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## Structure Reports

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**(2*R*,4*R*)-1-(*tert*-Butoxycarbonyl)-4-methoxypyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid**Jing Yuan,<sup>a</sup> Zhi-Qiang Cai,<sup>a</sup> Chang-Jiang Huang<sup>a\*</sup> and Wei-Ren Xu<sup>a,b</sup><sup>a</sup>Tianjin Key Laboratory of Molecular Drug Design and Discovery, Tianjin Institute of Pharmaceutical Research, Tianjin 300193, People's Republic of China, and <sup>b</sup>School of Pharmacy, Tianjin Medical University, Tianjin 300070, People's Republic of China

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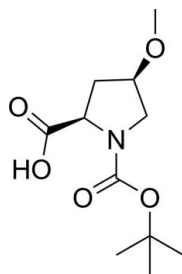
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 293$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.037;  $wR$  factor = 0.086; data-to-parameter ratio = 9.8.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{19}\text{NO}_5$ , the five-membered pyrrolidine ring adopts an envelope conformation. The dihedral angles between the carboxyl group plane, the pyrrolidine ring and the methoxy group are  $59.50$  (3) and  $62.02$  (1)°, respectively. In the crystal, intermolecular  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds link the molecules into chains along [100]. The absolute configuration is assigned in accord with that of (2*R*,4*R*)-1-(*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)-4-hydroxypyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid, which was the starting material in the synthesis.

## Related literature

The title compound is an intermediate in the preparation of the direct FXa inhibitor, eribaxaban {systematic name: (2*R*,4*R*)-*N*<sup>1</sup>-(4-chlorophenyl)-*N*<sup>2</sup>-[2-fluoro-4-(2-oxopyridin-1(2*H*)-yl)phenyl]-4-methoxypyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxamide}. For background to the bioactivity and applications of eribaxaban, see: Perzborn (2009); Kohrt *et al.* (2007). For the synthesis of other derivatives with proline, see: Van Huis *et al.* (2009); Bigge *et al.* (2003).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{19}\text{NO}_5$	$V = 646.7$ (2) Å <sup>3</sup>
$M_r = 245.27$	$Z = 2$
Monoclinic, $P2_1$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 6.4299$ (13) Å	$\mu = 0.10$ mm <sup>-1</sup>
$b = 9.784$ (2) Å	$T = 293$ K
$c = 10.279$ (2) Å	$0.26 \times 0.20 \times 0.10$ mm
$\beta = 90.12$ (3)°	

## Data collection

Rigaku Saturn CCD area-detector diffractometer	7923 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan ( <i>CrystalClear</i> ; Rigaku/MS, 2005)	1601 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.975$ , $T_{\max} = 0.990$	1059 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.059$

## Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.086$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.13$ e Å <sup>-3</sup>
$S = 0.94$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.16$ e Å <sup>-3</sup>
1601 reflections	
163 parameters	
1 restraint	

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{O}3-\text{H}3\cdots\text{O}4^i$	1.00 (3)	1.68 (4)	2.672 (2)	169 (4)

Symmetry code: (i)  $x + 1, y, z$ .

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 2005); cell refinement: *CrystalClear*; data reduction: *CrystalClear*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

The authors thank the State Key Laboratory of Elemento-organic Chemistry, Nankai University, for the data collection.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: KP2285).

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## supporting information

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**(2*R*,4*R*)-1-(*tert*-Butoxycarbonyl)-4-methoxypyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid****Jing Yuan, Zhi-Qiang Cai, Chang-Jiang Huang and Wei-Ren Xu****S1. Comment**

Eribaxaban is a direct FXa inhibitors and has a high affinity for human FXa. Clinical data with eribaxaban in the prevention of VTE in TKR patients have recently been presented (Perzborn, 2009; Kohrt *et al.*, 2007).

The title compound (Fig. 1), (2*R*,4*R*)-1-(*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)-4-methoxypyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid is important intermediate in the preparation of Eribaxaban. Some derivatives of Eribaxaban have been reported with high affinity for human FXa (Van Huis *et al.*, 2009; Bigge *et al.*, 2003). Herein, the synthesis and the crystal structure of the title compound are reported; the absolute configuration is assigned by the use of (2*R*,4*R*)-1-(*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)-4-hydroxypyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid as the starting material for the synthesis.

