

A triclinic polymorph with $Z = 3$ of N,N' -bis(2-pyridyl)oxamide

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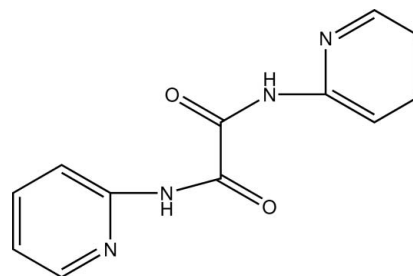
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 298$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.044; wR factor = 0.125; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.3.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound, $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_4\text{O}_2$, contains three half-molecules. Each half-molecule is completed by crystallographic inversion symmetry. The title compound, (I), is a polymorph of the structure, (II), reported by Hsu & Chen [*Eur. J. Inorg. Chem.* (2004), 1488–1493]. In the original report, the compound crystallized in the tetragonal space group $P4_21c$ ($Z = 8$), whereas the structure reported here is triclinic ($P\bar{1}$, $Z = 3$). In both forms, each oxamide molecule is almost planar (with maximum deviations are 0.266 and 0.166 Å) and the O atoms are *trans* oriented. The principal difference between the two forms lies in the different hydrogen-bonding patterns. In (I), two $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ and one $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ hydrogen bonds link the molecules, forming a two-dimensional network, whereas in (II) there are no classical hydrogen bonds to O atoms and only weak $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ interactions are found along with rings of $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ bonds.

Related literature

For general background to the use of N,N' -disubstituted oxamides as ligands, see: Bencini *et al.* (1986). For the synthesis and related structure, see: Hsu & Chen (2004).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_4\text{O}_2$
 $M_r = 242.24$
 Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 $a = 8.459$ (2) Å
 $b = 10.705$ (3) Å
 $c = 11.058$ (3) Å
 $\alpha = 99.555$ (9)°
 $\beta = 101.344$ (8)°
 $\gamma = 112.980$ (8)°
 $V = 870.5$ (4) Å³
 $Z = 3$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.10$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 298$ K
 $0.26 \times 0.26 \times 0.20$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 2003)
 $T_{\min} = 0.975$, $T_{\max} = 0.980$
 8909 measured reflections
 3018 independent reflections
 2575 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.021$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.044$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.125$
 $S = 1.07$
 3018 reflections
 245 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.24$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.34$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N}2-\text{H}2A\cdots\text{O}3$	0.86	2.39	3.176 (2)	153
$\text{N}4-\text{H}4A\cdots\text{O}3$	0.86	2.27	2.898 (2)	130
$\text{N}6-\text{H}6\cdots\text{N}3^i$	0.86	2.39	3.188 (2)	155

Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$.

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2002); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2002); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: XP (Siemens, 1994) and CAMERON (Watkin *et al.*, 1993); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 1999).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: E22234).

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supporting information

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A triclinic polymorph with $Z = 3$ of *N,N'*-bis(2-pyridyl)oxamide

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S1. Comment

N,N'-disubstituted oxamides are known to be versatile organic ligands since their coordinating ability toward transition-metal ions can be modified and tuned by changing the nature of the amide substituents (Bencini *et al.*, 1986). The title compound, (I), is a triclinic polymorph of the previously reported crystal structure of this symmetrical *N,N'*-disubstituted oxamide which crystallizes in the tetragonal space group P-4₂/c (Hsu & Chen, 2004). The relative arrangement of the molecules observed in the current structure is distinctively different from that previously reported.

