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catena-Poly[[[tetraaquanickel(II)]- μ -4,4'-bipyridyl- κ^2 N:N'] 3,3'-(*p*-phenylene)-diacrylate]

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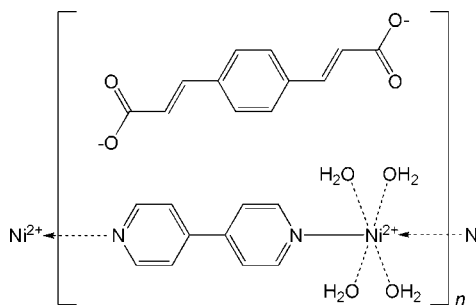
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 223$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.026; wR factor = 0.067; data-to-parameter ratio = 11.3.

In the title compound, $\{[\text{Ni}(\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_8\text{N}_2)(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4](\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_8\text{O}_4)\}_n$, the Ni^{II} , 4,4'-bipyridyl (bipy) and 3,3'-(*p*-phenylene)diacrylate (L^{2-}) moieties are situated on inversion centres. The bipy ligands bridge Ni^{II} ions into positively charged polymeric chains along [101]. The Ni^{II} atom is coordinated by two N atoms from two bipy ligands and four water molecules in a distorted octahedral geometry. L^{2-} anions interact with the polymeric chains via $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, forming a three-dimensional supramolecular network.

Related literature

For a metal-organic complex with bipy and L^{2-} ligands, see: Huang *et al.* (2008). For related Ni complexes, see: Batten & Harris (2001); Dong (2009); Li *et al.* (2010).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $[\text{Ni}(\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_8\text{N}_2)(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4](\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_8\text{O}_4)$
 $M_r = 503.12$

 Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 $a = 7.0867$ (14) Å

 $b = 7.3614$ (15) Å
 $c = 10.418$ (2) Å
 $\alpha = 95.51$ (3)°
 $\beta = 102.51$ (3)°
 $\gamma = 97.27$ (3)°
 $V = 522.0$ (2) Å³
 $Z = 1$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.98$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 223$ K
 $0.40 \times 0.40 \times 0.25$ mm

Data collection

 Rigaku Mercury CCD area-detector diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (REQAB; Jacobson, 1998)
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.694$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.791$

 4910 measured reflections
 1884 independent reflections
 1807 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.018$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.026$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.067$
 $S = 1.07$
 1884 reflections
 167 parameters

 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.41$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.36$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{O1}-\text{H2W}\cdots\text{O3}$	0.84 (3)	1.90 (3)	2.734 (2)	170 (3)
$\text{O1}-\text{H1W}\cdots\text{O3}^{\text{i}}$	0.79 (3)	1.90 (3)	2.683 (2)	171 (3)
$\text{O2}-\text{H3W}\cdots\text{O4}^{\text{ii}}$	0.85 (3)	1.86 (3)	2.701 (2)	172 (3)
$\text{O2}-\text{H4W}\cdots\text{O4}^{\text{iii}}$	0.82 (3)	1.95 (3)	2.754 (2)	167 (3)

 Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, -y + 2, -z$; (ii) $x + 1, y, z$; (iii) $-x, -y + 1, -z$.

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 2001); cell refinement: *CrystalClear*; data reduction: *CrystalStructure* (Rigaku/MSK, 2004); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CV5150).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, m1397 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536811036993]

catena-Poly[[[tetraaquanickel(II)]- μ -4,4'-bipyridyl- κ^2 N:N'] 3,3'-(*p*-phenylene)diacrylate]**Ni-Ya Li****S1. Comment**

In recent years, supramolecular frameworks have attracted considerable attention because of their intriguing architectures and potential applications (Li *et al.*, 2010). Polycarboxylates and dipyriddy ligands have proved to be good linkers for the construction of supramolecular compounds (Li *et al.*, 2010). In this paper, we report the hydrothermal synthesis and structure of a supramolecular compound assembled by the mixed ligands of 4,4'-bipyridyl (bipy) and 3,3'-(1,4-phenylene)-diacrylate (L^{2-}), respectively.

