

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

N-(4-Chlorobutanoyl)-N'-phenylthiourea

 Bohari M. Yamin,^{a*} Nur Eliyanti Ali Othman,^a
 M. Sukeri M. Yusof^{cb} and Farhana. Embong^b
^aSchool of Chemical Sciences and Food Technology, Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia, UKM 43600 Bangi Selangor, Malaysia, and ^bDepartment of Chemical Sciences, Faculty of Science and Technology, Universiti Malaysia Terengganu, Menggabung Telipot, 21030 Kuala Terengganu, Malaysia

Correspondence e-mail: bohari@ukm.my

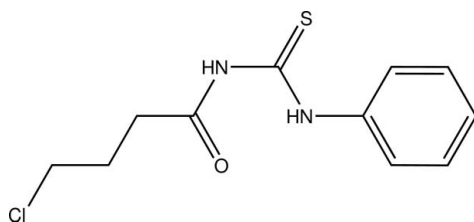
Received 29 December 2010; accepted 11 January 2011

 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 298$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005$ Å; R factor = 0.048; wR factor = 0.131; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.3.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound, $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{13}\text{ClN}_2\text{OS}$, contains two independent molecules. Both molecules maintain a *trans-cis* configuration with respect to the position of the carbonyl group and the benzene ring against the thione group across the C–N bonds. The molecules are stabilized by intramolecular N–H···O hydrogen bonds. In the crystal, the molecules are linked by intermolecular N–H···S, N–H···O and C–H···S hydrogen bonds into chains along the c axis. C–H··· π interactions further stabilize the crystal structure.

Related literature

For the biological properties of thiourea derivatives, see; Sun *et al.* (2006); Figueiredo *et al.* (2006). For a related structure, see; Othman *et al.* (2010); For standard bond lengths, see; Allen *et al.* (1987).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{13}\text{ClN}_2\text{OS}$
 $M_r = 256.74$
 Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 14.610$ (3) Å
 $b = 10.244$ (2) Å
 $c = 18.230$ (4) Å
 $\beta = 112.408$ (4)°

 $V = 2522.5$ (9) Å³
 $Z = 8$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.45$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 298$ K
 $0.50 \times 0.49 \times 0.09$ mm

Data collection

 Bruker SMART APEX CCD area-detector diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2000)
 $T_{\min} = 0.807$, $T_{\max} = 0.961$
 14531 measured reflections
 4706 independent reflections
 3195 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.043$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.131$
 $S = 1.02$
 4706 reflections
 289 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.48$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.29$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

Cg1 and Cg2 are the centroids of the C17–C22 and C6–C11 rings, respectively.

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N2–H2···O1	0.86	2.04	2.701 (3)	134
N4–H4···O2	0.86	2.03	2.692 (3)	133
N1–H1···S2 ⁱ	0.86	2.53	3.382 (2)	173
N2–H2···O2 ⁱⁱ	0.86	2.40	3.142 (3)	144
N3–H3···S1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.86	2.58	3.439 (2)	175
N4–H4···O1 ⁱⁱ	0.86	2.32	3.057 (3)	143
C14–H14A···S2 ^{iv}	0.97	2.73	3.676 (3)	166
C2–H2A···Cg2 ⁱⁱ	0.97	2.80	3.419 (4)	123
C13–H13A···Cg1 ⁱⁱ	0.97	2.83	3.417 (3)	153

 Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$; (iii) $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iv) $-x, -y + 1, -z$.

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2000); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2000); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL, PARST (Nardelli, 1995) and PLATON (Spek, 2009).

The authors thank the Ministry of Higher Education of Malaysia and both Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia and Universiti Malaysia Terengganu for the research grants UKM-GUP-NBT-08-27-110 and 59166, respectively.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HG2783).

