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Adamantane-1-ammonium acetate

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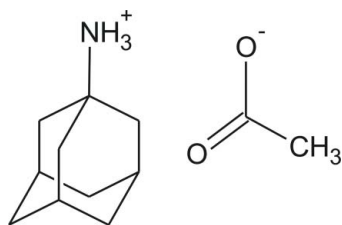
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 296$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$ Å; R factor = 0.052; wR factor = 0.134; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.2.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}^+\cdot\text{C}_2\text{H}_3\text{O}_2^-$, the ammonium H atoms of the cation are linked to three acetate anions *via* N—H···O hydrogen bonds, forming a chain structure extending along the b axis.

Related literature

For related structures, see: Mullica *et al.* (1999); He & Wen (2006). For their applications in virology, see: Hoffmann (1973); Dolin *et al.* (1982); Bright *et al.* (2005); Betakova (2007). For graph-set analysis, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995). For Csp^3-O bond lengths, see: Orpen *et al.* (1989).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}^+\cdot\text{C}_2\text{H}_3\text{O}_2^-$
 $M_r = 211.30$
 Monoclinic, $C2/c$
 $a = 25.7625$ (12) Å
 $b = 6.4852$ (3) Å
 $c = 17.3970$ (9) Å
 $\beta = 127.377$ (2)°

$V = 2309.8$ (2) Å³
 $Z = 8$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.08$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 296$ K
 $0.40 \times 0.07 \times 0.05$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer
 15067 measured reflections

2261 independent reflections
 1471 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.077$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.052$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.134$
 $S = 1.01$
 2261 reflections
 149 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.23$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.21$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1A}\cdots\text{O1}$	0.99 (4)	1.80 (4)	2.777 (3)	171 (3)
$\text{N1}-\text{H1B}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{i}}$	0.94 (3)	1.83 (3)	2.758 (3)	170 (3)
$\text{N1}-\text{H1C}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.97 (2)	1.82 (2)	2.786 (2)	171 (3)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$; (ii) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: *SAINT-NT* (Bruker, 2005); data reduction: *SAINT-NT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *X-SEED* (Barbour, 2001; Atwood & Barbour, 2003); software used to prepare material for publication: *X-SEED*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: ZS2106).

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supporting information

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Adamantane-1-ammonium acetate

Elise J. C. de Vries, Caryn Gamble and Monika Nowakowska

S1. Comment

It is well established that 1-aminoadamantane hydrochloride (amantadine hydrochloride: trade name Symmetrel) is effective in the prevention and treatment of the influenza (A) virus (Hoffmann, 1973; Dolin *et al.*, 1982; Bright *et al.*, 2005). However recent studies suggest that the virus is becoming increasingly resistant to this anti-influenza drug (Betakova, 2007). The investigation of new derivatives of this compound is still important. Here we report the crystal structure of adamantane-1-ammonium acetate (I), illustrated in Fig. 1.

The asymmetric unit of (I) contains an adamantane-1-ammonium cation and an acetate anion. In the cation, the exocyclic C—N bond is 1.500 (3) Å. The C—C bonds of the adamantane skeleton range from 1.527 (3) to 1.537 (3) Å, with a mean value of 1.531 Å. The C—C—C bond angles range from 109.05 (18) to 110.10 (18) °, with a mean value of 109.5 °, which is in good agreement with the value for a tetrahedral angle. In the anion, the C(sp³)-O distances of 1.266 (3) and 1.240 (3) Å are in the range of values given in the literature (Orpen *et al.*, 1989).

The crystal structure is stabilized by a network of intermolecular charge assisted carbonyl-to-amine hydrogen bonds. All ammonium hydrogen atoms are involved in hydrogen bonding with the oxygen atoms of the acetate anion (Table 1). The hydrogen-bonding scheme can be described as a nine membered ring motif with graph-set notation R³₄(10) (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995). This results in the formation of a one-dimensional chain structure parallel to the *b* axis of the unit cell (Fig. 2).

S2. Experimental

Adamantadine hydrochloride (10 mg) was dissolved in three drops of glacial acetic acid and deionized water. The solution was allowed to undergo slow evaporation. Single crystals of (I) suitable for X-ray diffraction analysis precipitated after a few days.

