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N-Benzylpyridin-2-amine

Gai Gai Wang and Hong Zhao*

School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Southeast University, Nanjing 210096, People's Republic of China

Correspondence e-mail: zhaohong@seu.edu.cn

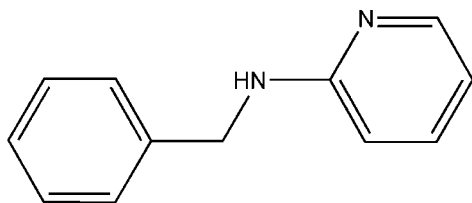
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 295$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005$ Å; R factor = 0.076; wR factor = 0.183; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.4.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2$, the dihedral angle between the benzene and pyridine rings is $67.63(8)^\circ$. Molecules are linked into centrosymmetric dimers by a simple intermolecular $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ hydrogen bond with graph-set motif $R_2^2(8)$.

Related literature

For the application of Schiff base compounds in coordination chemistry, see: Garnovskii *et al.* (1993); Gong & Xu (2008). For the synthesis, see: Xu *et al.* (2009). For graph-set notation of hydrogen bonds, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995). For another report on the structure of *N*-benzylpyridin-2-amine, see: Wang *et al.* (2010).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2$	$\gamma = 94.451(15)^\circ$
$M_r = 184.24$	$V = 504.95(16) \text{ \AA}^3$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$Z = 2$
$a = 5.9233(10) \text{ \AA}$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$b = 8.0984(15) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.07 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 10.602(2) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 295 \text{ K}$
$\alpha = 94.916(15)^\circ$	$0.25 \times 0.20 \times 0.18 \text{ mm}$
$\beta = 91.36(1)^\circ$	

Data collection

Rigaku SCXmini diffractometer	4612 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>CrystalClear</i> ; Rigaku, 2005)	1955 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.980$, $T_{\max} = 0.997$	1039 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.062$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.076$	127 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.183$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.06$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.14 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
1955 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.16 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1A}\cdots\text{N2}^i$	0.86	2.26	3.070 (3)	158

 Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 1, -y, -z$.

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 2005); cell refinement: *CrystalClear*; data reduction: *CrystalClear*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL/PC* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL/PC*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BX2323).

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supporting information

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N-Benzylpyridin-2-amine

Gai Gai Wang and Hong Zhao

S1. Comment

Schiff base compounds have attracted great attention due to their application in coordination chemistry (Garnovskii *et al.*, 1993; Gong & Xu, 2008), and also offer a simple method of synthesis novel amine compounds. The title compound is synthesized from the Schiff base (*E*)-*N*-benzylidenepyridin-2-amine, and the crystal structure is reported here.

In the molecule of the title compound (Fig. 1) bond lengths and angles have normal values. The dihedral angle between the benzene ring and pyridine ring is 67.63 (8)°. In the solid state the molecules are linked into centrosymmetric dimers by a simple N—H⋯N interaction with set graph-motif R₂²(8) (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995), (Fig. 2; Table 1).

S2. Experimental

The (*E*)-*N*-benzylidenepyridin-2-amine was prepared from benzaldehyde and pyridin-2-amine according to the reported method (Xu *et al.*, 2009). To a mixture of (*E*)-*N*-benzylidenepyridin-2-amine (20 mmol), NaBH₄ (100 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (50 ml), acetic acid (100 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane was added dropwise at 0°C. Then the mixture was heated at 120°C for 2 h then cooled and the solvent removed under vacuum. The residue was poured into water (20 ml) and extracted with chloroform three times (50 ml). The extract was dried (CaCl₂) and the solvent removed under vacuum to give the crude title compound. Pale yellow crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were obtained by slow evaporation of a 95% ethanol/water solution.

S3. Refinement

All H atoms were detected in a difference map, but were placed in calculated positions and refined using a riding motion approximation, with C—H = 0.93–0.97 Å, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$; N—H = 0.86 Å, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{N})$.

