metal-organic compounds

Poly[[tetrakis(μ_2-pyrazine N,N'-dioxide-$\kappa^2 O{:}O'$)dysprosium(III)] tris(perchlorate)]

Benjamin G. Quinn-Elmore, James D. Buchner, Keith B. Beach and Jacqueline M. Knaust*

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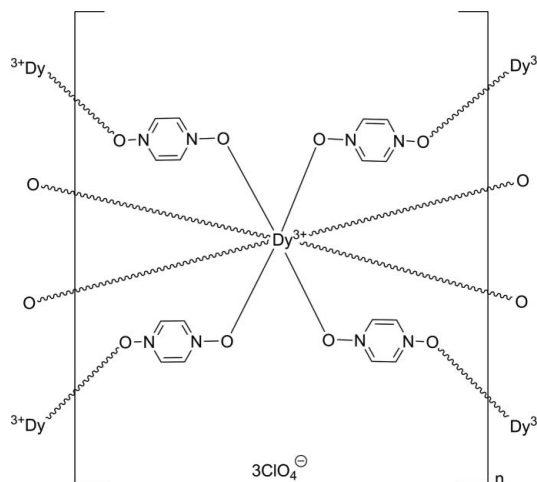Correspondence e-mail: jknaust@allegheny.edu

The title three-dimensional coordination network, $\{[\mathrm{Dy}(\mathrm{C_4H_4N_2O_2})_4](\mathrm{ClO_4})_3\}_n$, is isostructural of other lanthanides. The Dy^{+3} cation lies on a fourfold roto-inversion axis. It is coordinated in a distorted square-antiprismatic fashion by eight O atoms from bridging pyrazine N,N'-dioxide ligands. There are two unique pyrazine N,N'-dioxide ligands. One ring is located around an inversion center, and there is a a twofold rotation axis at the center of the other ring. There are also two unique perchlorate anions. One is centered on a twofold rotation axis and the other on a fourfold roto-inversion axis. The perchlorate anions are located in channels that run perpendicular to (001) and (110) and interact with the coordination network through C—H···O hydrogen bonds.

Related literature

For the isostructural La, Ce, Pr, Sm, Eu, Gd, Tb and Y coordination networks, see: Sun *et al.* (2004). For the isostructural Nd, Ho and Er coordination networks, see: Quinn-Elmore *et al.* (2010); Buchner *et al.* (2010a,b), respectively. Detailed background to this study is given in the first article of this series by Quinn-Elmore *et al.* (2010).

Experimental

Crystal data

$[\mathrm{Dy}(\mathrm{C_4H_4N_2O_2})_4](\mathrm{ClO_4})_3$	$Z = 8$
$M_r = 909.22$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
Tetragonal, $I4_1/acd$	$\mu = 3.25$ mm^{-1}
$a = 15.2553$ (4) Å	$T = 100$ K
$c = 22.6667$ (12) Å	$0.34 \times 0.27 \times 0.20$ mm
$V = 5275.1$ (3) Å^3	

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD diffractometer	8476 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan ($SADABS$; Bruker, 2001)	1800 independent reflections
$T_{min} = 0.374$, $T_{max} = 0.532$	1493 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{int} = 0.018$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.033$	110 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.096$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 0.99$	$\Delta\rho_{max} = 2.68$ e Å^{-3}
1800 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{min} = -1.48$ e Å^{-3}

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
C2—H2···O2^{i}	0.95	2.52	3.293 (4)	138
C2—H2···O5	0.95	2.40	3.168 (6)	137
C3—H3···O1	0.95	2.60	3.329 (4)	134
C3—H3···O3	0.95	2.47	3.234 (4)	138
C4—H4···O3^{ii}	0.95	2.37	3.245 (4)	153

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+\frac{3}{2}, -y+\frac{1}{2}, -z+\frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $-y+\frac{3}{4}, x-\frac{1}{4}, -z+\frac{1}{4}$.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT-Plus* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT-Plus*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *X-SEED* (Barbour, 2001); software used to prepare material for publication: *X-SEED*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: ZL2299).

