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N,N'-Bis(4-chlorophenylsulfonyl)-suberamide

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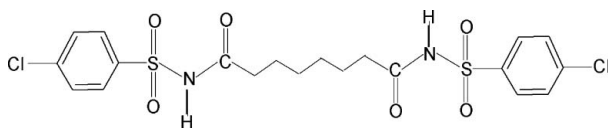
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.006$ Å; R factor = 0.063; wR factor = 0.115; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.1.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound, $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{22}\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_2\text{O}_6\text{S}_2$, contains one half-molecule with a center of symmetry at the mid-point of the central C—C bond. The conformations of all the N—H, C=O and C—H bonds in the central amide and aliphatic segments are *anti* to their adjacent bonds. The molecule is bent at the S atom with a C—SO₂—NH—C(O) torsion angle of -80.6 (4)°. The dihedral angle between the benzene ring and the SO₂—NH—C(O)—CH₂—CH₂—CH₂ segment is 79.5 (2)°. In the crystal, intermolecular N—H···O(C) and N—H···O(S) hydrogen bonds link the molecules into chains along the b axis.

Related literature

For our studies on the effects of substituents on the structures of *N*-(aryl)-amides, see: Gowda *et al.* (2000, 2007), on *N*-(arylsulfonyl)-amides, see: Rodrigues *et al.* (2011*a,b*) and on *N*-(aryl)-arylsulfonamides, see: Gowda *et al.* (2005).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{22}\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_2\text{O}_6\text{S}_2$
 $M_r = 521.42$

 Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 21.925$ (4) Å

 $b = 5.5855$ (8) Å
 $c = 9.381$ (1) Å
 $\beta = 93.91$ (1)°
 $V = 1146.1$ (3) Å³
 $Z = 2$

 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.51$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 293$ K
 $0.48 \times 0.14 \times 0.06$ mm

Data collection

 Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur diffractometer with Sapphire CCD detector
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis RED*; Oxford)

 Diffraction, 2009
 $T_{\min} = 0.793$, $T_{\max} = 0.970$
3854 measured reflections
2081 independent reflections
1522 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.029$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.063$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.115$
 $S = 1.18$
2081 reflections
148 parameters
1 restraint

 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.29$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.32$ e Å⁻³
Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1N}\cdots\text{O2}^i$	0.85 (2)	2.19 (3)	2.975 (4)	153 (4)
$\text{N1}-\text{H1N}\cdots\text{O3}^i$	0.85 (2)	2.57 (3)	3.227 (4)	135 (3)

 Symmetry code: (i) $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis CCD* (Oxford Diffraction, 2009); cell refinement: *CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2009); data reduction: *CrysAlis RED*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SJ6195).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o2101 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811028662]

***N,N'*-Bis(4-chlorophenylsulfonyl)suberamide**

Vinola Z. Rodrigues, Sabine Foro and B. Thimme Gowda

S1. Comment

The amide moiety is an important constituent of many biologically significant compounds. As part of our studies on the effects of ring and side chain substitutions on the structures of *N*-(aryl)-amides (Gowda *et al.*, 2000, 2007), *N*-(aryl-sulfonyl)-amides (Rodrigues *et al.*, 2011*a,b*) and *N*-(aryl)-arylsulfonamides (Gowda *et al.*, 2005), the crystal structure of *N,N*-bis(4-chlorophenylsulfonyl)-suberamide has been determined (I) (Fig. 1).

In the two C—SO₂—NH—CO—CH₂—CH₂—CH₂— central amide and aliphatic segments of the structure, all the N—H, C=O and C—H bonds in the amide and aliphatic segments are *anti* to the adjacent bonds, similar to that observed in *N,N*-bis(2-chlorophenylsulfonyl)-suberamide (II) (Rodrigues *et al.*, 2011*b*) and *N,N*-bis(2-chlorophenylsulfonyl)-adipamide (III) (Rodrigues *et al.*, 2011*a*). The orientations of sulfonamide groups with respect to the attached phenyl rings are given by the torsion angles of C2—C1—S1—N1 = -113.9 (4)° and C6—C1—S1—N1 = 67.2 (3)°. The molecule is bent at the S atom with the C1—S1—N1—C7 torsion angle of -80.6 (4)°, compared to the values of 68.2 (2)° in (II) and -65.1 (6)° in (III). In (I), the aliphatic chain is linear with the C7—C8—C9—C10 torsion angle of -179.4 (4)°.