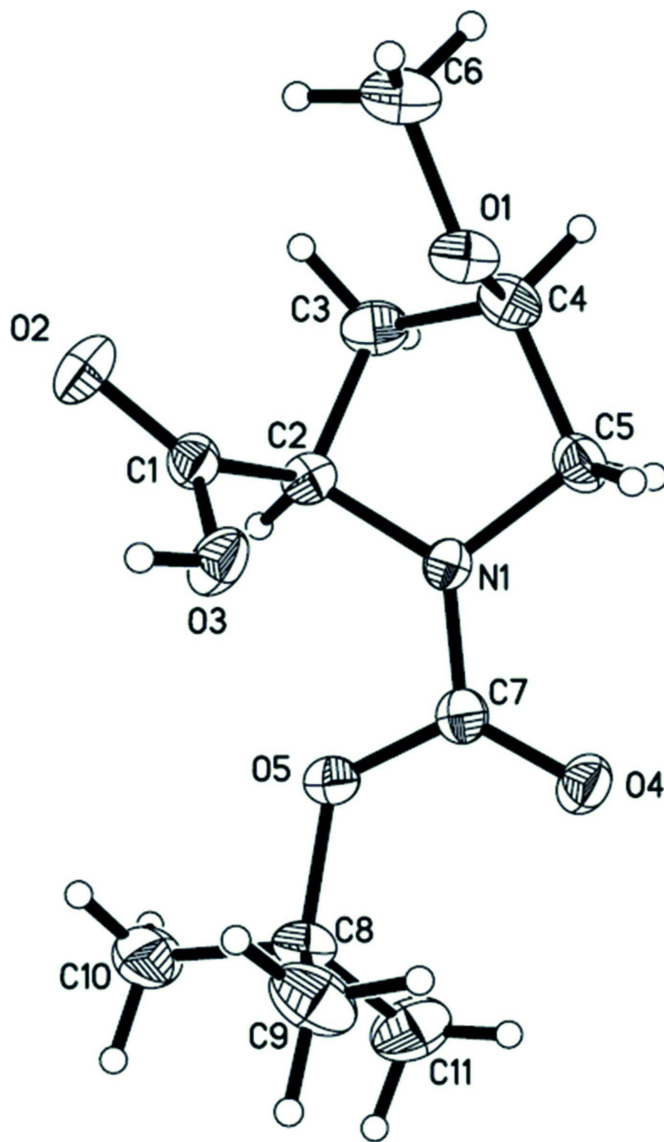
The pyrrolidine ring of the title compound adopts an envelope conformation with the C3 lying out of the plane. The dihedral angles between the carboxyl group plane, pyrrolidine ring and methoxy system are 120.50 (3)° and 117.98 (1)°, respectively. In the crystal structure, intermolecular O—H...O interactions contribute to the stabilization of the packing. Each molecule is a donor and acceptor for 2 hydrogen bonds (Table 1).

**S2. Experimental**

CH<sub>3</sub>I (22 g, 0.155 mol) and 60%(w/w)NaH (15 g, 0.625 mol) were dissolved in THF(300 ml), and the resulting mixture was cooled to 273 K in an ice bath. (*R,R*)-4-Hydroxy-pyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid, 1-*tert*-butyl ester(35 g, 0.151 mol)was then added in portions while maintaining a reaction temperature of 278 K or less. The reaction was allowed to warm to 293 K overnight. To the reaction mixture was added H<sub>2</sub>O (100 ml), 1 N HCl(100 ml) and NaCl(42 g). The layers were separated, and the organic layer was dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated to the white solid (37 g). Colourless single crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained by recrystallisation from methanol.

**S3. Refinement**

All H atoms were geometrically positioned (C—H 0.93–0.98 Å) and treated as riding, with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ .