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supporting information

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S1. Comment

The description of the structure of the title compound is part of a series of consecutive papers on three-dimensional coordination networks of the type $\{[Ln(C_4H_4N_2O_2)_4](ClO_4)_3\}_n$, with Ln = Nd (Quinn-Elmore *et al.* 2010), Dy (this publication), Ho (Buchner *et al.* 2010*a*) and Er (Buchner *et al.* 2010*b*), respectively. All four compounds are also isostructural to the previously reported La, Ce, Pr, Sm, Eu, Gd, Tb and Y coordination networks (Sun *et al.* 2004). The background to this study is given in ther first article of this series by Quinn-Elmore *et al.* (2010).

S2. Experimental

Pyrazine *N,N′*-dioxide (0.025 g, 0.223 mmol) was dissolved in deionized water (1.5 ml) and methanol (1.5 ml). An aqueous solution of $Dy(ClO_4)_3$ (0.320 ml of a 0.0868 *M* solution, 0.028 mmol) was diluted with methanol (0.680 ml) and CH_2Cl_2 (2.5 ml). The pyrazine *N,N′*-dioxide solution was layered over the $Dy(ClO_4)_3$ solution, and the two solutions were allowed to slowly mix. Colorless block-like crystals formed upon the slow evaporation of the resultant solution.

S3. Refinement

All H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model with C—H = 0.95Å and with U_{iso}(H) = 1.2 times U_{eq}(C).
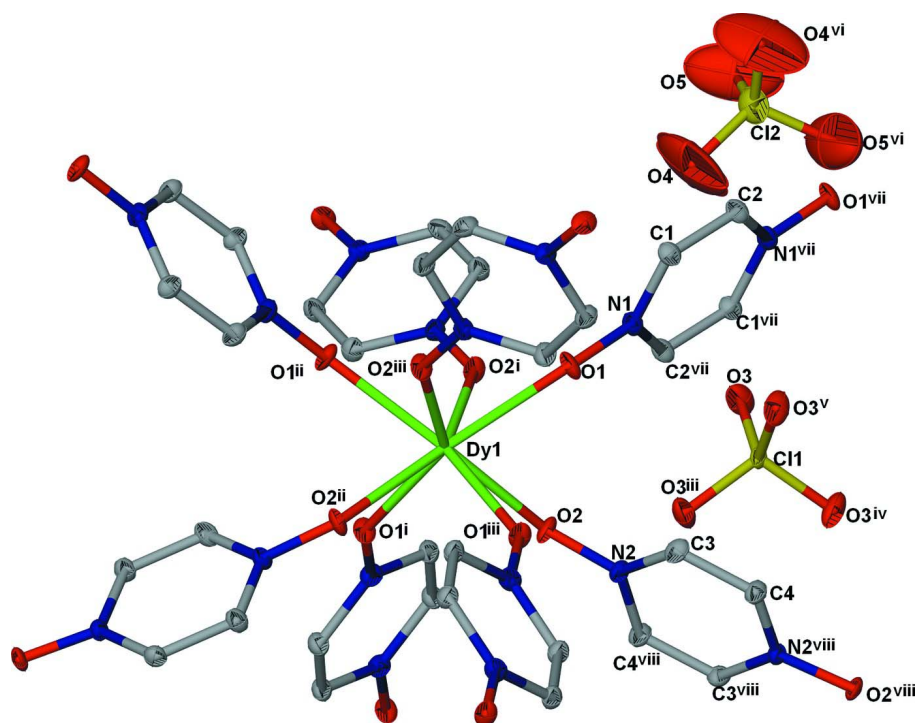
Figure 1

