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Methyl 2-(4-chlorobenzamido)benzoate

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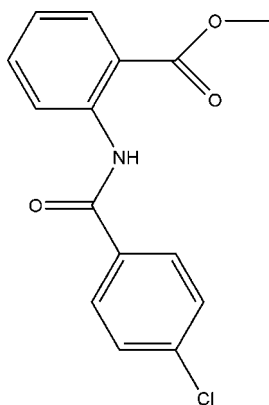
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 296$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.007$ Å; R factor = 0.059; wR factor = 0.134; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.2.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{12}\text{ClNO}_3$, the central $\text{C}-\text{C}(\text{O})-\text{N}-\text{C}$ amide unit makes dihedral angles of 6.60 (2) and 3.42 (2)°, respectively, with the 4-chlorobenzene and anilino rings. The dihedral angle between the two benzene rings is 3.32 (3)°. Intramolecular $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ and $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds form $S(6)$ rings and contribute to the planarity of this portion of the molecule. In the crystal, intermolecular $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds are observed, which link the molecules into [010] $C(7)$ chains.

Related literature

For the graph-set analysis of hydrogen-bond patterns, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995). For related structures, see: Gowda *et al.* (2008); Zhou & Zheng (2007); Khan *et al.* (2010). Benzamide derivatives are frequently used in the synthesis of new and effective anti-convulsant agents, see: Clark *et al.* (1988); Leander *et al.* (1988); Diouf *et al.* (1997). For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{12}\text{ClNO}_3$
 $M_r = 289.71$
 Orthorhombic, $Pbca$
 $a = 7.3788$ (9) Å
 $b = 16.757$ (2) Å
 $c = 21.530$ (2) Å
 $V = 2662.0$ (5) Å³
 $Z = 8$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.29$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 296$ K
 $0.21 \times 0.12 \times 0.08$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII diffractometer
 11139 measured reflections
 2399 independent reflections
 814 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.166$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.059$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.134$
 $S = 0.97$
 2399 reflections
 182 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.21$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.26$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{C}2-\text{H}2\cdots\text{O}1$	0.93	2.21	2.839 (6)	124
$\text{N}1-\text{H}1\cdots\text{O}2$	0.86	1.94	2.646 (5)	138
$\text{C}3-\text{H}3\cdots\text{O}2^i$	0.93	2.58	3.422 (6)	151

Symmetry code: (i) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, z$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: OM2376).

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Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, o3338 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S160053681004897X]

Methyl 2-(4-chlorobenzamido)benzoate

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S1. Comment

Benzamide derivatives are frequently used in the synthesis of new and effective anti-convulsant agents (Clark *et al.*, 1988; Leander *et al.*, 1988; Diouf *et al.*, 1997). In continuation of our ongoing structural studies of benzamide derivatives (Khan *et al.*, 2010), herein the crystal structure of title compound is described.

In the title compound, Fig. 1, the C1—N1—C9(O1)—C10 amide unit is planar, r.m.s. deviation 0.0102 Å, and subtends dihedral angles of 3.42 (2)° and 6.60 (2)° respectively to the C1···C6 and C10···C15 rings. The two aromatic rings are inclined at 3.32 (3)°. Bond distances within the molecule are normal (Allen *et al.* 1987) and similar to those observed in comparable structures (Gowda *et al.* 2008; Zhou & Zheng 2007).