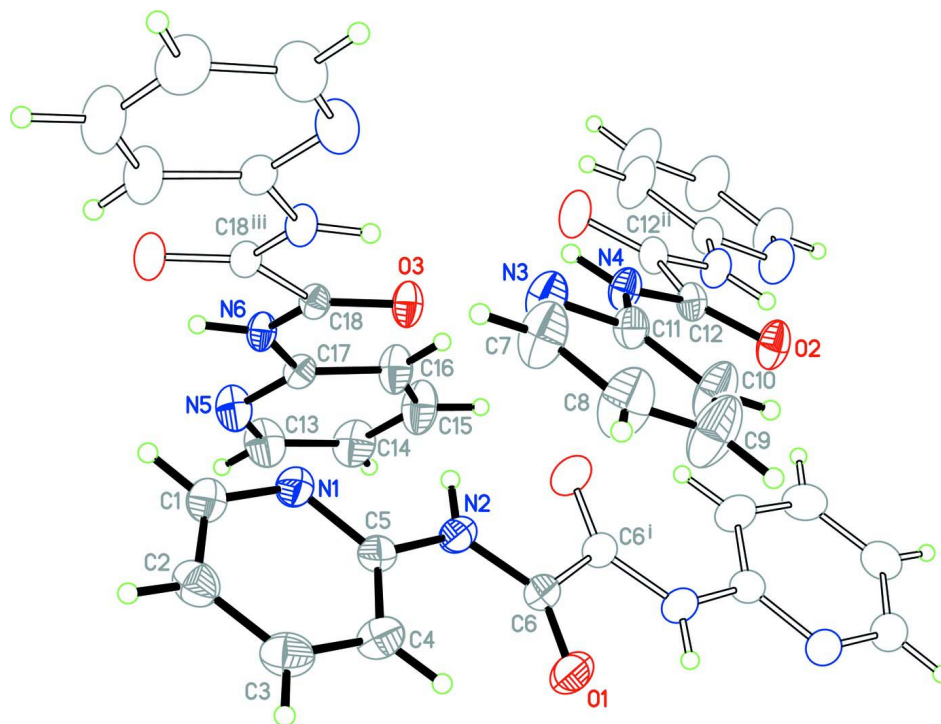
The molecular structure of (I) is shown in Fig. 1. It crystallizes in the space group P-1 with three molecules in each unit cell. Each *N,N'*-di(2-pyridyl)oxamide molecule is almost planar and the O atoms are *trans*-oriented. In the crystal structure, classical N—H \cdots O and N—H \cdots N hydrogen bonds (Table 1, Fig. 2) link the molecules to form a two-dimensional network.