References

- Allen, F. H., Kennard, O., Watson, D. G., Brammer, L., Orpen, A. G. & Taylor, R. (1987). *J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. 2*, pp. S1–19.
- Bruker (2000). *SADABS, SMART and SAINT*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Figueiredo, I. M., Santos, L. V., Costa, W. F., Carvalho, J. E., Silva, C. C., Sacoman, J. L., Kohn, L. K. & Sarragiotto, M. H. (2006). *J. Braz. Chem. Soc.* **17**, 954–960.
- Nardelli, M. (1995). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **28**, 659.
- Othman, E. A., Soh, S. K. C. & Yamin, B. M. (2010). *Acta Cryst.* **E66**, o628.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
- Spek, A. L. (2009). *Acta Cryst.* **D65**, 148–155.
- Sun, C., Huang, H., Feng, M., Shi, X., Zhang, X. & Zhaou, P. (2006). *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* **16**, 162–166.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o419 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811001498]

***N*-(4-Chlorobutanoyl)-*N'*-phenylthiourea**

Bohari M. Yamin, Nur Eliyanti Ali Othman, M. Sukeri M. Yusof and Farhana. Embong

S1. Comment

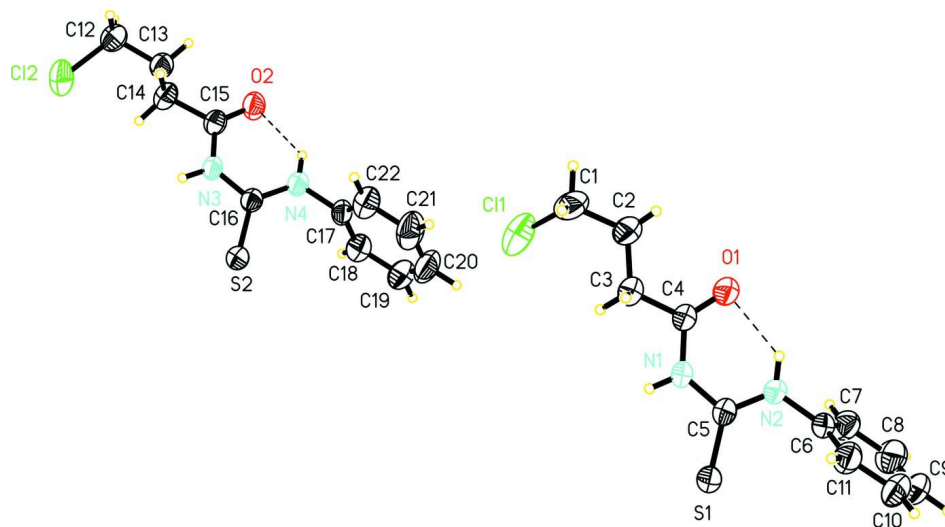
The continuing work on the synthesis of thiourea derivatives is driven by their chemical and biological properties (Sun *et al.*, 2006). Some thiourea derivatives such as *N*-[1-(4*R*)-(4-isopropyl-1-methylcyclohexenyl)]-*N'*-[2-(butyl)]thiourea is known to possess anticancer activity (Figueiredo *et al.*, 2006). The title compound (I), is analogous to the previously reported *N*-(3-chloropropionyl)-*N'*-(phenyl)thiourea (Othman *et al.*, 2010) except the terminal chlorine atom is attached at the γ position, 3 (C—C) bonds away from the carbonyl group. The asymmetric unit consists of two independent molecules (Fig.1). Unlike its 3-chloropropionyl analog, the butanoyl group is not planar. However, the thiourea C4/N1/C5/S1/N2/C6, C15/N3/C16/S2/N4/C17 fragments and the benzene rings, (C6—C11) and (C17—C22) are each planar with maximum deviation of 0.059 (2) Å for N3 atom from the least square plane. In each molecule, the benzene ring is vertical to the thiourea fragment with dihedral angle of 72.98 (12)° and 81.47 (14)°, respectively. The bond lengths and angles are in normal ranges (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and comparable to those in the *N*-(3-chloropropionyl)-*N'*-(phenyl)thiourea. Both molecules maintain the *trans-cis* configuration with respect to the position of the carbonyl and phenyl groups against the thiono C=S bond across their C—N bonds. Such configuration allows the formation of intramolecular hydrogen bonds between the carbonyl oxygen atom and thioamide hydrogen atom, C4—O1···H2- and C15—O2···H4, in both molecules. In the crystal structure, the molecules are linked by N1—H1···S2, N2—H2···O2, N3—H3···S1, N4—H4···O1 and C14—H14A···S2 intermolecular hydrogen bonds (symmetry codes as in Table 2) forming infinite one-dimensional chains along the *c* axis (Fig.2). The molecule is also stabilized by C2—H2A··· π and C13—H13A··· π with the centroid benzene ring Cg_2 ,(C6—C11) and Cg_1 ,(C17—C22) respectively (Table 2).

