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N-(6-Methyl-2-pyridyl)formamide

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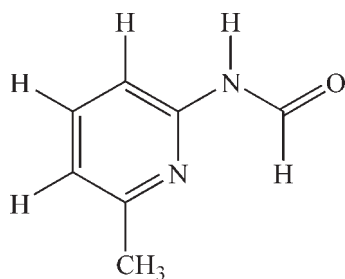
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 295$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.050; wR factor = 0.148; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.3.

The molecule of the title compound, $\text{C}_7\text{H}_8\text{N}_2\text{O}$, is essentially planar with a maximum deviation of 0.0439 (1) Å from the best plane. In the crystal, $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds between self-complementary amide groups join molecules into centrosymmetric dimers.

Related literature

For the synthesis of the title compound, see: Hosmane *et al.* (1984). For background to this work, see: Wang *et al.* (2006). For the structure of 2-pyridylformamide, see: Bock *et al.* (1996).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_7\text{H}_8\text{N}_2\text{O}$
 $M_r = 136.15$
 Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$

$a = 4.0611$ (6) Å
 $b = 8.6232$ (12) Å
 $c = 10.3231$ (12) Å

$\alpha = 87.421$ (12)°
 $\beta = 79.344$ (14)°
 $\gamma = 83.103$ (15)°
 $V = 352.61$ (8) Å³
 $Z = 2$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.09$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 295$ K
 $0.5 \times 0.2 \times 0.1$ mm

Data collection

Bruker P4 diffractometer
 Absorption correction: ψ scan
 (XSCANS; Siemens, 1995)
 $T_{\min} = 0.713$, $T_{\max} = 0.940$
 1757 measured reflections
 1222 independent reflections

993 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.031$
 3 standard reflections every 97 reflections
 intensity decay: none

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.050$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.148$
 $S = 1.05$
 1222 reflections

92 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.15$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.16$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

| $D-H\cdots A$ | $D-H$ | $H\cdots A$ | $D\cdots A$ | $D-H\cdots A$ |
|--|-------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| $\text{N1}-\text{H1A}\cdots\text{O}^i$ | 0.86 | 2.04 | 2.8971 (19) | 172 |

Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 3, -y + 1, -z + 1$.

Data collection: XSCANS (Siemens, 1995); cell refinement: XSCANS; data reduction: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: GK2247).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, o180 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809053549]

N*-(6-Methyl-2-pyridyl)formamide*Hui-Ling Hu, Chia-Jun Wu, Pei-Chi Cheng and Jhy-Der Chen****S1. Comment**

A series of Ag(I) coordination polymers containing 2-aminopyrimidine or 2-amino-4,6-dimethylpyrimidine ligands have been prepared, which show one-dimensional and two-dimensional structures (Wang, *et al.*, 2006) with interesting bonding modes. To investigate the effect of flexibility of the ligand on the structural type of such coordination polymers, we have synthesized the title compound. Within this project its crystal structure was determined.

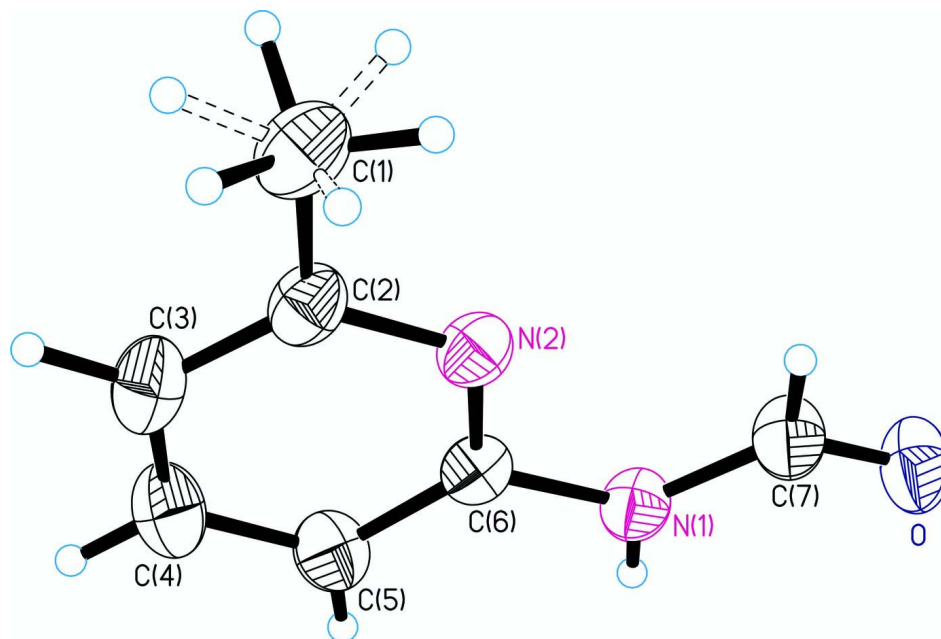
The title molecule is almost planar (Fig. 1). In the crystal structure weak intermolecular N—H···O hydrogen bonding is found between self-complementary amide groups (Table 1) that connects molecules into centrosymmetric dimers. In 2-pyridylformamide the molecules formed dimers via hydrogen bonds between self-complementary 2-pyridylamino groups (Bock *et al.*, 1996).

