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2,4-Dichloro-*N*-(4-chlorophenyl)-benzenesulfonamideP. G. Nirmala,^a B. Thimme Gowda,^{a*} Sabine Foro^b and Hartmut Fuess^b

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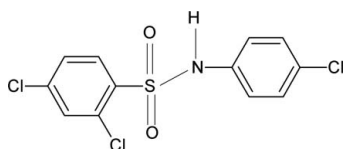
Received 20 March 2010; accepted 20 March 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 299$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.035; wR factor = 0.091; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.4.

The molecule of the title compound, $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_8\text{Cl}_3\text{NO}_2\text{S}$, is twisted at the S atom, the C—SO₂—NH—C torsion angle being 67.8 (2)°. The dihedral angle between the two benzene rings is 65.0 (1)°. The crystal structure features inversion dimers linked by pairs of N—H···O hydrogen bonds.

Related literature

For the preparation of the title compound, see: Savitha & Gowda (2006). For our study of the effect of substituents on the structures of *N*-(aryl)arylsulfonamides, see: Gowda *et al.* (2009, 2010). For related structures, see: Gelbrich *et al.* (2007); Perlovich *et al.* (2006).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_8\text{Cl}_3\text{NO}_2\text{S}$
 $M_r = 336.60$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 $a = 6.3925$ (9) Å

$b = 10.524$ (2) Å
 $c = 11.684$ (2) Å
 $\alpha = 69.51$ (1)°
 $\beta = 77.96$ (1)°

$\gamma = 77.30$ (1)°
 $V = 710.8$ (2) Å³
 $Z = 2$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\mu = 0.79$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 299$ K
 $0.40 \times 0.40 \times 0.30$ mm

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur single-crystal X-ray diffractometer with a Sapphire CCD detector
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis RED*; Oxford)

Diffraction, 2009)
 $T_{\min} = 0.744$, $T_{\max} = 0.798$
4462 measured reflections
2873 independent reflections
2514 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.008$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.091$
 $S = 1.04$
2873 reflections
175 parameters
1 restraint

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.41$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.47$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1N}\cdots\text{O2}^i$	0.84 (2)	2.20 (2)	3.014 (3)	163 (2)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 1, -y, -z$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis CCD* (Oxford Diffraction, 2009); cell refinement: *CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2009); data reduction: *CrysAlis RED*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CI5064).

References

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, o918 [doi:10.1107/S1600536810010494]

2,4-Dichloro-*N*-(4-chlorophenyl)benzenesulfonamide

P. G. Nirmala, B. Thimme Gowda, Sabine Foro and Hartmut Fuess

S1. Comment

In the present work, as part of a study of substituent effects on the structures of *N*-(aryl)arylsulfonamides (Gowda *et al.*, 2009, 2010), the structure of 2,4-dichloro-*N*-(4-chlorophenyl)benzenesulfonamide (I) has been determined (Fig. 1). The molecule is twisted at the S—N bond with the C—SO₂—NH—C torsion angle being 67.8 (2)° compared to the values of 60.6 (4)° (molecule 1), -59.7 (3)° (molecule 2), 63.9 (4)° (molecule 3) and 53.0 (4)° (molecule 4), in the four molecules of 2,4-dichloro-*N*-(4-methylphenyl)benzenesulfonamide (II) (Gowda *et al.*, 2010) and -48.2 (2)° in 2,4-dichloro-*N*-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)benzenesulfonamide (III) (Gowda *et al.*, 2009).

The sulfonyl benzene and the aniline benzene rings in (I) are tilted relative to each other by 65.0 (1)°, compared to the values of 85.2 (1)° (molecule 1), 80.5 (2)° (molecule 2, disordered orientation A), 80.1 (2)° (molecule 2, orientation B), 87.5 (7)° (molecule 3, disordered orientation A), 87.0 (6)° (molecule 3, orientation B) and 72.4 (1)° (molecule 4) in the four molecules of (II) and 68.9 (1)° in (III). The other bond parameters in (I) are similar to those observed in (II), (III) and other aryl sulfonamides (Perlovich *et al.*, 2006; Gelbrich *et al.*, 2007).