S2. Experimental

30 ml acetone solution of aniline (1.33 g, 14 mmol) was added into 30 ml acetone containing 4-chlorobutanoyl chloride (2.00 g, 14 mmol) and ammonium thiocyanate (1.09 g, 14 mmol). The mixture was refluxed for 2 h. The solution was filtered and left to evaporate at room temperature. The yellowish precipitate obtained after a few days, was washed with water and cold ethanol. The colourless crystals were obtained by recrystallization from ethanol. Yield 90%; m.p 392.3–393.2 K.

S3. Refinement

All H atoms attached to C and N atoms were fixed geometrically and treated as riding with C—H = 0.93–0.97 Å (aromatic and methylene) and N—H = 0.82 Å (amino) with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C or N})$.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of (I), with displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. the dashed line denote the intramolecular hydrogen bonds.

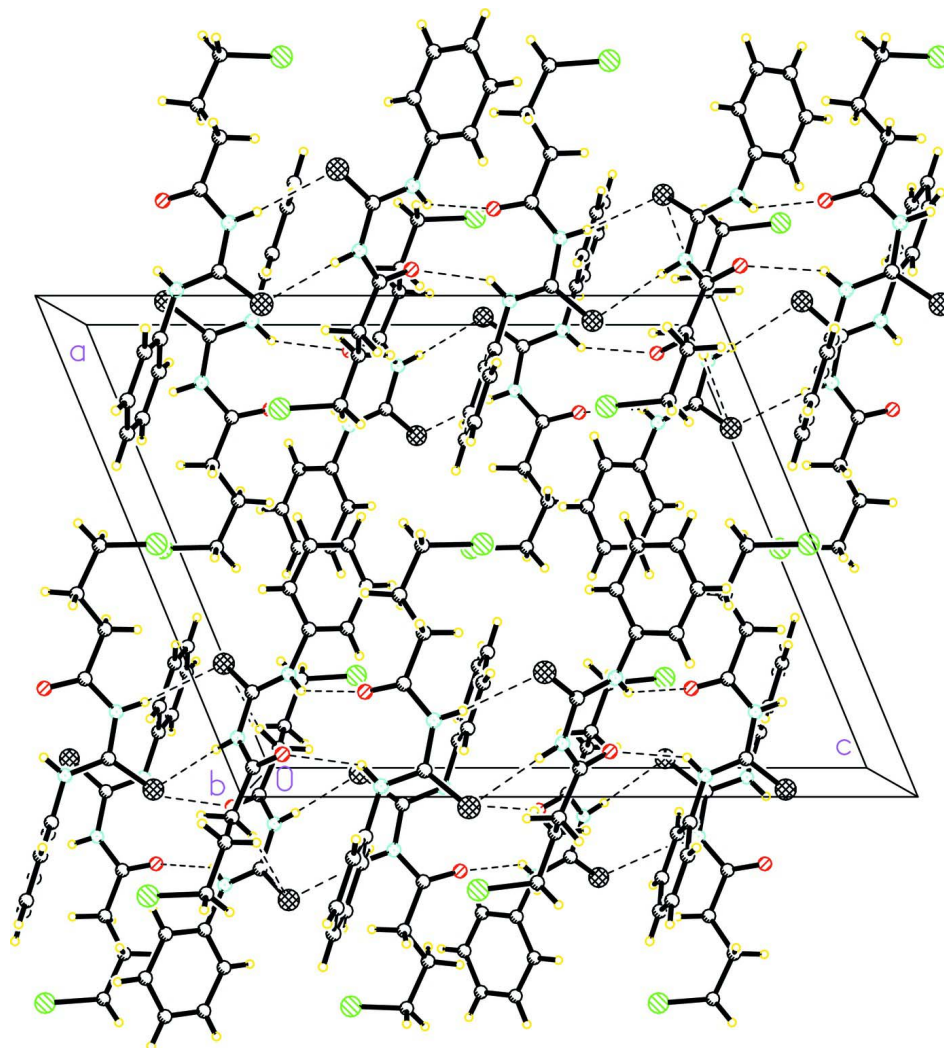


Figure 2

The molecular packing of (I) viewed down the b-axis. The dashed line denote the intermolecular hydrogen bonds.

***N*-(4-Chlorobutanoyl)-*N'*-phenylthiourea**

Crystal data

$C_{11}H_{13}ClN_2OS$

$M_r = 256.74$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: $-P\ 2_1/c$

$a = 14.610\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 10.244\ (2)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 18.230\ (4)\ \text{\AA}$

$\beta = 112.408\ (4)^\circ$

$V = 2522.5\ (9)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 8$

$F(000) = 1072$

$D_x = 1.352\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Melting point = $392.3\text{--}393.2\ \text{K}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 3372 reflections

$\theta = 2.3\text{--}25.5^\circ$

