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A second monoclinic polymorph of ethylenediammonium bis(hydrogen squarate) monohydrate

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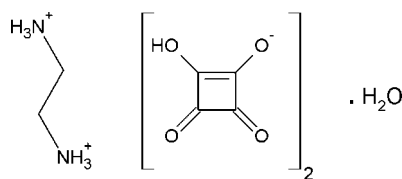
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.044; wR factor = 0.116; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.6.

The title compound, $\text{C}_2\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_2^{2+} \cdot 2\text{HC}_4\text{O}_4^- \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$, a new polymorph of ethylenediammonium bis(hydrogen squarate) monohydrate, was synthesized by slow evaporation of an acid solution. The asymmetric unit contains two hydrogen squarate anions, two half-molecules of protonated ethylenediamine arranged around a twofold axis and one water molecule. In the crystal, $\text{N}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$ and $\text{O}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$ hydrogen bonds between the hydrogen squarate anions, protonated N atoms from the amine group and water molecules lead to a three-dimensional framework. In particular, the cohesion between the squarate groups is ensured by very short intermolecular hydrogen bonds. The title compound crystallized together with the previously reported polymorph [Mathew *et al.* (2002). *J. Mol. Struct.* **641**, 263–279].

Related literature

For the previously reported polymorph, see: Mathew *et al.* (2002).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_2\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_2^{2+} \cdot 2\text{C}_4\text{H}_4\text{O}_4^- \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$
 $M_r = 306.23$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

$a = 14.1907$ (3) Å
 $b = 9.0224$ (2) Å
 $c = 10.9412$ (2) Å

$\beta = 111.789$ (1)°
 $V = 1300.77$ (5) Å³
 $Z = 4$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\mu = 0.14$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 293$ K
 $0.45 \times 0.44 \times 0.37$ mm

Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer
16099 measured reflections
2957 independent reflections

2101 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.039$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.044$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.116$
 $S = 1.06$
2957 reflections

190 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.28$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.24$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H} \cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H} \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-\text{H} \cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1A} \cdots \text{O5}^{\text{i}}$	0.89	2.14	2.9205 (17)	146
$\text{N1}-\text{H1B} \cdots \text{O1W}^{\text{ii}}$	0.88	1.99	2.8482 (18)	163
$\text{N1}-\text{H1C} \cdots \text{O8}$	0.88	1.90	2.7717 (18)	169
$\text{N2}-\text{H2A} \cdots \text{O2}$	0.88	1.97	2.8222 (17)	162
$\text{N2}-\text{H2B} \cdots \text{O1W}^{\text{iii}}$	0.90	1.94	2.8279 (18)	171
$\text{N2}-\text{H2C} \cdots \text{O1}^{\text{i}}$	0.90	1.92	2.8071 (17)	168
$\text{O4}-\text{H4} \cdots \text{O3}^{\text{iv}}$	1.05	1.42	2.4675 (15)	179
$\text{O7}-\text{H7} \cdots \text{O6}^{\text{iii}}$	1.06	1.41	2.4645 (14)	178
$\text{O1W}-\text{H1W} \cdots \text{O6}$	0.92	2.10	2.8724 (17)	140
$\text{O1W}-\text{H1W} \cdots \text{O8}^{\text{iv}}$	0.92	2.40	3.0489 (18)	128
$\text{O1W}-\text{H2W} \cdots \text{O3}$	0.93	1.88	2.8035 (19)	171

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, -y + 1, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $x, y + 1, z$; (iii) $x, -y, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iv) $x, -y, z - \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *COLLECT* (Nonius, 2000); cell refinement: *SCALEPACK* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); data reduction: *DENZO* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997) and *SCALEPACK*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SIR97* (Altomare *et al.*, 1999); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg & Berndt, 2001); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999).

Grateful thanks are expressed to Dr T. Roisnel (Centre de Diffraction X, UMR CNRS 6226) for his assistance with the single-crystal data collection.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: DN2662).