S2. Experimental

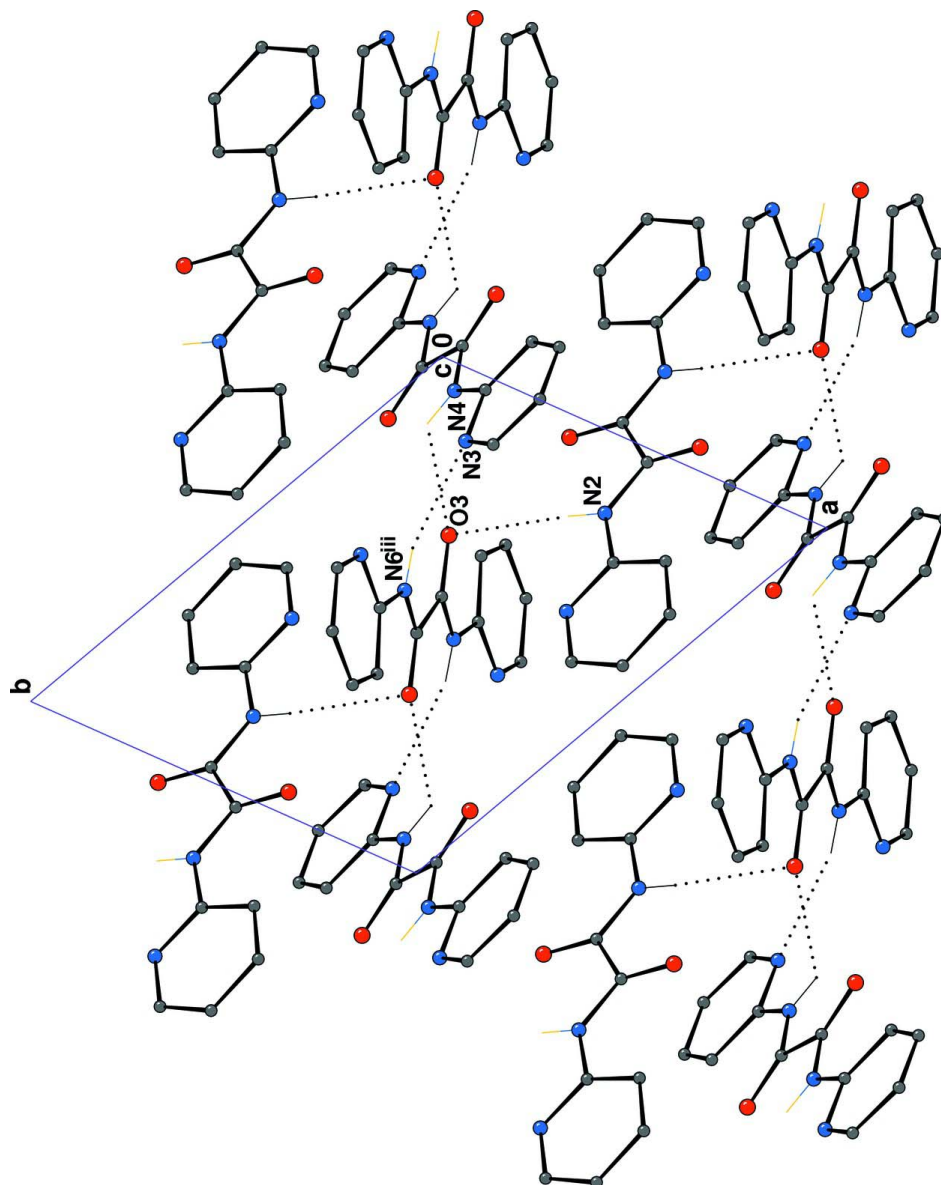
2-Aminopyridine (4.7 g, 50 mmol) was dissolved in 200 ml CH₂Cl₂, followed by addition of triethyl amine (10.0 ml, 72.1 mmol) at 273 K. The mixture was then stirred for 10 min. Oxalyl chloride (2.2 ml, 25 mmol) in 10 ml CH₂Cl₂ was then added slowly to the above mixture. After continuous stirring for about 3 h at 273 K, the resulting solution was concentrated under vacuum until a large amount of solid precipitated. The solid was filtered, washed with water and then dried in vacuum. Yield: 4.3 g (71%). Colourless block crystals suitable for X-ray crystallography were obtained by slow evaporation of the solvent from a solution of the title compound in toluene.

S3. Refinement

All the hydrogen atoms were placed in calculated positions, with C—H distances of 0.93 Å (aromatic) and N—H distance of 0.86 Å, and were included in the final cycles of refinement as riding, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}$ of the carrier atom.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of (I), with atom labels and 30% probability displacement ellipsoids for non-H atoms. [symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$; (ii) $-x, -y, -z + 1$; (iii) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$.]

**Figure 2**

The two-dimensional hydrogen-bonded structure. Dashed lines indicate hydrogen bonds. H atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding were omitted for clarity. [symmetry code: (iii) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$.]

N,N'-bis(pyridin-2-yl)ethanediamide

Crystal data

$C_{12}H_{10}N_4O_2$

$M_r = 242.24$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: $-p\ 1$

$a = 8.459\ (2)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 10.705\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 11.058\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$

$\alpha = 99.555\ (9)^\circ$

$\beta = 101.344\ (8)^\circ$

$\gamma = 112.980\ (8)^\circ$

$V = 870.5\ (4)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 3$

$F(000) = 378$

$D_x = 1.386\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 2575 reflections

$\theta = 2.0\text{--}25.1^\circ$

$\mu = 0.10\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 298$ K $0.26 \times 0.26 \times 0.20$ mm
 Block, colourless

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator φ and ω scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 2003) $T_{\min} = 0.975$, $T_{\max} = 0.980$	8909 measured reflections 3018 independent reflections 2575 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.021$ $\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.1^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.0^\circ$ $h = -10 \rightarrow 9$ $k = -12 \rightarrow 12$ $l = -13 \rightarrow 13$
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Refinement