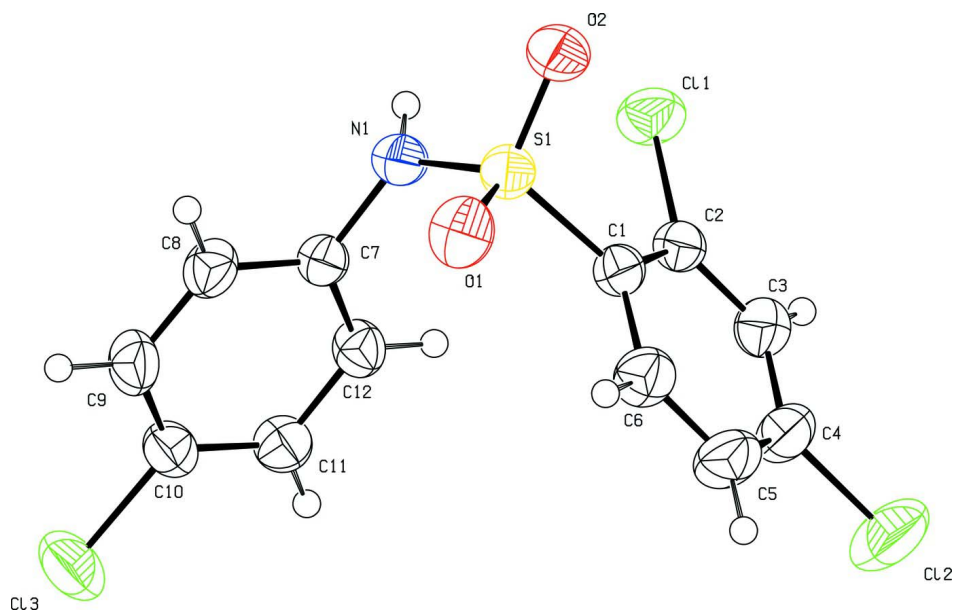
In the crystal structure, the pairs of intermolecular N—H···O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) link the molecules to form inversion-related dimers as shown in Fig. 2.

S2. Experimental

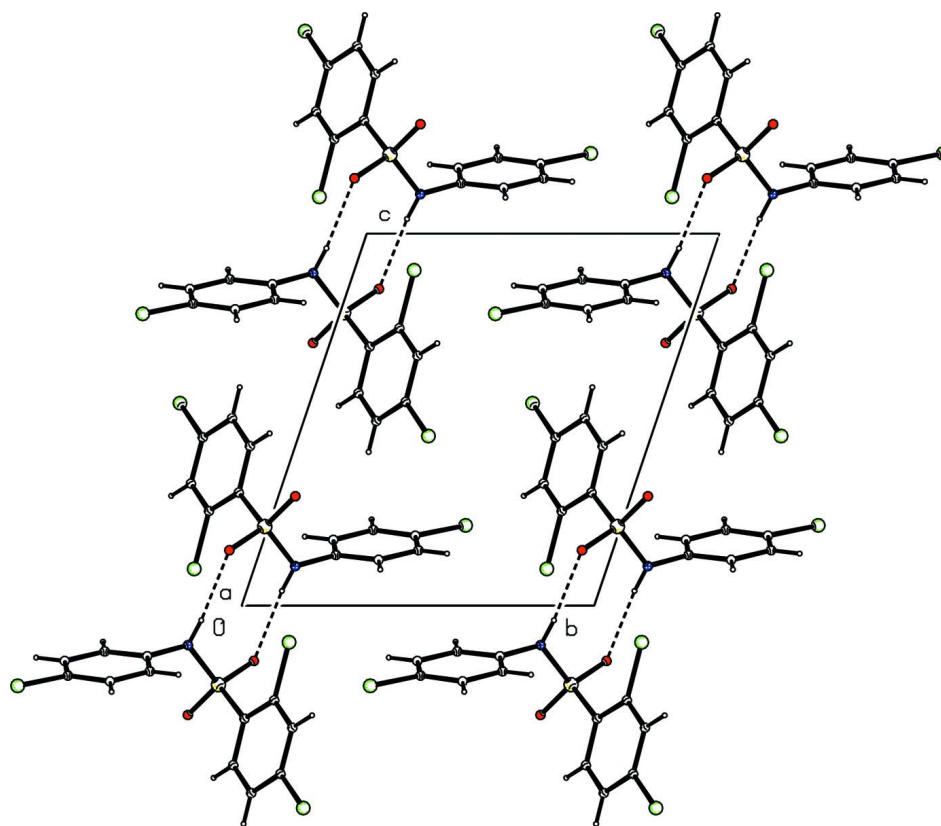
The solution of 1,3-dichlorobenzene (10 ml) in chloroform (40 ml) was treated drop-wise with chlorosulfonic acid (25 ml) at 273 K. After the initial evolution of hydrogen chloride subsided, the reaction mixture was brought to room temperature and poured into crushed ice in a beaker. The chloroform layer was separated, washed with cold water and allowed to evaporate slowly. The residual 2,4-dichlorobenzenesulfonylchloride was treated with a stoichiometric amount of *p*-chloroaniline and boiled for ten minutes. The reaction mixture was then cooled to room temperature and added to ice cold water (100 ml). The resultant solid 2,4-dichloro-*N*-(4-chlorophenyl)benzenesulfonamide was filtered under suction and washed thoroughly with cold water. It was then recrystallized to constant melting point from dilute ethanol. The purity of the compound was checked and characterized by recording its infrared and NMR spectra (Savitha & Gowda, 2006). The single crystals used in X-ray diffraction studies were grown in ethanolic solution by slow evaporation at room temperature.

