

Acta Crystallographica Section E

## Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

# 1-Propyl-1*H*-2,1-benzothiazin-4(3*H*)-one 2,2-dioxide

Islam Ullah Khan,\* Muhammad Shafiq and Muhammad Nadeem Arshad

Materials Chemistry laboratory, Department of Chemistry, GC University, Lahore 54000, Pakistan

Correspondence e-mail: iukhan.gcu@gmail.com

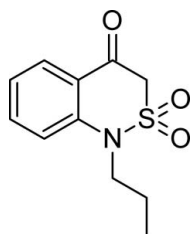
Received 30 September 2010; accepted 11 October 2010

 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 296$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.038;  $wR$  factor = 0.111; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.9.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{13}\text{NO}_3\text{S}$ , a benzothiazine derivative, the heterocycle adopts a sofa conformation. In the crystal, weak  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds connect the molecules into a three-dimensional network.

## Related literature

For the synthesis of the title compound, see: Volovenko *et al.* (2007). For a related structure, see: Shafiq *et al.* (2009).



## Experimental

### Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{13}\text{NO}_3\text{S}$ 
 $M_r = 239.28$ 

 Triclinic,  $P\bar{1}$ 
 $a = 7.9448$  (2) Å

 $b = 8.0701$  (3) Å

 $c = 9.6267$  (2) Å

 $\alpha = 87.468$  (2)°

 $\beta = 84.097$  (2)°

 $\gamma = 64.453$  (1)°

 $V = 553.92$  (2) Å<sup>3</sup>
 $Z = 2$ 

 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

 $\mu = 0.28$  mm<sup>-1</sup>
 $T = 296$  K

 $0.28 \times 0.21 \times 0.12$  mm

### Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2007)

 $T_{\min} = 0.925$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.967$ 

12058 measured reflections

2765 independent reflections

 2229 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.027$ 

### Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.038$ 
 $wR(F^2) = 0.111$ 
 $S = 1.07$ 

2765 reflections

146 parameters

H-atom parameters constrained

 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.30$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.38$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>
**Table 1**

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{C11}-\text{H11B}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{i}}$	0.96	2.57	3.346 (2)	138
$\text{C8}-\text{H8A}\cdots\text{O3}^{\text{ii}}$	0.97	2.55	3.453 (2)	155
$\text{C2}-\text{H2}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{iii}}$	0.93	2.55	3.4665 (19)	170

 Symmetry codes: (i)  $x - 1, y, z$ ; (ii)  $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$ ; (iii)  $x, y - 1, z$ .

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999) and *PLATON*.

The authors acknowledge the Higher Education Commission of Pakistan for providing a grant for the project to strengthen the Materials Chemistry Laboratory at GC University Lahore.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BT5369).

## References

- Bruker (2007). *SADABS*, *APEX2* and *SAINT*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Farrugia, L. J. (1997). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **30**, 565.
- Farrugia, L. J. (1999). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **32**, 837–838.
- Shafiq, M., Tahir, M. N., Khan, I. U., Ahmad, S. & Arshad, M. N. (2009). *Acta Cryst.* **E65**, o430.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
- Spek, A. L. (2009). *Acta Cryst.* **D65**, 148–155.
- Volovenko, Y., Volovenko, T. & Popov, K. (2007). *J. Heterocycl. Chem.* **44**, 1413–1419.

---

## supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2010). E66, o2839 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S160053681004078X]