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supporting information

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A second monoclinic polymorph of ethylenediammonium bis(hydrogen squarate) monohydrate

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S1. Comment

In the course of a study on mixed squarate of amines and metals, the role of the amine group has been investigated in the topology of the organic-inorganic framework. The preparation did not lead to a mixed compound but to a new hydrogen squarate of ethylenediammonium.

The compound is a polymorph of the compound previously reported by Mathew *et al.*, 2002, whose molecular framework is also stabilized by hydrogen bonds (Fig. 1, Table 1). In the title compound hydrogen bonds connect the hydrogen squarate units along the *a* axis in the form of zigzag chains, which are connected to each other along the *c* axis through hydrogen bonds implying the water molecules, then forming a layer. Amine groups are situated in between neighbour layers and connected to them along the *b* axis through hydrogen bonds leading to a molecular three-dimensional framework (Table 1, Fig. 2).

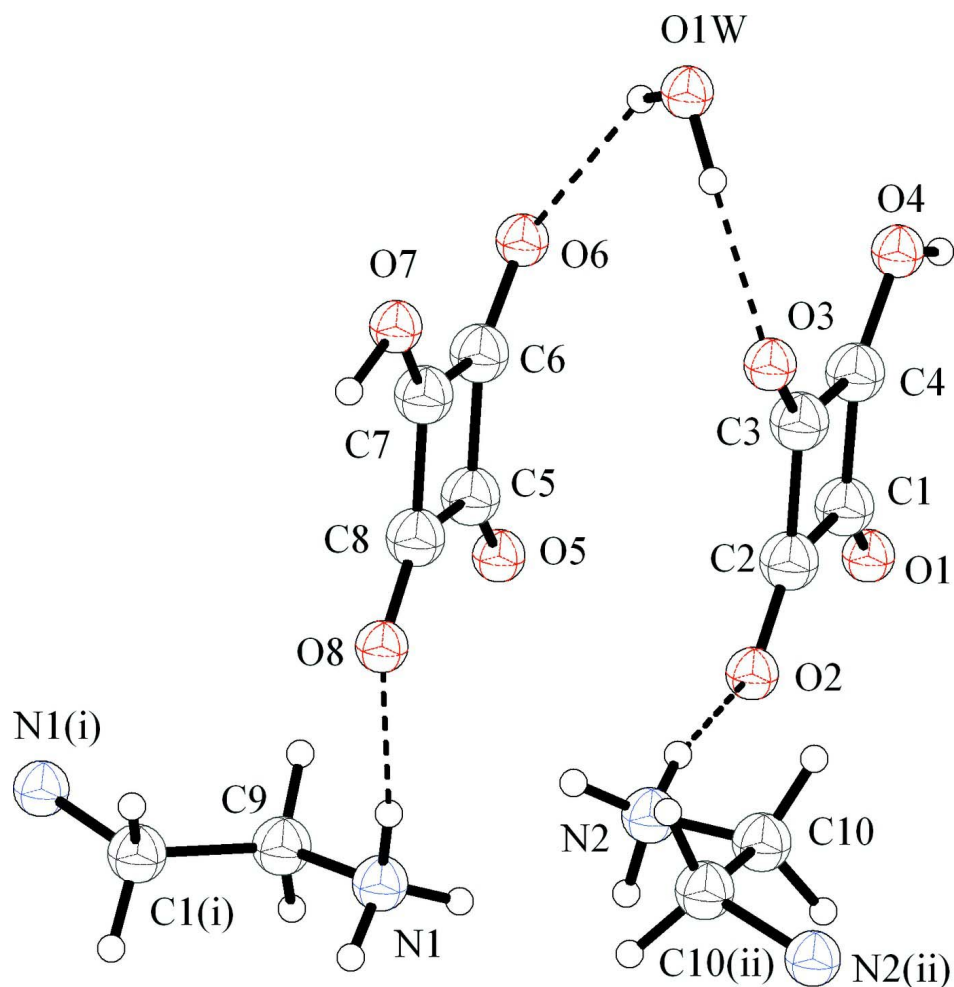
The main differences between the structures of the two polymorphs reside in the orientation of the amine groups related to that of the mean planes of the squarate groups. Indeed, in the title structure, the ethylenediammonium cations are perpendicular to the squarate groups, while the mean planes between these two molecules in the already reported polymorph deviate to 56.2 (2)°.

