

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

7-Chloro-4-[(E)-2-(2-methoxybenzylidene)hydrazin-1-yl]quinoline monohydrate

Marcus V. N. de Souza,^a R. Alan Howie,^b Edward R. T. Tiekink,^{c*} James L. Wardell,^{d‡} Solange M. S. V. Wardell^e and Carlos R. Kaiser^f

^aInstituto de Tecnologia em Farmacos, Fundação Oswaldo Cruz (FIOCRUZ), FarManguinhos, Rua Sizenando Nabuco, 100, Manguinhos, 21041-250 Rio de Janeiro, RJ, Brazil, ^bDepartment of Chemistry, University of Aberdeen, Old Aberdeen AB15 5NY, Scotland, ^cDepartment of Chemistry, University of Malaya, 50603 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia, ^dCentro de Desenvolvimento Tecnológico em Saúde (CDTS), Fundação Oswaldo Cruz (FIOCRUZ), Casa Amarela, Campus de Manguinhos, Av. Brasil 4365, 21040-900 Rio de Janeiro, RJ, Brazil, ^eCHEMSOL, 1 Harcourt Road, Aberdeen AB15 5NY, Scotland, and ^fDepartamento de Química Orgânica, Instituto de Química, Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro, 21945-970 Rio de Janeiro, RJ, Brazil

Correspondence e-mail: edward.tiekink@gmail.com

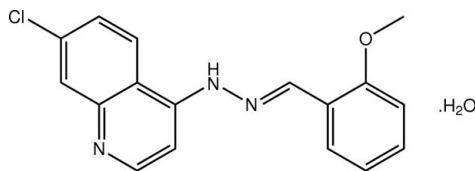
Received 18 February 2010; accepted 19 February 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 120$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.009$ Å; R factor = 0.093; wR factor = 0.260; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.6.

In the title hydrate, $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{14}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$, the dihedral angle between the quinoline fused-ring system and the benzene ring is $13.4(2)^\circ$ and the conformation about the $\text{C}=\text{N}$ bond is *E*. In the crystal, $\text{N}_\text{h}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}_\text{w}$ and $\text{O}_\text{w}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}_\text{q}$ ($\text{h} = \text{hydrozone}$, $\text{w} = \text{water}$ and $\text{q} = \text{quinoline}$) hydrogen bonds generate a two-dimensional network in the *ac* plane. A weak $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ interaction helps to consolidate the packing.

Related literature

For background to the pharmacological activity of quinoline derivatives, see: Warshakoon *et al.* (2006). For recent studies into quinoline-based anti-malarials, see: Andrade *et al.* (2007); de Souza *et al.* (2005). For related structures, see: Kaiser *et al.* (2009); de Souza *et al.* (2009, 2010). For the structure of the isomeric 2-methoxy structure, see: de Lima Ferreira *et al.* (2010).



‡ Additional correspondence author, e-mail: j.wardell@abdn.ac.uk.

Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{14}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$
 $M_r = 329.78$
 Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 3.9202(2)$ Å
 $b = 24.5084(17)$ Å
 $c = 16.1212(11)$ Å
 $\beta = 91.639(4)^\circ$

$V = 1548.26(17)$ Å³
 $Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.26$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 120$ K
 $0.62 \times 0.03 \times 0.02$ mm

Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (SADABS; Sheldrick, 2007)
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.735$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.995$

11507 measured reflections
 2716 independent reflections
 1769 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.096$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.093$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.260$
 $S = 1.04$
 2716 reflections
 215 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.40$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.45$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{N2}-\text{H2N}\cdots\text{O1W}$	0.88	2.08	2.928 (7)	161
$\text{O1W}-\text{H1W}\cdots\text{N1}^i$	0.81 (9)	2.30 (9)	3.030 (8)	150 (8)
$\text{O1W}-\text{H2W}\cdots\text{N1}^{ii}$	0.82 (9)	2.03 (9)	2.820 (7)	163 (8)
$\text{C5}-\text{H5}\cdots\text{O1W}$	0.95	2.43	3.358 (8)	166

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $x + 1, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: COLLECT (Hooft, 1998); cell refinement: DENZO (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997) and COLLECT; data reduction: DENZO and COLLECT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 (Farrugia, 1997) and DIAMOND (Brandenburg, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: publCIF (Westrip, 2010).

