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Silver indium diphosphate, AgInP_2O_7 Hafid Zouihri,^{a,*} Mohamed Saadi,^a Boujemaa Jaber^b and Lehen El Ammari^a

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 296$ K, $P = 0.0$ kPa; mean $\sigma(\text{P-O}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.021; wR factor = 0.048; data-to-parameter ratio = 36.9.

Polycrystalline material of the title compound, AgInP_2O_7 , was synthesized by traditional high-temperature solid-state methods and single crystals were grown from the melt of a mixture of AgInP_2O_7 and B_2O_3 as flux in a platinum crucible. The structure consists of InO_6 octahedra, which are corner-shared to PO_4 tetrahedra into a three-dimensional network with hexagonal channels running parallel to the c axis. The silver cation, located in the channel, is bonded to seven O atoms of the $[\text{InP}_2\text{O}_7]$ framework with Ag–O distances ranging from 2.370 (2) to 3.015 (2) Å. The P_2O_7 diphosphate anion is characterized by a P–O–P angle of 137.27 (9) and a nearly eclipsed conformation. AgInP_2O_7 is isotypic with the $M^I\text{FeP}_2\text{O}_7$ ($M^I = \text{Na}, \text{K}, \text{Rb}, \text{Cs}$ and Ag) diphosphate family.

Related literature

For properties of $M^I\text{FeP}_2\text{O}_7$ ($M^I = \text{Na}, \text{K}, \text{Rb}, \text{Cs}$ and Ag) diphosphates, see: Terebilenko *et al.* (2010); Hizhnyi *et al.* (2008); Whangbo *et al.* (2004); Vitins *et al.* (2000). For isotypic structures, see: Belkouch *et al.* (1995); Gabelica-Robert *et al.* (1982); Moya-Pizarro *et al.* (1984); Mercader *et al.* (1990).

Experimental

Crystal data

AgInP_2O_7	$a = 7.4867$ (3) Å
$M_r = 396.63$	$b = 8.2620$ (3) Å
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	$c = 9.8383$ (5) Å

$\beta = 112.038$ (2)°
 $V = 564.09$ (4) Å³
 $Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\mu = 8.11$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 296$ K
 $0.08 \times 0.06 \times 0.05$ mm

Data collection

Bruker X8 APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1999)
 $T_{\min} = 0.563$, $T_{\max} = 0.667$

21692 measured reflections
 3730 independent reflections
 3245 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.035$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.021$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.048$
 $S = 1.03$
 3730 reflections

101 parameters
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 1.62$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -2.04$ e Å⁻³

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2005); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 1999).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BR2154).

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supporting information

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Silver indium diphosphate, AgInP_2O_7 **Hafid Zouihri, Mohamed Saadi, Boujemaa Jaber and Lehcen El Ammari****S1. Comment**

The diphosphates $\text{A}^1\text{M}^{\text{III}}\text{P}_2\text{O}_7$ ($\text{A}^1 = \text{Li, Na, K, Rb, Cs}$ and Ag ; $\text{M}^{\text{III}} = \text{Al, Ga, Cr, Fe, In, Y}$) are extensively studied for their electrical and optical properties and for its perspective application as magnetic materials (Terebilenko *et al.* (2010); Hizhnyi *et al.* (2008); Whangbo *et al.* (2004); Vitins *et al.* (2000)). The crystal structures of most of these compounds are known except a few cases in which the crystal growth is difficult. In this context, the present paper reports on the determination of AgInP_2O_7 crystal structure from X-ray diffraction single-crystal data.

The structure of this phosphate is characterized by a three-dimensional network built up from indium octahedra linked to diphosphate groups by a corner-sharing. Each InO_6 octahedra is surrounded by six PO_4 tetrahedra belonging to five different P_2O_7 groups (see Fig.1 and Fig.2). As a result of these blocks, assemblage three-dimensional-framework is formed with hexagonal channels, where silver cations reside. Although, the coordination sphere of Ag^+ cations is composed of seven O^{2-} anions in an irregular geometry, located at $\text{Ag}-\text{O}$ distances between 2.370 (2) and 3.015 (2) Å (see Fig.2). Furthermore, the diphosphate group contains two distorted PO_4 tetrahedra sharing one corner and display a nearly eclipsed conformation. The $\text{P}-\text{O}$ bond-lengths range between 1.492 (2) Å for terminal $\text{P1}-\text{O1}$ and 1.606 (2) Å for the bridging $\text{P2}-\text{O7}$ bond. Therefore, a $\text{P1}-\text{O7}-\text{P2}$ angle of 137.27 (9) ° is wider than 133.6 (3) ° and 132.9 (3) ° reported for both AgFeP_2O_7 and NaFeP_2O_7 respectively (Belkouch *et al.* (1995); Gabelica-Robert *et al.* (1982); Moya-Pizarro *et al.* (1984); Mercader *et al.* (1990)).

