bonds are 0.93 Å in pyridyl.

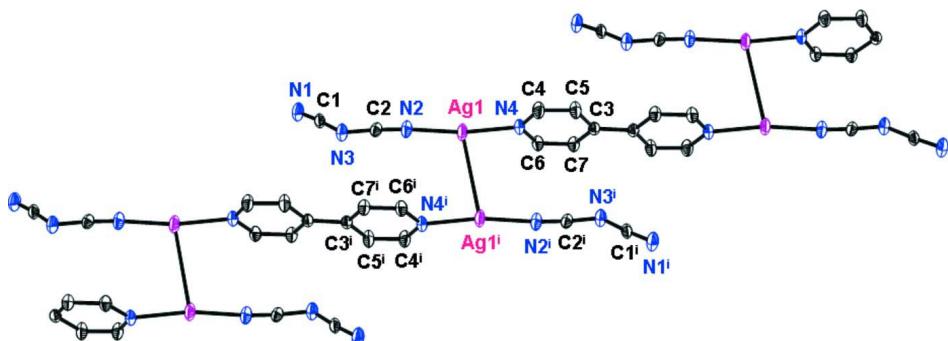


Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound, with atom labels and 30% probability displacement ellipsoids; H atoms have been omitted for clarity. Symmetry code: ${}^i = -x+2, -y+1, -z+1$.

catena-Poly[[bis(dicyanamido)silver(I)](Ag—Ag)]- μ_2 -4,4'-bipyridine- κ^2 N:N'*Crystal data*

[Ag ₂ (C ₂ N ₃) ₂ (C ₁₀ H ₈ N ₂)]	Z = 2
M _r = 252.01	F(000) = 242
Triclinic, P1	D _x = 2.232 Mg m ⁻³
Hall symbol: -P 1	Mo K α radiation, λ = 0.71073 Å
a = 6.1867 (12) Å	Cell parameters from 1687 reflections
b = 7.8344 (16) Å	θ = 2.6–28.7°
c = 7.9649 (16) Å	μ = 2.63 mm ⁻¹
α = 88.83 (3)°	T = 293 K
β = 84.09 (3)°	Prism, colorless
γ = 77.54 (3)°	0.2 × 0.16 × 0.12 mm
V = 374.95 (13) Å ³	

Data collection

Rigaku Saturn724+	2474 measured reflections
diffractometer	1358 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	1315 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Graphite monochromator	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.022$
dtprofit.ref scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.5^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.6^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)	$h = -7 \rightarrow 7$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.407$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.664$	$k = -6 \rightarrow 9$
	$l = -9 \rightarrow 9$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
Least-squares matrix: full	neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.033$	H-atom parameters constrained
wR(F^2) = 0.103	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0601P)^2 + 0.1547P]$
S = 1.24	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
1358 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
110 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.67 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.70 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction correction: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008), $F_c^* = kFc[1 + 0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map	Extinction coefficient: 0.055 (7)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Ag1	0.83031 (5)	0.39268 (4)	0.61182 (3)	0.0570 (3)
N1	0.6869 (7)	0.6445 (6)	0.3950 (4)	0.0626 (10)

