

2-Methylpiperazinediium tetrachloridozincate(II)

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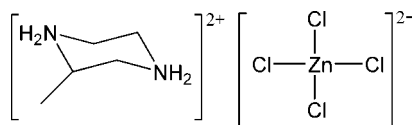
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 291$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005$ Å; R factor = 0.037; wR factor = 0.088; data-to-parameter ratio = 22.0.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound, $(\text{C}_5\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2)[\text{ZnCl}_4]$, consists of a diprotonated 2-methylpiperazine cation and a tetrachloridozincate anion. The Zn^{II} ion is in a slightly distorted tetrahedral coordination environment. The six-membered piperazine ring adopts a chair conformation. The crystal structure is stabilized by intermolecular $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$ hydrogen bonds.

Related literature

For ferroelectricity in coordination polymers, see: Fu *et al.* (2007). For nonlinear optical second harmonic generation induced by coordination polymers, see: Qu *et al.* (2003). For transition-metal complexes of (*R*)-2-methylpiperazine, see: Ye *et al.* (2009).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $(\text{C}_5\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2)[\text{ZnCl}_4]$
 $M_r = 309.35$
 Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$
 $a = 8.4183$ (17) Å

 $b = 14.939$ (3) Å
 $c = 9.830$ (2) Å
 $\beta = 90.35$ (3)°
 $V = 1236.3$ (4) Å³
 $Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 2.81$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 291$ K
 $0.35 \times 0.25 \times 0.15$ mm

Data collection

 Rigaku SCXmini CCD diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrystalClear*; Rigaku, 2005)
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.440$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.678$

 11203 measured reflections
 2423 independent reflections
 2112 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.045$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.088$
 $S = 1.11$
 2423 reflections

 110 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.67$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.45$ e Å⁻³

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1A}\cdots\text{Cl2}^{\text{i}}$	0.90	2.48	3.346 (3)	161
$\text{N1}-\text{H1B}\cdots\text{Cl3}^{\text{ii}}$	0.90	2.55	3.284 (3)	140
$\text{N1}-\text{H1B}\cdots\text{Cl1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.90	2.72	3.322 (3)	125
$\text{N2}-\text{H2A}\cdots\text{Cl4}$	0.90	2.25	3.150 (3)	174
$\text{N2}-\text{H2B}\cdots\text{Cl2}^{\text{iii}}$	0.90	2.48	3.199 (3)	137
$\text{N2}-\text{H2B}\cdots\text{Cl3}^{\text{iii}}$	0.90	2.77	3.444 (3)	133

 Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y, z + 1$; (ii) $-x, -y, -z + 1$; (iii) $x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 2005); cell refinement: *CrystalClear*; data reduction: *CrystalClear*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008) and *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 1999); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HY2296).

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supporting information

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2-Methylpiperazinediium tetrachloridozincate(II)**Ming Yin and Shao-Tong Wu****S1. Comment**

The existence of a chiral center in an organic ligand is very important for the construction noncentrosymmetric or chiral coordination polymers that exhibit desirable physical properties such as ferroelectricity (Fu *et al.*, 2007) and nonlinear optical second harmonic generation (Qu *et al.*, 2003). Chiral (*R*)-2-methylpiperazine has shown tremendous scope in the synthesis of transition-metal complexes (Ye *et al.*, 2009). The construction of new members of this family of ligands is an important direction in the development of modern coordination chemistry. We report here the crystal structure of the title compound.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound consists of a diprotonated (\pm)-2-methylpiperazine cation and a tetrachloridozinc anion with the Zn^{II} ion in a slightly distorted tetrahedral coordination environment (Fig. 1). The 6-membered ring of piperazine adopts a chair conformation. The crystal structure is stabilized by intermolecular N—H \cdots Cl hydrogen bonds (Table 1). The hydrogen bonds form a three-dimensional network (Fig. 2).

S2. Experimental

A mixture of (\pm)-2-methylpiperazine (1 mmol, 0.100 g), ZnCl₂ (1 mmol, 0.136 g) and 10% aqueous HCl (6 ml) was dissolved in 30 ml water by heating to 353 K (10 min), forming a clear solution. The reaction mixture was cooled slowly to room temperature and crystals of the title compound formed after 6 d.

S3. Refinement

H atoms were placed in calculated positions and refined using a riding model, with C—H = 0.98 (CH), 0.97 (CH₂) and 0.96 (CH₃) Å, N—H = 0.90 Å and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2(1.5 \text{ for methyl})U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{N})$.

