

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

(2*R*,3*S*)-Methyl 2-hydroxy-3-(4-methylbenzenesulfonamido)-3-phenylpropanoate

 Mohamed I. Fadlalla,^a Holger B. Friedrich,^a Glenn E. M. Maguire^a and Bernard Omondi^{b*}

^aSchool of Chemistry, University of KwaZulu-Natal, Westville Campus, Private Bag X54001, Durban 4000, South Africa, and ^bResearch Centre for Synthesis and Catalysis, Department of Chemistry, University of Johannesburg, PO Box 524 Auckland Park, Johannesburg 2006, South Africa
Correspondence e-mail: boowaga@uj.ac.za

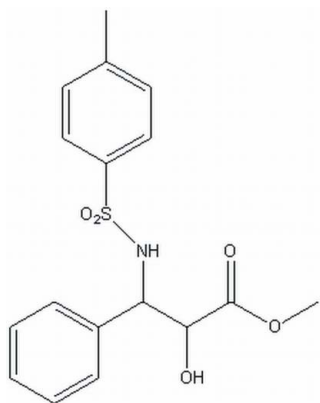
Received 17 October 2010; accepted 17 November 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.040; wR factor = 0.100; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.3.

In the title molecule, $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{19}\text{NO}_5\text{S}$, the *p*-tolyl ring is oriented approximately parallel to the phenyl ring [dihedral angle = 17.2 (1°)], resulting in an intramolecular π - π interaction [centroid-centroid distance = 3.184 (10) Å]. In the crystal, molecules are linked through $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ and $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, forming hydrogen-bonded sheets lying diagonally across the *ac* face.

Related literature

For related structures of β -amino alcohols, see: Bergmeier (2000); Krzeminski & Wojtczak (2005). For related structures of tosylamino compounds, see: Coote *et al.* (2008); Liu *et al.* (2005); Chinnakali *et al.* (2007); Nan & Xing (2006); Fadlalla *et al.* (2010); Zhao *et al.* (2005). For the synthesis of the title compound, see: Naicker *et al.* (2008); Govender *et al.* (2003). For the use of β -amino alcohols in the synthesis of chiral ligands for asymmetric catalysis, see: Bodkin & McLeod (2002); Lohray *et al.* (2002).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{19}\text{NO}_5\text{S}$
 $M_r = 349.39$
 Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 10.4053$ (8) Å
 $b = 5.4655$ (4) Å
 $c = 29.3768$ (19) Å
 $\beta = 105.386$ (3°)
 $V = 1610.8$ (2) Å³
 $Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.23$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 100$ K
 $0.13 \times 0.11 \times 0.09$ mm

Data collection

Bruker X8 APEXII 4K Kappa CCD diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2007)
 $T_{\min} = 0.971$, $T_{\max} = 0.980$
 17784 measured reflections
 4016 independent reflections
 3212 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.038$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.04$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.100$
 $S = 1.00$
 4016 reflections
 219 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.67$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.65$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{O3}-\text{H3A}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{i}}$	0.84	2.50	3.270 (2)	152
$\text{C1}-\text{H1C}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.98	2.52	3.392 (2)	149
$\text{C4}-\text{H4}\cdots\text{O3}^{\text{iii}}$	1.00	2.50	3.484 (2)	166
$\text{C1}-\text{H1C}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.98	2.52	3.392 (2)	149

 Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y + 1, z$; (ii) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 2$; (iii) $x, y - 1, z$.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: SAINT-Plus (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: SAINT-Plus and XPREP (Bruker, 2007); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: DIAMOND (Brandenburg & Putz, 2005), ORTEP-3 (Farrugia, 1999); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 1999).

Financial assistance from the South African National Research Foundation and the University of KwaZulu-Natal is gratefully acknowledged.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: FL2324).

References

- Bergmeier, S. (2000). *Tetrahedron*, **56**, 2561–2576.
 Bodkin, J. A. & McLeod, M. D. (2002). *J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. 1*, pp. 2733–2746.
 Brandenburg, K. & Putz, H. (2005). *DIAMOND*. Crystal Impact GbR, Bonn, Germany.
 Bruker (2007). *APEX2*, *SAINTE* and *SADABS*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
 Chinnakali, K., Poornachandran, M., Raghunathan, R. & Fun, H.-K. (2007). *Acta Cryst.* **E63**, o1030–o1031.
 Coote, S. C., O'Brien, P. & Whitwood, A. C. (2008). *Org. Biomol. Chem.* **6**, 4299–4314.
 Fadlalla, M. I., Friedrich, H. B., Maguire, G. E. M. & Bala, M. D. (2010). *Acta Cryst.* **E66**, o463.
 Farrugia, L. J. (1999). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **32**, 837–838.