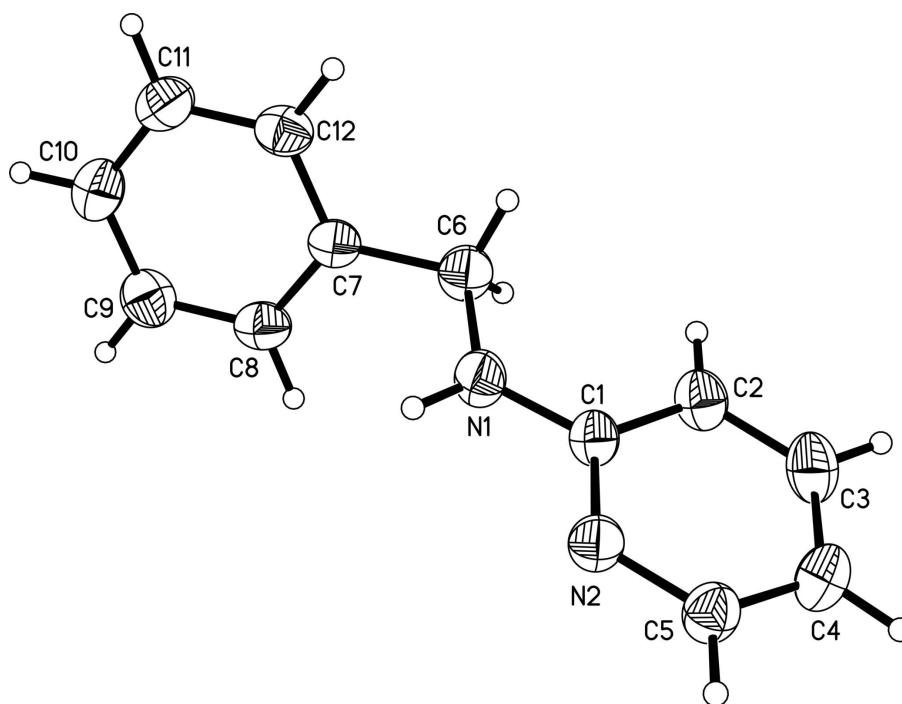


Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound, showing the atomic numbering scheme. The displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.

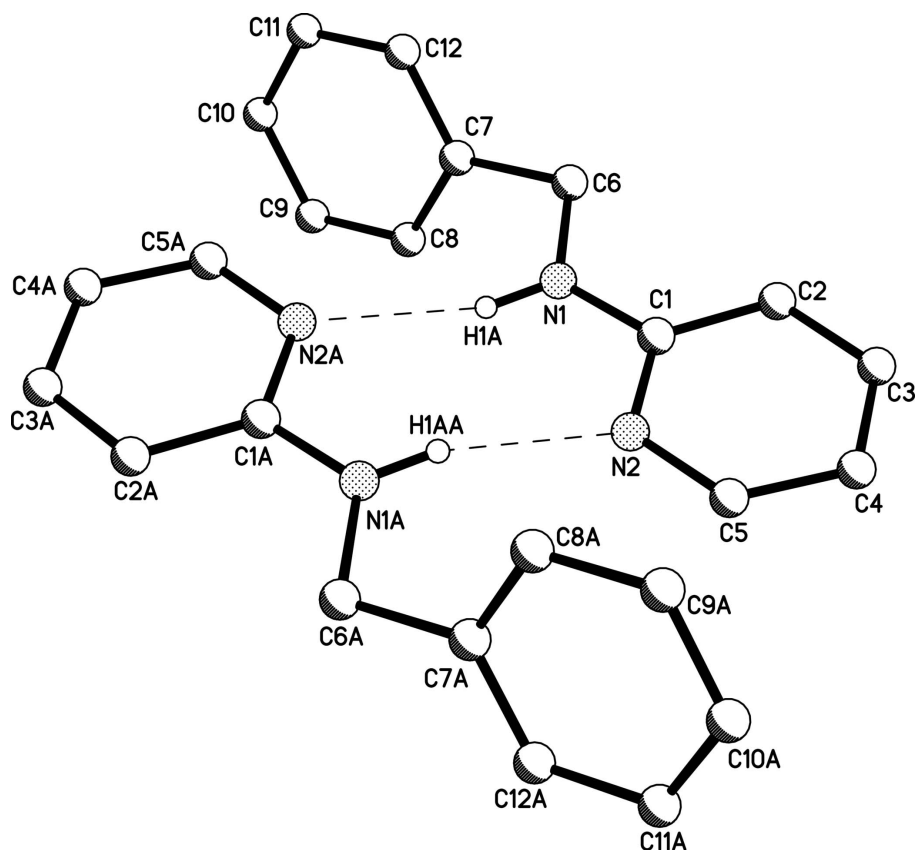


Figure 2

The diagram of the dimer linked by the intermolecular hydrogen bonds. The H atoms not involved in hydrogen bonds have been omitted for clarity. Symmetry code: (a) $-x + 1, -y, -z$.