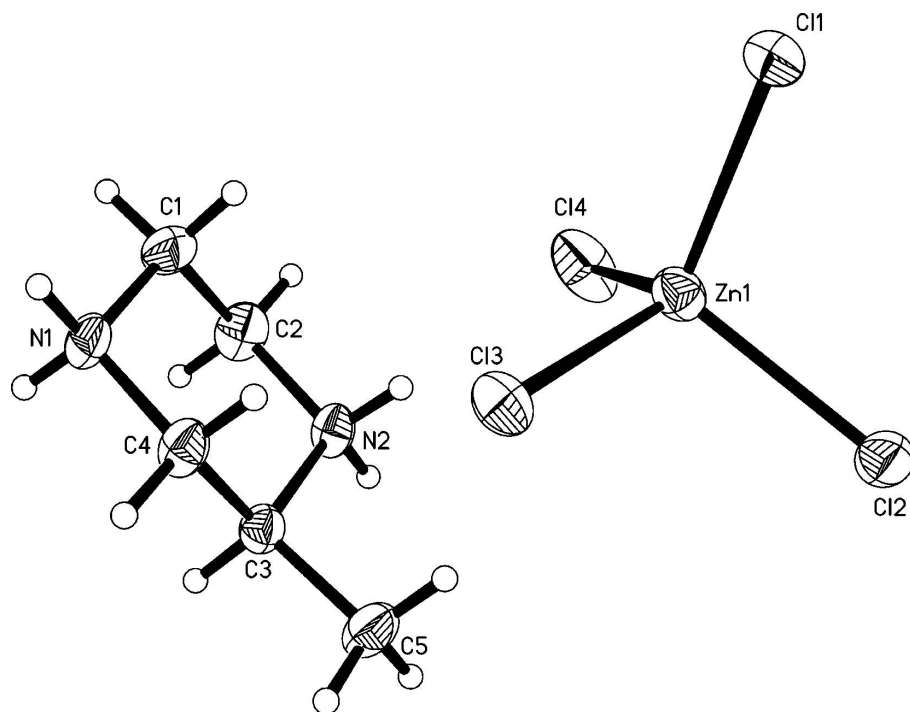


Figure 1

The asymmetric unit of the title compound. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.

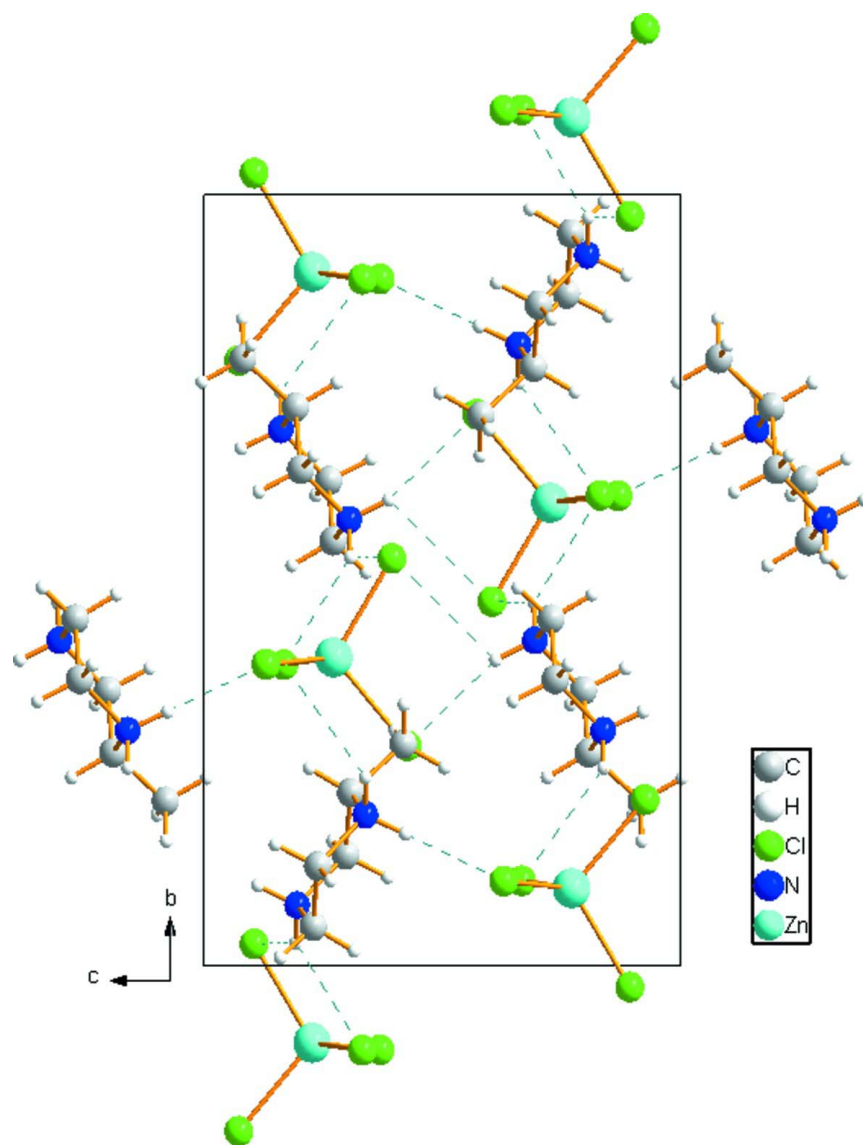


Figure 2

The crystal packing viewed along the a axis. Hydrogen bonds are drawn as dashed lines.