$\mu = 0.45\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 298\ \text{K}$

Slab, colourless

$0.50 \times 0.49 \times 0.09\ \text{mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD area-detector
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

Detector resolution: 83.66 pixels mm⁻¹

ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2000)

$T_{\min} = 0.807$, $T_{\max} = 0.961$

14531 measured reflections

4706 independent reflections

3195 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.043$

$\theta_{\max} = 25.5^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.3^\circ$

$h = -17 \rightarrow 16$

$k = -12 \rightarrow 11$

$l = -22 \rightarrow 20$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$

$wR(F^2) = 0.131$

$S = 1.02$

4706 reflections

289 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0595P)^2 + 0.9697P]$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.48 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.29 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl1	0.49537 (8)	0.21955 (15)	0.48980 (7)	0.1177 (5)
Cl2	-0.21432 (6)	0.81829 (9)	-0.21567 (5)	0.0734 (3)
S1	1.01893 (5)	-0.02943 (8)	0.66961 (4)	0.0505 (2)
S2	0.24956 (5)	0.47421 (8)	0.02400 (4)	0.0479 (2)
O1	0.79636 (14)	0.1555 (2)	0.75863 (12)	0.0602 (6)
O2	0.07429 (14)	0.80422 (18)	0.07521 (11)	0.0540 (5)
N1	0.84965 (15)	0.0558 (2)	0.67035 (12)	0.0433 (5)
H1	0.8298	0.0332	0.6213	0.052*
N2	0.98310 (15)	0.0728 (2)	0.79027 (12)	0.0444 (6)
H2	0.9429	0.1100	0.8080	0.053*
N3	0.09962 (14)	0.6311 (2)	0.00710 (12)	0.0411 (5)
H3	0.0729	0.5877	-0.0363	0.049*
N4	0.23236 (15)	0.6444 (2)	0.12761 (13)	0.0457 (6)
H4	0.2007	0.7065	0.1393	0.055*
C1	0.4980 (2)	0.1639 (4)	0.5816 (2)	0.0839 (12)
H1A	0.4521	0.2154	0.5966	0.101*