N-Benzylpyridin-2-amine

Crystal data

$C_{12}H_{12}N_2$
 $M_r = 184.24$
 Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 Hall symbol: $-P\ 1$
 $a = 5.9233$ (10) Å
 $b = 8.0984$ (15) Å
 $c = 10.602$ (2) Å
 $\alpha = 94.916$ (15)°
 $\beta = 91.36$ (1)°
 $\gamma = 94.451$ (15)°
 $V = 504.95$ (16) Å³

$Z = 2$
 $F(000) = 196$
 $D_x = 1.212$ Mg m⁻³
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
 Cell parameters from 904 reflections
 $\theta = 2.5$ – 27.4 °
 $\mu = 0.07$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 295$ K
 Block, pale yellow
 $0.25 \times 0.20 \times 0.18$ mm

Data collection

Rigaku SCXmini
 diffractometer
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
 Graphite monochromator
 Detector resolution: 13.6612 pixels mm⁻¹
 CCD profile fitting scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (*CrystalClear*; Rigaku, 2005)
 $T_{\min} = 0.980$, $T_{\max} = 0.997$
 4612 measured reflections
 1955 independent reflections
 1039 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.062$

$\theta_{\max} = 26.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 3.1^\circ$
 $h = -7 \rightarrow 7$

$k = -9 \rightarrow 9$
 $l = -13 \rightarrow 13$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.076$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.183$
 $S = 1.06$
 1955 reflections
 127 parameters
 0 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0676P)^2]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.14 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.16 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.4259 (5)	0.1591 (3)	0.1743 (3)	0.0497 (7)
C2	0.3612 (5)	0.2317 (4)	0.2902 (3)	0.0606 (9)
H2	0.2384	0.2966	0.2946	0.073*
C3	0.4814 (6)	0.2060 (4)	0.3978 (3)	0.0729 (10)
H3	0.4399	0.2533	0.4760	0.087*
C4	0.6631 (6)	0.1104 (4)	0.3901 (3)	0.0688 (9)
H4	0.7494	0.0940	0.4617	0.083*
C5	0.7120 (5)	0.0399 (4)	0.2725 (3)	0.0616 (9)
H5	0.8323	-0.0274	0.2667	0.074*
C6	0.1290 (5)	0.2807 (4)	0.0538 (3)	0.0609 (9)
H6A	0.1624	0.3874	0.1022	0.073*
H6B	-0.0012	0.2245	0.0903	0.073*
C7	0.0728 (5)	0.3080 (3)	-0.0806 (3)	0.0487 (7)
C8	0.2253 (5)	0.3955 (4)	-0.1514 (3)	0.0616 (8)
H8	0.3653	0.4367	-0.1155	0.074*
C9	0.1723 (6)	0.4224 (4)	-0.2746 (3)	0.0702 (10)
H9	0.2763	0.4823	-0.3210	0.084*
C10	-0.0325 (6)	0.3617 (4)	-0.3297 (3)	0.0712 (10)
H10	-0.0670	0.3785	-0.4135	0.085*
C11	-0.1851 (6)	0.2764 (4)	-0.2600 (3)	0.0686 (10)
H11	-0.3257	0.2362	-0.2958	0.082*
C12	-0.1314 (5)	0.2501 (4)	-0.1371 (3)	0.0587 (8)
H12	-0.2367	0.1911	-0.0910	0.070*

N1	0.3211 (4)	0.1824 (3)	0.0631 (2)	0.0584 (7)
H1A	0.3715	0.1364	-0.0055	0.070*
N2	0.5982 (4)	0.0617 (3)	0.1662 (2)	0.0553 (7)

