

## 3-Benzyl-6-butyl-5-propyl-3*H*-1,2,3-triazolo[4,5-*d*]pyrimidin-7(6*H*)-one

Xiao-Hua Zeng,<sup>a</sup> Shou-Heng Deng,<sup>b</sup> Hong-Mei Wang,<sup>a\*</sup>  
Ai-Hua Zheng<sup>a</sup> and Ping Chen<sup>b</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Institute of Medicinal Chemistry, Hubei Medical University, Shiyan 442000, People's Republic of China, and <sup>b</sup>Center of Oncology, People's Hospital affiliated with Hubei Medical University, Shiyan 442000, People's Republic of China

Correspondence e-mail: meirwang@126.com

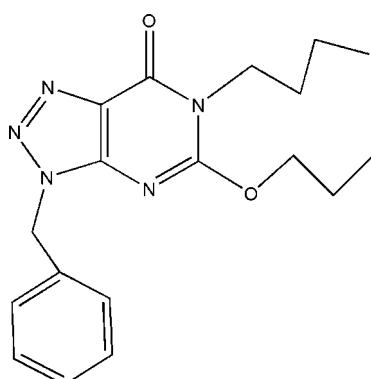
Received 23 October 2010; accepted 6 November 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 298\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005\text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.080;  $wR$  factor = 0.173; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.7.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}_5\text{O}_2$ , the triazolopyrimidine ring system is essentially planar, with a maximum displacement of 0.032 (2)  $\text{\AA}$ , and forms a dihedral angle of 87.59 (15) $^\circ$  with the phenyl ring. In the crystal, molecules are linked by intermolecular  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds and  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$  interactions into chains parallel to the  $c$  axis.

### Related literature

For the biological activity of 8-azaguanine derivatives, see: Roblin *et al.* (1945); Ding *et al.* (2004); Mitchell *et al.* (1950); Levine *et al.* (1963); Montgomery *et al.* (1962); Yamamoto *et al.* (1967); Bariana (1971); Holland *et al.* (1975); Zeng *et al.* (2010). For related structures, see: Ferguson *et al.* (1998); Li *et al.* (2004); Zhao, Xie *et al.* (2005); Zhao, Hu *et al.* (2005); Zhao, Wang & Ding (2005); Chen & Shi (2006); Maldonado *et al.* (2006); Xiao & Shi (2007); Wang *et al.* (2006, 2008); Zeng *et al.* (2006, 2009).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}_5\text{O}_2$	$V = 3693.7\text{ (12)\AA}^3$
$M_r = 341.41$	$Z = 8$
Orthorhombic, $Pbcn$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 28.328\text{ (6)\AA}$	$\mu = 0.08\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$b = 14.818\text{ (3)\AA}$	$T = 298\text{ K}$
$c = 8.7995\text{ (16)\AA}$	$0.19 \times 0.15 \times 0.10\text{ mm}$

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer	18673 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan ( <i>SADABS</i> ; Sheldrick, 1996)	3346 independent reflections
$(S) = 1.21$	2842 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
$T_{\min} = 0.984$ , $T_{\max} = 0.992$	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.041$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.080$	228 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.173$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.21$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.30\text{ e\AA}^{-3}$
3346 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.15\text{ e\AA}^{-3}$

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$Cg1$  is the centroid of the the C1–C6 ring.

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{C}2-\text{H}2\cdots\text{O}1^i$	0.93	2.43	3.259 (4)	148
$\text{C}15-\text{H}15\text{B}\cdots Cg1^i$	0.97	2.94	3.711 (3)	137

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2001); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2001); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1999) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

We gratefully acknowledge the financial support for this work by the National Basic Research Program of China (2003CB114400), the National Natural Science Foundation of China (20372023, 20102001), the Educational Commission of Hubei Province of China (grant Nos. B200624004, B20092412, B20102103) and the Shiyan Municipal Science and Technology Bureau (grant No. 20061835).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: RZ2509).