The coordination environment of the Dy^{+3} cation in title compound with atom labels and 50% probability displacement ellipsoids. Hydrogen atoms have been omitted for clarity. Symmetry codes: (i) $y + 1/4$, $x - 1/4$, $-z + 3/4$; (ii) $-y + 3/4$, $-x + 3/4$, $-z + 3/4$; (iii) $-x + 1$, $-y + 1/2$, z; (iv) $-y + 3/4$, $x - 1/4$, $-z + 1/4$; (v) $y + 1/4$, $-x + 3/4$, $-z + 1/4$; (vi) $y + 3/4$, $x - 3/4$, $-z + 1/4$; (vii) $-x + 3/2$, $-y + 1/2$, $-z + 1/2$; (viii) x, $-y + 1$, $-z + 1/2$.

Poly[[tetrakis(µ₂-pyrazine N,N'-dioxide-$\kappa^2O:O'$)dysprosium(III)] tris(perchlorate)]

Crystal data

[Dy(C$_4$H$_4$N$_2$O$_2$)$_4$](ClO$_4$)$_3$
$M_r = 909.22$
Tetragonal, $I4_1/acd$
Hall symbol: -I 4bd 2c
$a = 15.2553\ (4)$ Å
$c = 22.6667\ (12)$ Å
$V = 5275.1\ (3)$ Å^3
$Z = 8$
$F(000) = 3560$

$D_x = 2.290$ Mg m^{-3}
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Cell parameters from 4338 reflections
$\theta = 2.7–30.5°$
$\mu = 3.25$ mm^{-1}
$T = 100$ K
Block, colourless
$0.34 \times 0.27 \times 0.20$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD
   diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
ω scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
   (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2001)
$T_{min} = 0.374$, $T_{max} = 0.532$

8476 measured reflections
1800 independent reflections
1493 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
$R_{int} = 0.018$
$\theta_{max} = 30.5°$, $\theta_{min} = 2.6°$
$h = -21\rightarrow19$
$k = -3\rightarrow21$
$l = -20\rightarrow25$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.033$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.096$	
$S = 0.99$	H-atom parameters constrained
1800 reflections	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0554P)^2 + 37.1849P]$
110 parameters	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
0 restraints	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	$\Delta\rho_{max} = 2.68$ e Å^{-3}
	$\Delta\rho_{min} = -1.48$ e Å^{-3}

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2, conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F^2. The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) *etc*. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å^2)

	x	y	z	U_{iso}*/U_{eq}
Dy1	0.5000	0.2500	0.3750	0.00560 (12)
Cl1	0.5000	0.2500	0.1250	0.0113 (4)
Cl2	0.72654 (6)	−0.02346 (6)	0.1250	0.0281 (3)
O1	0.59121 (12)	0.21876 (14)	0.29510 (10)	0.0155 (4)
O2	0.53217 (14)	0.39451 (12)	0.34383 (10)	0.0153 (4)
O3	0.57642 (16)	0.24419 (16)	0.16207 (12)	0.0251 (6)
O4	0.6466 (4)	−0.0162 (4)	0.1506 (4)	0.137 (3)
O5	0.7912 (4)	−0.0056 (4)	0.1658 (4)	0.129 (3)
N1	0.66943 (16)	0.23424 (16)	0.27415 (13)	0.0143 (5)
N2	0.52711 (16)	0.44491 (15)	0.29779 (12)	0.0126 (5)
C1	0.70896 (18)	0.17248 (18)	0.24020 (14)	0.0151 (6)
H1	0.6807	0.1179	0.2335	0.018*
C2	0.78920 (18)	0.18838 (18)	0.21566 (14)	0.0150 (6)
H2	0.8161	0.1453	0.1914	0.018*
C3	0.5260 (2)	0.41183 (17)	0.24253 (15)	0.0158 (6)
H3	0.5252	0.3501	0.2368	0.019*
C4	0.52588 (19)	0.46669 (17)	0.19470 (15)	0.0152 (6)
H4	0.5250	0.4428	0.1560	0.018*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Dy1	0.00587 (12)	0.00587 (12)	0.0051 (2)	−0.00030 (6)	0.000	0.000
Cl1	0.0138 (5)	0.0138 (5)	0.0061 (11)	0.000	0.000	0.000
Cl2	0.0263 (4)	0.0263 (4)	0.0316 (9)	−0.0106 (5)	0.0033 (3)	−0.0033 (3)