S3. Refinement

The H atom of the NH group was located in a difference map and refined with the distance restraint N—H = 0.86 (2) Å. The other H atoms were positioned with idealized geometry using a riding model [C—H = 0.93 Å]. All H atoms were refined with isotropic displacement parameters (set to 1.2 times of the U_{eq} of the parent atom).

**Figure 1**

Molecular structure of (I), showing the atom-labelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

**Figure 2**

Molecular packing of (I) with hydrogen bonding shown as dashed lines.

2,4-Dichloro-*N*-(4-chlorophenyl)benzenesulfonamide

Crystal data

C₁₂H₈Cl₃NO₂S $M_r = 336.60$ Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: -P 1

 $a = 6.3925$ (9) Å $b = 10.524$ (2) Å $c = 11.684$ (2) Å $\alpha = 69.51$ (1)° $\beta = 77.96$ (1)° $\gamma = 77.30$ (1)° $V = 710.8$ (2) Å³ $Z = 2$ $F(000) = 340$ $D_x = 1.573$ Mg m⁻³Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 2802 reflections

 $\theta = 3.2$ – 27.7 ° $\mu = 0.79$ mm⁻¹ $T = 299$ K

Prism, colourless

 $0.40 \times 0.40 \times 0.30$ mm

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur single-crystal X-ray

diffractometer with a Sapphire CCD detector

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

Rotation method data acquisition using ω and φ scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(CrysAlis RED; Oxford Diffraction, 2009)

 $T_{\min} = 0.744$, $T_{\max} = 0.798$

4462 measured reflections

2873 independent reflections

2514 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.008$ $\theta_{\max} = 26.4$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 3.2$ ° $h = -7 \rightarrow 7$ $k = -13 \rightarrow 13$ $l = -14 \rightarrow 12$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$ $wR(F^2) = 0.091$ $S = 1.04$

2873 reflections

175 parameters

1 restraint

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0386P)^2 + 0.4934P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.41$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.47$ e Å⁻³

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.2300 (3)	-0.1157 (2)	0.30386 (18)	0.0362 (4)
C2	0.1233 (3)	-0.1828 (2)	0.25451 (18)	0.0370 (4)