**Figure 1**

The structure of  $C_{11}H_{19}NO_5$  with all non-H atom-labelling scheme and ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

**(2*R*,4*R*)-1-(*tert*-Butoxycarbonyl)-4-methoxypyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid**

*Crystal data*

$C_{11}H_{19}NO_5$

$M_r = 245.27$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1$

Hall symbol:  $P2_1y$

$a = 6.4299$  (13) Å

$b = 9.784$  (2) Å

$c = 10.279$  (2) Å

$\beta = 90.12$  (3)°

$V = 646.7$  (2) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 264$

$D_x = 1.260$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 1953 reflections

$\theta = 3.2$ – $27.8$ °

$\mu = 0.10$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 293$  K

Prism, colorless

$0.26 \times 0.20 \times 0.10$  mm

*Data collection*

Rigaku Saturn CCD area-detector  
diffractometer  
Radiation source: rotating anode  
Confocal monochromator  
 $\omega$  and  $\varphi$  scans  
Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(*CrystalClear*; Rigaku/MSC, 2005)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.975$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.990$

7923 measured reflections  
1601 independent reflections  
1059 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.059$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 27.7^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 3.2^\circ$   
 $h = -8 \rightarrow 8$   
 $k = -12 \rightarrow 12$   
 $l = -13 \rightarrow 13$

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$   
Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.086$   
 $S = 0.94$   
1601 reflections  
163 parameters  
1 restraint  
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methods  
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites  
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent  
and constrained refinement  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0494P)^2]$   
where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.13 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.16 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
Extinction correction: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick,  
2008),  $F_c^* = kFc[1 + 0.001x \text{Fc}^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$   
Extinction coefficient: 0.55 (4)

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.9616 (2)	0.74085 (17)	0.56702 (14)	0.0482 (4)
O2	1.2349 (3)	0.63017 (18)	0.30520 (17)	0.0550 (5)
O3	1.1022 (3)	0.83878 (17)	0.27707 (17)	0.0505 (5)
H3	1.253 (5)	0.861 (4)	0.262 (3)	0.093 (11)*
O4	0.4931 (2)	0.92660 (17)	0.24970 (16)	0.0472 (5)
O5	0.6949 (2)	0.80182 (16)	0.10995 (13)	0.0462 (5)
N1	0.7106 (2)	0.7625 (2)	0.32240 (16)	0.0387 (4)
C1	1.0873 (3)	0.7059 (2)	0.2972 (2)	0.0383 (5)
C2	0.8634 (3)	0.6534 (2)	0.3036 (2)	0.0375 (5)
H2	0.8304	0.6019	0.2244	0.045*
C3	0.8259 (4)	0.5636 (2)	0.4235 (2)	0.0490 (6)
H3A	0.7087	0.5027	0.4103	0.059*
H3B	0.9482	0.5099	0.4448	0.059*
C4	0.7804 (4)	0.6680 (2)	0.5283 (2)	0.0461 (6)
H4	0.7092	0.6269	0.6028	0.055*

C5	0.6428 (3)	0.7725 (3)	0.45841 (19)	0.0454 (6)
H5A	0.4968	0.7493	0.4670	0.054*
H5B	0.6654	0.8638	0.4924	0.054*
C6	1.1031 (4)	0.6610 (3)	0.6413 (2)	0.0632 (8)
H6A	1.0289	0.6135	0.7084	0.095*
H6B	1.2057	0.7197	0.6801	0.095*
H6C	1.1706	0.5960	0.5856	0.095*
C7	0.6240 (3)	0.8376 (2)	0.2284 (2)	0.0381 (5)
C8	0.6706 (4)	0.8926 (2)	-0.0042 (2)	0.0463 (6)
C9	0.7760 (5)	1.0273 (3)	0.0251 (3)	0.0712 (9)
H9A	0.7098	1.0697	0.0983	0.107*
H9B	0.7650	1.0863	-0.0493	0.107*
H9C	0.9200	1.0115	0.0447	0.107*
C10	0.7858 (5)	0.8146 (4)	-0.1077 (2)	0.0734 (9)
H10A	0.9256	0.7975	-0.0791	0.110*
H10B	0.7884	0.8672	-0.1865	0.110*
H10C	0.7167	0.7291	-0.1235	0.110*
C11	0.4450 (5)	0.9100 (4)	-0.0410 (3)	0.0750 (9)
H11A	0.3765	0.8229	-0.0382	0.113*
H11B	0.4356	0.9469	-0.1274	0.113*
H11C	0.3794	0.9714	0.0191	0.113*