### References

- Bariana, D. S. (1971). *J. Med. Chem.* **14**, 535–543.
- Bruker (2001). *SMART* and *SAINT*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Chen, X.-B. & Shi, D.-Q. (2006). *Acta Cryst. E62*, o4780–o4782.
- Ding, M. W., Xu, S. Z. & Zhao, J. F. (2004). *J. Org. Chem.* **69**, 8366–8371.
- Farrugia, L. J. (1999). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **32**, 837–838.
- Ferguson, G., Low, J. N., Nogueras, M., Cobo, J., Lopez, M. D., Quijano, M. L. & Sanchez, A. (1998). *Acta Cryst. C54*, IUC980031.
- Holland, A., Jackson, D., Chaplen, P., LUNT, E., Marshall, S., Pain, C. L. & Wooldridge, K. R. H. (1975). *Eur. J. Med. Chem.* **10**, 447–449.
- Levine, R. J., Hall, T. C. & Harris, C. A. (1963). *Cancer (N.Y.)*, **16**, 269–272.

- Li, M., Wen, L. R., Fu, W. J., Hu, F. Z. & Yang, H. Z. (2004). *Chin. J. Struct. Chem.* **23**, 11–14.
- Maldonado, C. R., Quirós, M. & Salas, J. M. (2006). *Acta Cryst. C* **62**, o489–o491.
- Mitchell, J. H., Skipper, H. E. & Bennett, L. L. (1950). *Cancer Res.* **10**, 647–649.
- Montgomery, J. A., Schabel, F. M. & Skipper, H. E. (1962). *Cancer Res.* **22**, 504–509.
- Roblin, R. O., Lampen, J. O., English, J. P., Cole, Q. P. & Vaughan, J. R. (1945). *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **67**, 290–294.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (1996). *SADABS*. University of Göttingen, Germany.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst. A* **64**, 112–122.
- Spek, A. L. (2009). *Acta Cryst. D* **65**, 148–155.
- Wang, H.-M., Chen, L.-L., Hu, T. & Zeng, X.-H. (2008). *Acta Cryst. E* **64**, o2404.
- Wang, H.-M., Zeng, X.-H., Hu, Z.-Q., Li, G.-H. & Tian, J.-H. (2006). *Acta Cryst. E* **62**, o5038–o5040.
- Xiao, L.-X. & Shi, D.-Q. (2007). *Acta Cryst. E* **63**, o2843.
- Yamamoto, I., Inoki, R., Tamari, Y. & Iwatsubo, K. (1967). *Jpn J. Pharmacol.* **17**, 140–142.
- Zeng, X.-H., Deng, S.-H., Qu, Y.-N. & Wang, H.-M. (2009). *Acta Cryst. E* **65**, o1142–o1143.
- Zeng, X.-H., Ding, M.-W. & He, H.-W. (2006). *Acta Cryst. E* **62**, o731–o732.
- Zeng, X. H., Liu, M., Ding, M. W. & He, H. W. (2010). *Synth. Commun.* **40**, 1453–1460.
- Zhao, J.-F., Hu, Y.-G., Ding, M.-W. & He, H.-W. (2005). *Acta Cryst. E* **61**, o2791–o2792.
- Zhao, J. F., Wang, C. G. & Ding, M. W. (2005). *Chin. J. Struct. Chem.* **24**, 439–444.
- Zhao, J. F., Xie, C., Ding, M. W. & He, H. W. (2005). *Chem. Lett.* **34**, 1020–1022.

# supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2010). E66, o3140–o3141 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536810045575]

## 3-Benzyl-6-butyl-5-propyl-3*H*-1,2,3-triazolo[4,5-*d*]pyrimidin-7(6*H*)-one

Xiao-Hua Zeng, Shou-Heng Deng, Hong-Mei Wang, Ai-Hua Zheng and Ping Chen

### S1. Comment

The derivatives of heterocycles containing the 8-azaguanine system, which are well known bioisosteres of guanine, are of great importance because of their remarkable biological properties. Some of these activities include antimicrobial or antifungal activities (Roblin *et al.*, 1945; Ding *et al.*, 2004; Zeng *et al.*, 2010), encephaloma cell inhibitor activity (Mitchell *et al.*, 1950; Levine *et al.*, 1963), antileukemia activity (Montgomery *et al.*, 1962), hypersusceptibility inhibitor activity and acesodyne activity (Yamamoto *et al.*, 1967; Bariana, 1971; Holland *et al.*, 1975).