S2. Experimental

The title compound, (HC₄O₄)₂(C₂H₁₀N₂)(H₂O) was prepared from an aqueous solution (20 ml) of dissolved yttrium nitrate (0.5 mmol), ethylenediamine (0.1 mmol) and 3,4-dihydroxy-3-cyclobutene-1,2-dione, also named squaric acid (0.1 mmol). The slow evaporation at room temperature leads after some hours to the formation of both polymorphs. A metal salt seems to be necessary to the synthesis of the title compound even if its role has not been clearly established.

S3. Refinement

All H atoms were found from Fourier difference maps but those attached to C and N atoms were fixed geometrically and treated as riding with C—H = 0.98 Å and N—H = 0.87 Å with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ or $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{N})$. The H attached to the water molecule and those of the hydroxyl groups were refined using restraints: O—H = 0.92 (1) Å and H···H = 1.42 (2) Å for the water and O—H = 1.05 (2) Å for the hydroxyl H with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O})$. In the last cycles of refinement, they were treated as riding on their parent O atoms.

**Figure 1**

View of the molecular structure of the title compound with the atom labeling scheme. Ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. H atoms are represented as small spheres of arbitrary radii. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines. [Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+3/2, y, -z+1$; (ii) $-x+3/2, y, -z$]

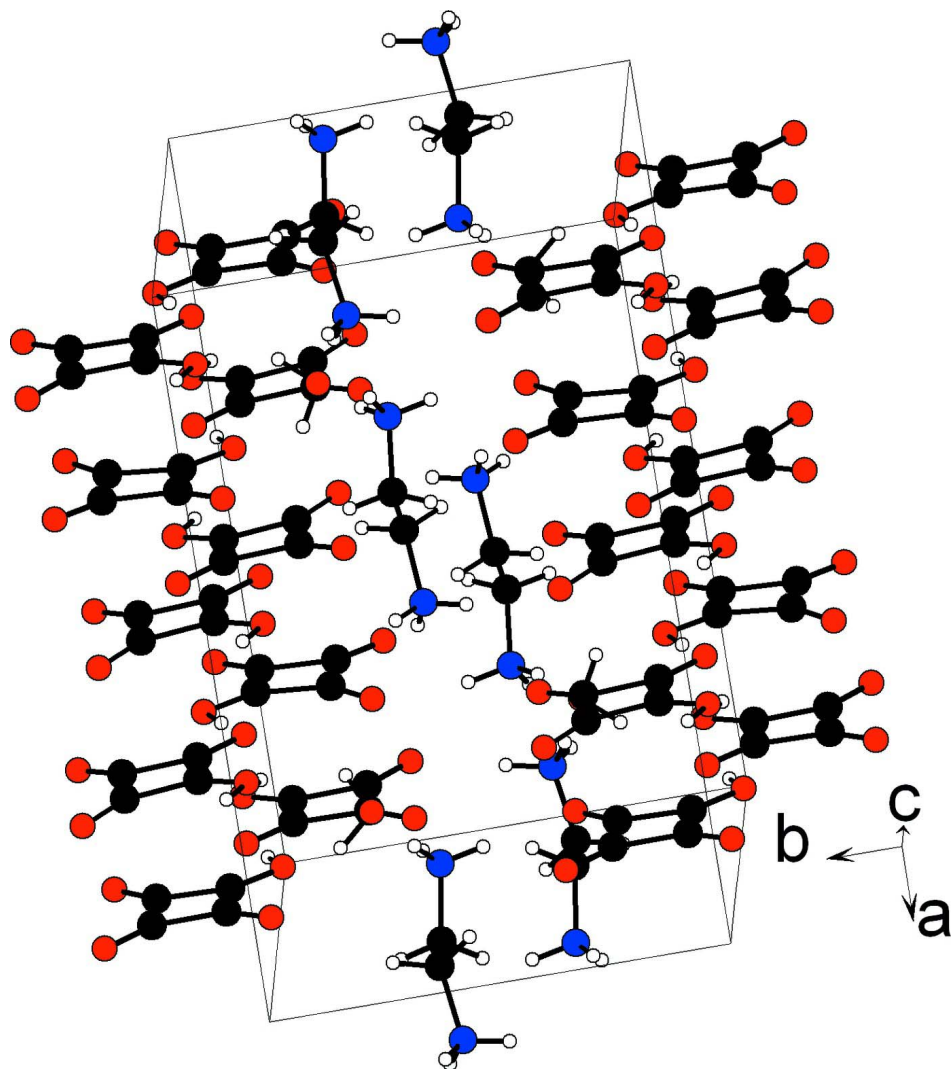


Figure 2

Packing view of the title compound displaying the hydrogen bonds between protonated nitrogen of ethylenediamine, hydrogen squarate and water molecules. H atoms not involved in hydrogen bondings have been omitted for clarity.

Ethylenediammonium bis(hydrogen squarate) monohydrate

Crystal data

$C_2H_{10}N_2^{2+} \cdot 2C_4HO_4^- \cdot H_2O$

$M_r = 306.23$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: $-P 2_1/c$

$a = 14.1907 (3) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 9.0224 (2) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 10.9412 (2) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 111.789 (1)^\circ$