O1	0.0097 (8)	0.0235 (10)	0.0132 (12)	−0.0029 (7)	0.0045 (7)	−0.0042 (8)
O2	0.0247 (10)	0.0113 (8)	0.0100 (13)	−0.0020 (7)	−0.0023 (8)	0.0048 (7)
O3	0.0179 (11)	0.0433 (15)	0.0142 (15)	0.0047 (9)	−0.0040 (10)	−0.0023 (9)
O4	0.066 (3)	0.114 (5)	0.230 (7)	−0.010 (3)	0.097 (5)	−0.016 (5)
O5	0.076 (4)	0.099 (4)	0.212 (9)	0.003 (3)	−0.058 (5)	−0.076 (5)
N1	0.0113 (10)	0.0182 (10)	0.0134 (16)	−0.0011 (8)	0.0010 (9)	0.0001 (10)
N2	0.0149 (10)	0.0121 (10)	0.0108 (15)	−0.0003 (8)	−0.0013 (9)	0.0018 (9)
C1	0.0154 (12)	0.0159 (12)	0.0142 (17)	−0.0005 (9)	0.0008 (10)	−0.0029 (10)
C2	0.0137 (12)	0.0182 (13)	0.0130 (17)	−0.0004 (9)	0.0006 (10)	−0.0040 (11)
C3	0.0193 (13)	0.0110 (11)	0.0169 (18)	−0.0022 (10)	−0.0026 (12)	0.0005 (10)
C4	0.0205 (13)	0.0116 (11)	0.0135 (17)	−0.0001 (10)	0.0006 (11)	0.0000 (10)

Geometric parameters (Å, º)

Dy1—O1^i	2.333 (2)	Cl2—O5^{vi}	1.380 (6)
Dy1—O1^{ii}	2.333 (2)	O1—N1	1.306 (3)
Dy1—O1	2.333 (2)	O2—N2	1.298 (3)
Dy1—O1^{iii}	2.333 (2)	N1—C1	1.358 (4)
Dy1—O2^i	2.3665 (19)	N1—C2^{vii}	1.358 (4)
Dy1—O2^{ii}	2.3665 (19)	N2—C3	1.351 (4)
Dy1—O2	2.3665 (19)	N2—C4^{viii}	1.359 (3)
Dy1—O2^{iii}	2.3665 (19)	C1—C2	1.366 (4)
Cl1—O3	1.440 (2)	C1—H1	0.9500
Cl1—O3^{iv}	1.440 (2)	C2—N1^{vii}	1.358 (4)
Cl1—O3^{iii}	1.440 (2)	C2—H2	0.9500
Cl1—O3^v	1.440 (2)	C3—C4	1.370 (4)
Cl2—O4^{vi}	1.355 (4)	C3—H3	0.9500
Cl2—O4	1.355 (4)	C4—N2^{viii}	1.359 (3)
Cl2—O5	1.380 (6)	C4—H4	0.9500
O1^i—Dy1—O1^{ii}	78.16 (11)	O3^{iv}—Cl1—O3^{iii}	109.92 (11)
O1^i—Dy1—O1	147.81 (10)	O3—Cl1—O3^v	109.92 (11)
O1^{ii}—Dy1—O1	111.03 (11)	O3^{iv}—Cl1—O3^v	108.6 (2)
O1^i—Dy1—O1^{iii}	111.03 (11)	O3^{iii}—Cl1—O3^v	109.91 (11)
O1^{ii}—Dy1—O1^{iii}	147.81 (10)	O4^{vi}—Cl2—O4	109.3 (6)
O1—Dy1—O1^{iii}	78.16 (11)	O4^{vi}—Cl2—O5	114.0 (4)
O1^i—Dy1—O2^i	80.49 (7)	O4—Cl2—O5	109.9 (5)
O1^{ii}—Dy1—O2^i	72.64 (7)	O4^{vi}—Cl2—O5^{vi}	109.9 (5)
O1—Dy1—O2^i	73.66 (7)	O4—Cl2—O5^{vi}	114.0 (4)
O1^{iii}—Dy1—O2^i	138.16 (7)	O5—Cl2—O5^{vi}	99.7 (8)
O1^i—Dy1—O2^{ii}	72.64 (7)	N1—O1—Dy1	142.21 (18)
O1^{ii}—Dy1—O2^{ii}	80.49 (7)	N2—O2—Dy1	141.19 (17)
O1—Dy1—O2^{ii}	138.16 (7)	O1—N1—C1	119.1 (2)
O1^{iii}—Dy1—O2^{ii}	73.66 (7)	O1—N1—C2^{vii}	121.3 (2)
O2^i—Dy1—O2^{ii}	145.25 (11)	C1—N1—C2^{vii}	119.5 (2)
O1^i—Dy1—O2	73.66 (7)	O2—N2—C3	121.7 (2)
O1^{ii}—Dy1—O2	138.16 (7)	O2—N2—C4^{viii}	119.2 (3)
O1—Dy1—O2	80.49 (7)	C3—N2—C4^{viii}	119.1 (3)