S3. Refinement

The ammonium H atoms were placed according to the observed electron density and allowed to refine freely. A distance constraint was placed on one of the N—H bonds [N1—H1C, 0.95 (2) Å]. The remaining H atoms were positioned geometrically and allowed to ride on their respective parent atoms, with C—H bond lengths of 0.99 (aromatic CH) 1.00 (methine CH), 0.99 (methylene CH₂) and 0.98 Å (methyl CH₃), and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2$ or 1.5 times $U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$.

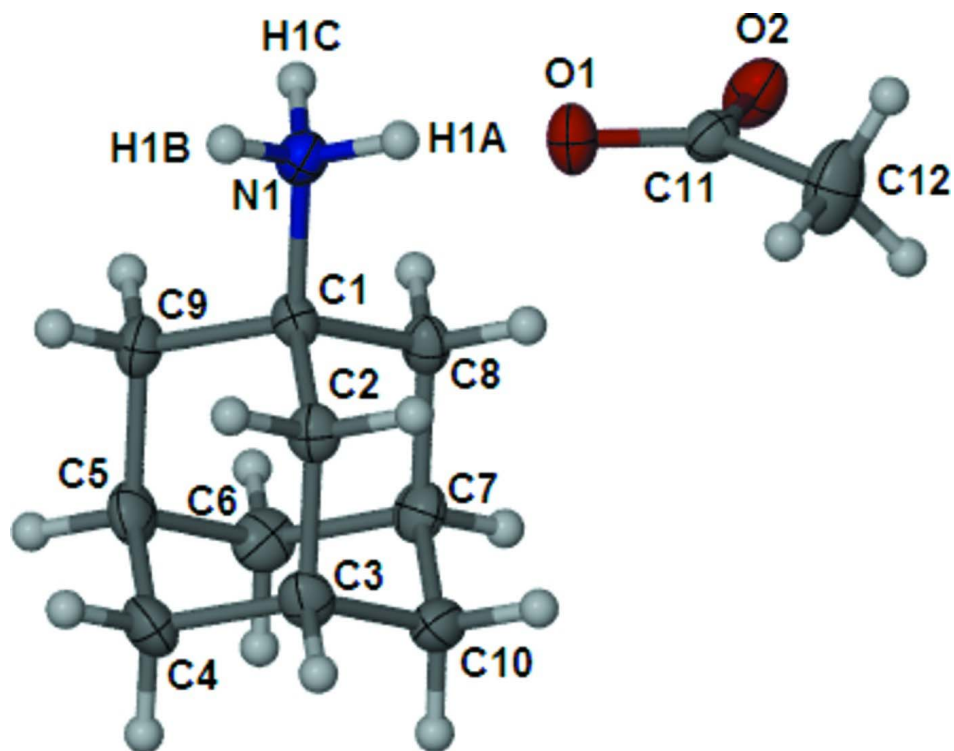


Figure 1

The atom numbering scheme of compound (I). Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at 50% probability level.

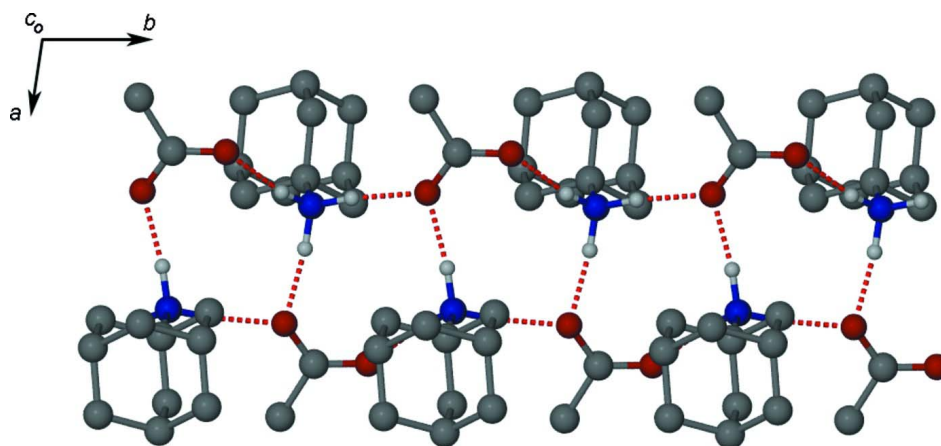


Figure 2

A perspective diagram viewed down the c axis of the molecular packing arrangement in (I), displaying the N–H \cdots O hydrogen-bonding contacts as red dashed lines. Hydrogen atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding are omitted.