The use of the EPSRC X-ray crystallographic service at the University of Southampton, England, and the valuable assistance of the staff there is gratefully acknowledged. JLW acknowledges support from CAPES (Brazil).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB5340).

References

- Andrade, A. A., Varotti, F. D., de Freitas, I. Q., de Souza, M. V. N., Vasconcelos, T. R. A., Boechat, N. & Krettl, A. U. (2007). *Eur. J. Pharm.* **558**, 194–198.
- Brandenburg, K. (2006). *DIAMOND*. Crystal Impact GbR, Bonn, Germany.
- Farrugia, L. J. (1997). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **30**, 565.
- Hooft, R. W. W. (1998). *COLLECT*. Nonius BV, Delft, The Netherlands.
- Kaiser, C. R., Pais, K. C., de Souza, M. V. N., Wardell, J. L., Wardell, S. M. S. V. & Tiekink, E. R. T. (2009). *CrystEngComm*, **11**, 1133–1140.
- Lima Ferreira, M. de, de Souza, M. V. N., Howie, R. A., Tiekink, E. R. T., Wardell, J. L. & Wardell, S. M. S. V. (2010). *Acta Cryst.* **E66**, o696–o697.
- Otwinowski, Z. & Minor, W. (1997). *Methods in Enzymology*, Vol. 276, *Macromolecular Crystallography*, Part A, edited by C. W. Carter Jr & R. M. Sweet, pp. 307–326. New York: Academic Press.

- Sheldrick, G. M. (2007). *SADABS*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
- Souza, M. V. N. de (2005). *Mini-Rev. Med. Chem.* **5**, 1009–1017.
- Souza, M. V. N. de, Howie, R. A., Tiekink, E. R. T., Wardell, J. L. & Wardell, S. M. S. V. (2010). *Acta Cryst.* **E66**, o152–o153.
- Souza, M. V. N. de, Tiekink, E. R. T., Wardell, J. L. & Wardell, S. M. S. V. (2009). *Acta Cryst.* **E65**, o3120–o3121.
- Warshakoon, N. C., Sheville, J., Bhatt, R. T., Ji, W., Mendez-Andino, J. L., Meyers, K. M., Kim, N., Wos, J. A., Mitchell, C., Paris, J. L., Pinney, B. B. O., Reizes, O. & Hu, X. E. (2006). *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* **16**, 5207–5211.
- Westrip, S. P. (2010). *publCIF*. In preparation.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, o698–o699 [doi:10.1107/S1600536810006586]

7-Chloro-4-[(*E*)-2-(2-methoxybenzylidene)hydrazin-1-yl]quinoline monohydrate

Marcus V. N. de Souza, R. Alan Howie, Edward R. T. Tiekink, James L. Wardell, Solange M. S. V. Wardell and Carlos R. Kaiser

S1. Comment

Quinoline derivatives are known to display pharmacological potential (Warshakoon *et al.*, 2006) and are being investigated for their anti-malarial activity (Andrade *et al.* 2007; de Souza *et al.*, 2005). Structural studies on quinoline derivatives augment the biological investigations (Kaiser *et al.*, 2009; de Souza *et al.*, 2009; de Souza *et al.*, 2010; de Lima Ferreira *et al.*, 2010) and as a part of these studies, the crystal structure of the title hydrate, (I), was investigated.

