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Bis[*N*-(1-naphthyl)ethylenediammonium] hexabromidoplumbate(II)

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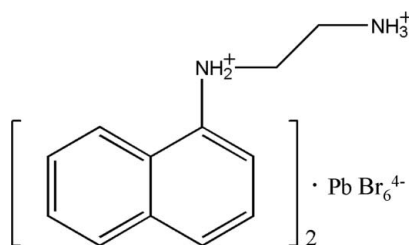
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 296$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.013$ Å; R factor = 0.067; wR factor = 0.174; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.1.

The title compound, $(\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2)_2[\text{PbBr}_6]$, is an organic-inorganic salt, with two doubly protonated *N*-(1-naphthyl)ethylenediammonium cations and one octahedral hexabromidoplumbate(II) anion. The Pb^{II} atom is located on a centre of inversion. The crystal structure consists of alternating inorganic and organic layers parallel to the *bc* plane. Face-to-face aromatic stacking interactions [centroid-centroid distance = $3.505(5)$ Å] occur between parallel naphthalene systems in the organic layers, and $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Br}$ hydrogen bonds between the cations and anions stabilize the crystal structure.

Related literature

For the related structure bis[*N*-(1-naphthyl)ethylenediammonium] hexaiodidoplumbate(II), see: Zheng *et al.* (2007).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $(\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2)_2[\text{PbBr}_6]$
 $M_r = 1063.19$

 Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 $a = 8.1193(4)$ Å

 $b = 8.5598(4)$ Å

 $c = 12.4328(6)$ Å

 $\alpha = 80.4601(13)^\circ$
 $\beta = 79.4756(14)^\circ$
 $\gamma = 62.8592(10)^\circ$
 $V = 752.63(6)$ Å³
 $Z = 1$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 13.59$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 296$ K
 $0.39 \times 0.33 \times 0.20$ mm

Data collection

 Rigaku R-Axis RAPID
 diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.008$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.066$

 6484 measured reflections
 2938 independent reflections
 2444 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.092$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.067$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.174$
 $S = 1.00$
 2938 reflections

 162 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 3.73$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -3.27$ e Å⁻³
Table 1

Selected bond lengths (Å).

Pb1—Br1	3.0749 (8)	Pb1—Br3	3.0118 (10)
Pb1—Br2	2.9944 (10)		

Table 2

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ⋯ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H⋯ <i>A</i>
N1—H1A \cdots Br1	0.90	2.48	3.364 (8)	168
N1—H1B \cdots Br3 ⁱ	0.90	2.89	3.618 (7)	139
N2—H2B \cdots Br2 ⁱⁱ	0.89	2.59	3.339 (9)	143

 Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, -y + 2, -z + 1$; (ii) $-x + 2, -y + 1, -z + 1$.

Data collection: *PROCESS-AUTO* (Rigaku, 2006); cell refinement: *PROCESS-AUTO*; data reduction: *CrystalStructure* (Rigaku, 2007); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: XU2718).

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supporting information

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Bis[N-(1-naphthyl)ethylenediammonium] hexabromidoplumbate(II)

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S1. Comment

The title compound is a organic-inorganic compound, its structure is similar to bis(N-(1-naphthyl)ethylenediammonium) hexaiodoplumbate(II) (Zheng *et al.*, 2007). The crystal structure is composed of alternating organic and inorganic sheets nearly parallel to the *bc* plane (Fig. 1). The Pb^{II} cation is located on an inversion center and coordinated by six Br⁻ anions with a distorted octahedral geometry (Fig. 2). The Pb—Br bond lengths (Table 1) are in the range from 2.9944 (10) to 3.0749 (8) Å. The face-to-face distance between adjacent parallel naphthalene ring systems is 3.505 Å, indicating aromatic π - π interaction. The N—H \cdots Br hydrogen bonding is present in the crystal structure (Table 2).

S2. Experimental

The N-(1-naphthyl)ethylenediamine hydrobromide and PbBr₂ are used as received. Concentrated hydrobromide and acetonitrile were degassed before using. All reactions were carried out under a nitrogen atmosphere. The title compound is prepared by a reaction of 0.1016 g N-(1-naphthyl)ethylenediamine hydrobromide with 0.0719 g PbBr₂ in the mixture solution of 14.6 ml hydrobromide and 1.8 ml acetonitrile at 353 K. The resulting solution was kept at 353 K for 1 h and then slowly cooled down to room temperature. The single crystals were filtered off from the solution.