Refinement on F^2 Least-squares matrix: full $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.044$ $wR(F^2) = 0.125$ $S = 1.07$ 3018 reflections 245 parameters 0 restraints Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites H-atom parameters constrained $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0745P)^2 + 0.1649P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.24 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.34 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
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Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.8362 (2)	0.46853 (19)	0.37248 (18)	0.0520 (4)
H1	0.8499	0.5608	0.3908	0.062*
C2	0.9305 (2)	0.4331 (2)	0.29625 (17)	0.0530 (5)
H2	1.0085	0.5002	0.2655	0.064*
C3	0.9066 (3)	0.2958 (2)	0.26675 (17)	0.0557 (5)
H3	0.9672	0.2682	0.2144	0.067*
C4	0.7921 (3)	0.1992 (2)	0.31520 (17)	0.0525 (4)
H4	0.7732	0.1056	0.2957	0.063*
C5	0.7062 (2)	0.24577 (17)	0.39383 (15)	0.0413 (4)
C6	0.5610 (2)	0.02730 (17)	0.45799 (16)	0.0433 (4)
C7	0.2643 (3)	0.1234 (2)	0.11856 (19)	0.0686 (6)
H7	0.3133	0.2017	0.0881	0.082*
C8	0.2515 (4)	-0.0019 (2)	0.0534 (2)	0.0805 (7)
H8	0.2911	-0.0087	-0.0191	0.097*

C9	0.1791 (4)	-0.1164 (2)	0.0977 (2)	0.0880 (8)
H9	0.1681	-0.2033	0.0552	0.106*
C10	0.1222 (3)	-0.1038 (2)	0.20524 (19)	0.0662 (6)
H10	0.0731	-0.1809	0.2371	0.079*
C11	0.1405 (2)	0.02693 (16)	0.26431 (14)	0.0386 (4)
C12	0.0128 (2)	-0.03698 (15)	0.43944 (14)	0.0364 (3)
C13	0.7504 (3)	0.5115 (2)	0.97931 (17)	0.0646 (6)
H13	0.8479	0.5692	1.0504	0.078*
C14	0.6308 (3)	0.3874 (2)	0.99039 (17)	0.0631 (5)
H14	0.6460	0.3612	1.0664	0.076*
C15	0.4884 (3)	0.3032 (2)	0.88626 (18)	0.0660 (6)
H15	0.4042	0.2175	0.8901	0.079*
C16	0.4690 (3)	0.34467 (18)	0.77573 (16)	0.0521 (5)
H16	0.3719	0.2886	0.7040	0.063*
C17	0.5974 (2)	0.47196 (15)	0.77397 (13)	0.0347 (3)
C18	0.48440 (19)	0.45519 (14)	0.54712 (13)	0.0312 (3)
N1	0.72567 (19)	0.37762 (14)	0.42180 (14)	0.0472 (4)
N2	0.59256 (19)	0.15935 (14)	0.45411 (14)	0.0457 (4)
H2A	0.5362	0.1959	0.4934	0.055*
N3	0.2108 (2)	0.14008 (15)	0.22304 (13)	0.0505 (4)
N4	0.08990 (17)	0.05422 (13)	0.37520 (12)	0.0385 (3)
H4A	0.1109	0.1402	0.4060	0.046*
N5	0.7374 (2)	0.55612 (16)	0.87343 (13)	0.0531 (4)
N6	0.59098 (16)	0.52565 (12)	0.66636 (11)	0.0351 (3)
H6	0.6628	0.6127	0.6784	0.042*
O1	0.62022 (18)	-0.04585 (13)	0.40434 (13)	0.0584 (4)
O2	-0.03443 (16)	-0.16334 (11)	0.41046 (11)	0.0501 (3)
O3	0.37249 (15)	0.33253 (10)	0.51223 (9)	0.0415 (3)