- Govender, M., Friedrich, H. B., Makhoba, X., Ngcobo, T. D. & Onani, M. O. (2003). *Chem. Commun.* p. 2922.
- Krzeminski, M. P. & Wojtczak, A. (2005). *Tetrahedron Lett.* **46**, 8299–8302.
- Liu, Z., Fan, Y., Li, R., Zhou, B. & Wu, L. (2005). *Tetrahedron Lett.* **46**, 1023–1025.
- Lohray, B. B., Thombare, P. S. & Bhushan, V. (2002). *PINSA*, **68A**, 391–1073.
- Naicker, T., Datye, A. & Friedrich, H. B. (2008). *Appl. Catal. A*, **350**, 96–102.
- Nan, Z.-H. & Xing, J.-D. (2006). *Acta Cryst. E* **62**, o1978–o1979.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst. A* **64**, 112–122.
- Zhao, Y., Jiang, N., Chen, S., Peng, C., Zhang, X., Zou, Y., Zhang, S. & Wang, J. (2005). *Tetrahedron*, **61**, 6546–6552.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, o3279–o3280 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S160053681004780X]

(2*R*,3*S*)-Methyl 2-hydroxy-3-(4-methylbenzenesulfonamido)-3-phenylpropanoate

Mohamed I. Fadlalla, Holger B. Friedrich, Glenn E. M. Maguire and Bernard Omondi

S1. Comment

Vicinal amino alcohols (beta-amino alcohol) are a common structural component in many naturally occurring and biologically active compounds. Furthermore, beta-amino alcohols are used in the synthesis of chiral ligands for asymmetric catalysis (Lohray *et al.*, 2002, Bodkin & McLeod, 2002). As part of investigating a new synthetic route to these molecules, we report the crystal structure of the title compound (I) (Fig. 1) whose synthesis produces diastereomers which are separable using chromatography with the stable one being the one with the chirality as R at C3 and S at C4.

The molecular structure of the title compound, C₁₇H₁₉NO₅S (I), is similar to that of *trans*-methyl 2-hydroxy-3-(*p*-fluoro)phenyl-3'-(*N*-tosyl amino)propanoate (Zhao *et al.*, 2005). The crystal structure is characterized by a number of intra- and inter- molecular interactions. An O-H...O and three C-H...O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) stabilize the crystal structure forming hydrogen bonded sheets that run along the *b* axis. In addition the *p*-tolyl and phenyl rings are in close proximity leading to a π - π interaction (Cg1...Cg2 = 3.8149 (10) Å) (Fig. 2). The hydrogen bonded sheets of molecules are alligned along the crystallographic *ac* face (Fig 3). It is worth mentioning that the H on the N atom does not contribute to a hydrogen bond as their is no acceptor in close proximity.