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0601 (19)	0.0431 (16)	0.0460 (18)	0.0067 (15)	0.0030 (14)	0.0010 (13)
C2	0.075 (2)	0.0526 (19)	0.055 (2)	0.0143 (17)	0.0093 (16)	0.0009 (14)
C3	0.100 (3)	0.071 (2)	0.047 (2)	0.012 (2)	0.0090 (18)	-0.0041 (15)
C4	0.082 (2)	0.068 (2)	0.055 (2)	0.007 (2)	-0.0131 (17)	0.0029 (16)
C5	0.067 (2)	0.060 (2)	0.058 (2)	0.0129 (17)	-0.0012 (16)	0.0041 (15)
C6	0.063 (2)	0.060 (2)	0.061 (2)	0.0195 (17)	0.0017 (15)	0.0045 (15)
C7	0.0485 (18)	0.0403 (16)	0.0586 (19)	0.0120 (14)	0.0035 (14)	0.0031 (13)
C8	0.0514 (19)	0.059 (2)	0.073 (2)	0.0014 (16)	0.0016 (16)	0.0005 (16)
C9	0.077 (3)	0.063 (2)	0.071 (2)	-0.0001 (19)	0.0092 (19)	0.0130 (17)
C10	0.085 (3)	0.069 (2)	0.061 (2)	0.011 (2)	-0.0070 (19)	0.0054 (17)
C11	0.061 (2)	0.071 (2)	0.072 (2)	0.0066 (19)	-0.0091 (18)	-0.0034 (18)
C12	0.054 (2)	0.0490 (18)	0.071 (2)	-0.0012 (15)	0.0063 (16)	0.0000 (15)
N1	0.0655 (17)	0.0619 (17)	0.0499 (16)	0.0249 (14)	0.0036 (12)	-0.0015 (11)
N2	0.0594 (16)	0.0534 (15)	0.0547 (16)	0.0156 (13)	0.0023 (12)	0.0045 (11)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—N2	1.338 (3)	C6—H6B	0.9700
C1—N1	1.354 (3)	C7—C12	1.368 (4)
C1—C2	1.391 (4)	C7—C8	1.381 (4)
C2—C3	1.369 (4)	C8—C9	1.376 (4)
C2—H2	0.9300	C8—H8	0.9300
C3—C4	1.374 (4)	C9—C10	1.370 (4)
C3—H3	0.9300	C9—H9	0.9300
C4—C5	1.373 (4)	C10—C11	1.365 (4)
C4—H4	0.9300	C10—H10	0.9300
C5—N2	1.331 (3)	C11—C12	1.372 (4)
C5—H5	0.9300	C11—H11	0.9300
C6—N1	1.444 (3)	C12—H12	0.9300
C6—C7	1.495 (4)	N1—H1A	0.8600
C6—H6A	0.9700		
N2—C1—N1	115.7 (2)	C12—C7—C6	121.6 (3)
N2—C1—C2	121.5 (3)	C8—C7—C6	120.7 (3)
N1—C1—C2	122.7 (3)	C9—C8—C7	120.7 (3)
C3—C2—C1	118.9 (3)	C9—C8—H8	119.7
C3—C2—H2	120.5	C7—C8—H8	119.7
C1—C2—H2	120.5	C10—C9—C8	120.6 (3)
C2—C3—C4	120.0 (3)	C10—C9—H9	119.7
C2—C3—H3	120.0	C8—C9—H9	119.7
C4—C3—H3	120.0	C11—C10—C9	119.1 (3)

C5—C4—C3	117.3 (3)	C11—C10—H10	120.4
C5—C4—H4	121.3	C9—C10—H10	120.4
C3—C4—H4	121.3	C10—C11—C12	120.0 (3)
N2—C5—C4	124.2 (3)	C10—C11—H11	120.0
N2—C5—H5	117.9	C12—C11—H11	120.0
C4—C5—H5	117.9	C7—C12—C11	121.9 (3)
N1—C6—C7	111.6 (2)	C7—C12—H12	119.1
N1—C6—H6A	109.3	C11—C12—H12	119.1
C7—C6—H6A	109.3	C1—N1—C6	123.4 (2)
N1—C6—H6B	109.3	C1—N1—H1A	118.3
C7—C6—H6B	109.3	C6—N1—H1A	118.3
H6A—C6—H6B	108.0	C5—N2—C1	118.0 (3)
C12—C7—C8	117.7 (3)		
N2—C1—C2—C3	1.8 (4)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-1.0 (5)
N1—C1—C2—C3	-177.8 (3)	C8—C7—C12—C11	0.2 (4)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.3 (5)	C6—C7—C12—C11	179.2 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-1.9 (5)	C10—C11—C12—C7	0.4 (5)
C3—C4—C5—N2	1.6 (5)	N2—C1—N1—C6	178.6 (2)
N1—C6—C7—C12	117.9 (3)	C2—C1—N1—C6	-1.7 (5)
N1—C6—C7—C8	-63.1 (4)	C7—C6—N1—C1	170.6 (3)
C12—C7—C8—C9	-0.2 (4)	C4—C5—N2—C1	0.3 (5)
C6—C7—C8—C9	-179.2 (3)	N1—C1—N2—C5	177.6 (3)
C7—C8—C9—C10	-0.5 (5)	C2—C1—N2—C5	-2.0 (4)
C8—C9—C10—C11	1.1 (5)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
N1—H1A...N2 ⁱ	0.86	2.26	3.070 (3)	158

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1, -y, -z$.