O1ⁱⁱⁱ—Dy1—O2	72.64 (7)	N1—C1—C2	120.4 (3)
O2ⁱ—Dy1—O2	72.71 (10)	N1—C1—H1	119.8
O2ⁱⁱ—Dy1—O2	118.40 (10)	C2—C1—H1	119.8
O1ⁱ—Dy1—O2ⁱⁱⁱ	138.16 (7)	N1ᵛⁱⁱ—C2—C1	120.1 (3)
O1ⁱⁱ—Dy1—O2ⁱⁱⁱ	73.66 (7)	N1ᵛⁱⁱ—C2—H2	120.0
O1—Dy1—O2ⁱⁱⁱ	72.64 (7)	C1—C2—H2	120.0
O1ⁱⁱⁱ—Dy1—O2ⁱⁱⁱ	80.49 (7)	N2—C3—C4	120.4 (2)
O2ⁱ—Dy1—O2ⁱⁱⁱ	118.40 (10)	N2—C3—H3	119.8
O2ⁱⁱ—Dy1—O2ⁱⁱⁱ	72.71 (10)	C4—C3—H3	119.8
O2—Dy1—O2ⁱⁱⁱ	145.25 (11)	N2ᵛⁱⁱⁱ—C4—C3	120.5 (3)
O3—Cl1—O3ⁱᵛ	109.91 (11)	N2ᵛⁱⁱⁱ—C4—H4	119.8
O3—Cl1—O3ⁱⁱⁱ	108.6 (2)	C3—C4—H4	119.8

Symmetry codes: (i) $y+1/4$, $x-1/4$, $-z+3/4$; (ii) $-y+3/4$, $-x+3/4$, $-z+3/4$; (iii) $-x+1$, $-y+1/2$, z; (iv) $-y+3/4$, $x-1/4$, $-z+1/4$; (v) $y+1/4$, $-x+3/4$, $-z+1/4$; (vi) $y+3/4$, $x-3/4$, $-z+1/4$; (vii) $-x+3/2$, $-y+1/2$, $-z+1/2$; (viii) x, $-y+1$, $-z+1/2$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, º)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
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Symmetry codes: (iv) $-y+3/4$, $x-1/4$, $-z+1/4$; (vii) $-x+3/2$, $-y+1/2$, $-z+1/2$.