The dihedral angle between the benzene ring and the SO₂—NH—C(O)—CH₂—CH₂—CH₂ segment in the two halves of the molecule is 79.5 (2)°, compared to the values of 77.5 (1)° in (II) and 89.6 (2)° in (III).

The structure shows simultaneous of N—H···O(C) and N—H···O(S) intermolecular hydrogen bonds (Table 1), which link the molecules into infinite chains along the *b*-axis.

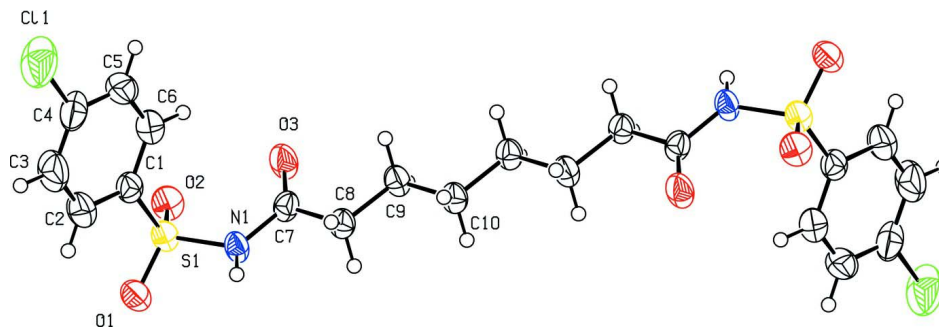
S2. Experimental

N,N-Bis(4-chlorophenylsulfonyl)-suberamide was prepared by refluxing a mixture of suberic acid (octanedioic acid) (0.01 mol) with 4-chlorobenzenesulfonamide (0.02 mol) and POCl₃ for 1 hr on a water bath. The reaction mixture was allowed to cool and ether added to it. The solid product was filtered and washed thoroughly with ether and hot ethanol. The compound was recrystallized to the constant melting point and characterized by its infrared and NMR spectra.

Needle like colorless single crystals used in the X-ray diffraction studies were grown by a slow evaporation of a solution of the compound in ethanol at room temperature.

S3. Refinement

The H atom of the NH group was located in a difference map and later restrained to N—H = 0.86 (2) Å. The other H atoms were positioned with idealized geometry using a riding model with the aromatic C—H = 0.93 Å and the methylene C—H = 0.97 Å. All H atoms were refined with isotropic displacement parameters (set to 1.2 times of the U_{eq} of the parent atom).

**Figure 1**

Molecular structure of (I) showing the atom labelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level and H atoms are represented as small spheres of arbitrary radii.