S3. Refinement

H atoms were placed in calculated positions with C—H = 0.93 (methylene), 0.97 (aromatic) and N—H = 0.89 or 0.90 Å, and included in the final cycles of the refinement in the riding-model approximation with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C},\text{N})$ or $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{N})$.

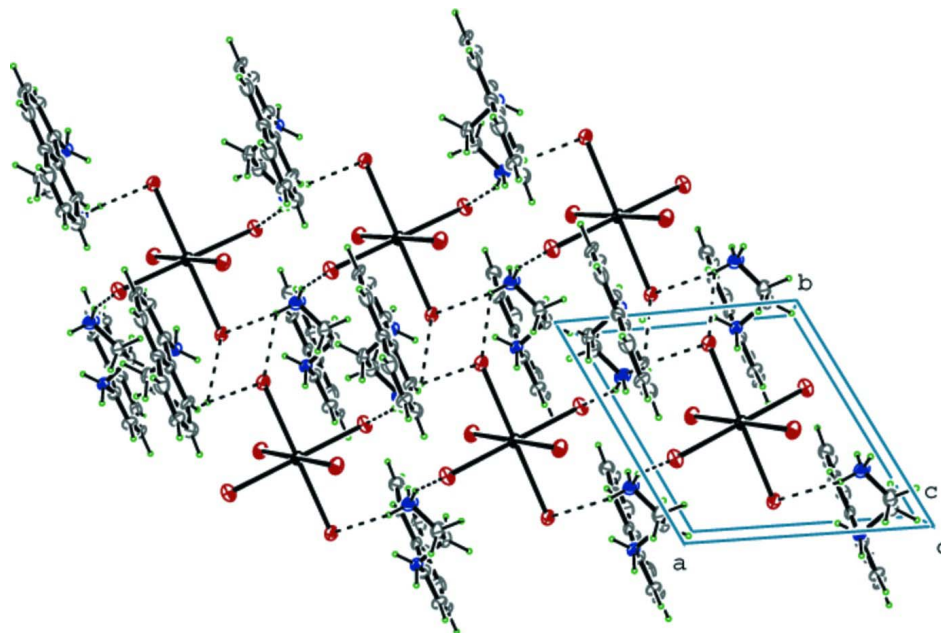


Figure 1

The molecular packing of the title compound viewed along the *b* axis.

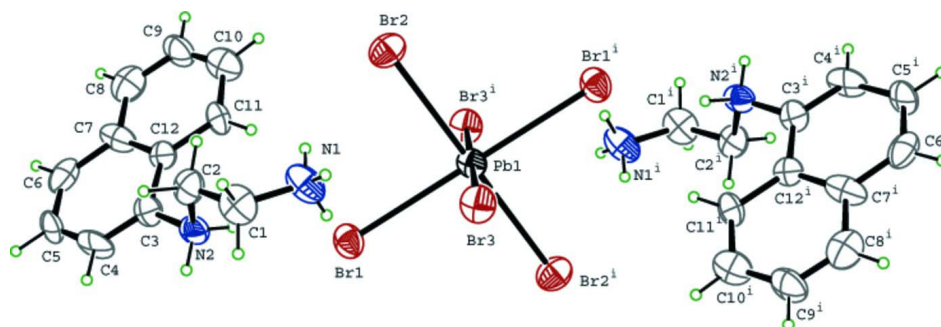


Figure 2

The structure of the title compound [symmetry code: (i) 1-*x*, 1-*y*, 1-*z*].