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
O1	0.0579 (10)	0.0464 (10)	0.0402 (8)	-0.0032 (8)	-0.0090 (7)	0.0051 (7)
O2	0.0423 (9)	0.0491 (10)	0.0735 (11)	0.0155 (9)	-0.0065 (7)	-0.0084 (8)
O3	0.0326 (9)	0.0405 (10)	0.0783 (12)	0.0026 (8)	0.0053 (7)	0.0105 (9)
O4	0.0349 (9)	0.0452 (10)	0.0614 (10)	0.0048 (8)	0.0058 (7)	0.0067 (7)
O5	0.0514 (9)	0.0497 (10)	0.0374 (9)	0.0110 (8)	-0.0016 (6)	0.0051 (7)
N1	0.0300 (9)	0.0469 (11)	0.0393 (10)	0.0032 (9)	0.0017 (7)	0.0045 (8)
C1	0.0368 (13)	0.0415 (13)	0.0364 (11)	0.0045 (10)	-0.0013 (9)	-0.0039 (9)
C2	0.0378 (11)	0.0365 (12)	0.0384 (11)	-0.0004 (10)	-0.0062 (8)	-0.0033 (9)
C3	0.0561 (16)	0.0360 (13)	0.0548 (14)	-0.0073 (11)	-0.0064 (11)	0.0074 (10)
C4	0.0509 (14)	0.0451 (15)	0.0424 (12)	-0.0089 (11)	0.0027 (10)	0.0084 (10)
C5	0.0411 (12)	0.0557 (15)	0.0393 (12)	-0.0021 (12)	0.0076 (9)	0.0029 (11)
C6	0.0698 (17)	0.073 (2)	0.0469 (15)	0.0031 (16)	-0.0158 (12)	0.0085 (13)
C7	0.0270 (10)	0.0422 (13)	0.0451 (12)	-0.0051 (10)	0.0012 (9)	0.0042 (10)
C8	0.0563 (15)	0.0457 (14)	0.0367 (12)	-0.0018 (11)	-0.0070 (10)	0.0064 (9)
C9	0.100 (2)	0.0617 (19)	0.0519 (16)	-0.0284 (18)	0.0041 (15)	0.0033 (13)
C10	0.103 (2)	0.076 (2)	0.0412 (14)	0.0196 (19)	0.0010 (14)	0.0007 (14)
C11	0.072 (2)	0.076 (2)	0.078 (2)	0.0082 (17)	-0.0301 (15)	0.0039 (16)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