S2. Experimental

The title compound was prepared according to a procedure reported for *N*-(2-pyrimidinyl)formamide by Hosmane *et al.* (1984). Colorless plate crystals suitable for X-ray crystallography were obtained by dissolving the title compound in CH₂Cl₂, followed by allowing the solution to evaporate slowly under air.

S3. Refinement

All the hydrogen atoms were placed into idealized positions and constrained by the riding atom approximation with C—H = 0.93 — 0.96 Å, N—H = 0.86 Å and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ or $1.2 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{N})$. The methyl H atoms are disordered and were refined in two different orientations.

**Figure 1**

Molecular structure of the title compound with atom labeling and displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 30% probability level. The disorder is shown with open bonds.

N-(6-Methyl-2-pyridyl)formamide

Crystal data

$C_7H_8N_2O$

$M_r = 136.15$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: -P 1

$a = 4.0611$ (6) Å

$b = 8.6232$ (12) Å

$c = 10.3231$ (12) Å

$\alpha = 87.421$ (12)°

$\beta = 79.344$ (14)°

$\gamma = 83.103$ (15)°

$V = 352.61$ (8) Å³

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 144$

$D_x = 1.282$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 23 reflections

$\theta = 8.8$ – 16.8 °

$\mu = 0.09$ mm⁻¹

$T = 295$ K

Plate, colorless

$0.5 \times 0.2 \times 0.1$ mm

Data collection

Bruker P4

diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

ω scans

Absorption correction: ψ scan

(*XSCANS*; Siemens, 1995)

$T_{\min} = 0.713$, $T_{\max} = 0.940$

1757 measured reflections

1222 independent reflections

993 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.031$

$\theta_{\max} = 25.0$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 4.6$ °

$h = -4 \rightarrow 1$

$k = -10 \rightarrow 10$

$l = -12 \rightarrow 12$

3 standard reflections every 97 reflections

intensity decay: none

Refinement

| | |
|--|--|
| Refinement on F^2 | Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map |
| Least-squares matrix: full | Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites |
| $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.050$ | H-atom parameters constrained |
| $wR(F^2) = 0.148$ | $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0874P)^2 + 0.0372P]$ |
| $S = 1.05$ | where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ |
| 1222 reflections | $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$ |
| 92 parameters | $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.15 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ |
| 0 restraints | $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.16 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ |
| Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods | |

Special details

Experimental. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

| | x | y | z | $U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$ | Occ. (<1) |
|-----|------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------------------|-----------|
| O | 1.4562 (3) | 0.34810 (14) | 0.62540 (13) | 0.0766 (5) | |
| N1 | 1.1428 (3) | 0.58235 (15) | 0.62843 (12) | 0.0528 (4) | |
| H1A | 1.2438 | 0.6042 | 0.5501 | 0.063* | |
| N2 | 0.7461 (3) | 0.66352 (15) | 0.81236 (13) | 0.0509 (4) | |
| C1 | 0.3445 (5) | 0.7290 (3) | 1.01096 (18) | 0.0728 (6) | |
| H1B | 0.3774 | 0.6176 | 1.0235 | 0.109* | 0.50 |
| H1C | 0.1076 | 0.7634 | 1.0212 | 0.109* | 0.50 |
| H1D | 0.4388 | 0.7780 | 1.0751 | 0.109* | 0.50 |
| H1E | 0.2384 | 0.8217 | 1.0564 | 0.109* | 0.50 |
| H1F | 0.5083 | 0.6759 | 1.0587 | 0.109* | 0.50 |
| H1G | 0.1771 | 0.6613 | 1.0048 | 0.109* | 0.50 |
| C2 | 0.5164 (4) | 0.77275 (19) | 0.87483 (16) | 0.0553 (5) | |
| C3 | 0.4394 (5) | 0.9158 (2) | 0.8175 (2) | 0.0685 (5) | |
| H3A | 0.2829 | 0.9906 | 0.8637 | 0.082* | |
| C4 | 0.5969 (5) | 0.9474 (2) | 0.6904 (2) | 0.0717 (6) | |
| H4A | 0.5462 | 1.0435 | 0.6498 | 0.086* | |
| C5 | 0.8283 (4) | 0.8360 (2) | 0.62478 (18) | 0.0609 (5) | |
| H5A | 0.9351 | 0.8536 | 0.5385 | 0.073* | |
| C6 | 0.8977 (4) | 0.69680 (18) | 0.69102 (15) | 0.0480 (4) | |
| C7 | 1.2323 (4) | 0.4432 (2) | 0.67961 (16) | 0.0621 (5) | |
| H7A | 1.1165 | 0.4164 | 0.7624 | 0.075* | |