Silver indium diphosphate (pyrophosphate) is isostructural to $\text{A}^1\text{FeP}_2\text{O}_7$ ($\text{A}^1 = \text{Na, K, Rb, Cs}$ and Ag) diphosphates family and is categorized as a dichromate type.

S2. Experimental

AgInP_2O_7 in the form of single crystals was prepared by stoichiometric reaction of AgNO_3 , $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{HPO}_4$ and In_2O_3 in B_2O_3 flux. The mixture was heated at 773 K under ambiante atmosphere for 6 h and 973 K for 2 h with intermediate grindings to ensure complete reaction. Subsequent melting at 1323 K followed by slow cooling to room temperature at a rate of 12°K h⁻¹ resulted in colourless crystals of the title compound.

S3. Refinement

The highest and deepest hole residual peak in the final difference Fourier map are located at 0.49 Å and 0.58 Å, respectively from Ag1 atom. The not significant bonds and angles were removed from the CIF file.

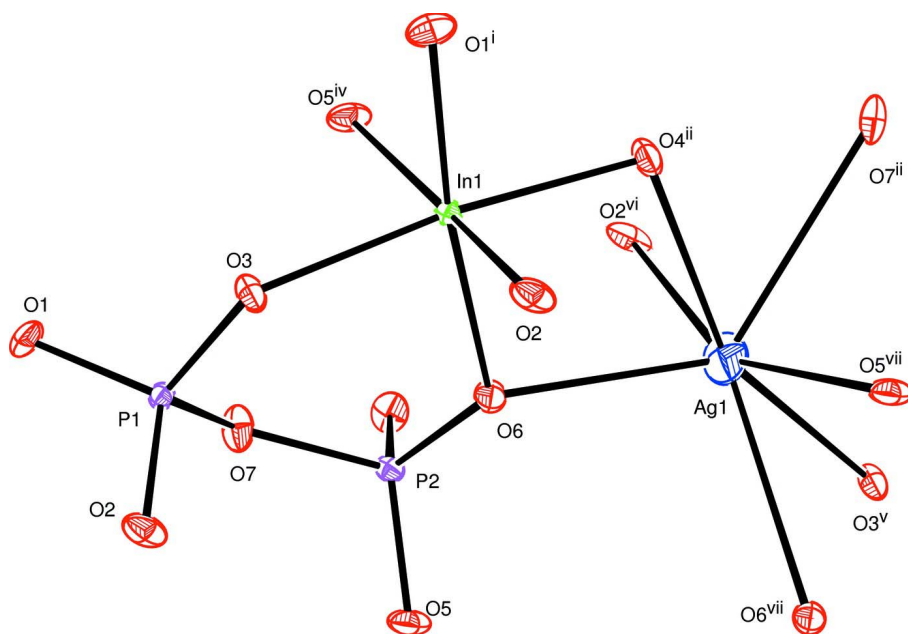


Figure 1

Partial plot of AgInP_2O_7 crystal structure showing polyhedra linkage. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, y - 1/2, -z + 1/2$; (ii) $-x, y - 1/2, -z + 1/2$; (iii) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$; (iv) $x, -y + 3/2, z - 1/2$; (v) $x - 1, y, z$; (vi) $x - 1, -y + 3/2, z - 1/2$; (vii) $-x, -y + 1, -z + 1$.