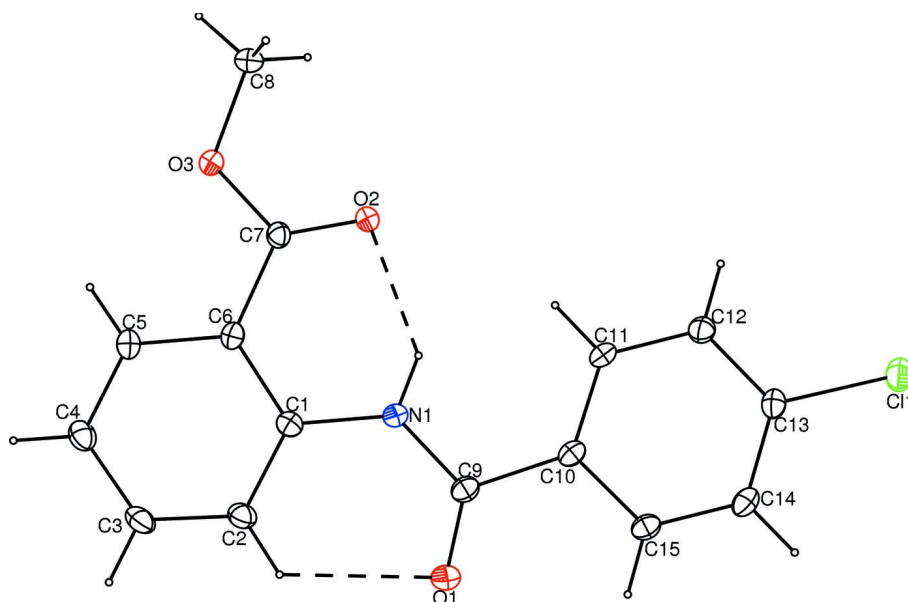
The intramolecular C2—H2···O1 and N1—H1···O2 hydrogen bonds produce S(6) rings (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995) (Fig. 1). The C3—H3 group in the molecule acts as a hydrogen-bond donor to atom O2ⁱ (symmetry code: -x+1/2, y+1/2, z) forming a C(7) chain running parallel to the [010] direction (Fig. 2).

S2. Experimental

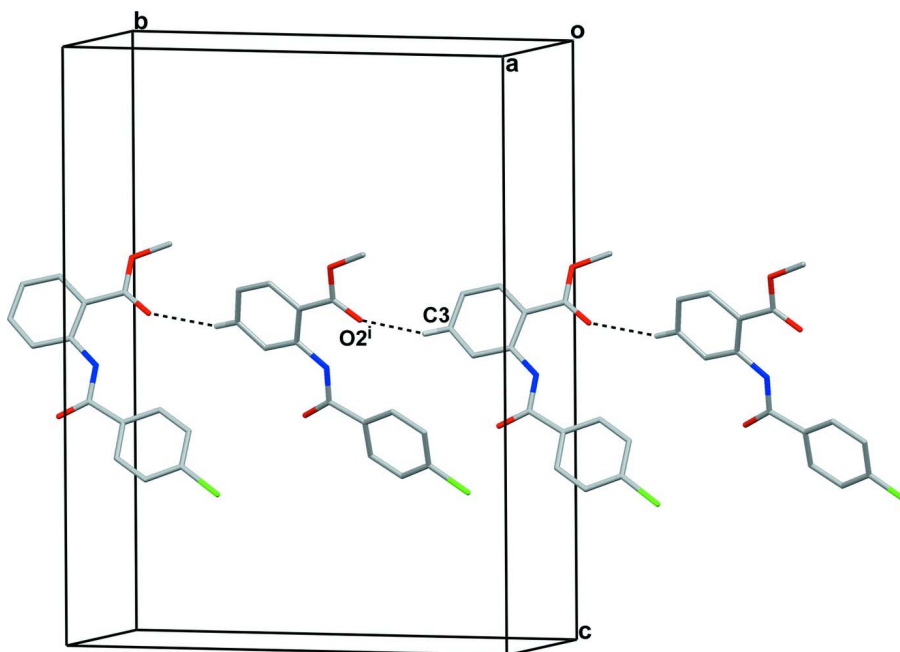
A solution of methyl anthranilate (390 µl, 3 mmol) in dichloromethane (15 ml) was treated dropwise with 4-chlorobenzoyl chloride (383 µl, 3 mmol) in the presence of triethanolamine (5 ml) as a catalyst. The resulting mixture was stirred for 1 h. On completion of reaction, precipitates formed, were filtered, dried and crystallized from methanol to yield colorless blocks of the title compound.