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

| | U^{11} | U^{22} | U^{33} | U^{12} | U^{13} | U^{23} |
|----|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| O | 0.0884 (9) | 0.0587 (8) | 0.0646 (8) | 0.0094 (7) | 0.0201 (7) | 0.0038 (6) |
| N1 | 0.0586 (8) | 0.0521 (8) | 0.0424 (7) | -0.0075 (6) | 0.0051 (6) | 0.0000 (6) |
| N2 | 0.0505 (8) | 0.0535 (8) | 0.0467 (7) | -0.0083 (6) | -0.0011 (6) | -0.0051 (6) |
| C1 | 0.0666 (11) | 0.0840 (13) | 0.0597 (11) | -0.0036 (9) | 0.0098 (9) | -0.0148 (9) |
| C2 | 0.0468 (9) | 0.0588 (9) | 0.0589 (10) | -0.0068 (7) | -0.0031 (7) | -0.0124 (8) |
| C3 | 0.0574 (10) | 0.0579 (10) | 0.0857 (13) | -0.0004 (8) | -0.0027 (9) | -0.0137 (9) |
| C4 | 0.0680 (11) | 0.0529 (10) | 0.0918 (14) | -0.0039 (8) | -0.0123 (10) | 0.0086 (9) |
| C5 | 0.0616 (10) | 0.0566 (10) | 0.0630 (10) | -0.0121 (8) | -0.0061 (8) | 0.0095 (8) |
| C6 | 0.0463 (8) | 0.0500 (9) | 0.0479 (8) | -0.0112 (7) | -0.0046 (6) | -0.0036 (7) |
| C7 | 0.0702 (11) | 0.0563 (10) | 0.0493 (9) | -0.0014 (8) | 0.0121 (8) | 0.0035 (7) |

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

| | | | |
|------------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| O—C7 | 1.2192 (19) | C1—H1F | 0.9600 |
| N1—C7 | 1.327 (2) | C1—H1G | 0.9600 |
| N1—C6 | 1.402 (2) | C2—C3 | 1.371 (3) |
| N1—H1A | 0.8600 | C3—C4 | 1.380 (3) |
| N2—C6 | 1.325 (2) | C3—H3A | 0.9300 |
| N2—C2 | 1.339 (2) | C4—C5 | 1.368 (3) |
| C1—C2 | 1.502 (2) | C4—H4A | 0.9300 |
| C1—H1B | 0.9600 | C5—C6 | 1.380 (2) |
| C1—H1C | 0.9600 | C5—H5A | 0.9300 |
| C1—H1D | 0.9600 | C7—H7A | 0.9300 |
| C1—H1E | 0.9600 | | |
| C7—N1—C6 | 125.62 (13) | H1D—C1—H1G | 141.1 |
| C7—N1—H1A | 117.2 | H1E—C1—H1G | 109.5 |
| C6—N1—H1A | 117.2 | H1F—C1—H1G | 109.5 |
| C6—N2—C2 | 117.87 (15) | N2—C2—C3 | 122.02 (16) |
| C2—C1—H1B | 109.5 | N2—C2—C1 | 116.18 (15) |
| C2—C1—H1C | 109.5 | C3—C2—C1 | 121.80 (16) |
| H1B—C1—H1C | 109.5 | C2—C3—C4 | 119.19 (17) |
| C2—C1—H1D | 109.5 | C2—C3—H3A | 120.4 |
| H1B—C1—H1D | 109.5 | C4—C3—H3A | 120.4 |
| H1C—C1—H1D | 109.5 | C5—C4—C3 | 119.38 (17) |
| C2—C1—H1E | 109.5 | C5—C4—H4A | 120.3 |
| H1B—C1—H1E | 141.1 | C3—C4—H4A | 120.3 |
| H1C—C1—H1E | 56.3 | C4—C5—C6 | 117.69 (17) |
| H1D—C1—H1E | 56.3 | C4—C5—H5A | 121.2 |
| C2—C1—H1F | 109.5 | C6—C5—H5A | 121.2 |
| H1B—C1—H1F | 56.3 | N2—C6—C5 | 123.81 (16) |
| H1C—C1—H1F | 141.1 | N2—C6—N1 | 117.00 (14) |
| H1D—C1—H1F | 56.3 | C5—C6—N1 | 119.19 (14) |
| H1E—C1—H1F | 109.5 | O—C7—N1 | 124.40 (15) |
| C2—C1—H1G | 109.5 | O—C7—H7A | 117.8 |

| | | | |
|------------|------|-----------|-------|
| H1B—C1—H1G | 56.3 | N1—C7—H7A | 117.8 |
| H1C—C1—H1G | 56.3 | | |

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

| <i>D—H</i> ⋯ <i>A</i> | <i>D—H</i> | <i>H</i> ⋯ <i>A</i> | <i>D</i> ⋯ <i>A</i> | <i>D—H</i> ⋯ <i>A</i> |
|-----------------------|------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| N1—H1A⋯O ⁱ | 0.86 | 2.04 | 2.8971 (19) | 172 |

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+3, -y+1, -z+1$.