C3	-0.0339 (4)	-0.2602 (2)	0.3281 (2)	0.0449 (5)
H3	-0.1049	-0.3044	0.2949	0.054*
C4	-0.0835 (4)	-0.2707 (2)	0.4523 (2)	0.0504 (5)
C5	0.0190 (4)	-0.2058 (3)	0.5036 (2)	0.0553 (6)
H5	-0.0168	-0.2136	0.5869	0.066*
C6	0.1766 (4)	-0.1286 (2)	0.4290 (2)	0.0477 (5)
H6	0.2472	-0.0850	0.4629	0.057*
C7	0.1442 (3)	0.2193 (2)	0.13604 (18)	0.0357 (4)
C8	0.1996 (3)	0.3448 (2)	0.1231 (2)	0.0430 (5)
H8	0.3429	0.3588	0.0971	0.052*
C9	0.0426 (4)	0.4488 (2)	0.1487 (2)	0.0473 (5)
H9	0.0792	0.5329	0.1397	0.057*
C10	-0.1696 (3)	0.4259 (2)	0.1880 (2)	0.0421 (5)
C11	-0.2275 (3)	0.3009 (2)	0.2035 (2)	0.0420 (5)
H11	-0.3703	0.2865	0.2317	0.050*
C12	-0.0694 (3)	0.1975 (2)	0.17658 (19)	0.0397 (4)
H12	-0.1065	0.1135	0.1857	0.048*
N1	0.3104 (3)	0.11422 (18)	0.10621 (17)	0.0432 (4)
H1N	0.312 (4)	0.100 (3)	0.0395 (18)	0.052*
O1	0.4832 (3)	0.04803 (18)	0.29394 (16)	0.0551 (4)
O2	0.5937 (2)	-0.08756 (17)	0.14887 (15)	0.0529 (4)
Cl1	0.17630 (10)	-0.16945 (7)	0.09860 (5)	0.05343 (17)
Cl2	-0.28179 (14)	-0.36791 (9)	0.54410 (7)	0.0830 (3)
Cl3	-0.36952 (11)	0.55863 (7)	0.21560 (8)	0.0699 (2)
S1	0.42695 (8)	-0.00974 (5)	0.21258 (5)	0.03973 (14)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0351 (10)	0.0349 (10)	0.0358 (10)	-0.0039 (8)	-0.0043 (8)	-0.0094 (8)
C2	0.0393 (10)	0.0357 (10)	0.0334 (10)	-0.0018 (8)	-0.0043 (8)	-0.0109 (8)
C3	0.0463 (12)	0.0424 (11)	0.0464 (12)	-0.0104 (9)	-0.0050 (9)	-0.0138 (9)
C4	0.0497 (13)	0.0499 (13)	0.0429 (12)	-0.0139 (10)	0.0019 (10)	-0.0056 (10)
C5	0.0659 (15)	0.0634 (15)	0.0325 (11)	-0.0148 (12)	-0.0011 (10)	-0.0112 (10)
C6	0.0557 (13)	0.0513 (13)	0.0384 (11)	-0.0118 (10)	-0.0073 (10)	-0.0149 (10)
C7	0.0369 (10)	0.0344 (10)	0.0335 (9)	-0.0039 (8)	-0.0044 (8)	-0.0095 (8)
C8	0.0365 (10)	0.0412 (11)	0.0480 (12)	-0.0122 (9)	-0.0032 (9)	-0.0081 (9)
C9	0.0525 (13)	0.0337 (10)	0.0574 (13)	-0.0131 (9)	-0.0071 (10)	-0.0134 (9)
C10	0.0425 (11)	0.0373 (10)	0.0454 (11)	-0.0003 (9)	-0.0070 (9)	-0.0152 (9)
C11	0.0340 (10)	0.0450 (11)	0.0483 (12)	-0.0082 (9)	-0.0047 (9)	-0.0159 (9)
C12	0.0402 (10)	0.0365 (10)	0.0462 (11)	-0.0098 (8)	-0.0065 (9)	-0.0154 (9)
N1	0.0445 (10)	0.0402 (9)	0.0379 (9)	-0.0001 (8)	-0.0002 (8)	-0.0113 (8)
O1	0.0531 (9)	0.0575 (10)	0.0612 (10)	-0.0182 (8)	-0.0146 (8)	-0.0175 (8)
O2	0.0368 (8)	0.0504 (9)	0.0592 (10)	0.0036 (7)	0.0019 (7)	-0.0141 (8)
Cl1	0.0641 (4)	0.0632 (4)	0.0384 (3)	-0.0168 (3)	0.0000 (2)	-0.0230 (3)
Cl2	0.0816 (5)	0.0924 (6)	0.0669 (5)	-0.0470 (4)	0.0183 (4)	-0.0121 (4)
Cl3	0.0592 (4)	0.0491 (3)	0.0987 (5)	0.0051 (3)	0.0000 (4)	-0.0350 (4)
S1	0.0324 (3)	0.0389 (3)	0.0448 (3)	-0.0049 (2)	-0.0031 (2)	-0.0116 (2)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—C6	1.395 (3)	C7—N1	1.440 (3)