O1—C6	1.421 (3)	C4—H4	0.9800
O1—C4	1.422 (3)	C5—H5A	0.9700
O2—C1	1.206 (3)	C5—H5B	0.9700

O3—C1	1.320 (3)	C6—H6A	0.9600
O3—H3	1.00 (3)	C6—H6B	0.9600
O4—C7	1.231 (3)	C6—H6C	0.9600
O5—C7	1.347 (3)	C8—C10	1.506 (3)
O5—C8	1.480 (3)	C8—C11	1.508 (4)
N1—C7	1.335 (3)	C8—C9	1.512 (4)
N1—C2	1.464 (3)	C9—H9A	0.9600
N1—C5	1.469 (3)	C9—H9B	0.9600
C1—C2	1.530 (3)	C9—H9C	0.9600
C2—C3	1.533 (3)	C10—H10A	0.9600
C2—H2	0.9800	C10—H10B	0.9600
C3—C4	1.513 (3)	C10—H10C	0.9600
C3—H3A	0.9700	C11—H11A	0.9600
C3—H3B	0.9700	C11—H11B	0.9600
C4—C5	1.530 (3)	C11—H11C	0.9600
C6—O1—C4	113.5 (2)	O1—C6—H6A	109.5
C1—O3—H3	108 (2)	O1—C6—H6B	109.5
C7—O5—C8	121.67 (18)	H6A—C6—H6B	109.5
C7—N1—C2	125.79 (17)	O1—C6—H6C	109.5
C7—N1—C5	121.89 (19)	H6A—C6—H6C	109.5
C2—N1—C5	112.03 (17)	H6B—C6—H6C	109.5
O2—C1—O3	123.9 (2)	O4—C7—N1	123.01 (19)
O2—C1—C2	122.1 (2)	O4—C7—O5	125.3 (2)
O3—C1—C2	113.93 (19)	N1—C7—O5	111.70 (19)
N1—C2—C1	113.13 (18)	O5—C8—C10	101.8 (2)
N1—C2—C3	101.81 (17)	O5—C8—C11	111.5 (2)
C1—C2—C3	112.11 (17)	C10—C8—C11	110.7 (2)
N1—C2—H2	109.8	O5—C8—C9	108.62 (19)
C1—C2—H2	109.8	C10—C8—C9	111.2 (2)
C3—C2—H2	109.8	C11—C8—C9	112.5 (2)
C4—C3—C2	102.49 (18)	C8—C9—H9A	109.5
C4—C3—H3A	111.3	C8—C9—H9B	109.5
C2—C3—H3A	111.3	H9A—C9—H9B	109.5
C4—C3—H3B	111.3	C8—C9—H9C	109.5
C2—C3—H3B	111.3	H9A—C9—H9C	109.5
H3A—C3—H3B	109.2	H9B—C9—H9C	109.5
O1—C4—C3	112.24 (19)	C8—C10—H10A	109.5
O1—C4—C5	105.62 (19)	C8—C10—H10B	109.5
C3—C4—C5	103.28 (17)	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
O1—C4—H4	111.7	C8—C10—H10C	109.5
C3—C4—H4	111.7	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
C5—C4—H4	111.7	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
N1—C5—C4	103.27 (19)	C8—C11—H11A	109.5
N1—C5—H5A	111.1	C8—C11—H11B	109.5
C4—C5—H5A	111.1	H11A—C11—H11B	109.5
N1—C5—H5B	111.1	C8—C11—H11C	109.5
C4—C5—H5B	111.1	H11A—C11—H11C	109.5

H5A—C5—H5B	109.1	H11B—C11—H11C	109.5
C7—N1—C2—C1	85.8 (2)	C7—N1—C5—C4	179.02 (19)
C5—N1—C2—C1	-100.3 (2)	C2—N1—C5—C4	4.8 (2)
C7—N1—C2—C3	-153.7 (2)	O1—C4—C5—N1	89.6 (2)
C5—N1—C2—C3	20.2 (2)	C3—C4—C5—N1	-28.4 (2)
O2—C1—C2—N1	166.64 (19)	C2—N1—C7—O4	178.7 (2)
O3—C1—C2—N1	-16.0 (2)	C5—N1—C7—O4	5.3 (3)
O2—C1—C2—C3	52.2 (3)	C2—N1—C7—O5	-0.3 (3)
O3—C1—C2—C3	-130.4 (2)	C5—N1—C7—O5	-173.6 (2)
N1—C2—C3—C4	-37.2 (2)	C8—O5—C7—O4	18.7 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	84.0 (2)	C8—O5—C7—N1	-162.41 (18)
C6—O1—C4—C3	-71.9 (2)	C7—O5—C8—C10	175.9 (2)
C6—O1—C4—C5	176.29 (19)	C7—O5—C8—C11	-65.9 (3)
C2—C3—C4—O1	-72.3 (2)	C7—O5—C8—C9	58.5 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	40.9 (2)		

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>
O3—H3 $\cdots$ O4 <sup>i</sup>	1.00 (3)	1.68 (4)	2.672 (2)	169 (4)

Symmetry code: (i)  $x+1, y, z$ .