S3. Refinement

All H-atoms were refined using riding model for hydrogen bonds with $d(\text{C—H}) = 0.93 \text{ \AA}$ ($U_{\text{iso}} = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}$ of the parent atom) for aromatic carbon atoms, $d(\text{N—H}) = 0.86 \text{ \AA}$ ($U_{\text{iso}} = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}$ of the parent atom) for imine nitrogen atom and $d(\text{C—H}) = 0.96 \text{ \AA}$ ($U_{\text{iso}} = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}$ of the parent atom) for methyl carbon atom.

**Figure 1**

A view of the title compound showing displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 30% probability level. Hydrogen bonds are indicated by dashed lines.

**Figure 2**

Part of the crystal structure, showing the formation of a C(7) chain running parallel to the [010] direction. For the sake of clarity, H atoms not involved in the motif shown have been omitted (symmetry code: $i = -x+1/2, y+1/2, z$).

Methyl 2-(4-chlorobenzamido)benzoate

Crystal data

C₁₅H₁₂ClNO₂ $M_r = 289.71$ Orthorhombic, *Pbca*

Hall symbol: -P 2ac 2ab

 $a = 7.3788$ (9) Å $b = 16.757$ (2) Å $c = 21.530$ (2) Å $V = 2662.0$ (5) Å³ $Z = 8$ $F(000) = 1200$ $D_x = 1.446$ Mg m⁻³Mo *K*α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 11747 reflections

 $\theta = 3.1$ – 16.8° $\mu = 0.29$ mm⁻¹ $T = 296$ K

Block, colorless

 $0.21 \times 0.12 \times 0.08$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII

diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

 φ and ω scans

11139 measured reflections

2399 independent reflections

814 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.166$ $\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.2^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 3.1^\circ$ $h = -9 \rightarrow 5$ $k = -20 \rightarrow 20$ $l = -26 \rightarrow 23$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.059$ $wR(F^2) = 0.134$ $S = 0.97$

2399 reflections

182 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant

direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0301P)^2]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.21$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.26$ e Å⁻³

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.2912 (7)	0.0979 (3)	0.5068 (2)	0.0455 (14)
C2	0.3378 (8)	0.1763 (3)	0.5195 (2)	0.0592 (16)
H2	0.3927	0.1892	0.5571	0.071*
C3	0.3031 (8)	0.2348 (3)	0.4770 (3)	0.0663 (17)
H3	0.3357	0.2872	0.4857	0.080*
C4	0.2209 (7)	0.2174 (3)	0.4215 (3)	0.0637 (17)

