

4-Chloro-N-(4-nitrobenzoyl)benzenesulfonamide

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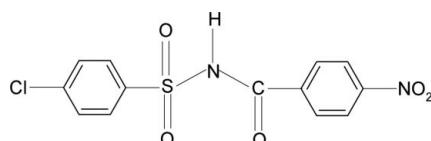
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.029; wR factor = 0.071; data-to-parameter ratio = 11.0.

In the crystal structure of the title compound, $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_9\text{ClN}_2\text{O}_5\text{S}$, the N–H bond is *trans* to the C=O bond ($\text{H}-\text{N}-\text{C}-\text{O}$ torsion angle = 158.4°). The dihedral angle between the two aromatic rings is $87.8(1)^\circ$. In the crystal, molecules are linked into chains along the b axis via N–H···O hydrogen bonds.

Related literature

For a study of the effect of substituents on the structures of *N*-(aryl)-amides, see: Gowda *et al.* (2000). For the effect of substituents in *N*-(aryl)-methanesulfonamides, see: Gowda *et al.* (2007). For the effect of substituents on the structures of *N*-(*p*-substituted-benzoyl)-*p*-substituted-benzenesulfonamides, see: Suchetan *et al.* (2010, 2011).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_9\text{ClN}_2\text{O}_5\text{S}$

$M_r = 340.73$

Monoclinic, $P2_1$

$a = 11.713(2)\text{ \AA}$

$b = 5.0681(7)\text{ \AA}$

$c = 12.476(2)\text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 104.45(1)^\circ$

$V = 717.2(2)\text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 2$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\mu = 0.44\text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 293\text{ K}$

$0.32 \times 0.18 \times 0.06\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur diffractometer with a Sapphire CCD detector
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis RED*; Oxford)

Diffraction, 2009)
 $T_{\min} = 0.873$, $T_{\max} = 0.974$
2688 measured reflections
2221 independent reflections
2052 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.013$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.029$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.071$
 $S = 0.97$
2221 reflections
202 parameters
2 restraints

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.19\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.22\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 581 Friedel pairs
Flack parameter: 0.10 (8)

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H} \cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H} \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-\text{H} \cdots A$
$\text{N}1-\text{H}1\text{N} \cdots \text{O}2^i$	0.84 (2)	2.24 (2)	3.054 (3)	162 (3)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + 2$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis CCD* (Oxford Diffraction, 2009); cell refinement: *CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2009); data reduction: *CrysAlis RED*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BT5491).

References

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o904 [doi:10.1107/S160053681100969X]

4-Chloro-N-(4-nitrobenzoyl)benzenesulfonamide

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S1. Comment

The amide and sulfonamide moieties are important constituents of many biologically important compounds. As a part of studying the effect of substituents on the structures of this class of compounds (Gowda *et al.*, 2000, 2007; Suchetan *et al.*, 2010, 2011), the structure of 4-chloro-N-(4-nitrobenzoyl)-benzenesulfonamide has been determined (Fig.1). The conformation of the N—C bond in the C—SO₂—NH—C(O) segment has *gauche* torsions with respect to the S=O bonds. Further, the conformation of the N—H bond in this segment is *anti* to the C=O bond, similar to those observed in *N*-(4-chlorobenzoyl)-4-chlorobenzenesulfonamide (II) (Suchetan *et al.*, 2010) and 4-methyl-*N*-(4-nitrobenzoyl)- benzene-sulfonamide (III)(Suchetan *et al.*, 2011).

The molecules are twisted at the *S* atoms with the C—S(O₂)—NH—C(O) torsional angle of 57.7 (2) $^{\circ}$, compared to the values of 67.5 (3) $^{\circ}$ in (II) and 58.7 (3) $^{\circ}$ in (III).

The dihedral angle between the sulfonyl benzene ring and the —SO₂—NH—C—O segment is 79.5 (1) $^{\circ}$, compared to the values of 79.0 (1) $^{\circ}$ in (II) and 81.5 (2) $^{\circ}$ in (III).

The dihedral angle between the sulfonyl and the benzoyl benzene rings is 87.8 (1) $^{\circ}$, compared to the values of 85.6 (1) $^{\circ}$ in (II) and 89.8 (1) $^{\circ}$ in (III).

The packing of molecules in the crystal linked by pairs of N—H \cdots O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) is shown in Fig. 2.