Bis[*N*-(1-naphthyl)ethylenediammonium] hexabromidoplumbate(II)

Crystal data

(C₁₂H₁₆N₂)₂[PbBr₆]

M_r = 1063.19

Triclinic, *P* $\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: -P 1

a = 8.1193 (4) Å

b = 8.5598 (4) Å

c = 12.4328 (6) Å

α = 80.4601 (13)°

β = 79.4756 (14)°

γ = 62.8592 (10)°

V = 752.63 (6) Å³

Z = 1

F(000) = 496

D_x = 2.346 Mg m⁻³

Mo *K*α radiation, λ = 0.71073 Å

Cell parameters from 6259 reflections

θ = 3.0–27.4°

μ = 13.59 mm⁻¹

T = 296 K

Chunk, colourless

0.39 × 0.33 × 0.20 mm

*Data collection*Rigaku R-Axis RAPID
diffractometer

Radiation source: rolling anode

Graphite monochromator

Detector resolution: 10.00 pixels mm⁻¹ ω scansAbsorption correction: multi-scan
(*ABSCOR*; Higashi, 1995) $T_{\min} = 0.008$, $T_{\max} = 0.066$

6484 measured reflections

2938 independent reflections

2444 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.092$ $\theta_{\max} = 26.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 3.0^\circ$ $h = -9 \rightarrow 10$ $k = -10 \rightarrow 10$ $l = -15 \rightarrow 15$ *Refinement*Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.067$ $wR(F^2) = 0.174$ $S = 1.00$

2938 reflections

162 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methodsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier
mapHydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.073P)^2 + 3P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.002$ $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 3.73 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -3.27 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ Extinction correction: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick,
2008), $F_c^* = kFc[1 + 0.001x\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$

Extinction coefficient: 0.0104 (12)

*Special details***Experimental.** Spectroscopic analysis: IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3008 (N—H asymmetric stretching), 2906 (N—H asymmetric stretching), 1573 (NH₂ bending), 1142 (CH₂ non-planar oscillating). Chemical analysis (calculated): C 27.09%, H 3.01%, N 5.27%; (found): C 27.12%, H 3.04%, N 5.23%.**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.**Refinement.** Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Pb1	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.03697 (12)
Br3	0.69148 (13)	0.55171 (12)	0.66759 (8)	0.0503 (2)
Br2	0.85539 (12)	0.36179 (13)	0.34710 (8)	0.0533 (3)
Br1	0.44025 (12)	0.86889 (11)	0.39152 (8)	0.0482 (2)
N2	0.8772 (11)	0.7533 (10)	0.4518 (7)	0.054 (2)
H2A	0.7695	0.7973	0.4951	0.081*
H2B	0.9659	0.6741	0.4912	0.081*
H2C	0.8658	0.7018	0.3988	0.081*
N1	0.7162 (9)	1.0520 (8)	0.2540 (6)	0.0418 (17)
H1A	0.6464	0.9944	0.2816	0.050*
H1B	0.6673	1.1530	0.2863	0.050*