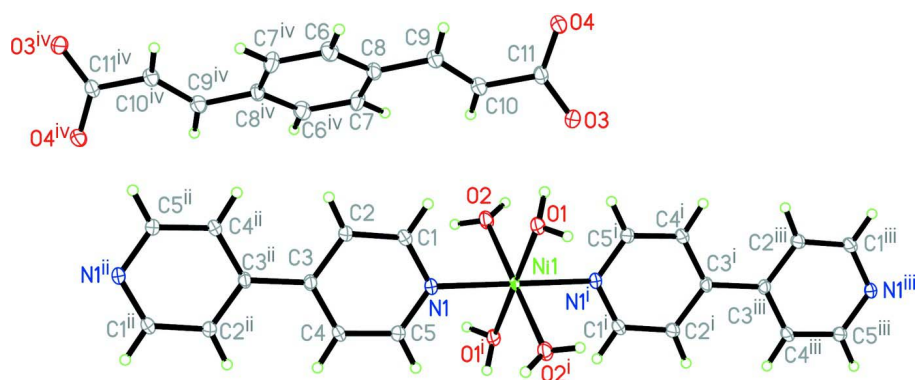
The asymmetric unit of the title compound (I) (Fig. 1) contains half of a $[\text{Ni}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4(\text{bipy})]$ unit, half of a L^{2-} anion ($L^{2-} = 3,3'-(1,4\text{-phenylene})\text{-diacrylate}$) and two water molecules. Each Ni center has a distorted octahedral environment being coordinated by four water molecules at the basal positions and two N atoms from two different bipy ligand at the apical position. The Ni–O and Ni–N bond lengths are comparable with those in reported Ni-complexes (Batten & Harris, 2001; Dong, 2009; Li *et al.*, 2010). The Ni centers are bridged by bipy ligands to form one-dimensional $[\text{Ni}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4(\text{bipy})]_n$ polymeric chain (Fig. 2). The adjacent chains are further interconnected by the L^{2-} ligands *via* intermolecular O—H \cdots O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) to form a three-dimensional supramolecular framework (Fig. 3).

S2. Experimental

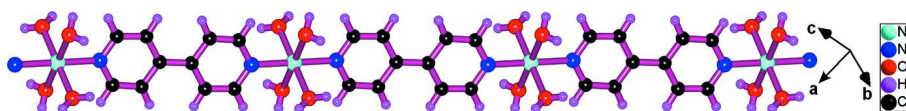
10 mL Pyrex glass tube was loaded by $\text{NiCl}_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (24 mg, 0.1 mmol), 3,3'-(1,4-phenylene)-diacrylic acid (22 mg, 0.1 mmol), 4,4'-bipyridyl (16 mg, 0.1 mmol), and 3 ml of H_2O . The tube was sealed and heated in an oven to 170°C for 3 d, and then cooled to ambient temperature at the rate of 5°C h⁻¹ to form blue crystals.

S3. Refinement

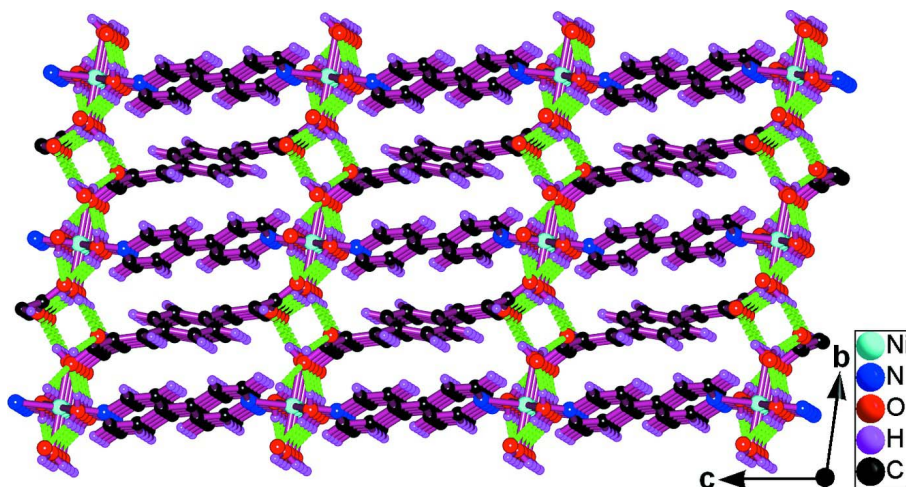
The H atoms of the coordinated water molecules were located on a difference Fourier map and isotropically refined. All the rest H atoms were placed in geometrically idealized positions (C–H = 0.94 Å) and constrained to ride on their parent atoms with, $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$.


Figure 1

A portion of the crystal structure of (I) showing the atomic numbering and 30% probability displacement ellipsoids [symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, -y + 2, -z$; (ii) $-x + 2, -y + 2, -z + 1$; (iii) $x - 1, y, z - 1$; (iv) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$].


Figure 2

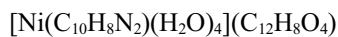
View of the positively charged polymeric chain in (I).