H4	0.1955	0.2580	0.3933	0.076*
C5	0.1760 (7)	0.1399 (3)	0.4076 (2)	0.0533 (16)
H5	0.1213	0.1281	0.3698	0.064*
C6	0.2116 (7)	0.0788 (3)	0.4498 (2)	0.0425 (14)
C7	0.1648 (7)	-0.0040 (3)	0.4327 (2)	0.0487 (16)
C8	0.0594 (7)	-0.0888 (3)	0.3536 (2)	0.0757 (19)
H8A	0.1720	-0.1136	0.3424	0.113*
H8B	-0.0180	-0.0861	0.3178	0.113*
H8C	0.0013	-0.1196	0.3855	0.113*
C9	0.3924 (7)	0.0410 (3)	0.6083 (2)	0.0522 (16)
C10	0.4046 (7)	-0.0374 (3)	0.6420 (2)	0.0447 (14)
C11	0.3391 (7)	-0.1095 (3)	0.6209 (2)	0.0515 (16)
H11	0.2803	-0.1118	0.5827	0.062*
C12	0.3590 (7)	-0.1781 (3)	0.6552 (2)	0.0559 (16)
H12	0.3158	-0.2265	0.6401	0.067*
C13	0.4442 (7)	-0.1741 (3)	0.7124 (2)	0.0523 (15)
C14	0.5107 (7)	-0.1034 (3)	0.7343 (2)	0.0571 (16)
H14	0.5693	-0.1013	0.7725	0.069*
C15	0.4904 (7)	-0.0356 (3)	0.6994 (2)	0.0557 (16)
H15	0.5349	0.0126	0.7145	0.067*
N1	0.3251 (5)	0.0360 (2)	0.54958 (18)	0.0502 (12)
H1	0.2999	-0.0113	0.5368	0.060*
O1	0.4375 (6)	0.1027 (2)	0.63322 (15)	0.0849 (14)
O2	0.1871 (5)	-0.06159 (18)	0.46533 (15)	0.0636 (12)
O3	0.0940 (5)	-0.00921 (19)	0.37634 (15)	0.0615 (11)
Cl1	0.4671 (2)	-0.25964 (8)	0.75727 (6)	0.0747 (6)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.043 (4)	0.042 (3)	0.051 (4)	0.003 (3)	0.009 (3)	-0.003 (3)
C2	0.073 (5)	0.050 (4)	0.054 (4)	-0.003 (3)	0.004 (3)	-0.004 (3)
C3	0.085 (5)	0.041 (3)	0.073 (4)	-0.003 (4)	0.008 (4)	-0.006 (3)
C4	0.070 (5)	0.051 (4)	0.070 (4)	0.013 (4)	0.012 (4)	0.008 (3)
C5	0.054 (5)	0.052 (4)	0.054 (4)	0.004 (3)	0.004 (3)	0.006 (3)
C6	0.039 (4)	0.047 (3)	0.041 (3)	0.001 (3)	0.005 (3)	0.005 (3)
C7	0.048 (5)	0.054 (4)	0.044 (4)	0.000 (4)	0.001 (3)	0.004 (3)
C8	0.110 (6)	0.056 (4)	0.061 (4)	-0.006 (4)	-0.022 (4)	-0.008 (3)
C9	0.054 (5)	0.058 (4)	0.045 (4)	0.001 (3)	-0.001 (3)	-0.008 (3)
C10	0.042 (4)	0.060 (4)	0.033 (3)	0.003 (3)	0.003 (3)	-0.006 (3)
C11	0.057 (5)	0.061 (4)	0.037 (3)	-0.001 (3)	-0.010 (3)	-0.001 (3)
C12	0.064 (5)	0.055 (4)	0.049 (4)	0.008 (3)	0.000 (3)	-0.008 (3)
C13	0.054 (5)	0.056 (4)	0.047 (4)	0.014 (3)	0.010 (3)	0.006 (3)
C14	0.054 (5)	0.075 (4)	0.042 (3)	0.006 (4)	-0.003 (3)	-0.002 (3)
C15	0.059 (5)	0.065 (4)	0.043 (4)	-0.005 (3)	0.006 (3)	-0.009 (3)
N1	0.060 (4)	0.046 (3)	0.044 (3)	-0.002 (2)	-0.006 (2)	-0.002 (2)
O1	0.132 (4)	0.061 (3)	0.062 (3)	-0.015 (3)	-0.023 (2)	-0.008 (2)
O2	0.094 (4)	0.043 (2)	0.054 (2)	-0.005 (2)	-0.020 (2)	0.0071 (18)