The most significant twist in the quinoline molecule of (I), Fig. 1, occurs around the C10–C11 bond as seen in the N3–C10–C11–C16 torsion angle of 6.9 (9) °. This accounts for the dihedral angle of 13.4 (2) ° formed between the quinoline fused-ring system and the benzene ring. The conformation about the C10=N3 bond [1.282 (8) Å] is *E*. The crystal packing is stabilised by a variety of hydrogen bonding interactions, Table 1. The water molecule accepts a hydrogen bond from the hydrazone-N2 atom and bridges two symmetry related molecules by forming donor interactions with quinoline-N1 atoms; the water-O atom also participates in a C–H···O contact, Table 1. The result of the hydrogen bonding is the formation of a 2-D supramolecular array in the *ac* plane, Fig. 2, and these stack along the *b* axis, Fig. 3.

S2. Experimental

A solution of 7-chloro-4-quinolinylhydrazine (0.2 g, 1.03 mmol) and 2-methoxybenzaldehyde (1.2 mmol) in EtOH (5 ml) was maintained at room temperature overnight and rotary evaporated. The solid residue, was washed with cold Et₂O (3 x 10 ml) and recrystallised from EtOH; m.pt. 459–461 K, yield 82%. The sample for the X-ray study was slowly grown from moist EtOH and was found to be the monohydrate. MS/ESI: [M–H]: 310.8. IR ν_{max} (cm⁻¹; KBr disc): 3190 (N–H), 1578 (C=N).

S3. Refinement

The N- and C-bound H atoms were geometrically placed (N–H = 0.88 Å and C–H = 0.95–0.98 Å) and refined as riding with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2\text{--}1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{N})$. The water-bound H atoms were located from a difference map and refined with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O})$.

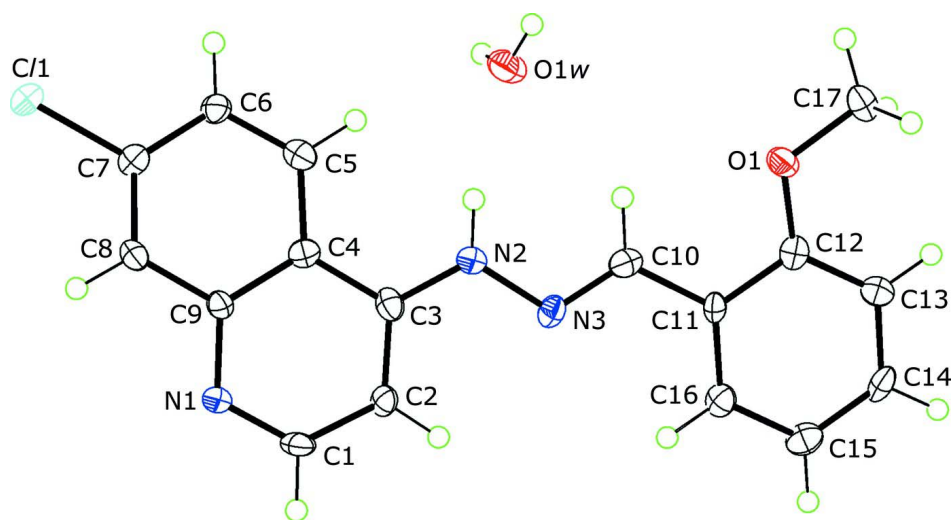


Figure 1

Molecular structures of the asymmetric unit in (I) showing displacement ellipsoids at the 50% probability level.