H1B	0.4756	0.0739	0.5760	0.101*
C2	0.5993 (2)	0.1718 (4)	0.6469 (2)	0.0709 (10)
H2A	0.6214	0.2619	0.6528	0.085*
H2B	0.5946	0.1452	0.6965	0.085*
C3	0.67435 (19)	0.0891 (3)	0.63244 (17)	0.0539 (8)
H3A	0.6747	0.1104	0.5807	0.065*
H3B	0.6551	-0.0017	0.6313	0.065*
C4	0.77790 (19)	0.1056 (3)	0.69406 (16)	0.0449 (7)
C5	0.94940 (18)	0.0371 (2)	0.71449 (15)	0.0394 (6)
C6	1.08327 (18)	0.0522 (3)	0.84386 (15)	0.0415 (6)
C7	1.1446 (2)	0.1570 (3)	0.87086 (18)	0.0564 (8)
H7	1.1220	0.2408	0.8538	0.068*
C8	1.2406 (2)	0.1375 (4)	0.9236 (2)	0.0721 (10)
H8	1.2827	0.2087	0.9423	0.087*
C9	1.2743 (2)	0.0148 (4)	0.9486 (2)	0.0752 (11)
H9	1.3394	0.0026	0.9836	0.090*
C10	1.2127 (2)	-0.0904 (4)	0.9225 (2)	0.0722 (10)
H10	1.2355	-0.1738	0.9404	0.087*
C11	1.1162 (2)	-0.0724 (3)	0.86907 (18)	0.0570 (8)
H11	1.0741	-0.1436	0.8505	0.068*
C12	-0.2044 (2)	0.8804 (3)	-0.12092 (18)	0.0609 (8)
H12A	-0.2282	0.9697	-0.1271	0.073*
H12B	-0.2462	0.8291	-0.1015	0.073*
C13	-0.09988 (19)	0.8768 (3)	-0.06106 (17)	0.0489 (7)
H13A	-0.0978	0.9152	-0.0118	0.059*
H13B	-0.0583	0.9291	-0.0803	0.059*
C14	-0.05878 (19)	0.7394 (3)	-0.04492 (18)	0.0488 (7)
H14A	-0.1029	0.6861	-0.0290	0.059*
H14B	-0.0576	0.7031	-0.0937	0.059*
C15	0.04357 (19)	0.7319 (3)	0.01824 (16)	0.0418 (6)
C16	0.19336 (17)	0.5905 (3)	0.05662 (15)	0.0382 (6)
C17	0.32572 (19)	0.6032 (3)	0.18617 (16)	0.0446 (7)
C18	0.4123 (2)	0.6520 (3)	0.18414 (19)	0.0616 (8)
H18	0.4111	0.7105	0.1448	0.074*
C19	0.5016 (2)	0.6125 (4)	0.2418 (2)	0.0790 (11)
H19	0.5608	0.6449	0.2413	0.095*
C20	0.5028 (3)	0.5265 (4)	0.2990 (2)	0.0837 (12)
H20	0.5629	0.5004	0.3375	0.100*
C21	0.4155 (3)	0.4778 (4)	0.3003 (2)	0.0798 (11)
H21	0.4168	0.4189	0.3395	0.096*
C22	0.3259 (2)	0.5167 (3)	0.2432 (2)	0.0610 (8)
H22	0.2666	0.4843	0.2437	0.073*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cl1	0.0732 (7)	0.1601 (12)	0.0867 (8)	0.0387 (7)	-0.0065 (6)	0.0182 (8)
Cl2	0.0749 (6)	0.0718 (6)	0.0519 (5)	-0.0005 (4)	-0.0002 (4)	0.0018 (4)