Adamantane-1-ammonium acetate

Crystal data

$C_{10}H_{18}N^+ \cdot C_2H_3O_2^-$
 $M_r = 211.30$
 Monoclinic, $C2/c$
 Hall symbol: $-C 2yc$

$a = 25.7625 (12) \text{ \AA}$
 $b = 6.4852 (3) \text{ \AA}$
 $c = 17.3970 (9) \text{ \AA}$
 $\beta = 127.377 (2)^\circ$

$V = 2309.8 (2) \text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 8$
 $F(000) = 928$
 $D_x = 1.215 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
 Cell parameters from 1706 reflections

$\theta = 3.0\text{--}25.1^\circ$
 $\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 296 \text{ K}$
 Needle, colourless
 $0.40 \times 0.07 \times 0.05 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD
 diffractometer
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
 Graphite monochromator
 φ and ω scans
 15067 measured reflections
 2261 independent reflections

1471 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.077$
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 26.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.0^\circ$
 $h = -31 \rightarrow 31$
 $k = -8 \rightarrow 8$
 $l = -21 \rightarrow 20$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.052$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.134$
 $S = 1.01$
 2261 reflections
 149 parameters
 0 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
 and constrained refinement
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0546P)^2 + 1.9569P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.23 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.21 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.32323 (7)	0.4743 (2)	0.78287 (11)	0.0299 (4)
N1	0.19171 (10)	0.5670 (3)	0.68283 (14)	0.0240 (5)
C1	0.16138 (10)	0.5443 (3)	0.57747 (15)	0.0218 (5)
O2	0.36698 (8)	0.7678 (2)	0.78092 (12)	0.0347 (4)
C2	0.17908 (11)	0.3319 (3)	0.56130 (15)	0.0252 (5)
H2B	0.2271	0.3184	0.6007	0.030*
H2A	0.1628	0.2229	0.5815	0.030*
C3	0.14826 (10)	0.3069 (3)	0.45404 (15)	0.0264 (5)
H3A	0.1595	0.1679	0.4430	0.032*
C4	0.07403 (11)	0.3266 (4)	0.39419 (17)	0.0327 (6)
H4A	0.0570	0.2184	0.4137	0.039*