2-Methylpiperazinediium tetrachloridozinc(II)

Crystal data

$(C_5H_{14}N_2)[ZnCl_4]$

$M_r = 309.35$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$

Hall symbol: $-P 2_1n$

$a = 8.4183 (17) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 14.939 (3) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 9.830 (2) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 90.35 (3)^\circ$

$V = 1236.3 (4) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 624$

$D_x = 1.662 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 2112 reflections

$\theta = 3.2\text{--}26.0^\circ$

$\mu = 2.81 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 291 \text{ K}$

Block, colorless

$0.35 \times 0.25 \times 0.15 \text{ mm}$

*Data collection*Rigaku SCXmini CCD
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

Detector resolution: 13.6612 pixels mm⁻¹ ω scansAbsorption correction: multi-scan
(*CrystalClear*; Rigaku, 2005) $T_{\min} = 0.440$, $T_{\max} = 0.678$

11203 measured reflections

2423 independent reflections

2112 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.045$ $\theta_{\max} = 26.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 3.2^\circ$ $h = -10 \rightarrow 10$ $k = -18 \rightarrow 18$ $l = -12 \rightarrow 12$ *Refinement*Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$ $wR(F^2) = 0.088$ $S = 1.11$

2423 reflections

110 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methodsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier
mapHydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0275P)^2 + 1.3805P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.67 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.45 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ *Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.3285 (4)	0.0505 (2)	0.7709 (4)	0.0525 (9)
H1C	0.3682	0.0101	0.8405	0.063*
H1D	0.3282	0.0188	0.6848	0.063*
C2	0.4331 (4)	0.1290 (3)	0.7618 (4)	0.0518 (9)
H2C	0.5384	0.1101	0.7346	0.062*
H2D	0.4419	0.1571	0.8505	0.062*
C3	0.2019 (3)	0.2241 (2)	0.6920 (3)	0.0373 (7)
H3	0.2013	0.2560	0.7791	0.045*
C4	0.0994 (4)	0.1433 (2)	0.7029 (4)	0.0429 (8)
H4A	0.0917	0.1145	0.6147	0.051*
H4B	-0.0066	0.1613	0.7297	0.051*
C5	0.1468 (4)	0.2868 (2)	0.5815 (4)	0.0521 (9)
H5A	0.1518	0.2569	0.4952	0.078*
H5B	0.2141	0.3386	0.5801	0.078*
H5C	0.0393	0.3047	0.5988	0.078*
Cl1	0.20460 (10)	-0.02794 (6)	0.10506 (9)	0.0464 (2)
Cl2	0.19838 (10)	0.21504 (6)	0.07287 (9)	0.0490 (2)
Cl3	-0.04089 (10)	0.10987 (6)	0.33241 (9)	0.0470 (2)
Cl4	0.40648 (12)	0.10940 (8)	0.37036 (10)	0.0670 (3)
N1	0.1644 (3)	0.07835 (19)	0.8046 (3)	0.0428 (7)
H1A	0.1639	0.1037	0.8877	0.051*
H1B	0.1013	0.0297	0.8072	0.051*
N2	0.3697 (3)	0.19527 (18)	0.6611 (3)	0.0379 (6)
H2A	0.3721	0.1708	0.5775	0.046*
H2B	0.4330	0.2438	0.6607	0.046*