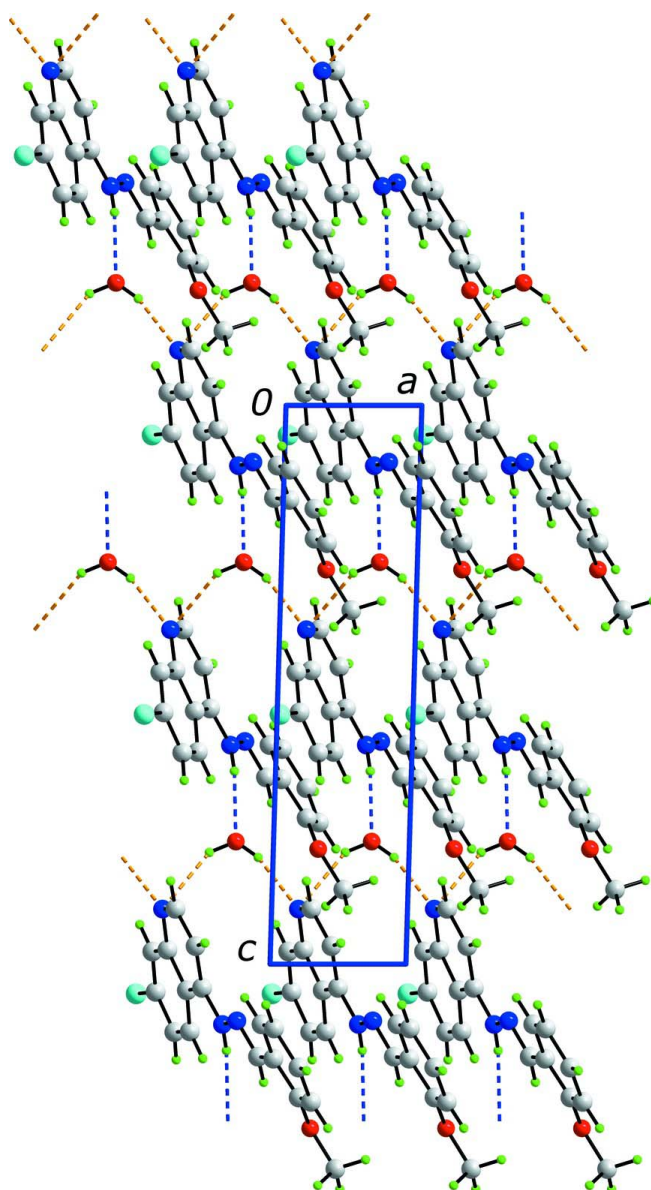


Figure 2

View of the 2-D supramolecular array in the *ac* plane of (I) showing the O–H···N and N–H···O hydrogen bonding as orange and blue dashed lines, respectively. Colour code: Cl, cyan; O, red; N, blue; C, grey; and H, green.