H4B	0.0537	0.3075	0.3248	0.039*
C5	0.05648 (11)	0.5400 (4)	0.41012 (17)	0.0299 (6)
H5A	0.0079	0.5534	0.3705	0.036*
C6	0.08313 (11)	0.7061 (4)	0.38012 (17)	0.0315 (6)
H6A	0.0715	0.8443	0.3896	0.038*
H6B	0.0633	0.6903	0.3107	0.038*
C7	0.15743 (11)	0.6867 (3)	0.44084 (16)	0.0270 (5)
H7A	0.1746	0.7962	0.4213	0.032*
C8	0.18804 (10)	0.7119 (3)	0.54849 (15)	0.0243 (5)
H8A	0.2362	0.7003	0.5881	0.029*
H8B	0.1773	0.8496	0.5598	0.029*
C9	0.08731 (10)	0.5654 (4)	0.51785 (16)	0.0267 (5)
H9A	0.0761	0.7024	0.5291	0.032*
H9B	0.0701	0.4585	0.5376	0.032*
C10	0.17474 (11)	0.4742 (3)	0.42404 (17)	0.0287 (6)
H10A	0.2227	0.4608	0.4626	0.034*
H10B	0.1554	0.4578	0.3549	0.034*
C11	0.36787 (11)	0.5780 (3)	0.79083 (16)	0.0251 (5)
C12	0.42684 (13)	0.4608 (4)	0.8153 (2)	0.0465 (7)
H12A	0.4638	0.4855	0.8832	0.070*
H12B	0.4381	0.5079	0.7736	0.070*
H12C	0.4169	0.3130	0.8052	0.070*
H1A	0.2392 (15)	0.544 (4)	0.723 (2)	0.055 (8)*
H1B	0.1765 (12)	0.461 (4)	0.7010 (17)	0.037 (7)*
H1C	0.1835 (11)	0.704 (3)	0.6961 (17)	0.043 (7)*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.0225 (9)	0.0286 (9)	0.0383 (10)	0.0000 (7)	0.0183 (8)	0.0033 (7)
N1	0.0244 (11)	0.0242 (11)	0.0265 (10)	0.0001 (9)	0.0170 (10)	0.0004 (9)
C1	0.0183 (11)	0.0227 (11)	0.0218 (11)	-0.0014 (9)	0.0109 (10)	0.0002 (9)
O2	0.0440 (11)	0.0258 (9)	0.0491 (11)	0.0017 (8)	0.0360 (9)	0.0018 (8)
C2	0.0240 (12)	0.0228 (11)	0.0282 (12)	0.0003 (10)	0.0155 (11)	0.0017 (10)
C3	0.0261 (13)	0.0210 (12)	0.0313 (13)	0.0004 (10)	0.0170 (11)	-0.0029 (10)
C4	0.0267 (13)	0.0352 (13)	0.0307 (13)	-0.0096 (11)	0.0145 (11)	-0.0073 (11)
C5	0.0171 (12)	0.0380 (14)	0.0286 (12)	-0.0004 (10)	0.0108 (10)	0.0007 (11)
C6	0.0287 (14)	0.0342 (14)	0.0277 (12)	0.0070 (11)	0.0151 (11)	0.0067 (11)
C7	0.0289 (13)	0.0265 (12)	0.0307 (13)	-0.0009 (10)	0.0208 (11)	0.0036 (10)
C8	0.0228 (12)	0.0206 (11)	0.0312 (12)	-0.0017 (9)	0.0173 (11)	-0.0015 (9)
C9	0.0218 (12)	0.0295 (13)	0.0326 (13)	0.0001 (10)	0.0185 (11)	0.0009 (10)
C10	0.0260 (13)	0.0354 (14)	0.0269 (12)	-0.0003 (10)	0.0171 (11)	-0.0038 (10)
C11	0.0258 (13)	0.0276 (12)	0.0255 (12)	0.0022 (10)	0.0174 (11)	0.0001 (10)
C12	0.0401 (16)	0.0417 (16)	0.072 (2)	0.0117 (13)	0.0416 (16)	0.0143 (14)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

O1—C11	1.265 (3)	C5—C9	1.537 (3)
N1—C1	1.501 (3)	C5—H5A	1.0000
N1—H1A	0.98 (3)	C6—C7	1.530 (3)
N1—H1B	0.94 (3)	C6—H6A	0.9900
N1—H1C	0.976 (17)	C6—H6B	0.9900
C1—C8	1.526 (3)	C7—C10	1.530 (3)
C1—C9	1.527 (3)	C7—C8	1.537 (3)
C1—C2	1.530 (3)	C7—H7A	1.0000
O2—C11	1.241 (3)	C8—H8A	0.9900
C2—C3	1.530 (3)	C8—H8B	0.9900
C2—H2B	0.9900	C9—H9A	0.9900
C2—H2A	0.9900	C9—H9B	0.9900
C3—C4	1.530 (3)	C10—H10A	0.9900
C3—C10	1.532 (3)	C10—H10B	0.9900
C3—H3A	1.0000	C11—C12	1.510 (3)
C4—C5	1.533 (3)	C12—H12A	0.9800
C4—H4A	0.9900	C12—H12B	0.9800
C4—H4B	0.9900	C12—H12C	0.9800
C5—C6	1.529 (3)		
C1—N1—H1A	110.6 (16)	C7—C6—H6A	109.7
C1—N1—H1B	109.1 (15)	C5—C6—H6B	109.7
H1A—N1—H1B	104 (2)	C7—C6—H6B	109.7
C1—N1—H1C	110.6 (14)	H6A—C6—H6B	108.2
H1A—N1—H1C	109 (2)	C6—C7—C10	109.25 (18)
H1B—N1—H1C	113 (2)	C6—C7—C8	109.50 (18)
N1—C1—C8	109.19 (17)	C10—C7—C8	109.58 (18)
N1—C1—C9	109.28 (17)	C6—C7—H7A	109.5
C8—C1—C9	109.84 (17)	C10—C7—H7A	109.5
N1—C1—C2	108.69 (17)	C8—C7—H7A	109.5
C8—C1—C2	109.66 (17)	C1—C8—C7	109.02 (17)
C9—C1—C2	110.15 (17)	C1—C8—H8A	109.9
C3—C2—C1	109.15 (17)	C7—C8—H8A	109.9
C3—C2—H2B	109.9	C1—C8—H8B	109.9
C1—C2—H2B	109.9	C7—C8—H8B	109.9
C3—C2—H2A	109.9	H8A—C8—H8B	108.3
C1—C2—H2A	109.9	C1—C9—C5	109.05 (18)
H2B—C2—H2A	108.3	C1—C9—H9A	109.9
C2—C3—C4	109.27 (19)	C5—C9—H9A	109.9
C2—C3—C10	109.36 (18)	C1—C9—H9B	109.9
C4—C3—C10	109.87 (19)	C5—C9—H9B	109.9
C2—C3—H3A	109.4	H9A—C9—H9B	108.3
C4—C3—H3A	109.4	C7—C10—C3	109.35 (18)
C10—C3—H3A	109.4	C7—C10—H10A	109.8
C3—C4—C5	109.68 (18)	C3—C10—H10A	109.8
C3—C4—H4A	109.7	C7—C10—H10B	109.8