S1	0.0404 (4)	0.0708 (5)	0.0381 (4)	0.0070 (3)	0.0125 (3)	-0.0009 (3)
S2	0.0404 (4)	0.0594 (5)	0.0391 (4)	0.0100 (3)	0.0101 (3)	-0.0034 (3)
O1	0.0449 (11)	0.0779 (14)	0.0470 (13)	0.0125 (10)	0.0053 (9)	-0.0161 (11)
O2	0.0520 (12)	0.0504 (12)	0.0459 (12)	0.0108 (9)	0.0031 (9)	-0.0066 (10)
N1	0.0356 (12)	0.0581 (14)	0.0299 (11)	0.0061 (10)	0.0054 (9)	-0.0013 (10)
N2	0.0354 (12)	0.0555 (14)	0.0364 (13)	0.0069 (10)	0.0071 (10)	-0.0072 (11)
N3	0.0345 (11)	0.0463 (13)	0.0336 (12)	0.0036 (10)	0.0031 (9)	-0.0036 (10)
N4	0.0383 (12)	0.0511 (13)	0.0381 (13)	0.0097 (10)	0.0039 (10)	-0.0053 (11)
C1	0.0357 (17)	0.118 (3)	0.091 (3)	-0.0003 (19)	0.0159 (17)	-0.035 (2)
C2	0.0382 (16)	0.105 (3)	0.062 (2)	0.0053 (17)	0.0103 (15)	-0.021 (2)
C3	0.0397 (15)	0.068 (2)	0.0451 (17)	0.0045 (14)	0.0066 (13)	-0.0058 (15)
C4	0.0390 (14)	0.0520 (17)	0.0382 (16)	0.0057 (13)	0.0084 (12)	-0.0012 (13)
C5	0.0374 (14)	0.0400 (14)	0.0369 (15)	-0.0003 (11)	0.0098 (11)	0.0044 (12)
C6	0.0345 (14)	0.0529 (17)	0.0332 (14)	0.0032 (12)	0.0086 (11)	-0.0041 (12)
C7	0.0450 (16)	0.0573 (19)	0.060 (2)	-0.0001 (14)	0.0126 (15)	-0.0051 (15)
C8	0.0425 (18)	0.088 (3)	0.073 (2)	-0.0110 (18)	0.0077 (16)	-0.019 (2)
C9	0.0387 (17)	0.114 (3)	0.055 (2)	0.016 (2)	-0.0019 (15)	-0.011 (2)
C10	0.063 (2)	0.079 (2)	0.059 (2)	0.028 (2)	0.0061 (17)	0.0068 (19)
C11	0.0519 (18)	0.0562 (18)	0.0532 (19)	0.0038 (15)	0.0093 (14)	-0.0026 (15)
C12	0.0498 (17)	0.068 (2)	0.056 (2)	0.0158 (15)	0.0109 (15)	0.0062 (16)
C13	0.0448 (15)	0.0491 (17)	0.0470 (17)	0.0048 (13)	0.0110 (13)	-0.0001 (13)
C14	0.0381 (15)	0.0448 (16)	0.0534 (18)	0.0024 (12)	0.0061 (13)	0.0022 (13)
C15	0.0399 (14)	0.0410 (15)	0.0404 (16)	0.0015 (12)	0.0106 (12)	0.0044 (13)
C16	0.0349 (13)	0.0425 (15)	0.0356 (14)	-0.0009 (11)	0.0116 (11)	0.0033 (12)
C17	0.0398 (15)	0.0471 (16)	0.0371 (15)	0.0030 (12)	0.0038 (12)	-0.0082 (13)
C18	0.0460 (17)	0.078 (2)	0.0545 (19)	-0.0024 (16)	0.0128 (15)	-0.0066 (17)
C19	0.0416 (18)	0.112 (3)	0.073 (3)	-0.0035 (19)	0.0094 (17)	-0.021 (2)
C20	0.054 (2)	0.094 (3)	0.073 (3)	0.025 (2)	-0.0097 (19)	-0.011 (2)
C21	0.081 (3)	0.067 (2)	0.064 (2)	0.017 (2)	-0.002 (2)	0.0118 (18)
C22	0.0537 (18)	0.0553 (19)	0.061 (2)	0.0008 (15)	0.0074 (16)	0.0025 (16)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C11—C1	1.755 (4)	C7—C8	1.379 (4)
C12—C12	1.794 (3)	C7—H7	0.9300
S1—C5	1.673 (3)	C8—C9	1.363 (5)
S2—C16	1.679 (3)	C8—H8	0.9300
O1—C4	1.216 (3)	C9—C10	1.368 (5)
O2—C15	1.214 (3)	C9—H9	0.9300
N1—C4	1.375 (3)	C10—C11	1.387 (4)
N1—C5	1.383 (3)	C10—H10	0.9300
N1—H1	0.8600	C11—H11	0.9300
N2—C5	1.329 (3)	C12—C13	1.501 (4)
N2—C6	1.432 (3)	C12—H12A	0.9700
N2—H2	0.8600	C12—H12B	0.9700
N3—C15	1.381 (3)	C13—C14	1.514 (4)
N3—C16	1.386 (3)	C13—H13A	0.9700
N3—H3	0.8600	C13—H13B	0.9700