C1	0.7317 (10)	0.9604 (10)	0.0702 (7)	0.0371 (19)
C6	0.7273 (11)	1.0045 (10)	-0.0447 (8)	0.043 (2)
C10	0.7082 (12)	1.0940 (10)	0.1348 (8)	0.042 (2)
C2	0.7567 (12)	0.7896 (10)	0.1148 (8)	0.042 (2)
H2	0.7528	0.7596	0.1903	0.051*
C11	0.9145 (12)	0.9392 (12)	0.2815 (8)	0.047 (2)
H11A	0.9668	0.8306	0.2465	0.056*
H11B	0.9895	1.0014	0.2513	0.056*
C9	0.6906 (13)	1.2553 (10)	0.0898 (9)	0.050 (2)
H9	0.6822	1.3366	0.1343	0.059*
C5	0.7545 (13)	0.8761 (12)	-0.1131 (9)	0.051 (2)
H5	0.7519	0.9045	-0.1885	0.061*
C12	0.9269 (12)	0.8946 (12)	0.4031 (8)	0.051 (2)
H12A	1.0534	0.8616	0.4159	0.061*
H12B	0.8454	0.9995	0.4402	0.061*
C8	0.6851 (12)	1.2998 (10)	-0.0233 (8)	0.049 (2)
H8	0.6703	1.4115	-0.0540	0.058*
C4	0.7839 (13)	0.7129 (12)	-0.0684 (9)	0.056 (3)
H4	0.8025	0.6291	-0.1141	0.067*
C7	0.7014 (12)	1.1792 (12)	-0.0885 (8)	0.046 (2)
H7	0.6957	1.2109	-0.1635	0.055*
C3	0.7876 (13)	0.6654 (11)	0.0432 (9)	0.052 (3)
H3	0.8106	0.5506	0.0711	0.063*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Pb1	0.03482 (19)	0.03828 (18)	0.0450 (3)	-0.02084 (16)	-0.00683 (18)	-0.00605 (16)
Br3	0.0562 (4)	0.0602 (4)	0.0498 (5)	-0.0361 (4)	-0.0112 (4)	-0.0079 (4)
Br2	0.0390 (4)	0.0651 (5)	0.0514 (6)	-0.0190 (4)	-0.0035 (4)	-0.0078 (4)
Br1	0.0429 (4)	0.0463 (4)	0.0596 (6)	-0.0249 (3)	-0.0068 (4)	0.0014 (4)
N2	0.051 (4)	0.055 (4)	0.062 (5)	-0.028 (3)	-0.020 (4)	0.007 (4)
N1	0.040 (3)	0.039 (3)	0.054 (4)	-0.022 (3)	-0.003 (3)	-0.014 (3)
C1	0.029 (3)	0.042 (3)	0.046 (5)	-0.018 (3)	-0.001 (3)	-0.011 (3)
C6	0.029 (3)	0.040 (3)	0.063 (6)	-0.015 (3)	-0.012 (4)	-0.008 (4)
C10	0.041 (4)	0.045 (4)	0.045 (5)	-0.024 (3)	-0.006 (4)	-0.003 (3)
C2	0.049 (4)	0.042 (3)	0.048 (5)	-0.029 (3)	-0.009 (4)	-0.001 (3)
C11	0.039 (4)	0.052 (4)	0.057 (6)	-0.026 (4)	-0.001 (4)	-0.008 (4)
C9	0.055 (5)	0.037 (3)	0.066 (6)	-0.028 (3)	-0.006 (5)	-0.009 (4)
C5	0.046 (4)	0.063 (5)	0.053 (6)	-0.030 (4)	-0.009 (4)	-0.008 (4)
C12	0.051 (4)	0.054 (4)	0.063 (6)	-0.032 (4)	-0.022 (4)	0.000 (4)
C8	0.047 (4)	0.038 (4)	0.063 (6)	-0.025 (3)	-0.002 (4)	0.002 (4)
C4	0.053 (5)	0.055 (4)	0.070 (7)	-0.025 (4)	-0.008 (5)	-0.025 (4)
C7	0.038 (4)	0.058 (4)	0.038 (5)	-0.022 (4)	0.000 (4)	0.004 (4)
C3	0.045 (4)	0.045 (4)	0.071 (7)	-0.020 (4)	-0.009 (5)	-0.011 (4)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Pb1—Br1	3.0749 (8)	C10—C9	1.354 (12)
Pb1—Br1 ⁱ	3.0749 (8)	C2—C3	1.405 (13)
Pb1—Br2	2.9944 (10)	C2—H2	0.9300
Pb1—Br2 ⁱ	2.9944 (10)	C11—C12	1.506 (13)
Pb1—Br3 ⁱ	3.0118 (10)	C11—H11A	0.9700
Pb1—Br3	3.0118 (10)	C11—H11B	0.9700
N2—C12	1.451 (12)	C9—C8	1.399 (14)
N2—H2A	0.8900	C9—H9	0.9300
N2—H2B	0.8900	C5—C4	1.343 (14)
N2—H2C	0.8900	C5—H5	0.9300
N1—C10	1.472 (12)	C12—H12A	0.9700
N1—C11	1.522 (10)	C12—H12B	0.9700
N1—H1A	0.9000	C8—C7	1.361 (14)
N1—H1B	0.9000	C8—H8	0.9300
C1—C2	1.410 (11)	C4—C3	1.382 (15)
C1—C6	1.419 (13)	C4—H4	0.9300
C1—C10	1.428 (12)	C7—H7	0.9300
C6—C5	1.414 (13)	C3—H3	0.9300
C6—C7	1.436 (13)		
Br2—Pb1—Br2 ⁱ	180.0	C1—C10—N1	119.1 (7)
Br2—Pb1—Br3 ⁱ	88.45 (3)	C3—C2—C1	118.9 (9)
Br2 ⁱ —Pb1—Br3 ⁱ	91.55 (3)	C3—C2—H2	120.6
Br2—Pb1—Br3	91.55 (3)	C1—C2—H2	120.6
Br2 ⁱ —Pb1—Br3	88.45 (3)	C12—C11—N1	113.4 (7)
Br3 ⁱ —Pb1—Br3	180.0	C12—C11—H11A	108.9
Br2—Pb1—Br1	86.43 (3)	N1—C11—H11A	108.9
Br2 ⁱ —Pb1—Br1	93.57 (3)	C12—C11—H11B	108.9
Br3 ⁱ —Pb1—Br1	92.47 (3)	N1—C11—H11B	108.9
Br3—Pb1—Br1	87.53 (3)	H11A—C11—H11B	107.7
Br2—Pb1—Br1 ⁱ	93.57 (3)	C10—C9—C8	120.1 (9)
Br2 ⁱ —Pb1—Br1 ⁱ	86.43 (3)	C10—C9—H9	119.9
Br3 ⁱ —Pb1—Br1 ⁱ	87.53 (3)	C8—C9—H9	119.9
Br3—Pb1—Br1 ⁱ	92.47 (3)	C4—C5—C6	119.6 (10)
Br1—Pb1—Br1 ⁱ	180.0	C4—C5—H5	120.2
C12—N2—H2A	109.5	C6—C5—H5	120.2
C12—N2—H2B	109.5	N2—C12—C11	114.6 (8)
H2A—N2—H2B	109.5	N2—C12—H12A	108.6
C12—N2—H2C	109.5	C11—C12—H12A	108.6
H2A—N2—H2C	109.5	N2—C12—H12B	108.6
H2B—N2—H2C	109.5	C11—C12—H12B	108.6
C10—N1—C11	112.3 (7)	H12A—C12—H12B	107.6
C10—N1—H1A	109.2	C7—C8—C9	119.8 (8)
C11—N1—H1A	109.2	C7—C8—H8	120.1
C10—N1—H1B	109.2	C9—C8—H8	120.1
C11—N1—H1B	109.2	C5—C4—C3	122.1 (10)