Figure 3

View of the three-dimensional supramolecular network of the title compound. The green dashed lines represent intermolecular hydrogen bonds.

catena-Poly[[[tetraaquanickel(II)]- μ -4,4'-bipyridyl- κ^2 N:N'] 3,3'-(*p*-phenylene)diacrylate]

Crystal data



$M_r = 503.12$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: $-P\ 1$

$a = 7.0867(14)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 7.3614(15)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 10.418(2)\ \text{\AA}$

$\alpha = 95.51(3)^\circ$

$\beta = 102.51(3)^\circ$

$\gamma = 97.27(3)^\circ$

$V = 522.0(2)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 1$

$F(000) = 262$

$D_x = 1.600\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
 Cell parameters from 2063 reflections
 $\theta = 3.2\text{--}25.4^\circ$
 $\mu = 0.98 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 223 \text{ K}$
 Block, blue
 $0.40 \times 0.40 \times 0.25 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Rigaku Mercury CCD area-detector
 diffractometer
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
 Graphite monochromator
 ω scans
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (REQAB; Jacobson, 1998)
 $T_{\min} = 0.694$, $T_{\max} = 0.791$

4910 measured reflections
 1884 independent reflections
 1807 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.018$
 $\theta_{\max} = 25.4^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 3.2^\circ$
 $h = -8 \rightarrow 8$
 $k = -8 \rightarrow 7$
 $l = -12 \rightarrow 12$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.026$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.067$
 $S = 1.07$
 1884 reflections
 167 parameters
 0 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
 and constrained refinement
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0333P)^2 + 0.2568P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.41 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.36 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Ni1	0.5000	1.0000	0.0000	0.01822 (12)
N1	0.6792 (2)	1.0320 (2)	0.19330 (14)	0.0216 (3)
O1	0.2663 (2)	1.0289 (2)	0.08405 (13)	0.0259 (3)
H1W	0.209 (4)	1.105 (4)	0.052 (3)	0.044 (8)*
H2W	0.182 (4)	0.935 (4)	0.075 (3)	0.055 (8)*
O2	0.4632 (2)	0.72250 (19)	0.01349 (16)	0.0302 (3)
H3W	0.565 (5)	0.678 (4)	0.048 (3)	0.062 (9)*
H4W	0.391 (4)	0.643 (4)	-0.042 (3)	0.056 (8)*
O3	-0.03762 (19)	0.74413 (19)	0.03648 (14)	0.0323 (3)
O4	-0.22675 (19)	0.58018 (19)	0.14203 (14)	0.0303 (3)
C1	0.6170 (3)	0.9485 (3)	0.28808 (19)	0.0298 (4)
H1	0.4846	0.8961	0.2712	0.036*

C2	0.7352 (3)	0.9347 (3)	0.40847 (19)	0.0297 (4)
H2	0.6832	0.8755	0.4720	0.036*
C3	0.9324 (3)	1.0085 (2)	0.43649 (17)	0.0206 (4)
C4	0.9949 (3)	1.0998 (3)	0.33922 (18)	0.0262 (4)
H4	1.1259	1.1554	0.3539	0.031*
C5	0.8665 (3)	1.1094 (3)	0.22164 (18)	0.0249 (4)
H5	0.9127	1.1735	0.1581	0.030*
C6	0.3586 (3)	0.5704 (3)	0.5528 (2)	0.0317 (5)
H6	0.2626	0.6181	0.5898	0.038*
C7	0.4735 (3)	0.4638 (3)	0.3653 (2)	0.0325 (5)
H7	0.4564	0.4381	0.2730	0.039*
C8	0.3284 (3)	0.5354 (3)	0.41562 (19)	0.0266 (4)
C9	0.1461 (3)	0.5739 (3)	0.3316 (2)	0.0303 (4)
H9	0.0401	0.5840	0.3713	0.036*
C10	0.1196 (3)	0.5953 (3)	0.2054 (2)	0.0308 (4)
H10	0.2231	0.5798	0.1642	0.037*
C11	-0.0630 (3)	0.6423 (3)	0.12331 (19)	0.0246 (4)