N4—C16	1.320 (3)	C14—C15	1.502 (4)
N4—C17	1.438 (3)	C14—H14A	0.9700
N4—H4	0.8600	C14—H14B	0.9700
C1—C2	1.507 (4)	C17—C22	1.366 (4)
C1—H1A	0.9700	C17—C18	1.374 (4)
C1—H1B	0.9700	C18—C19	1.387 (5)
C2—C3	1.487 (4)	C18—H18	0.9300
C2—H2A	0.9700	C19—C20	1.360 (6)
C2—H2B	0.9700	C19—H19	0.9300
C3—C4	1.511 (4)	C20—C21	1.378 (6)
C3—H3A	0.9700	C20—H20	0.9300
C3—H3B	0.9700	C21—C22	1.385 (4)
C6—C7	1.365 (4)	C21—H21	0.9300
C6—C11	1.380 (4)	C22—H22	0.9300
C4—N1—C5	129.0 (2)	C9—C10—C11	119.8 (3)
C4—N1—H1	115.5	C9—C10—H10	120.1
C5—N1—H1	115.5	C11—C10—H10	120.1
C5—N2—C6	123.1 (2)	C6—C11—C10	119.3 (3)
C5—N2—H2	118.5	C6—C11—H11	120.4
C6—N2—H2	118.5	C10—C11—H11	120.4
C15—N3—C16	128.5 (2)	C13—C12—C12	112.2 (2)
C15—N3—H3	115.7	C13—C12—H12A	109.2
C16—N3—H3	115.7	C12—C12—H12A	109.2
C16—N4—C17	122.5 (2)	C13—C12—H12B	109.2
C16—N4—H4	118.7	C12—C12—H12B	109.2
C17—N4—H4	118.7	H12A—C12—H12B	107.9
C2—C1—C11	113.2 (3)	C12—C13—C14	112.5 (2)
C2—C1—H1A	108.9	C12—C13—H13A	109.1
C11—C1—H1A	108.9	C14—C13—H13A	109.1
C2—C1—H1B	108.9	C12—C13—H13B	109.1
C11—C1—H1B	108.9	C14—C13—H13B	109.1
H1A—C1—H1B	107.8	H13A—C13—H13B	107.8
C3—C2—C1	113.4 (3)	C15—C14—C13	113.7 (2)
C3—C2—H2A	108.9	C15—C14—H14A	108.8
C1—C2—H2A	108.9	C13—C14—H14A	108.8
C3—C2—H2B	108.9	C15—C14—H14B	108.8
C1—C2—H2B	108.9	C13—C14—H14B	108.8
H2A—C2—H2B	107.7	H14A—C14—H14B	107.7
C2—C3—C4	113.7 (2)	O2—C15—N3	122.4 (2)
C2—C3—H3A	108.8	O2—C15—C14	124.1 (2)
C4—C3—H3A	108.8	N3—C15—C14	113.5 (2)
C2—C3—H3B	108.8	N4—C16—N3	117.6 (2)
C4—C3—H3B	108.8	N4—C16—S2	123.88 (19)
H3A—C3—H3B	107.7	N3—C16—S2	118.51 (19)
O1—C4—N1	123.1 (2)	C22—C17—C18	121.5 (3)
O1—C4—C3	123.8 (2)	C22—C17—N4	118.8 (3)
N1—C4—C3	113.1 (2)	C18—C17—N4	119.7 (3)