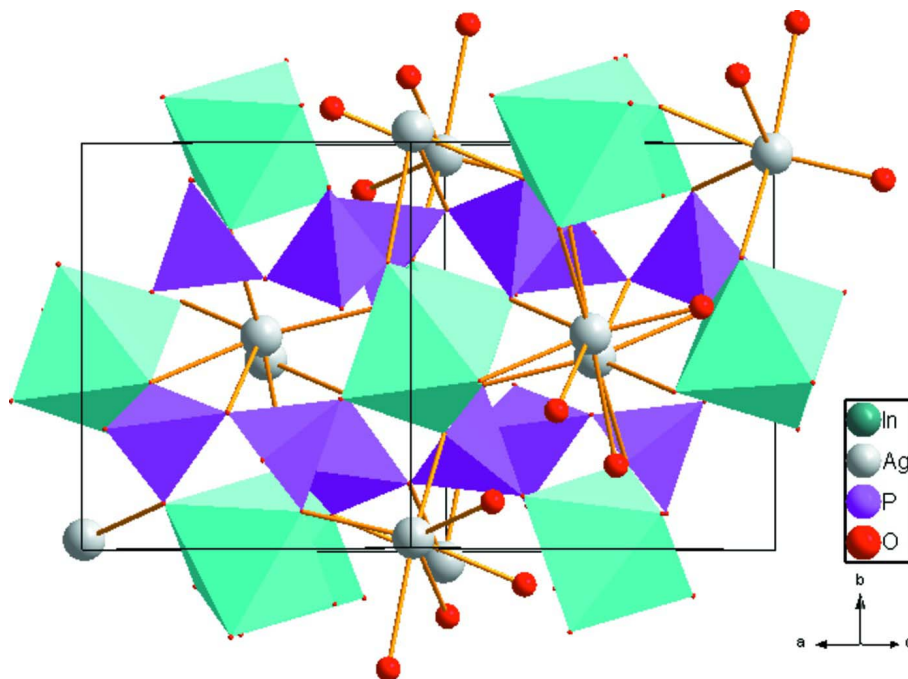


Figure 2

Perspective view along $[101]$ of the AgInP_2O_7 framework structure showing tunnel where silver cations are located.

Silver indium diphosphate

Crystal data

AgInP₂O₇

$M_r = 396.63$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 7.4867$ (3) Å

$b = 8.2620$ (3) Å

$c = 9.8383$ (5) Å

$\beta = 112.038$ (2)°

$V = 564.09$ (4) Å³

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 728$

$D_x = 4.670$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 317 reflections

$\theta = 2.5$ – 30.2 °

$\mu = 8.11$ mm⁻¹

$T = 296$ K

Block, colourless

$0.08 \times 0.06 \times 0.05$ mm

Data collection

Bruker X8 APEXII CCD area-detector
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

ω and ϕ scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 1999)

$T_{\min} = 0.563$, $T_{\max} = 0.667$

21692 measured reflections

3730 independent reflections

3245 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.035$

$\theta_{\max} = 41.0$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 2.9$ °

$h = -13$ → 13

$k = -15$ → 15

$l = -18$ → 18

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.021$

$wR(F^2) = 0.048$

$S = 1.03$

3730 reflections

101 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.017P)^2 + 0.9979P]$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 1.62$ e Å⁻³

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -2.04$ e Å⁻³

Extinction correction: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick,
2008), $F_c^* = kF_c[1 + 0.001x F_c^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$

Extinction coefficient: 0.0171 (4)

Special details

Geometry. All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
In1	0.242354 (15)	0.495357 (12)	0.247622 (11)	0.00618 (3)
Ag1	-0.20911 (3)	0.52697 (2)	0.30478 (2)	0.02442 (4)
P1	0.57689 (6)	0.74758 (5)	0.46083 (4)	0.00600 (6)
P2	0.17589 (6)	0.78735 (5)	0.45174 (4)	0.00656 (6)

O1	0.6810 (2)	0.86792 (17)	0.40464 (15)	0.0141 (2)
O2	0.6836 (2)	0.71622 (16)	0.62241 (14)	0.0136 (2)
O3	0.52473 (17)	0.59259 (15)	0.36935 (14)	0.01027 (19)
O4	0.04427 (18)	0.91166 (17)	0.35059 (15)	0.0123 (2)
O5	0.1917 (2)	0.79561 (16)	0.60976 (14)	0.0126 (2)
O6	0.13231 (18)	0.61348 (15)	0.39564 (14)	0.01054 (19)
O7	0.37868 (18)	0.83601 (16)	0.44239 (16)	0.0128 (2)

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
In1	0.00656 (4)	0.00614 (4)	0.00593 (4)	-0.00024 (3)	0.00244 (3)	-0.00045 (3)
Ag1	0.01913 (7)	0.02720 (8)	0.03341 (9)	-0.00235 (6)	0.01725 (7)	-0.01071 (7)
P1	0.00574 (14)	0.00643 (14)	0.00582 (14)	-0.00025 (11)	0.00217 (11)	0.00044 (11)
P2	0.00588 (14)	0.00706 (14)	0.00644 (14)	0.00073 (11)	0.00195 (11)	-0.00090 (12)
O1	0.0185 (6)	0.0141 (5)	0.0133 (5)	-0.0053 (4)	0.0104 (5)	0.0012 (4)
O2	0.0195 (6)	0.0098 (5)	0.0070 (4)	-0.0006 (4)	-0.0001 (4)	0.0018 (4)
O3	0.0072 (4)	0.0099 (5)	0.0130 (5)	-0.0012 (3)	0.0030 (4)	-0.0040 (4)
O4	0.0084 (5)	0.0135 (5)	0.0135 (5)	0.0034 (4)	0.0023 (4)	0.0041 (4)
O5	0.0211 (6)	0.0099 (5)	0.0072 (4)	-0.0009 (4)	0.0058 (4)	-0.0023 (4)
O6	0.0116 (5)	0.0097 (5)	0.0123 (5)	-0.0019 (4)	0.0067 (4)	-0.0039 (4)
O7	0.0078 (5)	0.0100 (5)	0.0217 (6)	0.0010 (4)	0.0069 (4)	-0.0020 (4)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