C5—C4—H4A	109.7	C3—C10—H10B	109.8
C3—C4—H4B	109.7	H10A—C10—H10B	108.3
C5—C4—H4B	109.7	O2—C11—O1	125.0 (2)
H4A—C4—H4B	108.2	O2—C11—C12	118.0 (2)
C6—C5—C4	109.34 (19)	O1—C11—C12	117.1 (2)
C6—C5—C9	109.52 (18)	C11—C12—H12A	109.5
C4—C5—C9	109.03 (18)	C11—C12—H12B	109.5
C6—C5—H5A	109.6	H12A—C12—H12B	109.5
C4—C5—H5A	109.6	C11—C12—H12C	109.5
C9—C5—H5A	109.6	H12A—C12—H12C	109.5
C5—C6—C7	109.83 (18)	H12B—C12—H12C	109.5
C5—C6—H6A	109.7		
<hr/>			
N1—C1—C2—C3	179.86 (18)	C9—C1—C8—C7	-60.8 (2)
C8—C1—C2—C3	-60.8 (2)	C2—C1—C8—C7	60.4 (2)
C9—C1—C2—C3	60.2 (2)	C6—C7—C8—C1	59.8 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-59.9 (2)	C10—C7—C8—C1	-60.0 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C10	60.4 (2)	N1—C1—C9—C5	-179.49 (17)
C2—C3—C4—C5	60.6 (2)	C8—C1—C9—C5	60.7 (2)
C10—C3—C4—C5	-59.4 (2)	C2—C1—C9—C5	-60.1 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C6	59.2 (2)	C6—C5—C9—C1	-59.7 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C9	-60.5 (2)	C4—C5—C9—C1	59.9 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-59.9 (2)	C6—C7—C10—C3	-60.0 (2)
C9—C5—C6—C7	59.5 (2)	C8—C7—C10—C3	59.9 (2)
C5—C6—C7—C10	60.5 (2)	C2—C3—C10—C7	-60.2 (2)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-59.5 (2)	C4—C3—C10—C7	59.8 (2)
N1—C1—C8—C7	179.39 (17)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N1—H1A \cdots O1	0.99 (4)	1.80 (4)	2.777 (3)	171 (3)
N1—H1B \cdots O2 ⁱ	0.94 (3)	1.83 (3)	2.758 (3)	170 (3)
N1—H1C \cdots O1 ⁱⁱ	0.97 (2)	1.82 (2)	2.786 (2)	171 (3)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1/2, y-1/2, -z+3/2$; (ii) $-x+1/2, y+1/2, -z+3/2$.