$V = 1300.77 (5) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 640$

$D_x = 1.564 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 15363 reflections

$\theta = 2.6\text{--}27.5^\circ$

$\mu = 0.14 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 293 \text{ K}$

Block, colourless

$0.45 \times 0.44 \times 0.37 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer	2957 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	2101 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Horizontally mounted graphite crystal monochromator	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.039$
CCD scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 3.7^\circ$
16099 measured reflections	$h = -13 \rightarrow 14$
	$k = -11 \rightarrow 11$
	$l = -18 \rightarrow 18$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.044$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.116$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0506P)^2 + 0.4175P]$
$S = 1.06$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2957 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
190 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.28 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.24 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.13638 (12)	0.21953 (17)	0.23974 (14)	0.0274 (3)
C2	0.12945 (12)	0.22646 (17)	0.37292 (15)	0.0294 (3)
C3	0.13154 (12)	0.06345 (17)	0.37612 (14)	0.0280 (3)
C4	0.13514 (12)	0.05880 (16)	0.24889 (14)	0.0270 (3)
C5	0.37318 (12)	0.22227 (17)	0.53401 (14)	0.0282 (3)
C6	0.37820 (12)	0.05841 (17)	0.53440 (14)	0.0266 (3)
C7	0.37483 (12)	0.05424 (16)	0.66247 (14)	0.0264 (3)
C8	0.36698 (12)	0.21411 (17)	0.66793 (14)	0.0285 (3)
C9	0.45935 (12)	0.62029 (18)	0.68196 (15)	0.0310 (4)
H9A	0.4620	0.7123	0.6375	0.037*
H9B	0.4708	0.5391	0.6310	0.037*
C10	0.00261 (13)	0.36235 (19)	0.68282 (16)	0.0359 (4)
H10A	-0.0221	0.2683	0.6400	0.043*
H10B	-0.0408	0.4401	0.6300	0.043*
N1	0.35844 (10)	0.60417 (15)	0.69124 (14)	0.0330 (3)
H1A	0.3537	0.6630	0.7544	0.040*
H1B	0.3127	0.6300	0.6143	0.040*