In recent years, Ding's group has been engaged in the preparation of derivatives of 8-azaguanine *via* aza-Wittig reaction of  $\beta$ -ethoxycarbonyl iminophosphoranes with aromatic isocyanates (Zhao, Xie *et al.*, 2005). As a continuation of our research for new biologically active heterocycles, the title compound was obtained from  $\beta$ -ethoxycarbonyl imino-phosphorane with aliphatic isocyanate, and structurally characterized in this context.

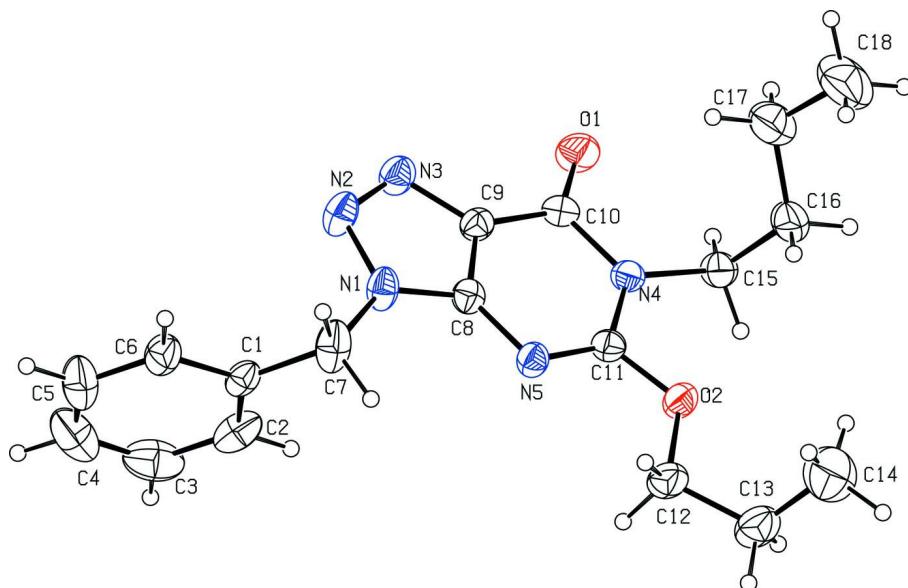
In the title compound (Fig. 1), bond lengths and angles within the triazolopyrimidinone system are in good agreement with those observed for closely related structures (Zhao, Hu *et al.*, 2005; Zhao, Wang & Ding, 2005). As reported for related compounds (Ferguson *et al.*, 1998; Li *et al.*, 2004; Maldonado *et al.*, 2006; Zeng *et al.*, 2006, 2009; Wang *et al.*, 2006, 2008; Xiao & Shi, 2007; Chen & Shi, 2006), the triazolopyrimidine ring system is essentially planar, with a maximum displacement of 0.032 (2) Å for atom N4, and forms dihedral angles of 87.59 (15) $^{\circ}$  with the C1–C6 phenyl ring. In the crystal packing, molecules are linked by intermolecular C—H···O hydrogen bonds and C—H··· $\pi$  interactions (Table 1) into chains parallel to the *c* axis.

### S2. Experimental

To the solution of carbodiimide prepared according to Zeng *et al.* (2006) in a mixed solvent ( $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{PrOH}$ , 1:4 *v/v*, 15 ml) was added a fresh prepared solution of Na/PrOH (0.1 g/2 ml). After stirring the reaction mixture for 6 h, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was recrystallized from EtOH to give the title compound in 75% yield (m. p. 464 K). Elemental analysis: calculated for  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_5\text{O}_2$ : C, 63.32; H, 6.79; N, 20.51%. Found: C, 62.75; H, 6.98; N, 20.22%. Crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction study were obtained by recrystallization from EtOH and dichloromethane (1:3 *v/v*) at room temperature.

### S3. Refinement

All H atoms were placed at calculated positions and treated as riding atoms, with C—H = 0.93–0.97 Å and  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  or  $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  for methyl H atoms.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound showing the atom-labeling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. H-atoms are represented by circles of arbitrary size.