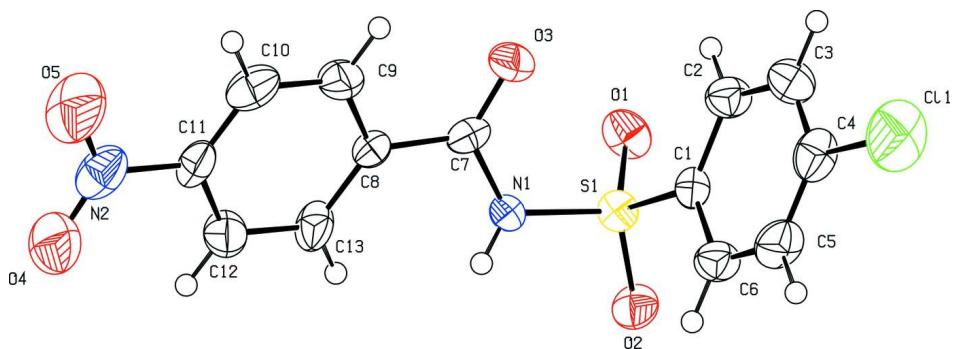
S2. Experimental

The title compound was prepared by refluxing a mixture of 4-nitrobenzoic acid, 4-chlorobenzenesulfonamide and phosphorous oxychloride for 3 hr on a water bath. The resultant mixture was cooled and poured into ice cold water. The solid obtained was filtered, washed thoroughly with water and then dissolved in sodium bicarbonate solution. The compound was later reprecipitated by acidifying the filtered solution with dilute HCl. It was filtered, dried and recrystallized.

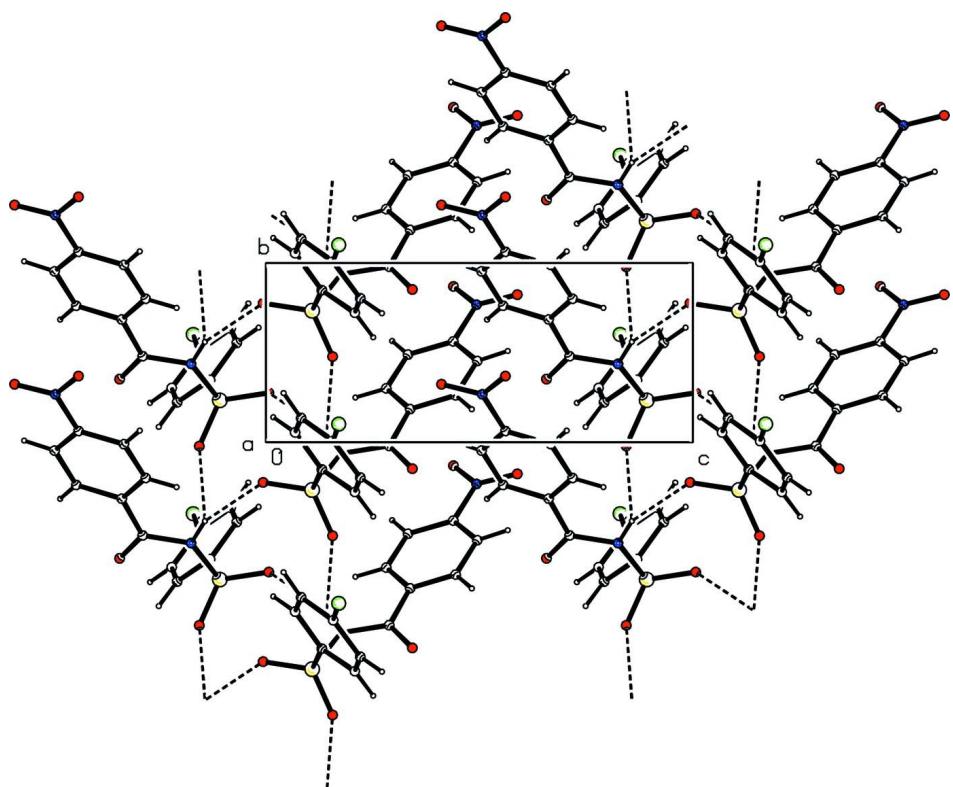
Prism like colourless single crystals of the title compound used in X-ray diffraction studies were obtained by slow evaporation of its toluene solution at room temperature.