H1C	0.3495	0.5112	0.7090	0.040*
N2	0.10844 (11)	0.38656 (14)	0.69090 (13)	0.0343 (3)
H2A	0.1155	0.3480	0.6209	0.041*
H2B	0.1534	0.3450	0.7642	0.041*
H2C	0.1219	0.4842	0.6931	0.041*
O1	0.14176 (10)	0.31161 (12)	0.15936 (12)	0.0406 (3)
O2	0.12416 (11)	0.32661 (14)	0.44601 (12)	0.0469 (4)
O3	0.13116 (11)	-0.03557 (13)	0.45842 (11)	0.0422 (3)
O4	0.13646 (10)	-0.05236 (12)	0.17443 (11)	0.0402 (3)
H4	0.1339	-0.0164	0.0819	0.060*
O5	0.37214 (10)	0.32156 (13)	0.45711 (11)	0.0411 (3)
O6	0.38111 (10)	-0.03993 (12)	0.45340 (10)	0.0365 (3)
O7	0.37617 (10)	-0.05505 (12)	0.73992 (11)	0.0366 (3)
H7	0.3768	-0.0150	0.8313	0.055*
O8	0.35656 (11)	0.30475 (13)	0.74692 (11)	0.0430 (3)
O1W	0.24474 (9)	-0.28124 (14)	0.43628 (12)	0.0436 (3)
H1W	0.2960	-0.2370	0.4170	0.065*
H2W	0.2063	-0.2050	0.4510	0.065*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0324 (9)	0.0254 (7)	0.0260 (7)	0.0044 (6)	0.0127 (6)	0.0034 (6)
C2	0.0340 (9)	0.0287 (8)	0.0284 (7)	0.0042 (7)	0.0152 (7)	0.0008 (7)
C3	0.0331 (9)	0.0274 (8)	0.0245 (7)	-0.0015 (6)	0.0119 (6)	0.0003 (6)
C4	0.0328 (9)	0.0261 (8)	0.0227 (8)	-0.0002 (6)	0.0110 (6)	-0.0001 (6)
C5	0.0339 (9)	0.0283 (8)	0.0242 (7)	-0.0034 (6)	0.0130 (6)	-0.0006 (6)
C6	0.0310 (8)	0.0284 (8)	0.0228 (7)	-0.0033 (6)	0.0128 (6)	-0.0015 (6)
C7	0.0338 (8)	0.0255 (7)	0.0220 (7)	-0.0013 (6)	0.0128 (6)	-0.0011 (6)
C8	0.0377 (9)	0.0257 (7)	0.0250 (7)	-0.0033 (7)	0.0149 (7)	-0.0019 (6)
C9	0.0310 (9)	0.0318 (8)	0.0315 (8)	-0.0005 (7)	0.0132 (7)	0.0010 (7)
C10	0.0392 (9)	0.0397 (9)	0.0304 (8)	0.0039 (8)	0.0147 (7)	-0.0019 (7)
N1	0.0330 (8)	0.0299 (7)	0.0359 (7)	0.0010 (6)	0.0123 (6)	-0.0002 (6)
N2	0.0462 (9)	0.0273 (7)	0.0354 (7)	-0.0004 (6)	0.0221 (7)	-0.0003 (6)
O1	0.0643 (9)	0.0280 (6)	0.0374 (6)	0.0064 (6)	0.0281 (6)	0.0086 (5)
O2	0.0751 (10)	0.0337 (7)	0.0416 (7)	0.0100 (6)	0.0328 (7)	-0.0038 (6)
O3	0.0740 (9)	0.0308 (6)	0.0279 (6)	-0.0068 (6)	0.0260 (6)	0.0024 (5)
O4	0.0723 (9)	0.0261 (6)	0.0277 (6)	-0.0030 (6)	0.0249 (6)	-0.0033 (5)
O5	0.0632 (9)	0.0314 (6)	0.0341 (6)	-0.0034 (6)	0.0241 (6)	0.0061 (5)
O6	0.0591 (8)	0.0299 (6)	0.0272 (6)	-0.0046 (5)	0.0239 (6)	-0.0059 (5)
O7	0.0646 (8)	0.0243 (6)	0.0283 (6)	0.0017 (5)	0.0260 (6)	0.0031 (5)
O8	0.0776 (10)	0.0254 (6)	0.0366 (6)	-0.0007 (6)	0.0334 (7)	-0.0046 (5)
O1W	0.0384 (7)	0.0416 (7)	0.0464 (7)	-0.0044 (6)	0.0106 (6)	0.0083 (6)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—O1	1.2326 (18)	C9—C9 ⁱ	1.508 (3)
C1—C4	1.454 (2)	C9—H9A	0.9700