### 1-Propyl-1*H*-2,1-benzothiazin-4(3*H*)-one 2,2-dioxide

Islam Ullah Khan, Muhammad Shafiq and Muhammad Nadeem Arshad

#### S1. Comment

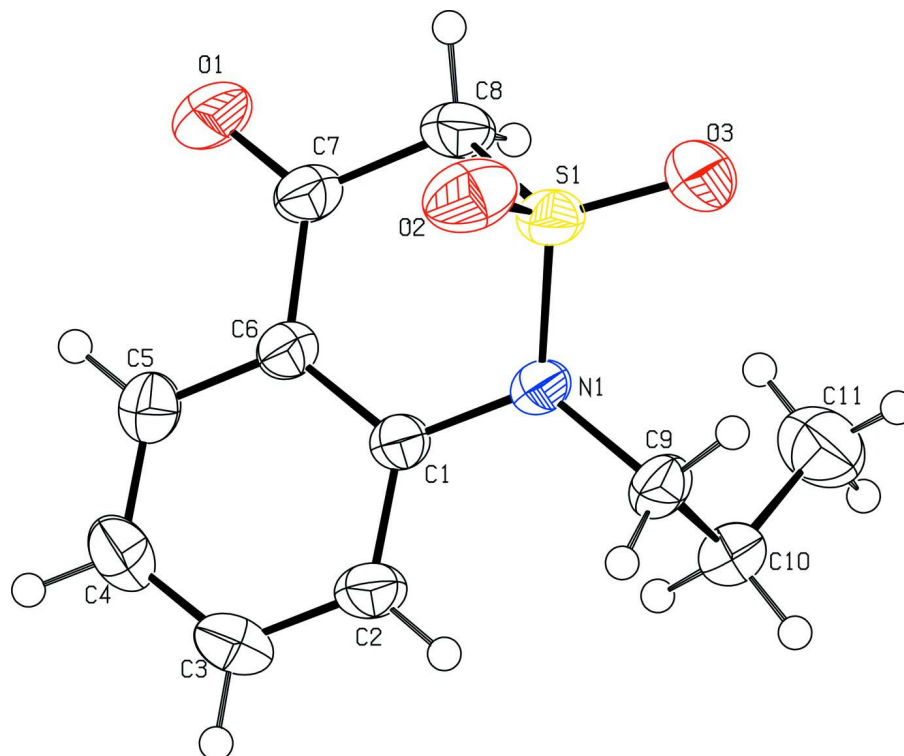
Here we report the crystal structure of title compound in countinuation to the previously published 3,3-dichloro-1-ethyl-1*H*-2,1-benzothiazin-4(3*H*)-one 2,2-dioxide derivative (Shafiq *et al.*, 2009). The difference between the two compounds is a propyl which differ just only in substitution at N and at the methylene C atom in the benzothiazine ring. The heterocycle adopts a sofa conformation. Weak C—H···O type hydrogen bonds connect the molecules to a three dimensional network.

#### S2. Experimental

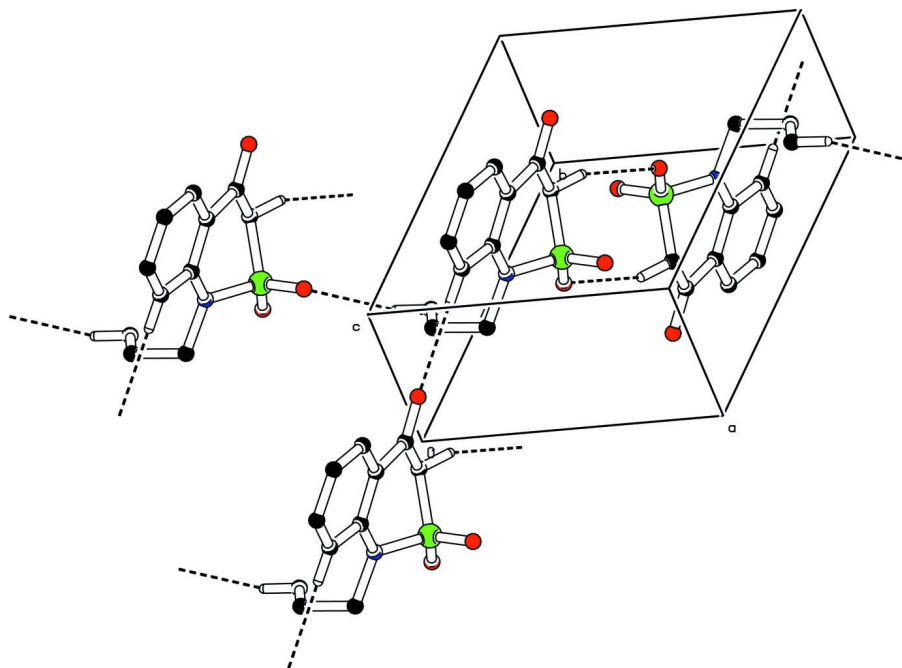
The title compound was prepared following the available literature procedure (Volovento *et al.*, 2007).