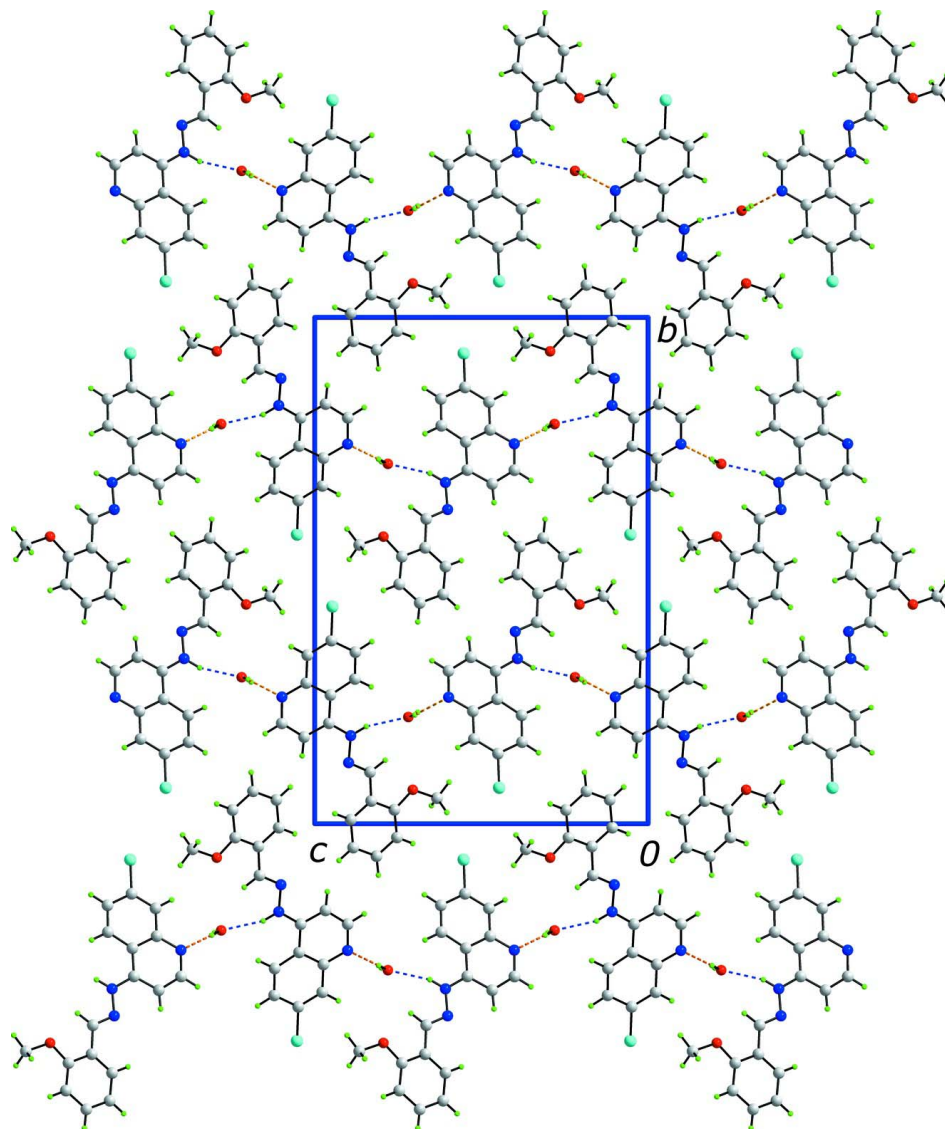


Figure 3

A view of the stacking of layers in (I). The O–H···N and N–H···O hydrogen bonding as orange and blue dashed lines, respectively. Colour code: Cl, cyan; O, red; N, blue; C, grey; and H, green.

7-Chloro-4-[(*E*)-2-(2-methoxybenzylidene)hydrazin-1-yl]quinoline monohydrate

Crystal data

$C_{17}H_{14}ClN_3O \cdot H_2O$

$M_r = 329.78$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: $-P\ 2ybc$

$a = 3.9202\ (2)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 24.5084\ (17)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 16.1212\ (11)\ \text{\AA}$

$\beta = 91.639\ (4)^\circ$

$V = 1548.26\ (17)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 688$

$D_x = 1.415\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 9260 reflections

$\theta = 2.9\text{--}27.5^\circ$

$\mu = 0.26\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 120\ \text{K}$

Needle, colourless

$0.62 \times 0.03 \times 0.02\ \text{mm}$

Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD
diffractometer
Radiation source: Enraf Nonius FR591 rotating
anode
10 cm confocal mirrors monochromator
Detector resolution: 9.091 pixels mm⁻¹
 φ and ω scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 2007)

$T_{\min} = 0.735$, $T_{\max} = 0.995$
11507 measured reflections
2716 independent reflections
1769 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.096$
 $\theta_{\max} = 25.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 3.0^\circ$
 $h = -4 \rightarrow 4$
 $k = -29 \rightarrow 29$
 $l = -19 \rightarrow 19$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.093$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.260$
 $S = 1.04$
2716 reflections
215 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
and constrained refinement
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.1P)^2 + 10.4045P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.40 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.45 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C11	0.0208 (4)	0.57108 (6)	0.05313 (10)	0.0256 (5)
O1	1.3298 (11)	0.93299 (18)	0.2940 (3)	0.0232 (10)
N1	0.1966 (13)	0.7497 (2)	-0.0985 (3)	0.0201 (12)
N2	0.6619 (13)	0.8261 (2)	0.1080 (3)	0.0214 (12)
H2N	0.6968	0.8080	0.1547	0.026*
N3	0.7680 (12)	0.8795 (2)	0.1015 (3)	0.0195 (12)
C1	0.2920 (16)	0.8018 (3)	-0.0989 (4)	0.0232 (15)
H1	0.2504	0.8220	-0.1484	0.028*
C2	0.4479 (15)	0.8288 (2)	-0.0322 (4)	0.0183 (13)
H2	0.5157	0.8658	-0.0377	0.022*
C3	0.5046 (15)	0.8016 (2)	0.0426 (4)	0.0203 (14)
C4	0.3926 (15)	0.7459 (2)	0.0470 (4)	0.0176 (13)
C5	0.4234 (15)	0.7141 (3)	0.1204 (4)	0.0223 (14)
H5	0.5240	0.7296	0.1692	0.027*
C6	0.3094 (16)	0.6611 (2)	0.1217 (4)	0.0206 (14)