S3. Refinement

The H atom of the NH group was located in a difference map and later restrained to N—H = 0.86 (2) \AA . The other H atoms were positioned with idealized geometry using a riding model with the aromatic C—H distance = 0.93 \AA and methyl C—H = 0.96 \AA . All H atoms were refined with isotropic displacement parameters set to 1.2 times of the U_{eq} of the parent atom.

**Figure 1**

Molecular structure of the title compound, showing the atom- labelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

**Figure 2**

Molecular packing in the title compound. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

4-Chloro-N-(4-nitrobenzoyl)benzenesulfonamide

Crystal data

$C_{13}H_9ClN_2O_5S$
 $M_r = 340.73$
Monoclinic, $P2_1$
Hall symbol: P 2yb
 $a = 11.713 (2) \text{ \AA}$
 $b = 5.0681 (7) \text{ \AA}$
 $c = 12.476 (2) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 104.45 (1)^\circ$
 $V = 717.2 (2) \text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 2$
 $F(000) = 348$
 $D_x = 1.578 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
Cell parameters from 1764 reflections

$\theta = 2.8\text{--}27.8^\circ$ $\mu = 0.44 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ $T = 293 \text{ K}$ *Data collection*

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur

diffractometer with a Sapphire CCD detector

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

Rotation method data acquisition using ω and φ scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(CrysAlis RED; Oxford Diffraction, 2009)

 $T_{\min} = 0.873$, $T_{\max} = 0.974$

Prism, colourless

 $0.32 \times 0.18 \times 0.06 \text{ mm}$ *Refinement*Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.029$ $wR(F^2) = 0.071$ $S = 0.97$

2221 reflections

202 parameters

2 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

2688 measured reflections

2221 independent reflections

2052 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.013$ $\theta_{\max} = 26.4^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.8^\circ$ $h = -11 \rightarrow 14$ $k = -6 \rightarrow 5$ $l = -15 \rightarrow 13$

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0265P)^2 + 0.5326P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.031$ $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.19 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.22 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 581 Friedel pairs

Absolute structure parameter: 0.10 (8)

Special details

Experimental. CrysAlis RED (Oxford Diffraction, 2009) Empirical absorption correction using spherical harmonics, implemented in SCALE3 ABSPACK scaling algorithm.

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^* / U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.7268 (2)	0.3471 (6)	0.8688 (2)	0.0313 (6)
C2	0.7745 (2)	0.2212 (8)	0.7918 (2)	0.0410 (6)
H2	0.7339	0.0840	0.7493	0.049*
C3	0.8836 (3)	0.3014 (7)	0.7785 (2)	0.0489 (9)
H3	0.9174	0.2178	0.7277	0.059*
C4	0.9402 (3)	0.5060 (7)	0.8417 (3)	0.0473 (8)
C5	0.8926 (3)	0.6356 (7)	0.9171 (3)	0.0487 (8)
H5	0.9324	0.7760	0.9579	0.058*
C6	0.7843 (3)	0.5541 (6)	0.9314 (2)	0.0400 (7)