#### S3. Refinement

All the C—H H-atoms were positioned with idealized geometry with C—H = 0.93 Å for aromatic C—H = 0.97 Å for methylene C—H = 0.96 Å for methyl and were refined using a riding model with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  for aromatic, with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  for methylene, with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  for methyl.

**Figure 1**

Molecular structure of the title compound with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

**Figure 2**

Unit cell packing diagram showing the hydrogen bonding with dashed lines.

1-Propyl-1*H*-2,1-benzothiazin-4(3*H*)-one 2,2-dioxide

## Crystal data

C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>13</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>S $M_r = 239.28$ Triclinic,  $P\bar{1}$ 

Hall symbol: -P 1

 $a = 7.9448$  (2) Å $b = 8.0701$  (3) Å $c = 9.6267$  (2) Å $\alpha = 87.468$  (2)° $\beta = 84.097$  (2)° $\gamma = 64.453$  (1)° $V = 553.92$  (2) Å<sup>3</sup> $Z = 2$  $F(000) = 252$  $D_x = 1.435$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 5097 reflections

 $\theta = 2.2$ – $21.8$ ° $\mu = 0.28$  mm<sup>-1</sup> $T = 296$  K

Needle, light brown

 $0.28 \times 0.21 \times 0.12$  mm

## Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD

diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

 $\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(SADABS; Bruker, 2007)

 $T_{\min} = 0.925$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.967$ 

12058 measured reflections

2765 independent reflections

2229 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$  $R_{\text{int}} = 0.027$  $\theta_{\text{max}} = 28.3$ °,  $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.1$ ° $h = -10 \rightarrow 10$  $k = -10 \rightarrow 10$  $l = -12 \rightarrow 12$ 

## Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$ 

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.038$  $wR(F^2) = 0.111$  $S = 1.07$ 

2765 reflections

146 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant

direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0604P)^2 + 0.0882P]$ where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$  $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$  $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.30$  e Å<sup>-3</sup> $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.38$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

## Special details

**Geometry.** All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	0.44648 (6)	0.31465 (5)	0.66978 (4)	0.04181 (14)
O1	0.2757 (2)	0.71661 (17)	0.91660 (14)	0.0633 (4)
O2	0.62535 (17)	0.25460 (17)	0.71992 (15)	0.0584 (3)

O3	0.4391 (2)	0.2879 (2)	0.52525 (12)	0.0680 (4)
N1	0.31827 (18)	0.22605 (17)	0.76115 (12)	0.0380 (3)
C1	0.28023 (19)	0.26527 (18)	0.90617 (14)	0.0313 (3)
C2	0.2496 (2)	0.1412 (2)	0.99954 (16)	0.0408 (3)
H2	0.2519	0.0338	0.9661	0.049*
C3	0.2161 (2)	0.1770 (2)	1.14058 (16)	0.0473 (4)
H3	0.1951	0.0935	1.2012	0.057*
C4	0.2129 (2)	0.3344 (2)	1.19393 (17)	0.0494 (4)
H4	0.1947	0.3549	1.2898	0.059*
C5	0.2372 (2)	0.4602 (2)	1.10331 (16)	0.0421 (3)
H5	0.2322	0.5679	1.1384	0.051*
C6	0.26911 (19)	0.42939 (18)	0.95988 (14)	0.0323 (3)
C7	0.2874 (2)	0.57493 (19)	0.87064 (16)	0.0376 (3)
C8	0.3163 (3)	0.5469 (2)	0.71447 (16)	0.0447 (4)
H8A	0.3812	0.6171	0.6723	0.054*
H8B	0.1953	0.5924	0.6773	0.054*
C9	0.3171 (2)	0.0585 (2)	0.70536 (16)	0.0398 (3)
H9A	0.3717	-0.0425	0.7696	0.048*
H9B	0.3936	0.0264	0.6168	0.048*
C10	0.1214 (2)	0.0854 (2)	0.68464 (17)	0.0461 (4)
H10A	0.0411	0.1345	0.7699	0.055*
H10B	0.1236	-0.0331	0.6673	0.055*
C11	0.0384 (3)	0.2133 (3)	0.5651 (2)	0.0662 (5)
H11A	0.0339	0.3315	0.5821	0.099*
H11B	-0.0860	0.2258	0.5575	0.099*
H11C	0.1149	0.1637	0.4797	0.099*