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0499 (10)	0.0450 (10)	0.0644 (11)	0.0197 (8)	0.0202 (9)	0.0213 (8)
C2	0.0461 (10)	0.0640 (12)	0.0538 (10)	0.0229 (9)	0.0177 (8)	0.0273 (9)
C3	0.0585 (11)	0.0729 (13)	0.0507 (10)	0.0377 (10)	0.0235 (9)	0.0228 (9)
C4	0.0628 (11)	0.0524 (10)	0.0545 (10)	0.0336 (9)	0.0223 (9)	0.0177 (8)
C5	0.0377 (8)	0.0414 (9)	0.0461 (9)	0.0190 (7)	0.0099 (7)	0.0139 (7)
C6	0.0408 (9)	0.0362 (8)	0.0523 (9)	0.0183 (7)	0.0095 (7)	0.0116 (7)
C7	0.1028 (17)	0.0534 (11)	0.0552 (11)	0.0248 (11)	0.0486 (12)	0.0216 (9)
C8	0.123 (2)	0.0638 (13)	0.0675 (13)	0.0354 (13)	0.0651 (14)	0.0193 (11)
C9	0.144 (2)	0.0524 (12)	0.0840 (16)	0.0407 (14)	0.0736 (17)	0.0163 (11)
C10	0.1025 (16)	0.0397 (9)	0.0627 (12)	0.0248 (10)	0.0487 (12)	0.0162 (9)
C11	0.0413 (8)	0.0363 (8)	0.0350 (8)	0.0117 (7)	0.0144 (6)	0.0106 (6)
C12	0.0348 (8)	0.0306 (8)	0.0382 (8)	0.0075 (6)	0.0119 (6)	0.0110 (6)
C13	0.0660 (12)	0.0720 (13)	0.0381 (9)	0.0167 (10)	0.0012 (8)	0.0205 (9)
C14	0.0823 (14)	0.0694 (13)	0.0403 (10)	0.0300 (11)	0.0168 (9)	0.0304 (9)
C15	0.0864 (15)	0.0509 (11)	0.0469 (11)	0.0109 (10)	0.0205 (10)	0.0253 (9)
C16	0.0639 (11)	0.0433 (9)	0.0350 (8)	0.0078 (8)	0.0133 (8)	0.0149 (7)

C17	0.0420 (8)	0.0353 (8)	0.0308 (7)	0.0176 (7)	0.0145 (6)	0.0123 (6)
C18	0.0351 (7)	0.0296 (7)	0.0309 (7)	0.0125 (6)	0.0151 (6)	0.0104 (6)
N1	0.0447 (8)	0.0396 (8)	0.0619 (9)	0.0187 (6)	0.0209 (7)	0.0175 (7)
N2	0.0473 (8)	0.0368 (7)	0.0613 (9)	0.0224 (6)	0.0219 (7)	0.0164 (6)
N3	0.0719 (10)	0.0409 (8)	0.0412 (7)	0.0186 (7)	0.0299 (7)	0.0159 (6)
N4	0.0484 (8)	0.0292 (6)	0.0365 (7)	0.0121 (6)	0.0186 (6)	0.0102 (5)
N5	0.0540 (9)	0.0531 (9)	0.0366 (7)	0.0098 (7)	0.0052 (6)	0.0164 (6)
N6	0.0408 (7)	0.0291 (6)	0.0311 (6)	0.0088 (5)	0.0122 (5)	0.0112 (5)
O1	0.0672 (8)	0.0431 (7)	0.0791 (9)	0.0310 (6)	0.0337 (7)	0.0199 (6)
O2	0.0628 (8)	0.0309 (6)	0.0526 (7)	0.0104 (5)	0.0290 (6)	0.0117 (5)
O3	0.0489 (6)	0.0306 (6)	0.0343 (6)	0.0053 (5)	0.0129 (5)	0.0108 (4)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—N1	1.336 (2)	C11—N3	1.326 (2)
C1—C2	1.373 (3)	C11—N4	1.399 (2)
C1—H1	0.9300	C12—O2	1.2149 (18)
C2—C3	1.375 (3)	C12—N4	1.3411 (18)
C2—H2	0.9300	C12—C12 ⁱⁱ	1.537 (3)
C3—C4	1.378 (3)	C13—N5	1.337 (2)
C3—H3	0.9300	C13—C14	1.363 (3)
C4—C5	1.386 (2)	C13—H13	0.9300
C4—H4	0.9300	C14—C15	1.361 (3)
C5—N1	1.330 (2)	C14—H14	0.9300
C5—N2	1.410 (2)	C15—C16	1.370 (2)
C6—O1	1.219 (2)	C15—H15	0.9300
C6—N2	1.342 (2)	C16—C17	1.378 (2)
C6—C6 ⁱ	1.535 (3)	C16—H16	0.9300
C7—N3	1.331 (2)	C17—N5	1.323 (2)
C7—C8	1.365 (3)	C17—N6	1.4054 (18)
C7—H7	0.9300	C18—O3	1.2193 (18)
C8—C9	1.360 (3)	C18—N6	1.3384 (19)
C8—H8	0.9300	C18—C18 ⁱⁱⁱ	1.523 (3)
C9—C10	1.374 (3)	N2—H2A	0.8600
C9—H9	0.9300	N4—H4A	0.8600
C10—C11	1.377 (2)	N6—H6	0.8600
C10—H10	0.9300		
N1—C1—C2	123.58 (17)	O2—C12—N4	126.93 (14)
N1—C1—H1	118.2	O2—C12—C12 ⁱⁱ	121.30 (15)
C2—C1—H1	118.2	N4—C12—C12 ⁱⁱ	111.77 (15)
C1—C2—C3	118.10 (17)	N5—C13—C14	124.56 (18)
C1—C2—H2	121.0	N5—C13—H13	117.7
C3—C2—H2	121.0	C14—C13—H13	117.7
C2—C3—C4	119.68 (17)	C15—C14—C13	117.60 (16)
C2—C3—H3	120.2	C15—C14—H14	121.2
C4—C3—H3	120.2	C13—C14—H14	121.2
C3—C4—C5	117.98 (17)	C14—C15—C16	119.96 (17)