S2. Experimental

The title compound was obtained through a modified literature method (Naicker *et al.*, 2008, Govender *et al.*, 2003). To a nitrogen saturated Schlenk tube 6 ml of a mixture of acetonitrile and water (1:1 *v/v*), methyl cinnamate (0.0775 g, 0.478 mmol), chloramine-T (0.2173 g, 0.956 mmol), hydrotalcite-like catalyst (0.03 g) were added in that order. The catalyst was gravity filtered off after 24 h. The reaction mixture was then washed with sodium sulfite (1 g in 20 ml of de-ionized water) followed by 15 ml of ethyl acetate. The aqueous layer was separated from the organic layer and further washed by 3x 15 ml of ethyl acetate. The solvent of the combined organic mixture was removed *in vacuo*. The resulting crude product was purified by preparative high pressure liquid chromatography to yield the title compound, (I), as a white solid. Crystals of I were obtained by slow evaporation of a solution of acetonitrile and water (1:1 *v/v*) at room temperature (m.p. 413–418 K). Spectroscopic data: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, δ , p.p.m.): = 2.3 (s, 3H), 3.3 (d, 1H), 3.7 (s, 3H), 4.3 (d, 1H), 4.8 (dd, 1H), 5.6 (d, 1H), 7.0–7.1 (m, Ar), 7.5 (m, Ar). ¹³C NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, δ , p.p.m.): = 21.4 (s, 1 C), 53.2 (s, 1 C), 58.9 (s, 1 C), 74.2 (s, 1 C), 126.8 (s, 2 C), 126.9 (s, 2 C), 127.8 (s, 2 C), 128.4 (s, 2 C), 129.2 (s, 1 C), 137.4 (s, 1 C), 137.5 (s, 1 C), 143.1 (s, 1 C), 172.4 (s, 1 C). MS *m/z*-[fragment]-(%): 372.1 (*M* + Na⁺) calculated = 372.1 for C₁₇H₁₉NO₅SNa⁺. FT—IR (cm⁻¹): = 3477(*m*), (OH), 3139(*m*), (NH), 2967(*w*), 2882(*w*), 1598(*w*), (ar), 1738(*m*), (C=O), 1056(*m*), (S=O).

S3. Refinement

The methyl, methine and aromatic H atoms were placed in geometrically idealized positions and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with C—H = 0.95 Å and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for aromatic, C—H = 0.98 Å and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for CH₃, C—H = 1.00 Å and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for CH. N—H = 0.88 Å and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{N})$ for N—H and O—H = 0.84 Å and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O})$.

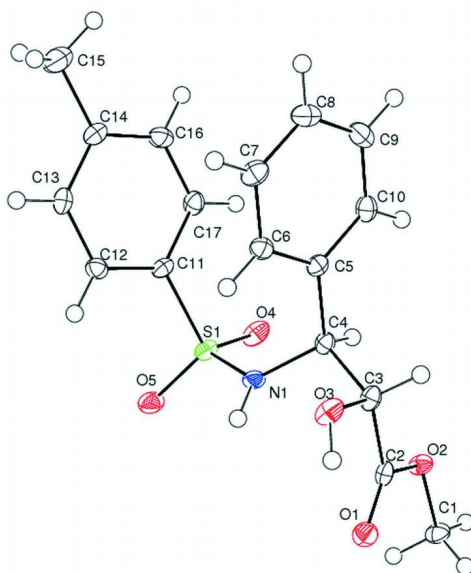


Figure 1

View of (I) (50% probability displacement ellipsoids) with H atoms presented as small spheres of arbitrary radii.

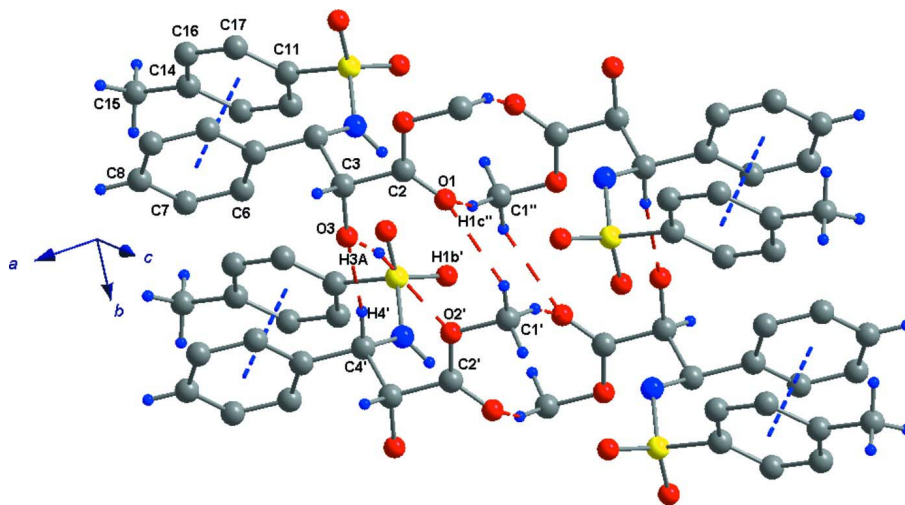


Figure 2

O—H \cdots O and C—H \cdots O hydrogen bond interactions in the crystal structure of (I). [Symmetry operators: (i) = $x, 1 + y, z$; (ii) = $1 - x, 1 - y, 2 - z$]