### 3-Benzyl-6-butyl-5-propyl-3H-1,2,3-triazolo[4,5-d]pyrimidin- 7(6H)-one

#### Crystal data

$C_{18}H_{23}N_5O_2$

$M_r = 341.41$

Orthorhombic,  $Pbcn$

Hall symbol: -P 2n 2ab

$a = 28.328 (6)$  Å

$b = 14.818 (3)$  Å

$c = 8.7995 (16)$  Å

$V = 3693.7 (12)$  Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 8$

$F(000) = 1456$

$D_x = 1.228$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Melting point: 364 K

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 3955 reflections

$\theta = 2.6\text{--}23.4^\circ$

$\mu = 0.08$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 298$  K

Block, colourless

0.19 × 0.15 × 0.10 mm

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector  
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

$\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)

$T_{\min} = 0.984$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.992$

18673 measured reflections

3346 independent reflections

2842 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.041$

$\theta_{\max} = 25.3^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.6^\circ$

$h = -34 \rightarrow 29$

$k = -17 \rightarrow 17$

$l = -10 \rightarrow 7$

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.080$

$wR(F^2) = 0.173$

$S = 1.21$

3346 reflections

228 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites  
H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0532P)^2 + 2.6669P]$$

$$\text{where } P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.30 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.15 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

#### Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

#### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.13547 (10)	0.44798 (18)	0.0088 (3)	0.0454 (7)
C2	0.11879 (15)	0.3707 (2)	0.0781 (4)	0.0689 (10)
H2	0.1388	0.3363	0.1387	0.083*
C3	0.07250 (19)	0.3444 (3)	0.0577 (5)	0.0900 (14)
H3	0.0613	0.2929	0.1062	0.108*
C4	0.04300 (15)	0.3936 (4)	-0.0333 (6)	0.0967 (15)
H4	0.0120	0.3752	-0.0487	0.116*
C5	0.05947 (13)	0.4692 (3)	-0.1007 (5)	0.0814 (12)
H5	0.0394	0.5033	-0.1616	0.098*
C6	0.10505 (11)	0.4963 (2)	-0.0807 (4)	0.0581 (8)
H6	0.1157	0.5485	-0.1286	0.070*
C7	0.18567 (11)	0.4789 (2)	0.0285 (4)	0.0674 (10)
H7A	0.1902	0.5352	-0.0259	0.081*
H7B	0.1917	0.4902	0.1354	0.081*
C8	0.25650 (9)	0.37249 (17)	0.0422 (3)	0.0413 (6)
C9	0.27483 (10)	0.31471 (18)	-0.0642 (3)	0.0424 (6)
C10	0.31511 (10)	0.26037 (18)	-0.0287 (3)	0.0443 (7)
C11	0.30961 (10)	0.33995 (18)	0.2144 (3)	0.0420 (6)
C12	0.30873 (12)	0.4007 (2)	0.4643 (3)	0.0628 (9)
H12A	0.2781	0.3761	0.4915	0.075*
H12B	0.3042	0.4616	0.4263	0.075*
C13	0.34015 (14)	0.4018 (3)	0.5988 (4)	0.0742 (10)
H13A	0.3245	0.4351	0.6792	0.089*
H13B	0.3441	0.3402	0.6339	0.089*
C14	0.38675 (18)	0.4409 (4)	0.5757 (6)	0.131 (2)
H14A	0.4045	0.4035	0.5076	0.197*
H14B	0.4029	0.4449	0.6714	0.197*
H14C	0.3836	0.5002	0.5330	0.197*
C15	0.37466 (10)	0.2295 (2)	0.1713 (3)	0.0516 (8)
H15A	0.3775	0.1745	0.1123	0.062*