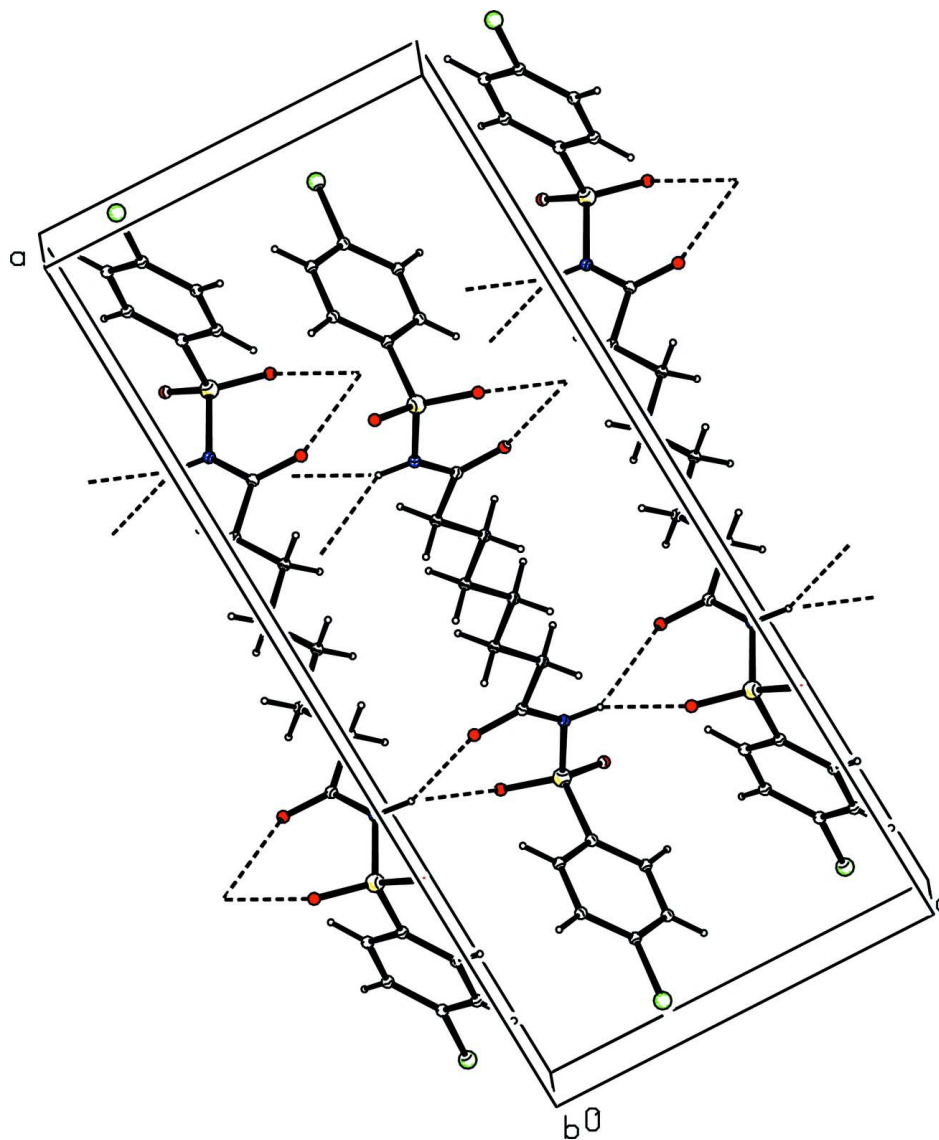


Figure 2

Molecular packing of the title compound with hydrogen bonding shown as dashed lines.

N,N'-Bis(4-chlorophenylsulfonyl)suberamide

Crystal data

$C_{20}H_{22}Cl_2N_2O_6S_2$

$M_r = 521.42$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 21.925$ (4) Å

$b = 5.5855$ (8) Å

$c = 9.381$ (1) Å

$\beta = 93.91$ (1)°

$V = 1146.1$ (3) Å³

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 540$

$D_x = 1.511$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 1226 reflections

$\theta = 2.8$ – 27.9 °

$\mu = 0.51$ mm⁻¹

$T = 293$ K

Needle, colourless

$0.48 \times 0.14 \times 0.06$ mm

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur
diffractometer with Sapphire CCD detector

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

Rotation method data acquisition using ω scans.

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*CrysAlis RED*; Oxford Diffraction, 2009)

$T_{\min} = 0.793$, $T_{\max} = 0.970$

3854 measured reflections

2081 independent reflections

1522 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.029$

$\theta_{\max} = 25.3$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 2.8$ °

$h = -24 \rightarrow 26$

$k = -6 \rightarrow 5$

$l = -11 \rightarrow 9$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.063$

$wR(F^2) = 0.115$

$S = 1.18$

2081 reflections

148 parameters

1 restraint

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant

direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
and constrained refinement

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.P)^2 + 2.6128P]$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.009$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.29$ e Å⁻³

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.32$ e Å⁻³

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl1	0.04045 (6)	0.7957 (3)	0.3395 (2)	0.1014 (6)