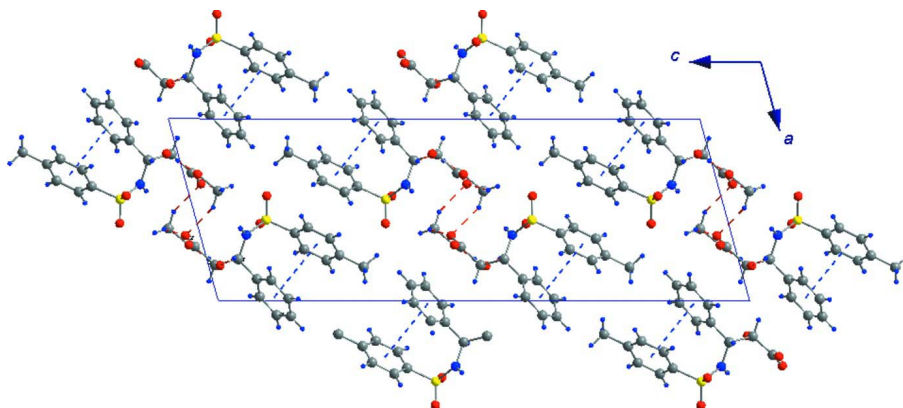


Figure 3

Sheets of O—H···O and C—H···O hydrogen bonded molecules aligned diagonally across the *ac* face.

(2*R*,3*S*)-Methyl 2-hydroxy-3-(4-methylbenzenesulfonamido)-3-phenylpropanoate

Crystal data

$C_{17}H_{19}NO_5S$

$M_r = 349.39$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 10.4053 (8) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 5.4655 (4) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 29.3768 (19) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 105.386 (3)^\circ$

$V = 1610.8 (2) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 736$

$D_x = 1.441 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 18868 reflections

$\theta = 2.0\text{--}28.4^\circ$

$\mu = 0.23 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 100 \text{ K}$

Block, colourless

$0.13 \times 0.11 \times 0.09 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker X8 APEXII 4K Kappa CCD
diffractometer

Graphite monochromator

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2007)

$T_{\min} = 0.971$, $T_{\max} = 0.980$

17784 measured reflections

4016 independent reflections

3212 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.038$

$\theta_{\max} = 28.4^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.0^\circ$

$h = -13 \rightarrow 13$

$k = -4 \rightarrow 7$

$l = -39 \rightarrow 39$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.04$

$wR(F^2) = 0.100$

$S = 1.00$

4016 reflections

219 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant

direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0409P)^2 + 1.5018P]$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.034$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.67 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.65 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Experimental. The intensity data was collected on a Bruker X8 Apex 4 K CCD diffractometer using an exposure time of 15 sec/per frame. A total of 1480 frames were collected with a frame width of 0.5° covering upto $\theta = 28.41^\circ$ with 99.8% completeness accomplished.