N2—C5—N1	117.2 (2)	C17—C18—C19	118.9 (3)
N2—C5—S1	124.53 (19)	C17—C18—H18	120.6
N1—C5—S1	118.25 (19)	C19—C18—H18	120.6
C7—C6—C11	120.7 (3)	C20—C19—C18	120.3 (3)
C7—C6—N2	119.3 (2)	C20—C19—H19	119.9
C11—C6—N2	120.0 (2)	C18—C19—H19	119.9
C6—C7—C8	119.4 (3)	C19—C20—C21	120.4 (3)
C6—C7—H7	120.3	C19—C20—H20	119.8
C8—C7—H7	120.3	C21—C20—H20	119.8
C9—C8—C7	120.5 (3)	C20—C21—C22	120.0 (4)
C9—C8—H8	119.7	C20—C21—H21	120.0
C7—C8—H8	119.7	C22—C21—H21	120.0
C8—C9—C10	120.3 (3)	C17—C22—C21	119.0 (3)
C8—C9—H9	119.9	C17—C22—H22	120.5
C10—C9—H9	119.9	C21—C22—H22	120.5
C11—C1—C2—C3	-62.3 (4)	C12—C12—C13—C14	-61.6 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	175.0 (3)	C12—C13—C14—C15	-176.6 (3)
C5—N1—C4—O1	8.8 (5)	C16—N3—C15—O2	3.3 (4)
C5—N1—C4—C3	-170.0 (3)	C16—N3—C15—C14	-174.7 (2)
C2—C3—C4—O1	16.7 (5)	C13—C14—C15—O2	33.0 (4)
C2—C3—C4—N1	-164.5 (3)	C13—C14—C15—N3	-149.0 (2)
C6—N2—C5—N1	176.3 (2)	C17—N4—C16—N3	175.2 (2)
C6—N2—C5—S1	-3.1 (4)	C17—N4—C16—S2	-3.5 (4)
C4—N1—C5—N2	-1.0 (4)	C15—N3—C16—N4	7.5 (4)
C4—N1—C5—S1	178.5 (2)	C15—N3—C16—S2	-173.7 (2)
C5—N2—C6—C7	110.5 (3)	C16—N4—C17—C22	-97.0 (3)
C5—N2—C6—C11	-71.0 (4)	C16—N4—C17—C18	83.5 (3)
C11—C6—C7—C8	0.3 (5)	C22—C17—C18—C19	-0.4 (5)
N2—C6—C7—C8	178.8 (3)	N4—C17—C18—C19	179.1 (3)
C6—C7—C8—C9	0.2 (5)	C17—C18—C19—C20	0.3 (5)
C7—C8—C9—C10	-1.0 (6)	C18—C19—C20—C21	0.0 (6)
C8—C9—C10—C11	1.3 (6)	C19—C20—C21—C22	-0.1 (6)
C7—C6—C11—C10	0.1 (5)	C18—C17—C22—C21	0.2 (5)
N2—C6—C11—C10	-178.5 (3)	N4—C17—C22—C21	-179.3 (3)
C9—C10—C11—C6	-0.8 (5)	C20—C21—C22—C17	0.0 (5)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

Cg1 and Cg2 are the centroids of the C17—C22 and C6—C11 rings, respectively.

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
N2—H2...O1	0.86	2.04	2.701 (3)	134
N4—H4...O2	0.86	2.03	2.692 (3)	133
C3—H3 <i>A</i> ...C11	0.97	2.75	3.194 (3)	109
C14—H14 <i>B</i> ...C12	0.97	2.77	3.180 (3)	106
N1—H1...S2 ⁱ	0.86	2.53	3.382 (2)	173
N2—H2...O2 ⁱⁱ	0.86	2.40	3.142 (3)	144
N3—H3...S1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.86	2.58	3.439 (2)	175

N4—H4···O1 ⁱⁱ	0.86	2.32	3.057 (3)	143
C14—H14A···S2 ^{iv}	0.97	2.73	3.676 (3)	166
C2—H2A···Cg2 ⁱⁱ	0.97	2.80	3.419 (4)	123
C13—H13A···Cg1 ⁱⁱ	0.97	2.83	3.417 (3)	153

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, y-1/2, -z+1/2$; (ii) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$; (iii) $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+1/2$; (iv) $-x, -y+1, -z$.