H6	0.3293	0.6402	0.1712	0.025*
C7	0.1640 (15)	0.6384 (2)	0.0496 (4)	0.0176 (13)
C8	0.1307 (16)	0.6672 (3)	-0.0225 (4)	0.0213 (14)
H8	0.0329	0.6504	-0.0707	0.026*
C9	0.2419 (15)	0.7222 (2)	-0.0257 (4)	0.0180 (13)
C10	0.9303 (15)	0.8980 (3)	0.1657 (4)	0.0211 (14)
H10	0.9774	0.8745	0.2115	0.025*
C11	1.0442 (14)	0.9551 (2)	0.1693 (4)	0.0164 (13)
C12	1.2380 (14)	0.9726 (2)	0.2387 (4)	0.0181 (14)
C13	1.3295 (16)	1.0271 (3)	0.2466 (4)	0.0237 (15)
H13	1.4596	1.0391	0.2938	0.028*
C14	1.2299 (16)	1.0641 (3)	0.1851 (4)	0.0222 (14)
H14	1.2908	1.1014	0.1909	0.027*
C15	1.0422 (16)	1.0471 (3)	0.1152 (4)	0.0249 (15)
H15	0.9778	1.0725	0.0731	0.030*
C16	0.9495 (15)	0.9922 (2)	0.1078 (4)	0.0212 (14)
H16	0.8211	0.9802	0.0604	0.025*
C17	1.5235 (16)	0.9495 (3)	0.3666 (4)	0.0242 (15)
H17A	1.7439	0.9642	0.3501	0.036*
H17B	1.5613	0.9179	0.4030	0.036*
H17C	1.3976	0.9777	0.3962	0.036*
O1W	0.7223 (14)	0.7893 (2)	0.2807 (3)	0.0304 (12)
H1W	0.53 (2)	0.785 (3)	0.300 (5)	0.046*
H2W	0.89 (2)	0.780 (3)	0.309 (5)	0.046*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C11	0.0319 (9)	0.0186 (8)	0.0263 (9)	-0.0044 (7)	-0.0002 (7)	0.0044 (7)
O1	0.028 (2)	0.023 (2)	0.018 (2)	0.0005 (19)	-0.0047 (18)	-0.001 (2)
N1	0.027 (3)	0.019 (3)	0.015 (3)	-0.002 (2)	-0.003 (2)	0.002 (2)
N2	0.027 (3)	0.020 (3)	0.017 (3)	-0.002 (2)	-0.003 (2)	0.002 (2)
N3	0.022 (3)	0.015 (3)	0.022 (3)	-0.002 (2)	0.004 (2)	-0.002 (2)
C1	0.026 (3)	0.026 (4)	0.017 (4)	0.000 (3)	-0.005 (3)	0.008 (3)
C2	0.023 (3)	0.015 (3)	0.017 (3)	-0.001 (2)	0.004 (3)	-0.004 (3)
C3	0.018 (3)	0.020 (3)	0.022 (4)	0.002 (3)	-0.003 (3)	-0.004 (3)
C4	0.016 (3)	0.020 (3)	0.017 (3)	0.001 (2)	0.005 (2)	0.001 (3)
C5	0.023 (3)	0.025 (3)	0.019 (4)	0.002 (3)	-0.002 (3)	0.000 (3)
C6	0.029 (3)	0.015 (3)	0.018 (4)	0.002 (3)	0.001 (3)	-0.001 (3)
C7	0.019 (3)	0.017 (3)	0.018 (3)	0.002 (2)	0.008 (2)	-0.002 (3)
C8	0.023 (3)	0.024 (3)	0.017 (4)	-0.004 (3)	-0.004 (3)	-0.001 (3)
C9	0.023 (3)	0.016 (3)	0.015 (3)	0.000 (2)	-0.002 (3)	-0.002 (3)
C10	0.019 (3)	0.021 (3)	0.023 (4)	0.001 (3)	0.002 (3)	0.005 (3)
C11	0.014 (3)	0.016 (3)	0.018 (3)	-0.004 (2)	0.001 (2)	-0.003 (3)
C12	0.014 (3)	0.019 (3)	0.022 (4)	0.001 (2)	0.006 (2)	-0.004 (3)
C13	0.027 (3)	0.026 (3)	0.018 (4)	-0.001 (3)	0.000 (3)	0.001 (3)
C14	0.026 (3)	0.015 (3)	0.026 (4)	-0.007 (3)	0.011 (3)	-0.003 (3)
C15	0.027 (3)	0.019 (3)	0.029 (4)	0.006 (3)	0.003 (3)	0.003 (3)