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger. >>> The Following Model and Quality ALERTS were generated - (Acta-Mode) <<< Format: alert-number_ALERT_alert-type_alert-level text 960_ALERT_3_G Number of Intensities with I . LT. - $2 \cdot \text{sig}(I)$. 1 793_ALERT_4_G The Model has Chirality at C3 (Verify) ... R 793_ALERT_4_G The Model has Chirality at C4 (Verify) ... S The chirality is verified and correct.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.60326 (17)	0.1396 (3)	1.05597 (6)	0.0179 (3)
H1A	0.6289	0.2404	1.0845	0.027*
H1B	0.6083	-0.0337	1.0648	0.027*
H1C	0.5118	0.1798	1.0383	0.027*
C2	0.70299 (16)	0.4237 (3)	1.01583 (6)	0.0151 (3)
C3	0.80464 (16)	0.4702 (3)	0.98772 (6)	0.0154 (3)
H3	0.8947	0.4182	1.0071	0.018*
C4	0.77208 (15)	0.3308 (3)	0.94058 (6)	0.0140 (3)
H4	0.7672	0.1526	0.9476	0.017*
C5	0.88195 (16)	0.3659 (3)	0.91578 (6)	0.0144 (3)
C6	0.88826 (16)	0.5749 (3)	0.88948 (6)	0.0166 (3)
H6	0.8229	0.6993	0.8868	0.02*
C7	0.98912 (17)	0.6037 (3)	0.86702 (6)	0.0203 (4)
H7	0.992	0.7462	0.8488	0.024*
C8	1.08600 (17)	0.4233 (3)	0.87122 (6)	0.0216 (4)
H8	1.1555	0.4429	0.8561	0.026*
C9	1.08063 (17)	0.2154 (3)	0.89751 (6)	0.0212 (4)
H9	1.1467	0.0921	0.9004	0.025*
C10	0.97868 (16)	0.1857 (3)	0.91979 (6)	0.0175 (3)
H10	0.9754	0.0423	0.9377	0.021*
C11	0.62837 (16)	0.3006 (3)	0.82070 (6)	0.0149 (3)
C12	0.59763 (16)	0.5127 (3)	0.79368 (6)	0.0160 (3)
H12	0.536	0.628	0.7998	0.019*
C13	0.65878 (16)	0.5527 (3)	0.75750 (6)	0.0175 (3)
H13	0.6381	0.6965	0.7388	0.021*
C14	0.74982 (17)	0.3851 (3)	0.74828 (6)	0.0188 (4)
C15	0.8146 (2)	0.4311 (4)	0.70873 (7)	0.0325 (5)
H15A	0.8962	0.3336	0.714	0.049*
H15B	0.8367	0.6052	0.708	0.049*

H15C	0.7529	0.3846	0.6786	0.049*
C16	0.77809 (17)	0.1746 (3)	0.77556 (6)	0.0201 (4)
H16	0.8393	0.0585	0.7694	0.024*
C17	0.71818 (17)	0.1312 (3)	0.81180 (6)	0.0178 (3)
H17	0.7385	-0.0131	0.8303	0.021*
N1	0.63870 (13)	0.4102 (3)	0.91306 (5)	0.0153 (3)
H1	0.6036	0.5446	0.9211	0.018*
O1	0.64240 (12)	0.5874 (2)	1.02804 (4)	0.0191 (3)
O2	0.69409 (12)	0.1881 (2)	1.02642 (4)	0.0170 (3)
O3	0.80780 (12)	0.7244 (2)	0.97843 (4)	0.0196 (3)
H3A	0.7704	0.8013	0.9961	0.029*
O4	0.57588 (13)	-0.0023 (2)	0.88103 (4)	0.0214 (3)
O5	0.42425 (12)	0.3532 (3)	0.85460 (4)	0.0235 (3)
S1	0.55584 (4)	0.25129 (8)	0.867939 (14)	0.01596 (11)