H6	0.7510	0.6378	0.9826	0.048*
C7	0.4676 (2)	0.4805 (6)	0.7118 (2)	0.0325 (6)
C8	0.3785 (2)	0.6855 (5)	0.66280 (19)	0.0305 (7)
C9	0.3743 (3)	0.7628 (8)	0.5547 (2)	0.0465 (7)
H9	0.4248	0.6857	0.5168	0.056*
C10	0.2952 (3)	0.9537 (7)	0.5037 (2)	0.0511 (9)
H10	0.2930	1.0083	0.4320	0.061*
C11	0.2195 (3)	1.0625 (6)	0.5603 (2)	0.0419 (7)
C12	0.2217 (3)	0.9902 (7)	0.6672 (2)	0.0464 (8)
H12	0.1702	1.0665	0.7041	0.056*
C13	0.3026 (2)	0.8007 (6)	0.7184 (2)	0.0430 (8)
H13	0.3058	0.7504	0.7908	0.052*
N1	0.48802 (19)	0.4379 (5)	0.82564 (17)	0.0292 (5)
H1N	0.471 (2)	0.560 (5)	0.865 (2)	0.035*
N2	0.1351 (2)	1.2683 (6)	0.5060 (2)	0.0551 (7)
O1	0.56993 (19)	-0.0216 (4)	0.84448 (18)	0.0447 (5)
O2	0.59606 (16)	0.2753 (5)	1.00622 (14)	0.0427 (5)
O3	0.51982 (18)	0.3525 (5)	0.65776 (16)	0.0485 (6)
O4	0.0734 (3)	1.3697 (6)	0.5600 (2)	0.0791 (9)
O5	0.1323 (3)	1.3233 (6)	0.4105 (2)	0.0880 (10)
Cl1	1.07887 (8)	0.6005 (3)	0.82955 (9)	0.0835 (4)
S1	0.59243 (6)	0.23417 (14)	0.89175 (5)	0.03068 (15)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0300 (13)	0.0312 (15)	0.0316 (13)	-0.0001 (12)	0.0058 (10)	0.0047 (12)
C2	0.0413 (14)	0.0426 (17)	0.0402 (13)	-0.0036 (16)	0.0122 (11)	-0.0049 (17)
C3	0.0430 (16)	0.064 (3)	0.0437 (15)	0.0003 (16)	0.0182 (13)	-0.0025 (16)
C4	0.0324 (15)	0.061 (2)	0.0476 (17)	-0.0074 (15)	0.0083 (13)	0.0122 (17)
C5	0.0422 (16)	0.046 (2)	0.0529 (18)	-0.0138 (15)	0.0016 (14)	-0.0060 (16)
C6	0.0421 (15)	0.0353 (18)	0.0411 (15)	-0.0010 (13)	0.0077 (12)	-0.0040 (13)
C7	0.0315 (13)	0.0380 (16)	0.0280 (13)	-0.0067 (12)	0.0075 (10)	-0.0051 (13)
C8	0.0316 (12)	0.0320 (19)	0.0264 (11)	-0.0074 (11)	0.0045 (10)	0.0008 (11)
C9	0.0531 (17)	0.057 (2)	0.0314 (13)	0.0059 (18)	0.0139 (12)	0.0024 (16)
C10	0.066 (2)	0.055 (2)	0.0294 (14)	0.0004 (17)	0.0054 (14)	0.0114 (15)
C11	0.0419 (15)	0.0377 (18)	0.0382 (15)	-0.0029 (13)	-0.0047 (12)	0.0029 (13)
C12	0.0415 (16)	0.056 (2)	0.0424 (16)	0.0087 (15)	0.0125 (13)	0.0072 (16)
C13	0.0372 (14)	0.057 (2)	0.0352 (14)	0.0053 (14)	0.0095 (11)	0.0109 (14)
N1	0.0332 (12)	0.0273 (13)	0.0270 (11)	0.0010 (10)	0.0077 (9)	-0.0023 (9)
N2	0.0610 (17)	0.0388 (18)	0.0528 (15)	0.0008 (15)	-0.0094 (13)	0.0046 (16)
O1	0.0487 (12)	0.0259 (11)	0.0616 (13)	-0.0035 (9)	0.0176 (10)	-0.0016 (10)
O2	0.0467 (11)	0.0505 (15)	0.0321 (9)	0.0011 (10)	0.0119 (8)	0.0092 (10)
O3	0.0523 (12)	0.0615 (15)	0.0341 (10)	0.0126 (11)	0.0151 (9)	-0.0034 (10)
O4	0.083 (2)	0.0648 (19)	0.0776 (18)	0.0285 (16)	-0.0022 (15)	0.0016 (15)
O5	0.109 (2)	0.079 (2)	0.0632 (17)	0.0196 (17)	-0.0012 (15)	0.0318 (16)
Cl1	0.0452 (5)	0.1158 (9)	0.0939 (8)	-0.0266 (6)	0.0258 (5)	0.0049 (7)
S1	0.0341 (3)	0.0258 (3)	0.0332 (3)	-0.0019 (3)	0.0103 (2)	0.0029 (3)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $\text{^{\circ}}$)