C16	0.024 (3)	0.018 (3)	0.021 (4)	0.001 (3)	0.004 (3)	-0.004 (3)
C17	0.022 (3)	0.030 (4)	0.021 (4)	-0.002 (3)	-0.002 (3)	-0.005 (3)
O1W	0.028 (3)	0.039 (3)	0.024 (3)	0.000 (2)	-0.005 (2)	0.004 (2)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C11—C7	1.744 (6)	C7—C8	1.362 (9)
O1—C12	1.360 (7)	C8—C9	1.419 (9)
O1—C17	1.434 (7)	C8—H8	0.9500
N1—C1	1.330 (8)	C10—C11	1.471 (8)
N1—C9	1.361 (8)	C10—H10	0.9500
N2—C3	1.348 (8)	C11—C16	1.388 (9)
N2—N3	1.379 (7)	C11—C12	1.401 (8)
N2—H2N	0.8800	C12—C13	1.388 (9)
N3—C10	1.282 (8)	C13—C14	1.391 (9)
C1—C2	1.389 (9)	C13—H13	0.9500
C1—H1	0.9500	C14—C15	1.391 (9)
C2—C3	1.391 (9)	C14—H14	0.9500
C2—H2	0.9500	C15—C16	1.399 (9)
C3—C4	1.436 (8)	C15—H15	0.9500
C4—C9	1.420 (8)	C16—H16	0.9500
C4—C5	1.420 (9)	C17—H17A	0.9800
C5—C6	1.372 (9)	C17—H17B	0.9800
C5—H5	0.9500	C17—H17C	0.9800
C6—C7	1.396 (9)	O1W—H1W	0.81 (9)
C6—H6	0.9500	O1W—H2W	0.82 (9)
C12—O1—C17	117.2 (5)	N1—C9—C4	123.4 (5)
C1—N1—C9	116.6 (5)	C8—C9—C4	118.6 (6)
C3—N2—N3	119.7 (5)	N3—C10—C11	120.7 (6)
C3—N2—H2N	120.2	N3—C10—H10	119.6
N3—N2—H2N	120.2	C11—C10—H10	119.6
C10—N3—N2	114.6 (5)	C16—C11—C12	119.9 (6)
N1—C1—C2	124.9 (6)	C16—C11—C10	121.4 (5)
N1—C1—H1	117.6	C12—C11—C10	118.7 (5)
C2—C1—H1	117.6	O1—C12—C13	124.3 (6)
C1—C2—C3	119.9 (6)	O1—C12—C11	115.7 (5)
C1—C2—H2	120.1	C13—C12—C11	120.0 (6)
C3—C2—H2	120.1	C12—C13—C14	119.6 (6)
N2—C3—C2	121.6 (6)	C12—C13—H13	120.2
N2—C3—C4	121.2 (6)	C14—C13—H13	120.2
C2—C3—C4	117.2 (5)	C15—C14—C13	120.9 (6)
C9—C4—C5	119.1 (5)	C15—C14—H14	119.5
C9—C4—C3	117.9 (5)	C13—C14—H14	119.5
C5—C4—C3	122.9 (6)	C14—C15—C16	119.1 (6)
C6—C5—C4	120.8 (6)	C14—C15—H15	120.4
C6—C5—H5	119.6	C16—C15—H15	120.4
C4—C5—H5	119.6	C11—C16—C15	120.3 (6)