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0213 (8)	0.0183 (8)	0.0179 (8)	0.0000 (6)	0.0115 (7)	0.0030 (7)
C2	0.0173 (7)	0.0162 (8)	0.0101 (7)	-0.0019 (6)	0.0009 (6)	0.0002 (6)
C3	0.0193 (8)	0.0137 (8)	0.0133 (7)	-0.0030 (6)	0.0043 (6)	0.0013 (6)
C4	0.0158 (7)	0.0133 (8)	0.0130 (7)	-0.0006 (6)	0.0040 (6)	0.0016 (6)
C5	0.0155 (7)	0.0151 (8)	0.0124 (7)	-0.0020 (6)	0.0032 (6)	-0.0023 (6)
C6	0.0189 (8)	0.0153 (8)	0.0164 (8)	0.0017 (6)	0.0062 (6)	0.0005 (7)
C7	0.0243 (9)	0.0187 (9)	0.0203 (9)	-0.0039 (7)	0.0104 (7)	0.0005 (7)
C8	0.0176 (8)	0.0262 (10)	0.0230 (9)	-0.0031 (7)	0.0086 (7)	-0.0063 (8)
C9	0.0165 (8)	0.0225 (9)	0.0231 (9)	0.0034 (7)	0.0030 (7)	-0.0044 (7)
C10	0.0188 (8)	0.0153 (8)	0.0168 (8)	0.0005 (6)	0.0020 (6)	0.0000 (7)
C11	0.0161 (7)	0.0180 (8)	0.0114 (7)	-0.0035 (6)	0.0048 (6)	-0.0021 (6)
C12	0.0161 (7)	0.0159 (8)	0.0158 (8)	0.0016 (6)	0.0041 (6)	-0.0017 (7)
C13	0.0196 (8)	0.0166 (8)	0.0148 (8)	-0.0006 (6)	0.0019 (6)	0.0031 (7)
C14	0.0215 (8)	0.0216 (9)	0.0147 (8)	-0.0012 (7)	0.0073 (6)	0.0000 (7)
C15	0.0410 (11)	0.0362 (12)	0.0271 (10)	0.0073 (9)	0.0212 (9)	0.0076 (9)
C16	0.0223 (8)	0.0191 (9)	0.0210 (9)	0.0046 (7)	0.0096 (7)	-0.0007 (7)
C17	0.0226 (8)	0.0144 (8)	0.0166 (8)	0.0014 (6)	0.0055 (7)	0.0013 (7)
N1	0.0153 (6)	0.0183 (7)	0.0128 (6)	0.0006 (5)	0.0048 (5)	-0.0032 (6)
O1	0.0237 (6)	0.0152 (6)	0.0191 (6)	0.0006 (5)	0.0066 (5)	-0.0009 (5)
O2	0.0226 (6)	0.0144 (6)	0.0171 (6)	0.0010 (5)	0.0108 (5)	0.0032 (5)
O3	0.0314 (7)	0.0125 (6)	0.0168 (6)	-0.0041 (5)	0.0097 (5)	-0.0001 (5)
O4	0.0298 (7)	0.0189 (6)	0.0175 (6)	-0.0092 (5)	0.0101 (5)	-0.0015 (5)
O5	0.0158 (6)	0.0371 (8)	0.0180 (6)	-0.0018 (5)	0.0052 (5)	-0.0040 (6)
S1	0.01589 (19)	0.0203 (2)	0.01270 (19)	-0.00410 (15)	0.00551 (14)	-0.00200 (16)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—O2	1.4671 (19)	C9—H9	0.95
C1—H1A	0.98	C10—H10	0.95
C1—H1B	0.98	C11—C17	1.389 (2)

C1—H1C	0.98	C11—C12	1.393 (2)
C2—O1	1.203 (2)	C11—S1	1.7675 (16)
C2—O2	1.334 (2)	C12—C13	1.393 (2)
C2—C3	1.526 (2)	C12—H12	0.95
C3—O3	1.418 (2)	C13—C14	1.395 (2)
C3—C4	1.537 (2)	C13—H13	0.95
C3—H3	1	C14—C16	1.388 (3)
C4—N1	1.474 (2)	C14—C15	1.511 (2)
C4—C5	1.522 (2)	C15—H15A	0.98
C4—H4	1	C15—H15B	0.98
C5—C6	1.390 (2)	C15—H15C	0.98
C5—C10	1.390 (2)	C16—C17	1.390 (2)
C6—C7	1.389 (2)	C16—H16	0.95
C6—H6	0.95	C17—H17	0.95
C7—C8	1.392 (3)	N1—S1	1.6274 (14)
C7—H7	0.95	N1—H1	0.88
C8—C9	1.383 (3)	O3—H3A	0.8401
C8—H8	0.95	O4—S1	1.4387 (14)
C9—C10	1.396 (2)	O5—S1	1.4333 (13)
O2—C1—H1A	109.5	C9—C10—H10	120
O2—C1—H1B	109.5	C5—C10—H10	120
H1A—C1—H1B	109.5	C17—C11—C12	120.78 (15)
O2—C1—H1C	109.5	C17—C11—S1	119.66 (13)
H1A—C1—H1C	109.5	C12—C11—S1	119.54 (13)
H1B—C1—H1C	109.5	C13—C12—C11	118.88 (15)
O1—C2—O2	125.07 (15)	C13—C12—H12	120.6
O1—C2—C3	122.04 (15)	C11—C12—H12	120.6
O2—C2—C3	112.85 (14)	C12—C13—C14	121.06 (16)
O3—C3—C2	108.80 (13)	C12—C13—H13	119.5
O3—C3—C4	108.86 (13)	C14—C13—H13	119.5
C2—C3—C4	112.70 (13)	C16—C14—C13	118.88 (16)
O3—C3—H3	108.8	C16—C14—C15	120.84 (16)
C2—C3—H3	108.8	C13—C14—C15	120.28 (17)
C4—C3—H3	108.8	C14—C15—H15A	109.5
N1—C4—C5	114.69 (13)	C14—C15—H15B	109.5
N1—C4—C3	107.37 (13)	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
C5—C4—C3	110.77 (13)	C14—C15—H15C	109.5
N1—C4—H4	107.9	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
C5—C4—H4	107.9	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
C3—C4—H4	107.9	C17—C16—C14	120.95 (16)
C6—C5—C10	119.27 (15)	C17—C16—H16	119.5
C6—C5—C4	121.45 (14)	C14—C16—H16	119.5
C10—C5—C4	119.28 (15)	C16—C17—C11	119.45 (16)
C7—C6—C5	120.67 (16)	C16—C17—H17	120.3
C7—C6—H6	119.7	C11—C17—H17	120.3
C5—C6—H6	119.7	C4—N1—S1	120.52 (11)
C6—C7—C8	119.90 (17)	C4—N1—H1	119.8