H1A—N1—H1B	107.9	C5—C4—H4	118.9
C2—C1—C6	119.0 (8)	C3—C4—H4	118.9
C2—C1—C10	123.5 (8)	C8—C7—C6	121.8 (9)
C6—C1—C10	117.5 (7)	C8—C7—H7	119.1
C5—C6—C1	120.0 (8)	C6—C7—H7	119.1
C5—C6—C7	121.9 (9)	C4—C3—C2	120.4 (9)
C1—C6—C7	118.1 (8)	C4—C3—H3	119.8
C9—C10—C1	122.5 (9)	C2—C3—H3	119.8
C9—C10—N1	118.2 (8)		
C2—C1—C6—C5	-2.2 (12)	C1—C10—C9—C8	3.4 (14)
C10—C1—C6—C5	178.4 (8)	N1—C10—C9—C8	179.1 (8)
C2—C1—C6—C7	179.9 (8)	C1—C6—C5—C4	0.1 (13)
C10—C1—C6—C7	0.5 (11)	C7—C6—C5—C4	177.9 (9)
C2—C1—C10—C9	177.7 (8)	N1—C11—C12—N2	78.7 (10)
C6—C1—C10—C9	-2.9 (12)	C10—C9—C8—C7	-1.4 (14)
C2—C1—C10—N1	2.1 (12)	C6—C5—C4—C3	0.4 (15)
C6—C1—C10—N1	-178.6 (7)	C9—C8—C7—C6	-1.0 (13)
C11—N1—C10—C9	-100.8 (9)	C5—C6—C7—C8	-176.5 (8)
C11—N1—C10—C1	75.0 (10)	C1—C6—C7—C8	1.3 (12)
C6—C1—C2—C3	3.7 (12)	C5—C4—C3—C2	1.2 (15)
C10—C1—C2—C3	-177.0 (8)	C1—C2—C3—C4	-3.2 (13)
C10—N1—C11—C12	179.9 (7)		

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
N1—H1A \cdots Br1	0.90	2.48	3.364 (8)	168
N1—H1B \cdots Br3 ⁱⁱ	0.90	2.89	3.618 (7)	139
N2—H2B \cdots Br2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.89	2.59	3.339 (9)	143

Symmetry codes: (ii) $-x+1, -y+2, -z+1$; (iii) $-x+2, -y+1, -z+1$.