H15B	0.3705	0.2127	0.2769	0.062*
C16	0.42007 (11)	0.2843 (3)	0.1552 (4)	0.0685 (10)
H16A	0.4163	0.3403	0.2108	0.082*
H16B	0.4455	0.2509	0.2031	0.082*
C17	0.43453 (13)	0.3064 (3)	-0.0027 (5)	0.0896 (13)
H17A	0.4092	0.3391	-0.0525	0.108*
H17B	0.4397	0.2509	-0.0586	0.108*
C18	0.47925 (15)	0.3631 (4)	-0.0072 (7)	0.1249 (19)
H18A	0.4741	0.4185	0.0467	0.187*
H18B	0.4873	0.3762	-0.1109	0.187*
H18C	0.5046	0.3304	0.0396	0.187*
N1	0.21950 (8)	0.41208 (15)	-0.0277 (3)	0.0508 (6)
N2	0.21576 (10)	0.37955 (17)	-0.1729 (3)	0.0577 (7)
N3	0.24886 (9)	0.32053 (17)	-0.1946 (3)	0.0537 (7)
N4	0.33234 (8)	0.28021 (15)	0.1193 (2)	0.0417 (6)
N5	0.27266 (8)	0.38784 (15)	0.1849 (3)	0.0430 (6)
O1	0.33434 (8)	0.20431 (16)	-0.1081 (2)	0.0664 (7)
O2	0.33084 (7)	0.34506 (14)	0.3490 (2)	0.0531 (6)

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C1	0.0575 (18)	0.0412 (15)	0.0375 (15)	0.0103 (13)	-0.0086 (13)	-0.0097 (12)
C2	0.108 (3)	0.053 (2)	0.0456 (18)	0.009 (2)	-0.0091 (19)	-0.0024 (15)
C3	0.115 (4)	0.068 (3)	0.087 (3)	-0.027 (3)	0.036 (3)	-0.010 (2)
C4	0.058 (2)	0.099 (3)	0.133 (4)	-0.009 (2)	0.016 (3)	-0.038 (3)
C5	0.055 (2)	0.085 (3)	0.105 (3)	0.015 (2)	-0.020 (2)	-0.006 (2)
C6	0.0590 (19)	0.0582 (18)	0.0572 (19)	0.0091 (16)	-0.0092 (16)	0.0052 (15)
C7	0.066 (2)	0.0520 (19)	0.085 (2)	0.0146 (16)	-0.0294 (19)	-0.0257 (18)
C8	0.0412 (15)	0.0374 (14)	0.0452 (16)	-0.0057 (12)	-0.0025 (12)	-0.0010 (12)
C9	0.0454 (16)	0.0429 (15)	0.0390 (15)	-0.0034 (13)	-0.0016 (12)	-0.0010 (12)
C10	0.0472 (16)	0.0444 (15)	0.0413 (16)	-0.0007 (13)	0.0087 (13)	-0.0003 (13)
C11	0.0429 (15)	0.0421 (14)	0.0409 (15)	-0.0011 (13)	0.0029 (12)	0.0021 (12)
C12	0.068 (2)	0.076 (2)	0.0448 (18)	0.0197 (18)	0.0019 (15)	-0.0107 (16)
C13	0.089 (3)	0.081 (2)	0.053 (2)	0.009 (2)	-0.0058 (19)	-0.0148 (18)
C14	0.098 (4)	0.184 (6)	0.112 (4)	-0.033 (4)	-0.004 (3)	-0.051 (4)
C15	0.0522 (18)	0.0529 (17)	0.0495 (17)	0.0156 (14)	0.0040 (14)	0.0069 (14)
C16	0.0506 (19)	0.086 (2)	0.069 (2)	0.0180 (18)	0.0039 (16)	0.0131 (19)
C17	0.067 (2)	0.113 (3)	0.089 (3)	0.002 (2)	0.017 (2)	0.018 (3)
C18	0.079 (3)	0.148 (5)	0.148 (5)	-0.014 (3)	0.030 (3)	0.038 (4)
N1	0.0492 (14)	0.0432 (13)	0.0601 (16)	0.0056 (11)	-0.0176 (12)	-0.0115 (12)
N2	0.0653 (17)	0.0535 (15)	0.0543 (16)	0.0024 (14)	-0.0215 (13)	-0.0074 (13)
N3	0.0568 (15)	0.0554 (15)	0.0489 (15)	0.0000 (13)	-0.0086 (12)	-0.0075 (12)
N4	0.0414 (13)	0.0439 (12)	0.0397 (12)	0.0042 (10)	0.0042 (10)	0.0027 (10)
N5	0.0430 (13)	0.0439 (13)	0.0423 (13)	0.0047 (11)	-0.0054 (10)	-0.0054 (10)
O1	0.0752 (15)	0.0695 (14)	0.0544 (13)	0.0225 (12)	0.0036 (11)	-0.0173 (12)
O2	0.0539 (12)	0.0661 (13)	0.0393 (11)	0.0165 (10)	-0.0054 (9)	-0.0067 (9)

Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $\text{^{\circ}}$ )

C1—C6	1.370 (4)	C12—O2	1.450 (3)
C1—C2	1.381 (4)	C12—C13	1.481 (5)
C1—C7	1.504 (4)	C12—H12A	0.9700
C2—C3	1.380 (6)	C12—H12B	0.9700
C2—H2	0.9300	C13—C14	1.456 (6)
C3—C4	1.368 (6)	C13—H13A	0.9700
C3—H3	0.9300	C13—H13B	0.9700
C4—C5	1.350 (6)	C14—H14A	0.9600
C4—H4	0.9300	C14—H14B	0.9600
C5—C6	1.364 (5)	C14—H14C	0.9600
C5—H5	0.9300	C15—N4	1.486 (3)
C6—H6	0.9300	C15—C16	1.528 (4)
C7—N1	1.464 (4)	C15—H15A	0.9700
C7—H7A	0.9700	C15—H15B	0.9700
C7—H7B	0.9700	C16—C17	1.485 (5)
C8—N1	1.350 (3)	C16—H16A	0.9700
C8—N5	1.356 (3)	C16—H16B	0.9700
C8—C9	1.371 (4)	C17—C18	1.521 (6)
C9—N3	1.366 (4)	C17—H17A	0.9700
C9—C10	1.431 (4)	C17—H17B	0.9700
C10—O1	1.215 (3)	C18—H18A	0.9600
C10—N4	1.421 (3)	C18—H18B	0.9600
C11—N5	1.291 (3)	C18—H18C	0.9600
C11—O2	1.331 (3)	N1—N2	1.369 (3)
C11—N4	1.378 (3)	N2—N3	1.296 (3)
C6—C1—C2	118.2 (3)	C12—C13—H13A	108.3
C6—C1—C7	120.1 (3)	C14—C13—H13B	108.3
C2—C1—C7	121.7 (3)	C12—C13—H13B	108.3
C3—C2—C1	120.1 (4)	H13A—C13—H13B	107.4
C3—C2—H2	119.9	C13—C14—H14A	109.5
C1—C2—H2	119.9	C13—C14—H14B	109.5
C4—C3—C2	120.4 (4)	H14A—C14—H14B	109.5
C4—C3—H3	119.8	C13—C14—H14C	109.5
C2—C3—H3	119.8	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5
C5—C4—C3	119.2 (4)	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
C5—C4—H4	120.4	N4—C15—C16	112.5 (2)
C3—C4—H4	120.4	N4—C15—H15A	109.1
C4—C5—C6	121.0 (4)	C16—C15—H15A	109.1
C4—C5—H5	119.5	N4—C15—H15B	109.1
C6—C5—H5	119.5	C16—C15—H15B	109.1
C5—C6—C1	121.0 (3)	H15A—C15—H15B	107.8
C5—C6—H6	119.5	C17—C16—C15	115.9 (3)
C1—C6—H6	119.5	C17—C16—H16A	108.3
N1—C7—C1	111.9 (2)	C15—C16—H16A	108.3
N1—C7—H7A	109.2	C17—C16—H16B	108.3