C6—C7—H7	120.1	S1—N1—H1	119.7
C8—C7—H7	120.1	C2—O2—C1	114.07 (13)
C9—C8—C7	119.72 (16)	C3—O3—H3A	109.5
C9—C8—H8	120.1	O5—S1—O4	120.52 (8)
C7—C8—H8	120.1	O5—S1—N1	106.05 (8)
C8—C9—C10	120.35 (16)	O4—S1—N1	106.78 (8)
C8—C9—H9	119.8	O5—S1—C11	107.57 (8)
C10—C9—H9	119.8	O4—S1—C11	107.16 (8)
C9—C10—C5	120.09 (16)	N1—S1—C11	108.29 (8)
O1—C2—C3—O3	-2.1 (2)	C11—C12—C13—C14	-0.3 (3)
O2—C2—C3—O3	-179.60 (13)	C12—C13—C14—C16	0.6 (3)
O1—C2—C3—C4	-122.90 (17)	C12—C13—C14—C15	179.70 (17)
O2—C2—C3—C4	59.56 (18)	C13—C14—C16—C17	-0.6 (3)
O3—C3—C4—N1	-61.99 (16)	C15—C14—C16—C17	-179.69 (18)
C2—C3—C4—N1	58.81 (17)	C14—C16—C17—C11	0.3 (3)
O3—C3—C4—C5	63.93 (17)	C12—C11—C17—C16	0.1 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-175.27 (13)	S1—C11—C17—C16	-178.00 (13)
N1—C4—C5—C6	40.6 (2)	C5—C4—N1—S1	72.77 (17)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-81.10 (19)	C3—C4—N1—S1	-163.68 (11)
N1—C4—C5—C10	-139.84 (16)	O1—C2—O2—C1	-1.1 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C10	98.44 (18)	C3—C2—O2—C1	176.38 (13)
C10—C5—C6—C7	0.6 (3)	C4—N1—S1—O5	170.37 (12)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-179.90 (15)	C4—N1—S1—O4	40.68 (14)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-0.8 (3)	C4—N1—S1—C11	-74.42 (14)
C6—C7—C8—C9	0.5 (3)	C17—C11—S1—O5	-147.69 (14)
C7—C8—C9—C10	0.0 (3)	C12—C11—S1—O5	34.16 (16)
C8—C9—C10—C5	-0.2 (3)	C17—C11—S1—O4	-16.75 (16)
C6—C5—C10—C9	-0.1 (2)	C12—C11—S1—O4	165.10 (13)
C4—C5—C10—C9	-179.64 (15)	C17—C11—S1—N1	98.09 (15)
C17—C11—C12—C13	-0.1 (2)	C12—C11—S1—N1	-80.05 (14)
S1—C11—C12—C13	178.01 (13)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
O3—H3A...O2 ⁱ	0.84	2.50	3.270 (2)	152
C1—H1C...O1 ⁱⁱ	0.98	2.52	3.392 (2)	149
C4—H4...O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	1.00	2.50	3.484 (2)	166
C1—H1C...O1 ⁱⁱ	0.98	2.52	3.392 (2)	149

Symmetry codes: (i) *x*, *y*+1, *z*; (ii) -*x*+1, -*y*+1, -*z*+2; (iii) *x*, *y*-1, *z*.