C1—C6	1.379 (4)	C8—C13	1.386 (4)
C1—C2	1.382 (4)	C9—C10	1.380 (5)
C1—S1	1.764 (3)	C9—H9	0.9300
C2—C3	1.389 (4)	C10—C11	1.379 (5)
C2—H2	0.9300	C10—H10	0.9300
C3—C4	1.369 (5)	C11—C12	1.377 (4)
C3—H3	0.9300	C11—N2	1.480 (4)
C4—C5	1.375 (5)	C12—C13	1.388 (4)
C4—Cl1	1.736 (3)	C12—H12	0.9300
C5—C6	1.387 (4)	C13—H13	0.9300
C5—H5	0.9300	N1—S1	1.655 (2)
C6—H6	0.9300	N1—H1N	0.843 (17)
C7—O3	1.206 (3)	N2—O5	1.216 (4)
C7—N1	1.397 (3)	N2—O4	1.218 (4)
C7—C8	1.491 (4)	O1—S1	1.421 (2)
C8—C9	1.394 (3)	O2—S1	1.4333 (18)
C6—C1—C2	121.3 (3)	C10—C9—H9	120.0
C6—C1—S1	119.0 (2)	C11—C10—C9	119.2 (3)
C2—C1—S1	119.6 (2)	C11—C10—H10	120.4
C3—C2—C1	119.4 (3)	C9—C10—H10	120.4
C3—C2—H2	120.3	C12—C11—C10	122.0 (3)
C1—C2—H2	120.3	C12—C11—N2	118.7 (3)
C4—C3—C2	118.7 (3)	C10—C11—N2	119.3 (3)
C4—C3—H3	120.6	C11—C12—C13	118.4 (3)
C2—C3—H3	120.6	C11—C12—H12	120.8
C5—C4—C3	122.3 (3)	C13—C12—H12	120.8
C5—C4—Cl1	118.4 (3)	C8—C13—C12	120.7 (3)
C3—C4—Cl1	119.2 (3)	C8—C13—H13	119.7
C4—C5—C6	119.1 (3)	C12—C13—H13	119.7
C4—C5—H5	120.5	C7—N1—S1	121.38 (18)
C6—C5—H5	120.5	C7—N1—H1N	118 (2)
C5—C6—C1	119.1 (3)	S1—N1—H1N	115 (2)
C5—C6—H6	120.4	O5—N2—O4	124.8 (3)
C1—C6—H6	120.4	O5—N2—C11	117.5 (3)
O3—C7—N1	120.2 (3)	O4—N2—C11	117.7 (3)
O3—C7—C8	123.1 (2)	O1—S1—O2	120.16 (14)
N1—C7—C8	116.7 (2)	O1—S1—N1	108.96 (13)
C9—C8—C13	119.6 (3)	O2—S1—N1	103.91 (12)
C9—C8—C7	116.4 (3)	O1—S1—C1	108.01 (14)
C13—C8—C7	124.0 (2)	O2—S1—C1	107.98 (12)
C8—C9—C10	120.0 (3)	N1—S1—C1	107.14 (12)
C8—C9—H9	120.0	 	
C6—C1—C2—C3	1.1 (5)	N2—C11—C12—C13	-178.8 (3)
S1—C1—C2—C3	-176.4 (2)	C9—C8—C13—C12	0.6 (4)

C1—C2—C3—C4	−0.7 (5)	C7—C8—C13—C12	−179.9 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	−0.4 (5)	C11—C12—C13—C8	−0.6 (5)
C2—C3—C4—Cl1	177.7 (3)	O3—C7—N1—S1	6.0 (4)
C3—C4—C5—C6	1.2 (5)	C8—C7—N1—S1	−174.85 (18)
Cl1—C4—C5—C6	−177.0 (2)	C12—C11—N2—O5	−177.8 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C1	−0.7 (5)	C10—C11—N2—O5	3.7 (5)
C2—C1—C6—C5	−0.4 (4)	C12—C11—N2—O4	2.0 (5)
S1—C1—C6—C5	177.1 (2)	C10—C11—N2—O4	−176.5 (3)
O3—C7—C8—C9	−12.6 (4)	C7—N1—S1—O1	−58.9 (2)
N1—C7—C8—C9	168.2 (3)	C7—N1—S1—O2	171.9 (2)
O3—C7—C8—C13	167.9 (3)	C7—N1—S1—C1	57.7 (2)
N1—C7—C8—C13	−11.3 (4)	C6—C1—S1—O1	−162.3 (2)
C13—C8—C9—C10	0.3 (5)	C2—C1—S1—O1	15.2 (3)
C7—C8—C9—C10	−179.3 (3)	C6—C1—S1—O2	−31.0 (3)
C8—C9—C10—C11	−1.1 (5)	C2—C1—S1—O2	146.6 (2)
C9—C10—C11—C12	1.2 (5)	C6—C1—S1—N1	80.4 (2)
C9—C10—C11—N2	179.6 (3)	C2—C1—S1—N1	−102.0 (2)
C10—C11—C12—C13	−0.4 (5)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
N1—H1N···O2 ⁱ	0.84 (2)	2.24 (2)	3.054 (3)	162 (3)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+2$.