S1	0.26694 (5)	0.1182 (2)	0.39060 (10)	0.0397 (3)
O1	0.25535 (13)	-0.0692 (5)	0.4882 (3)	0.0482 (8)
O2	0.28271 (13)	0.0610 (5)	0.2497 (3)	0.0486 (8)
O3	0.35809 (14)	0.4648 (6)	0.2761 (3)	0.0608 (10)
N1	0.32305 (15)	0.2771 (6)	0.4690 (3)	0.0397 (8)
H1N	0.3190 (18)	0.284 (7)	0.559 (2)	0.048*
C1	0.20287 (18)	0.3113 (8)	0.3787 (4)	0.0405 (10)
C2	0.1531 (2)	0.2614 (9)	0.4551 (5)	0.0573 (13)
H2	0.1534	0.1285	0.5148	0.069*
C3	0.1026 (2)	0.4101 (10)	0.4425 (6)	0.0694 (15)
H3	0.0686	0.3776	0.4932	0.083*
C4	0.1034 (2)	0.6059 (9)	0.3547 (6)	0.0596 (13)
C5	0.1531 (2)	0.6559 (9)	0.2780 (5)	0.0551 (12)
H5	0.1527	0.7886	0.2181	0.066*
C6	0.2034 (2)	0.5079 (8)	0.2906 (4)	0.0470 (11)
H6	0.2374	0.5407	0.2399	0.056*
C7	0.35867 (17)	0.4445 (8)	0.4041 (4)	0.0378 (10)
C8	0.39757 (17)	0.5930 (8)	0.5078 (4)	0.0389 (10)
H8A	0.4223	0.4876	0.5703	0.047*
H8B	0.3713	0.6846	0.5665	0.047*
C9	0.43924 (18)	0.7634 (8)	0.4345 (4)	0.0409 (10)
H9A	0.4651	0.6715	0.3749	0.049*
H9B	0.4144	0.8693	0.3726	0.049*
C10	0.47944 (17)	0.9135 (8)	0.5373 (4)	0.0394 (10)
H10A	0.5048	0.8079	0.5984	0.047*
H10B	0.4537	1.0041	0.5978	0.047*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cl1	0.0516 (8)	0.0761 (11)	0.1751 (18)	0.0094 (8)	-0.0036 (9)	-0.0021 (11)
S1	0.0432 (6)	0.0422 (6)	0.0343 (5)	-0.0088 (5)	0.0065 (4)	-0.0047 (5)
O1	0.0551 (18)	0.0452 (19)	0.0447 (16)	-0.0108 (15)	0.0069 (14)	0.0030 (14)
O2	0.0577 (19)	0.054 (2)	0.0353 (15)	-0.0070 (15)	0.0085 (13)	-0.0108 (14)
O3	0.063 (2)	0.086 (3)	0.0328 (16)	-0.0361 (19)	0.0026 (14)	0.0065 (16)
N1	0.0386 (18)	0.052 (2)	0.0298 (16)	-0.0161 (17)	0.0076 (15)	-0.0034 (17)
C1	0.042 (2)	0.043 (3)	0.036 (2)	-0.010 (2)	0.0002 (18)	-0.005 (2)
C2	0.044 (3)	0.064 (3)	0.065 (3)	-0.009 (3)	0.013 (2)	0.011 (3)
C3	0.041 (3)	0.078 (4)	0.091 (4)	-0.008 (3)	0.018 (3)	0.006 (3)
C4	0.040 (3)	0.054 (3)	0.083 (3)	-0.007 (2)	-0.009 (2)	-0.010 (3)
C5	0.063 (3)	0.044 (3)	0.057 (3)	-0.010 (2)	-0.004 (2)	0.004 (2)
C6	0.044 (3)	0.050 (3)	0.047 (2)	-0.008 (2)	0.007 (2)	-0.006 (2)
C7	0.028 (2)	0.050 (3)	0.036 (2)	-0.0030 (19)	0.0049 (17)	-0.0005 (19)
C8	0.035 (2)	0.049 (3)	0.034 (2)	-0.005 (2)	0.0056 (17)	-0.004 (2)
C9	0.040 (2)	0.044 (3)	0.038 (2)	-0.010 (2)	0.0075 (17)	-0.0012 (19)
C10	0.035 (2)	0.047 (3)	0.036 (2)	-0.005 (2)	0.0071 (17)	-0.0043 (19)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C11—C4	1.738 (5)	C4—C5	1.375 (6)