C1—C2	1.398 (3)	C8—C9	1.384 (3)
C1—S1	1.787 (2)	C8—H8	0.93
C2—C3	1.387 (3)	C9—C10	1.384 (3)
C2—C11	1.743 (2)	C9—H9	0.93
C3—C4	1.389 (3)	C10—C11	1.384 (3)
C3—H3	0.93	C10—C13	1.746 (2)
C4—C5	1.380 (4)	C11—C12	1.389 (3)
C4—C12	1.743 (2)	C11—H11	0.93
C5—C6	1.391 (3)	C12—H12	0.93
C5—H5	0.93	N1—S1	1.6203 (19)
C6—H6	0.93	N1—H1N	0.839 (16)
C7—C12	1.391 (3)	O1—S1	1.4305 (17)
C7—C8	1.391 (3)	O2—S1	1.4398 (16)
C6—C1—C2	118.88 (19)	C7—C8—H8	119.8
C6—C1—S1	118.25 (16)	C10—C9—C8	119.11 (19)
C2—C1—S1	122.84 (15)	C10—C9—H9	120.4
C3—C2—C1	120.79 (18)	C8—C9—H9	120.4
C3—C2—C11	117.32 (16)	C9—C10—C11	121.48 (19)
C1—C2—C11	121.87 (15)	C9—C10—C13	119.21 (17)
C2—C3—C4	118.9 (2)	C11—C10—C13	119.30 (16)
C2—C3—H3	120.6	C10—C11—C12	119.08 (19)
C4—C3—H3	120.6	C10—C11—H11	120.5
C5—C4—C3	121.7 (2)	C12—C11—H11	120.5
C5—C4—C12	119.76 (18)	C11—C12—C7	120.12 (18)
C3—C4—C12	118.58 (19)	C11—C12—H12	119.9
C4—C5—C6	119.0 (2)	C7—C12—H12	119.9
C4—C5—H5	120.5	C7—N1—S1	121.38 (14)
C6—C5—H5	120.5	C7—N1—H1N	117.2 (18)
C5—C6—C1	120.8 (2)	S1—N1—H1N	117.4 (18)
C5—C6—H6	119.6	O1—S1—O2	119.68 (10)
C1—C6—H6	119.6	O1—S1—N1	108.21 (10)
C12—C7—C8	119.89 (18)	O2—S1—N1	105.97 (10)
C12—C7—N1	121.13 (18)	O1—S1—C1	105.62 (10)
C8—C7—N1	118.99 (18)	O2—S1—C1	109.05 (10)
C9—C8—C7	120.31 (19)	N1—S1—C1	107.86 (10)
C9—C8—H8	119.8		
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.4 (3)	C8—C9—C10—C13	-177.94 (18)
S1—C1—C2—C3	-177.75 (16)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-1.4 (3)
C6—C1—C2—C11	178.71 (16)	C13—C10—C11—C12	177.38 (17)
S1—C1—C2—C11	0.6 (2)	C10—C11—C12—C7	0.8 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.3 (3)	C8—C7—C12—C11	0.3 (3)
C11—C2—C3—C4	-178.66 (17)	N1—C7—C12—C11	-179.30 (19)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.2 (4)	C12—C7—N1—S1	-81.8 (2)

C2—C3—C4—C12	179.86 (17)	C8—C7—N1—S1	98.6 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.3 (4)	C7—N1—S1—O1	-46.02 (19)
C12—C4—C5—C6	-179.93 (19)	C7—N1—S1—O2	-175.53 (16)
C4—C5—C6—C1	0.4 (4)	C7—N1—S1—C1	67.79 (18)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.5 (3)	C6—C1—S1—O1	-2.80 (19)
S1—C1—C6—C5	177.76 (19)	C2—C1—S1—O1	175.37 (16)
C12—C7—C8—C9	-0.9 (3)	C6—C1—S1—O2	127.02 (17)
N1—C7—C8—C9	178.7 (2)	C2—C1—S1—O2	-54.81 (19)
C7—C8—C9—C10	0.3 (3)	C6—C1—S1—N1	-118.33 (17)
C8—C9—C10—C11	0.8 (3)	C2—C1—S1—N1	59.84 (19)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D—H...A</i>	<i>D—H</i>	<i>H...A</i>	<i>D...A</i>	<i>D—H...A</i>
N1—H1N...O2 ⁱ	0.84 (2)	2.20 (2)	3.014 (3)	163 (2)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1, -y, -z$.