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
S1	0.0535 (3)	0.0410 (2)	0.0377 (2)	-0.02944 (19)	0.01063 (16)	-0.00505 (15)
O1	0.0991 (11)	0.0410 (7)	0.0630 (8)	-0.0439 (7)	0.0020 (7)	-0.0069 (6)
O2	0.0442 (7)	0.0516 (7)	0.0801 (9)	-0.0240 (6)	0.0097 (6)	-0.0051 (6)
O3	0.1086 (11)	0.0773 (9)	0.0367 (7)	-0.0615 (9)	0.0177 (7)	-0.0119 (6)
N1	0.0526 (7)	0.0369 (6)	0.0339 (6)	-0.0295 (6)	0.0055 (5)	-0.0063 (5)
C1	0.0338 (7)	0.0295 (7)	0.0321 (7)	-0.0157 (5)	-0.0007 (5)	-0.0004 (5)
C2	0.0499 (9)	0.0319 (7)	0.0438 (8)	-0.0219 (7)	0.0001 (6)	0.0035 (6)
C3	0.0532 (10)	0.0467 (9)	0.0407 (9)	-0.0222 (8)	-0.0008 (7)	0.0127 (7)
C4	0.0580 (10)	0.0567 (10)	0.0307 (7)	-0.0227 (8)	-0.0012 (7)	0.0008 (7)
C5	0.0479 (9)	0.0413 (8)	0.0382 (8)	-0.0201 (7)	-0.0012 (6)	-0.0070 (6)
C6	0.0338 (7)	0.0294 (7)	0.0353 (7)	-0.0151 (5)	-0.0021 (5)	-0.0008 (5)
C7	0.0419 (8)	0.0297 (7)	0.0438 (8)	-0.0184 (6)	-0.0010 (6)	-0.0004 (6)
C8	0.0595 (10)	0.0351 (8)	0.0426 (8)	-0.0249 (7)	0.0003 (7)	0.0064 (6)
C9	0.0488 (9)	0.0321 (7)	0.0419 (8)	-0.0211 (6)	0.0016 (6)	-0.0089 (6)
C10	0.0573 (10)	0.0497 (9)	0.0436 (8)	-0.0347 (8)	-0.0039 (7)	-0.0002 (7)
C11	0.0646 (12)	0.0862 (15)	0.0562 (11)	-0.0401 (11)	-0.0128 (9)	0.0161 (10)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