O3	0.085 (4)	0.049 (2)	0.051 (2)	-0.006 (2)	-0.015 (2)	0.0026 (18)
Cl1	0.0844 (13)	0.0744 (10)	0.0654 (9)	0.0159 (10)	-0.0047 (9)	0.0112 (8)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—C2	1.386 (6)	C8—H8C	0.9600
C1—C6	1.398 (6)	C9—O1	1.212 (5)
C1—N1	1.410 (5)	C9—N1	1.360 (5)
C2—C3	1.365 (6)	C9—C10	1.503 (6)
C2—H2	0.9300	C10—C11	1.379 (6)
C3—C4	1.371 (6)	C10—C15	1.388 (6)
C3—H3	0.9300	C11—C12	1.373 (6)
C4—C5	1.373 (6)	C11—H11	0.9300
C4—H4	0.9300	C12—C13	1.385 (6)
C5—C6	1.393 (6)	C12—H12	0.9300
C5—H5	0.9300	C13—C14	1.367 (6)
C6—C7	1.476 (6)	C13—Cl1	1.737 (5)
C7—O2	1.206 (5)	C14—C15	1.370 (6)
C7—O3	1.323 (5)	C14—H14	0.9300
C8—O3	1.443 (5)	C15—H15	0.9300
C8—H8A	0.9600	N1—H1	0.8600
C8—H8B	0.9600		
C2—C1—C6	119.7 (5)	H8B—C8—H8C	109.5
C2—C1—N1	121.6 (5)	O1—C9—N1	124.3 (5)
C6—C1—N1	118.7 (4)	O1—C9—C10	121.0 (5)
C3—C2—C1	120.1 (5)	N1—C9—C10	114.7 (5)
C3—C2—H2	120.0	C11—C10—C15	118.2 (5)
C1—C2—H2	120.0	C11—C10—C9	125.8 (5)
C2—C3—C4	121.0 (5)	C15—C10—C9	116.0 (5)
C2—C3—H3	119.5	C12—C11—C10	121.3 (5)
C4—C3—H3	119.5	C12—C11—H11	119.4
C3—C4—C5	119.8 (5)	C10—C11—H11	119.4
C3—C4—H4	120.1	C11—C12—C13	119.1 (5)
C5—C4—H4	120.1	C11—C12—H12	120.5
C4—C5—C6	120.5 (5)	C13—C12—H12	120.5
C4—C5—H5	119.7	C14—C13—C12	120.8 (5)
C6—C5—H5	119.7	C14—C13—Cl1	119.3 (4)
C5—C6—C1	118.9 (5)	C12—C13—Cl1	120.0 (5)
C5—C6—C7	119.0 (5)	C13—C14—C15	119.4 (5)
C1—C6—C7	122.2 (5)	C13—C14—H14	120.3
O2—C7—O3	122.3 (5)	C15—C14—H14	120.3
O2—C7—C6	125.1 (5)	C14—C15—C10	121.3 (5)
O3—C7—C6	112.5 (4)	C14—C15—H15	119.4
O3—C8—H8A	109.5	C10—C15—H15	119.4
O3—C8—H8B	109.5	C9—N1—C1	128.8 (4)
H8A—C8—H8B	109.5	C9—N1—H1	115.6
O3—C8—H8C	109.5	C1—N1—H1	115.6

H8A—C8—H8C	109.5	C7—O3—C8	116.2 (4)
C6—C1—C2—C3	1.1 (8)	N1—C9—C10—C15	173.4 (4)
N1—C1—C2—C3	179.9 (5)	C15—C10—C11—C12	-0.6 (8)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.6 (9)	C9—C10—C11—C12	179.3 (5)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-1.5 (9)	C10—C11—C12—C13	1.0 (8)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.7 (9)	C11—C12—C13—C14	-1.1 (8)
C4—C5—C6—C1	1.0 (8)	C11—C12—C13—C11	178.7 (4)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-178.8 (5)	C12—C13—C14—C15	0.9 (8)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-1.9 (8)	C11—C13—C14—C15	-179.0 (4)
N1—C1—C6—C5	179.3 (4)	C13—C14—C15—C10	-0.5 (8)
C2—C1—C6—C7	177.8 (5)	C11—C10—C15—C14	0.3 (8)
N1—C1—C6—C7	-1.0 (7)	C9—C10—C15—C14	-179.6 (5)
C5—C6—C7—O2	-179.1 (5)	O1—C9—N1—C1	-1.1 (9)
C1—C6—C7—O2	1.1 (8)	C10—C9—N1—C1	177.8 (4)
C5—C6—C7—O3	0.9 (7)	C2—C1—N1—C9	4.7 (8)
C1—C6—C7—O3	-178.8 (5)	C6—C1—N1—C9	-176.5 (5)
O1—C9—C10—C11	172.5 (5)	O2—C7—O3—C8	-5.4 (7)
N1—C9—C10—C11	-6.5 (7)	C6—C7—O3—C8	174.6 (4)
O1—C9—C10—C15	-7.7 (8)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
C2—H2 \cdots O1	0.93	2.21	2.839 (6)	124
N1—H1 \cdots O2	0.86	1.94	2.646 (5)	138
C3—H3 \cdots O2 ⁱ	0.93	2.58	3.422 (6)	151

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1/2, y+1/2, z$.