Zn1	0.19783 (4)	0.10028 (3)	0.22722 (4)	0.03895 (14)
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Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.056 (2)	0.043 (2)	0.059 (2)	0.0128 (17)	0.0036 (19)	0.0120 (17)
C2	0.0327 (18)	0.066 (2)	0.057 (2)	0.0041 (16)	-0.0075 (16)	0.0141 (19)
C3	0.0335 (16)	0.0407 (18)	0.0376 (17)	0.0001 (13)	0.0016 (14)	0.0058 (14)
C4	0.0302 (16)	0.050 (2)	0.049 (2)	-0.0042 (14)	0.0006 (14)	0.0125 (16)
C5	0.048 (2)	0.050 (2)	0.058 (2)	0.0058 (16)	-0.0006 (18)	0.0196 (18)
Cl1	0.0528 (5)	0.0424 (5)	0.0441 (5)	0.0075 (4)	0.0048 (4)	-0.0056 (4)
Cl2	0.0456 (5)	0.0490 (5)	0.0527 (5)	0.0104 (4)	0.0109 (4)	0.0079 (4)
Cl3	0.0396 (4)	0.0540 (5)	0.0474 (5)	0.0026 (4)	0.0088 (4)	-0.0057 (4)
Cl4	0.0453 (5)	0.1063 (9)	0.0493 (6)	0.0189 (5)	-0.0136 (4)	-0.0232 (5)
N1	0.0417 (15)	0.0416 (16)	0.0451 (16)	-0.0079 (12)	0.0057 (13)	0.0112 (13)
N2	0.0265 (13)	0.0475 (16)	0.0398 (15)	-0.0088 (11)	0.0010 (11)	0.0074 (12)
Zn1	0.0354 (2)	0.0457 (2)	0.0357 (2)	0.00775 (16)	-0.00171 (16)	-0.00409 (16)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—C2	1.470 (5)	C4—H4B	0.9700
C1—N1	1.482 (4)	C5—H5A	0.9600
C1—H1C	0.9700	C5—H5B	0.9600
C1—H1D	0.9700	C5—H5C	0.9600
C2—N2	1.496 (4)	Cl1—Zn1	2.2616 (10)
C2—H2C	0.9700	Cl2—Zn1	2.2895 (10)
C2—H2D	0.9700	Cl3—Zn1	2.2702 (11)
C3—C4	1.487 (4)	Cl4—Zn1	2.2480 (12)
C3—C5	1.505 (4)	N1—H1A	0.9000
C3—N2	1.509 (4)	N1—H1B	0.9000
C3—H3	0.9800	N2—H2A	0.9000
C4—N1	1.495 (4)	N2—H2B	0.9000
C4—H4A	0.9700		
C2—C1—N1	110.4 (3)	C3—C5—H5A	109.5
C2—C1—H1C	109.6	C3—C5—H5B	109.5
N1—C1—H1C	109.6	H5A—C5—H5B	109.5
C2—C1—H1D	109.6	C3—C5—H5C	109.5
N1—C1—H1D	109.6	H5A—C5—H5C	109.5
H1C—C1—H1D	108.1	H5B—C5—H5C	109.5
C1—C2—N2	110.9 (3)	C1—N1—C4	111.8 (3)
C1—C2—H2C	109.5	C1—N1—H1A	109.3
N2—C2—H2C	109.5	C4—N1—H1A	109.3
C1—C2—H2D	109.5	C1—N1—H1B	109.3
N2—C2—H2D	109.5	C4—N1—H1B	109.3
H2C—C2—H2D	108.0	H1A—N1—H1B	107.9
C4—C3—C5	112.3 (3)	C2—N2—C3	112.7 (2)
C4—C3—N2	109.1 (3)	C2—N2—H2A	109.0

C5—C3—N2	108.5 (3)	C3—N2—H2A	109.0
C4—C3—H3	109.0	C2—N2—H2B	109.0
C5—C3—H3	109.0	C3—N2—H2B	109.0
N2—C3—H3	109.0	H2A—N2—H2B	107.8
C3—C4—N1	111.4 (3)	Cl4—Zn1—Cl1	111.20 (4)
C3—C4—H4A	109.3	Cl4—Zn1—Cl3	113.67 (4)
N1—C4—H4A	109.3	Cl1—Zn1—Cl3	108.70 (4)
C3—C4—H4B	109.3	Cl4—Zn1—Cl2	111.39 (5)
N1—C4—H4B	109.3	Cl1—Zn1—Cl2	106.39 (4)
H4A—C4—H4B	108.0	Cl3—Zn1—Cl2	105.07 (4)
N1—C1—C2—N2	-55.8 (4)	C3—C4—N1—C1	-57.4 (4)
C5—C3—C4—N1	175.0 (3)	C1—C2—N2—C3	55.8 (4)
N2—C3—C4—N1	54.6 (4)	C4—C3—N2—C2	-54.5 (4)
C2—C1—N1—C4	57.2 (4)	C5—C3—N2—C2	-177.2 (3)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D—H...A</i>	<i>D—H</i>	<i>H...A</i>	<i>D...A</i>	<i>D—H...A</i>
N1—H1A...Cl2 ⁱ	0.90	2.48	3.346 (3)	161
N1—H1B...Cl3 ⁱⁱ	0.90	2.55	3.284 (3)	140
N1—H1B...Cl1 ⁱⁱ	0.90	2.72	3.322 (3)	125
N2—H2A...Cl4	0.90	2.25	3.150 (3)	174
N2—H2B...Cl2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.90	2.48	3.199 (3)	137
N2—H2B...Cl3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.90	2.77	3.444 (3)	133

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y, z+1$; (ii) $-x, -y, -z+1$; (iii) $x+1/2, -y+1/2, z+1/2$.