C1—C7—H7A	109.2	C15—C16—H16B	108.3
N1—C7—H7B	109.2	H16A—C16—H16B	107.4
C1—C7—H7B	109.2	C16—C17—C18	112.1 (4)
H7A—C7—H7B	107.9	C16—C17—H17A	109.2
N1—C8—N5	127.7 (2)	C18—C17—H17A	109.2
N1—C8—C9	104.8 (2)	C16—C17—H17B	109.2
N5—C8—C9	127.5 (3)	C18—C17—H17B	109.2
N3—C9—C8	109.3 (2)	H17A—C17—H17B	107.9
N3—C9—C10	130.4 (3)	C17—C18—H18A	109.5
C8—C9—C10	120.3 (2)	C17—C18—H18B	109.5
O1—C10—N4	121.0 (3)	H18A—C18—H18B	109.5
O1—C10—C9	128.1 (3)	C17—C18—H18C	109.5
N4—C10—C9	110.9 (2)	H18A—C18—H18C	109.5
N5—C11—O2	120.9 (2)	H18B—C18—H18C	109.5
N5—C11—N4	127.6 (2)	C8—N1—N2	109.4 (2)
O2—C11—N4	111.5 (2)	C8—N1—C7	130.4 (3)
O2—C12—C13	107.8 (3)	N2—N1—C7	120.2 (2)
O2—C12—H12A	110.1	N3—N2—N1	108.6 (2)
C13—C12—H12A	110.1	N2—N3—C9	108.0 (2)
O2—C12—H12B	110.1	C11—N4—C10	121.9 (2)
C13—C12—H12B	110.1	C11—N4—C15	121.0 (2)
H12A—C12—H12B	108.5	C10—N4—C15	117.0 (2)
C14—C13—C12	116.0 (4)	C11—N5—C8	111.6 (2)
C14—C13—H13A	108.3	C11—O2—C12	117.4 (2)
C6—C1—C2—C3	-0.7 (5)	C1—C7—N1—C8	-125.7 (3)
C7—C1—C2—C3	179.9 (3)	C1—C7—N1—N2	53.6 (4)
C1—C2—C3—C4	1.2 (6)	C8—N1—N2—N3	0.7 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-1.3 (6)	C7—N1—N2—N3	-178.8 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.8 (7)	N1—N2—N3—C9	-0.6 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.3 (6)	C8—C9—N3—N2	0.4 (3)
C2—C1—C6—C5	0.2 (5)	C10—C9—N3—N2	-179.7 (3)
C7—C1—C6—C5	179.7 (3)	N5—C11—N4—C10	-3.3 (4)
C6—C1—C7—N1	-118.6 (3)	O2—C11—N4—C10	177.3 (2)
C2—C1—C7—N1	60.9 (4)	N5—C11—N4—C15	-179.7 (3)
N1—C8—C9—N3	0.0 (3)	O2—C11—N4—C15	0.9 (3)
N5—C8—C9—N3	-178.7 (3)	O1—C10—N4—C11	-176.4 (3)
N1—C8—C9—C10	-179.9 (2)	C9—C10—N4—C11	4.2 (3)
N5—C8—C9—C10	1.4 (4)	O1—C10—N4—C15	0.1 (4)
N3—C9—C10—O1	-2.5 (5)	C9—C10—N4—C15	-179.2 (2)
C8—C9—C10—O1	177.3 (3)	C16—C15—N4—C11	-83.6 (3)
N3—C9—C10—N4	176.8 (3)	C16—C15—N4—C10	99.8 (3)
C8—C9—C10—N4	-3.4 (3)	O2—C11—N5—C8	-179.8 (2)
O2—C12—C13—C14	62.4 (5)	N4—C11—N5—C8	0.8 (4)
N4—C15—C16—C17	-65.6 (4)	N1—C8—N5—C11	-178.3 (3)
C15—C16—C17—C18	178.4 (3)	C9—C8—N5—C11	0.1 (4)
N5—C8—N1—N2	178.3 (3)	N5—C11—O2—C12	4.8 (4)
C9—C8—N1—N2	-0.4 (3)	N4—C11—O2—C12	-175.8 (2)

N5—C8—N1—C7	−2.4 (5)	C13—C12—O2—C11	−175.7 (3)
C9—C8—N1—C7	179.0 (3)		

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

Cg1 is the centroid of the C1—C6 ring.

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
C2—H2···O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.93	2.43	3.259 (4)	148
C15—H15B···Cg1 <sup>i</sup>	0.97	2.94	3.711 (3)	137

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x+1/2, -y+1/2, z+1/2$ .