S1—O1	1.425 (3)	C5—C6	1.377 (6)
S1—O2	1.425 (3)	C5—H5	0.9300
S1—N1	1.649 (3)	C6—H6	0.9300
S1—C1	1.769 (4)	C7—C8	1.499 (5)
O3—C7	1.205 (4)	C8—C9	1.516 (5)
N1—C7	1.386 (5)	C8—H8A	0.9700
N1—H1N	0.852 (18)	C8—H8B	0.9700
C1—C2	1.374 (5)	C9—C10	1.515 (5)
C1—C6	1.375 (6)	C9—H9A	0.9700
C2—C3	1.382 (7)	C9—H9B	0.9700
C2—H2	0.9300	C10—C10 ⁱ	1.525 (7)
C3—C4	1.370 (7)	C10—H10A	0.9700
C3—H3	0.9300	C10—H10B	0.9700
O1—S1—O2	119.75 (18)	C5—C6—C1	119.4 (4)
O1—S1—N1	105.61 (17)	C5—C6—H6	120.3
O2—S1—N1	108.29 (17)	C1—C6—H6	120.3
O1—S1—C1	108.25 (18)	O3—C7—N1	122.2 (4)
O2—S1—C1	108.65 (18)	O3—C7—C8	124.1 (4)
N1—S1—C1	105.37 (19)	N1—C7—C8	113.6 (3)
C7—N1—S1	126.4 (3)	C7—C8—C9	112.8 (3)
C7—N1—H1N	120 (3)	C7—C8—H8A	109.0
S1—N1—H1N	110 (3)	C9—C8—H8A	109.0
C2—C1—C6	121.0 (4)	C7—C8—H8B	109.0
C2—C1—S1	119.9 (4)	C9—C8—H8B	109.0
C6—C1—S1	119.1 (3)	H8A—C8—H8B	107.8
C1—C2—C3	119.6 (5)	C10—C9—C8	113.6 (3)
C1—C2—H2	120.2	C10—C9—H9A	108.8
C3—C2—H2	120.2	C8—C9—H9A	108.8
C4—C3—C2	119.3 (4)	C10—C9—H9B	108.8
C4—C3—H3	120.4	C8—C9—H9B	108.8
C2—C3—H3	120.4	H9A—C9—H9B	107.7
C3—C4—C5	121.2 (5)	C9—C10—C10 ⁱ	113.2 (4)
C3—C4—C11	119.7 (4)	C9—C10—H10A	108.9
C5—C4—C11	119.1 (4)	C10 ⁱ —C10—H10A	108.9
C6—C5—C4	119.5 (4)	C9—C10—H10B	108.9
C6—C5—H5	120.3	C10 ⁱ —C10—H10B	108.9
C4—C5—H5	120.3	H10A—C10—H10B	107.7
O1—S1—N1—C7	165.0 (3)	C2—C3—C4—C11	-179.4 (4)
O2—S1—N1—C7	35.6 (4)	C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.7 (7)
C1—S1—N1—C7	-80.6 (4)	C11—C4—C5—C6	179.3 (3)
O1—S1—C1—C2	-1.3 (4)	C4—C5—C6—C1	0.6 (7)
O2—S1—C1—C2	130.2 (3)	C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.5 (6)
N1—S1—C1—C2	-113.9 (4)	S1—C1—C6—C5	178.4 (3)

O1—S1—C1—C6	179.8 (3)	S1—N1—C7—O3	-11.8 (6)
O2—S1—C1—C6	-48.7 (4)	S1—N1—C7—C8	168.7 (3)
N1—S1—C1—C6	67.1 (3)	O3—C7—C8—C9	-3.3 (6)
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.5 (7)	N1—C7—C8—C9	176.2 (3)
S1—C1—C2—C3	-178.5 (4)	C7—C8—C9—C10	-179.4 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.5 (8)	C8—C9—C10—C10 ⁱ	-179.2 (4)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.6 (8)		

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1, -y+2, -z+1$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
N1—H1N \cdots O2 ⁱⁱ	0.85 (2)	2.19 (3)	2.975 (4)	153 (4)
N1—H1N \cdots O3 ⁱⁱ	0.85 (2)	2.57 (3)	3.227 (4)	135 (3)

Symmetry code: (ii) $x, -y+1/2, z+1/2$.