N2	0.7664 (7)	0.5131 (6)	-0.1486 (5)	0.0544 (9)
N3	0.6751 (7)	0.7081 (5)	0.0944 (5)	0.0518 (9)
N4	0.8957 (6)	0.2168 (4)	0.3957 (4)	0.0432 (8)
C1	0.6855 (6)	0.6651 (5)	0.2524 (5)	0.0428 (8)
C2	0.7278 (6)	0.5953 (5)	-0.0277 (5)	0.0416 (8)
C3	0.9785 (6)	0.0426 (5)	0.0830 (5)	0.0367 (8)
C4	0.7354 (7)	0.2209 (6)	0.2947 (6)	0.0521 (10)
H4	0.5933	0.2842	0.3301	0.063*
C5	0.7682 (7)	0.1371 (6)	0.1417 (6)	0.0511 (10)
H5	0.6497	0.1434	0.0772	0.061*
C6	1.0962 (7)	0.1231 (5)	0.3420 (5)	0.0447 (9)
H6	1.2110	0.1175	0.4100	0.054*
C7	1.1423 (6)	0.0341 (5)	0.1914 (5)	0.0431 (8)
H7	1.2844	-0.0324	0.1617	0.052*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Ag1	0.0661 (4)	0.0685 (3)	0.0347 (3)	-0.0119 (2)	0.00158 (18)	-0.02256 (18)
N1	0.084 (3)	0.067 (2)	0.033 (2)	-0.008 (2)	-0.0024 (19)	-0.0116 (16)
N2	0.064 (2)	0.064 (2)	0.0322 (19)	-0.0080 (18)	-0.0025 (16)	-0.0155 (16)
N3	0.067 (2)	0.0520 (19)	0.0328 (19)	-0.0039 (16)	-0.0054 (16)	-0.0089 (14)
N4	0.0522 (19)	0.0447 (17)	0.0315 (17)	-0.0072 (14)	-0.0042 (14)	-0.0108 (13)
C1	0.046 (2)	0.0467 (19)	0.035 (2)	-0.0082 (15)	-0.0020 (16)	-0.0148 (15)
C2	0.0421 (19)	0.051 (2)	0.0298 (19)	-0.0065 (15)	-0.0029 (15)	-0.0036 (16)
C3	0.0445 (19)	0.0327 (16)	0.0321 (19)	-0.0068 (14)	-0.0026 (15)	-0.0023 (14)
C4	0.043 (2)	0.060 (2)	0.047 (2)	0.0017 (17)	-0.0021 (18)	-0.0214 (19)
C5	0.043 (2)	0.061 (2)	0.045 (2)	0.0015 (17)	-0.0080 (17)	-0.0224 (19)
C6	0.049 (2)	0.049 (2)	0.035 (2)	-0.0064 (16)	-0.0091 (17)	-0.0074 (16)
C7	0.0411 (19)	0.046 (2)	0.038 (2)	0.0005 (15)	-0.0065 (16)	-0.0082 (15)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

Ag1—N2 ⁱ	2.108 (4)	N4—C4	1.334 (6)
Ag1—N4	2.177 (4)	C3—C7	1.387 (6)
Ag1—N1	2.661 (4)	C3—C5	1.390 (6)
Ag1—Ag1 ⁱⁱ	3.3226 (12)	C3—C3 ^{iv}	1.467 (8)
N1—C1	1.144 (5)	C4—C5	1.372 (6)
N2—C2	1.145 (6)	C4—H4	0.9300
N2—Ag1 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.108 (4)	C5—H5	0.9300
N3—C2	1.296 (6)	C6—C7	1.373 (6)
N3—C1	1.301 (6)	C6—H6	0.9300
N4—C6	1.331 (5)	C7—H7	0.9300
N2 ⁱ —Ag1—N4	167.60 (15)	C7—C3—C3 ^{iv}	122.8 (4)
N2 ⁱ —Ag1—N1	105.43 (14)	C5—C3—C3 ^{iv}	121.4 (4)
N4—Ag1—N1	86.07 (12)	N4—C4—C5	123.8 (4)
N2 ⁱ —Ag1—Ag1 ⁱⁱ	105.25 (12)	N4—C4—H4	118.1

N4—Ag1—Ag1 ⁱⁱ	84.71 (10)	C5—C4—H4	118.1
N1—Ag1—Ag1 ⁱⁱ	57.43 (10)	C4—C5—C3	120.0 (4)
C1—N1—Ag1	139.3 (4)	C4—C5—H5	120.0
C2—N2—Ag1 ⁱⁱⁱ	172.6 (4)	C3—C5—H5	120.0
C2—N3—C1	123.1 (4)	N4—C6—C7	123.4 (4)
C6—N4—C4	116.4 (4)	N4—C6—H6	118.3
C6—N4—Ag1	123.9 (3)	C7—C6—H6	118.3
C4—N4—Ag1	118.8 (3)	C6—C7—C3	120.5 (4)
N1—C1—N3	173.2 (5)	C6—C7—H7	119.7
N2—C2—N3	171.4 (4)	C3—C7—H7	119.7
C7—C3—C5	115.8 (4)		

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y, z+1$; (ii) $-x+2, -y+1, -z+1$; (iii) $x, y, z-1$; (iv) $-x+2, -y, -z$.