In1—O1 ⁱ	2.0799 (13)	Ag1—O5 ^{vii}	2.7829 (14)
In1—O4 ⁱⁱ	2.1120 (12)	Ag1—O6 ^{vii}	3.0153 (14)
In1—O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.1133 (13)	P1—O1	1.4919 (13)
In1—O5 ^{iv}	2.1401 (13)	P1—O2	1.5097 (13)
In1—O3	2.1562 (12)	P1—O3	1.5292 (13)
In1—O6	2.1569 (12)	P1—O7	1.6021 (13)
Ag1—O3 ^v	2.3703 (12)	P2—O4	1.5101 (13)
Ag1—O6	2.4757 (13)	P2—O5	1.5158 (13)
Ag1—O4 ⁱⁱ	2.4865 (14)	P2—O6	1.5295 (13)
Ag1—O2 ^{vi}	2.6991 (14)	P2—O7	1.6062 (13)
Ag1—O7 ⁱⁱ	2.7744 (15)		
O1 ⁱ —In1—O4 ⁱⁱ	90.70 (6)	O3 ^v —Ag1—O5 ^{vii}	94.99 (4)
O1 ⁱ —In1—O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	86.35 (6)	O6—Ag1—O5 ^{vii}	104.03 (4)
O4 ⁱⁱ —In1—O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	89.82 (6)	O4 ⁱⁱ —Ag1—O5 ^{vii}	80.85 (4)
O1 ⁱ —In1—O5 ^{iv}	89.04 (5)	O2 ^{vi} —Ag1—O5 ^{vii}	157.25 (4)
O4 ⁱⁱ —In1—O5 ^{iv}	93.79 (5)	O7 ⁱⁱ —Ag1—O5 ^{vii}	71.00 (4)
O2 ⁱⁱⁱ —In1—O5 ^{iv}	174.18 (6)	O3 ^v —Ag1—O6 ^{vii}	72.37 (4)
O1 ⁱ —In1—O3	96.36 (5)	O6—Ag1—O6 ^{vii}	88.04 (4)
O4 ⁱⁱ —In1—O3	172.86 (5)	O4 ⁱⁱ —Ag1—O6 ^{vii}	119.79 (4)
O2 ⁱⁱⁱ —In1—O3	89.55 (5)	O2 ^{vi} —Ag1—O6 ^{vii}	148.46 (4)
O5 ^{iv} —In1—O3	87.43 (5)	O7 ⁱⁱ —Ag1—O6 ^{vii}	119.64 (4)
O1 ⁱ —In1—O6	173.56 (5)	O5 ^{vii} —Ag1—O6 ^{vii}	50.65 (4)

O4 ⁱⁱ —In1—O6	82.94 (5)	O1—P1—O2	111.17 (8)
O2 ⁱⁱⁱ —In1—O6	92.62 (5)	O1—P1—O3	113.17 (8)
O5 ^{iv} —In1—O6	92.35 (5)	O2—P1—O3	113.16 (8)
O3—In1—O6	89.98 (5)	O1—P1—O7	104.17 (8)
O3 ^v —Ag1—O6	134.04 (4)	O2—P1—O7	107.40 (8)
O3 ^v —Ag1—O4 ⁱⁱ	155.99 (4)	O3—P1—O7	107.10 (7)
O6—Ag1—O4 ⁱⁱ	69.47 (4)	O4—P2—O5	115.20 (8)
O3 ^v —Ag1—O2 ^{vi}	85.86 (5)	O4—P2—O6	113.76 (8)
O6—Ag1—O2 ^{vi}	91.29 (4)	O5—P2—O6	109.65 (8)
O4 ⁱⁱ —Ag1—O2 ^{vi}	89.15 (5)	O4—P2—O7	100.90 (8)
O3 ^v —Ag1—O7 ⁱⁱ	102.17 (4)	O5—P2—O7	109.63 (8)
O6—Ag1—O7 ⁱⁱ	123.47 (4)	O6—P2—O7	107.01 (7)
O4 ⁱⁱ —Ag1—O7 ⁱⁱ	54.04 (4)	P1—O7—P2	137.27 (9)
O2 ^{vi} —Ag1—O7 ⁱⁱ	86.57 (4)		

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, y-1/2, -z+1/2$; (ii) $-x, y-1/2, -z+1/2$; (iii) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$; (iv) $x, -y+3/2, z-1/2$; (v) $x-1, y, z$; (vi) $x-1, -y+3/2, z-1/2$; (vii) $-x, -y+1, -z+1$.