C5—C6—C7	119.3 (6)	C11—C16—H16	119.8
C5—C6—H6	120.3	C15—C16—H16	119.8
C7—C6—H6	120.3	O1—C17—H17A	109.5
C8—C7—C6	122.0 (6)	O1—C17—H17B	109.5
C8—C7—C11	119.7 (5)	H17A—C17—H17B	109.5
C6—C7—C11	118.3 (5)	O1—C17—H17C	109.5
C7—C8—C9	120.1 (6)	H17A—C17—H17C	109.5
C7—C8—H8	119.9	H17B—C17—H17C	109.5
C9—C8—H8	119.9	H1W—O1W—H2W	118 (9)
N1—C9—C8	118.0 (5)		
C3—N2—N3—C10	-176.6 (6)	C7—C8—C9—C4	1.1 (9)
C9—N1—C1—C2	3.4 (9)	C5—C4—C9—N1	178.9 (6)
N1—C1—C2—C3	-2.1 (10)	C3—C4—C9—N1	-0.4 (9)
N3—N2—C3—C2	0.5 (9)	C5—C4—C9—C8	-0.8 (9)
N3—N2—C3—C4	179.6 (5)	C3—C4—C9—C8	179.9 (6)
C1—C2—C3—N2	178.5 (6)	N2—N3—C10—C11	-177.0 (5)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.6 (9)	N3—C10—C11—C16	6.9 (9)
N2—C3—C4—C9	-177.4 (6)	N3—C10—C11—C12	-176.3 (6)
C2—C3—C4—C9	1.7 (8)	C17—O1—C12—C13	2.3 (9)
N2—C3—C4—C5	3.3 (9)	C17—O1—C12—C11	-178.9 (5)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-177.6 (6)	C16—C11—C12—O1	-177.5 (5)
C9—C4—C5—C6	0.0 (9)	C10—C11—C12—O1	5.6 (8)
C3—C4—C5—C6	179.3 (6)	C16—C11—C12—C13	1.3 (9)
C4—C5—C6—C7	0.5 (9)	C10—C11—C12—C13	-175.6 (6)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-0.1 (9)	O1—C12—C13—C14	178.2 (6)
C5—C6—C7—C11	-179.9 (5)	C11—C12—C13—C14	-0.5 (9)
C6—C7—C8—C9	-0.7 (10)	C12—C13—C14—C15	-0.6 (10)
C11—C7—C8—C9	179.1 (5)	C13—C14—C15—C16	0.9 (10)
C1—N1—C9—C8	177.7 (6)	C12—C11—C16—C15	-1.0 (9)
C1—N1—C9—C4	-2.0 (9)	C10—C11—C16—C15	175.8 (6)
C7—C8—C9—N1	-178.6 (6)	C14—C15—C16—C11	-0.1 (10)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
N2—H2N...O1 <i>W</i>	0.88	2.08	2.928 (7)	161
O1 <i>W</i> —H1 <i>W</i> ...N1 ⁱ	0.81 (9)	2.30 (9)	3.030 (8)	150 (8)
O1 <i>W</i> —H2 <i>W</i> ...N1 ⁱⁱ	0.82 (9)	2.03 (9)	2.820 (7)	163 (8)
C5—H5...O1 <i>W</i>	0.95	2.43	3.358 (8)	166

Symmetry codes: (i) *x*, -*y*+3/2, *z*+1/2; (ii) *x*+1, -*y*+3/2, *z*+1/2.