C3—C4—H4	121.0	C14—C15—H15	120.0
C5—C4—H4	121.0	C16—C15—H15	120.0
N1—C5—C4	123.16 (15)	C15—C16—C17	118.07 (17)
N1—C5—N2	113.25 (14)	C15—C16—H16	121.0
C4—C5—N2	123.58 (15)	C17—C16—H16	121.0
O1—C6—N2	126.53 (16)	N5—C17—C16	123.44 (14)
O1—C6—C6 ⁱ	120.90 (18)	N5—C17—N6	113.46 (13)
N2—C6—C6 ⁱ	112.56 (18)	C16—C17—N6	123.09 (14)
N3—C7—C8	123.90 (18)	O3—C18—N6	126.12 (12)
N3—C7—H7	118.1	O3—C18—C18 ⁱⁱⁱ	121.04 (16)
C8—C7—H7	118.1	N6—C18—C18 ⁱⁱⁱ	112.84 (15)
C9—C8—C7	117.97 (19)	C5—N1—C1	117.47 (15)
C9—C8—H8	121.0	C6—N2—C5	128.27 (15)
C7—C8—H8	121.0	C6—N2—H2A	115.9
C8—C9—C10	120.0 (2)	C5—N2—H2A	115.9
C8—C9—H9	120.0	C11—N3—C7	117.05 (15)
C10—C9—H9	120.0	C12—N4—C11	128.10 (13)
C9—C10—C11	117.76 (17)	C12—N4—H4A	115.9
C9—C10—H10	121.1	C11—N4—H4A	115.9
C11—C10—H10	121.1	C17—N5—C13	116.37 (15)
N3—C11—C10	123.32 (15)	C18—N6—C17	126.63 (12)
N3—C11—N4	113.26 (14)	C18—N6—H6	116.7
C10—C11—N4	123.41 (14)	C17—N6—H6	116.7

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$; (ii) $-x, -y, -z+1$; (iii) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D—H...A</i>	<i>D—H</i>	<i>H...A</i>	<i>D...A</i>	<i>D—H...A</i>
N2—H2A...O3	0.86	2.39	3.176 (2)	153
N4—H4A...O3	0.86	2.27	2.898 (2)	130
N6—H6...N3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.86	2.39	3.188 (2)	155

Symmetry code: (iii) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$.