C1—C2	1.498 (2)	C9—H9B	0.9700
C2—O2	1.2273 (19)	C10—N2	1.487 (2)
C2—C3	1.471 (2)	C10—C10 ⁱⁱ	1.499 (3)
C3—O3	1.2699 (18)	C10—H10A	0.9700
C3—C4	1.412 (2)	C10—H10B	0.9700
C4—O4	1.2966 (18)	N1—H1A	0.8933
C5—O5	1.2253 (18)	N1—H1B	0.8824
C5—C6	1.480 (2)	N1—H1C	0.8806
C5—C8	1.502 (2)	N2—H2A	0.8805
C6—O6	1.2655 (18)	N2—H2B	0.9002
C6—C7	1.420 (2)	N2—H2C	0.9002
C7—O7	1.2958 (18)	O4—H4	1.0509
C7—C8	1.450 (2)	O7—H7	1.0597
C8—O8	1.2380 (18)	O1W—H1W	0.9203
C9—N1	1.480 (2)	O1W—H2W	0.9287
O1—C1—C4	136.62 (14)	C9 ⁱ —C9—H9A	109.7
O1—C1—C2	135.22 (15)	N1—C9—H9B	109.7
C4—C1—C2	88.16 (12)	C9 ⁱ —C9—H9B	109.7
O2—C2—C3	136.56 (15)	H9A—C9—H9B	108.2
O2—C2—C1	134.96 (15)	N2—C10—C10 ⁱⁱ	110.98 (17)
C3—C2—C1	88.47 (12)	N2—C10—H10A	109.4
O3—C3—C4	133.57 (14)	C10 ⁱⁱ —C10—H10A	109.4
O3—C3—C2	135.63 (14)	N2—C10—H10B	109.4
C4—C3—C2	90.81 (12)	C10 ⁱⁱ —C10—H10B	109.4
O4—C4—C3	131.03 (14)	H10A—C10—H10B	108.0
O4—C4—C1	136.44 (14)	C9—N1—H1A	110.3
C3—C4—C1	92.52 (12)	C9—N1—H1B	107.2
O5—C5—C6	136.10 (14)	H1A—N1—H1B	110.0
O5—C5—C8	135.69 (15)	C9—N1—H1C	109.3
C6—C5—C8	88.19 (11)	H1A—N1—H1C	109.7
O6—C6—C7	133.96 (14)	H1B—N1—H1C	110.3
O6—C6—C5	135.43 (14)	C10—N2—H2A	109.2
C7—C6—C5	90.58 (12)	C10—N2—H2B	111.0
O7—C7—C6	131.89 (14)	H2A—N2—H2B	109.8
O7—C7—C8	135.48 (14)	C10—N2—H2C	110.2
C6—C7—C8	92.61 (12)	H2A—N2—H2C	108.5
O8—C8—C7	135.81 (14)	H2B—N2—H2C	108.1
O8—C8—C5	135.57 (14)	C4—O4—H4	111.3
C7—C8—C5	88.59 (12)	C7—O7—H7	110.5
N1—C9—C9 ⁱ	109.73 (16)	H1W—O1W—H2W	106.5
N1—C9—H9A	109.7		

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, y, -z+3/2$; (ii) $-x, y, -z+3/2$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
N1—H1A \cdots O5 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.89	2.14	2.9205 (17)	146

N1—H1B···O1W ^{iv}	0.88	1.99	2.8482 (18)	163
N1—H1C···O8	0.88	1.90	2.7717 (18)	169
N2—H2A···O2	0.88	1.97	2.8222 (17)	162
N2—H2B···O1W ^v	0.90	1.94	2.8279 (18)	171
N2—H2C···O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.90	1.92	2.8071 (17)	168
O4—H4···O3 ^{vi}	1.05	1.42	2.4675 (15)	179
O7—H7···O6 ^v	1.06	1.41	2.4645 (14)	178
O1W—H1W···O6	0.92	2.10	2.8724 (17)	140
O1W—H1W···O8 ^{vi}	0.92	2.40	3.0489 (18)	128
O1W—H2W···O3	0.93	1.88	2.8035 (19)	171

Symmetry codes: (iii) $x, -y+1, z+1/2$; (iv) $x, y+1, z$; (v) $x, -y, z+1/2$; (vi) $x, -y, z-1/2$.