S1—O2	1.4191 (14)	C5—C6	1.3915 (19)
S1—O3	1.4282 (13)	C5—H5	0.9300
S1—N1	1.6464 (12)	C6—C7	1.473 (2)
S1—C8	1.7535 (16)	C7—C8	1.509 (2)
O1—C7	1.2069 (18)	C8—H8A	0.9700
N1—C1	1.4178 (17)	C8—H8B	0.9700
N1—C9	1.4808 (17)	C9—C10	1.508 (2)
C1—C2	1.3982 (19)	C9—H9A	0.9700
C1—C6	1.4070 (18)	C9—H9B	0.9700
C2—C3	1.375 (2)	C10—C11	1.513 (3)
C2—H2	0.9300	C10—H10A	0.9700
C3—C4	1.380 (2)	C10—H10B	0.9700
C3—H3	0.9300	C11—H11A	0.9600
C4—C5	1.373 (2)	C11—H11B	0.9600
C4—H4	0.9300	C11—H11C	0.9600
O2—S1—O3	117.98 (9)	O1—C7—C6	122.99 (14)
O2—S1—N1	111.54 (7)	O1—C7—C8	118.84 (13)
O3—S1—N1	107.86 (7)	C6—C7—C8	118.14 (12)
O2—S1—C8	107.87 (8)	C7—C8—S1	111.75 (10)
O3—S1—C8	110.27 (9)	C7—C8—H8A	109.3
N1—S1—C8	99.80 (7)	S1—C8—H8A	109.3
C1—N1—C9	120.81 (11)	C7—C8—H8B	109.3
C1—N1—S1	116.96 (9)	S1—C8—H8B	109.3
C9—N1—S1	117.37 (10)	H8A—C8—H8B	107.9
C2—C1—C6	118.28 (13)	N1—C9—C10	111.75 (13)
C2—C1—N1	120.18 (12)	N1—C9—H9A	109.3
C6—C1—N1	121.53 (12)	C10—C9—H9A	109.3
C3—C2—C1	120.42 (14)	N1—C9—H9B	109.3
C3—C2—H2	119.8	C10—C9—H9B	109.3
C1—C2—H2	119.8	H9A—C9—H9B	107.9
C2—C3—C4	121.32 (14)	C9—C10—C11	113.28 (15)
C2—C3—H3	119.3	C9—C10—H10A	108.9
C4—C3—H3	119.3	C11—C10—H10A	108.9
C5—C4—C3	118.96 (14)	C9—C10—H10B	108.9
C5—C4—H4	120.5	C11—C10—H10B	108.9
C3—C4—H4	120.5	H10A—C10—H10B	107.7
C4—C5—C6	121.20 (14)	C10—C11—H11A	109.5
C4—C5—H5	119.4	C10—C11—H11B	109.5
C6—C5—H5	119.4	H11A—C11—H11B	109.5
C5—C6—C1	119.74 (13)	C10—C11—H11C	109.5
C5—C6—C7	117.26 (12)	H11A—C11—H11C	109.5
C1—C6—C7	122.99 (12)	H11B—C11—H11C	109.5
O2—S1—N1—C1	59.41 (12)	C2—C1—C6—C5	3.0 (2)
O3—S1—N1—C1	-169.51 (11)	N1—C1—C6—C5	-178.04 (13)

C8—S1—N1—C1	-54.35 (12)	C2—C1—C6—C7	-176.18 (14)
O2—S1—N1—C9	-96.15 (12)	N1—C1—C6—C7	2.8 (2)
O3—S1—N1—C9	34.93 (14)	C5—C6—C7—O1	-0.1 (2)
C8—S1—N1—C9	150.09 (12)	C1—C6—C7—O1	179.13 (15)
C9—N1—C1—C2	3.0 (2)	C5—C6—C7—C8	-178.19 (13)
S1—N1—C1—C2	-151.64 (12)	C1—C6—C7—C8	1.0 (2)
C9—N1—C1—C6	-175.92 (13)	O1—C7—C8—S1	148.80 (14)
S1—N1—C1—C6	29.41 (17)	C6—C7—C8—S1	-32.99 (17)
C6—C1—C2—C3	-2.2 (2)	O2—S1—C8—C7	-61.58 (13)
N1—C1—C2—C3	178.80 (14)	O3—S1—C8—C7	168.29 (11)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.5 (2)	N1—S1—C8—C7	54.98 (12)
C2—C3—C4—C5	2.4 (3)	C1—N1—C9—C10	82.62 (17)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-1.6 (3)	S1—N1—C9—C10	-122.81 (12)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-1.1 (2)	N1—C9—C10—C11	70.53 (19)
C4—C5—C6—C7	178.08 (15)		

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>
C11—H11B $\cdots$ O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.96	2.57	3.346 (2)	138
C8—H8A $\cdots$ O3 <sup>ii</sup>	0.97	2.55	3.453 (2)	155
C2—H2 $\cdots$ O1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.93	2.55	3.4665 (19)	170

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x-1, y, z$ ; (ii)  $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$ ; (iii)  $x, y-1, z$ .