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Ni1	0.01467 (17)	0.02099 (18)	0.01691 (18)	0.00316 (12)	-0.00192 (12)	0.00425 (12)
N1	0.0182 (7)	0.0255 (8)	0.0190 (8)	0.0030 (6)	-0.0006 (6)	0.0042 (6)
O1	0.0187 (7)	0.0328 (8)	0.0264 (7)	0.0062 (7)	0.0024 (6)	0.0080 (6)
O2	0.0252 (8)	0.0213 (7)	0.0382 (8)	0.0035 (6)	-0.0057 (6)	0.0043 (6)
O3	0.0262 (7)	0.0367 (8)	0.0355 (8)	0.0076 (6)	0.0036 (6)	0.0165 (7)
O4	0.0220 (7)	0.0323 (7)	0.0343 (8)	0.0025 (6)	0.0005 (6)	0.0086 (6)
C1	0.0180 (9)	0.0406 (12)	0.0268 (10)	-0.0029 (8)	-0.0017 (8)	0.0102 (9)
C2	0.0216 (9)	0.0417 (12)	0.0227 (10)	-0.0039 (8)	0.0000 (8)	0.0125 (9)
C3	0.0198 (9)	0.0205 (9)	0.0185 (9)	0.0022 (7)	-0.0013 (7)	0.0026 (7)
C4	0.0177 (9)	0.0336 (11)	0.0228 (9)	-0.0028 (8)	-0.0023 (7)	0.0064 (8)
C5	0.0228 (9)	0.0298 (10)	0.0197 (9)	-0.0010 (8)	0.0010 (7)	0.0063 (8)
C6	0.0256 (10)	0.0386 (12)	0.0336 (11)	0.0115 (9)	0.0085 (9)	0.0054 (9)
C7	0.0359 (11)	0.0406 (12)	0.0205 (10)	0.0101 (9)	0.0025 (8)	0.0059 (9)
C8	0.0228 (9)	0.0247 (10)	0.0298 (10)	0.0034 (8)	-0.0009 (8)	0.0074 (8)
C9	0.0242 (10)	0.0321 (11)	0.0340 (11)	0.0048 (8)	0.0033 (8)	0.0078 (9)
C10	0.0228 (10)	0.0344 (11)	0.0342 (11)	0.0049 (8)	0.0022 (8)	0.0087 (9)
C11	0.0225 (9)	0.0214 (9)	0.0261 (10)	0.0034 (7)	-0.0018 (8)	0.0011 (8)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Ni1—O2 ⁱ	2.0486 (14)	C2—H2	0.9400
Ni1—O2	2.0487 (14)	C3—C4	1.387 (3)
Ni1—O1 ⁱ	2.0582 (14)	C3—C3 ⁱⁱ	1.483 (3)
Ni1—O1	2.0582 (14)	C4—C5	1.372 (3)
Ni1—N1 ⁱ	2.1093 (16)	C4—H4	0.9400
Ni1—N1	2.1093 (16)	C5—H5	0.9400
N1—C5	1.334 (2)	C6—C7 ⁱⁱⁱ	1.373 (3)

N1—C1	1.336 (2)	C6—C8	1.391 (3)
O1—H1W	0.79 (3)	C6—H6	0.9400
O1—H2W	0.84 (3)	C7—C6 ⁱⁱⁱ	1.373 (3)
O2—H3W	0.85 (3)	C7—C8	1.389 (3)
O2—H4W	0.82 (3)	C7—H7	0.9400
O3—C11	1.257 (2)	C8—C9	1.472 (3)
O4—C11	1.255 (2)	C9—C10	1.314 (3)
C1—C2	1.370 (3)	C9—H9	0.9400
C1—H1	0.9400	C10—C11	1.489 (3)
C2—C3	1.391 (3)	C10—H10	0.9400
O2 ⁱ —Ni1—O2	180.0	C3—C2—H2	120.1
O2 ⁱ —Ni1—O1 ⁱ	90.45 (7)	C4—C3—C2	116.20 (16)
O2—Ni1—O1 ⁱ	89.55 (7)	C4—C3—C3 ⁱⁱ	122.0 (2)
O2 ⁱ —Ni1—O1	89.55 (7)	C2—C3—C3 ⁱⁱ	121.8 (2)
O2—Ni1—O1	90.45 (7)	C5—C4—C3	120.40 (17)
O1 ⁱ —Ni1—O1	180.0	C5—C4—H4	119.8
O2 ⁱ —Ni1—N1 ⁱ	86.37 (7)	C3—C4—H4	119.8
O2—Ni1—N1 ⁱ	93.63 (7)	N1—C5—C4	123.09 (17)
O1 ⁱ —Ni1—N1 ⁱ	88.07 (6)	N1—C5—H5	118.5
O1—Ni1—N1 ⁱ	91.93 (6)	C4—C5—H5	118.5
O2 ⁱ —Ni1—N1	93.63 (7)	C7 ⁱⁱⁱ —C6—C8	120.99 (19)
O2—Ni1—N1	86.37 (7)	C7 ⁱⁱⁱ —C6—H6	119.5
O1 ⁱ —Ni1—N1	91.93 (6)	C8—C6—H6	119.5
O1—Ni1—N1	88.07 (6)	C6 ⁱⁱⁱ —C7—C8	121.49 (18)
N1 ⁱ —Ni1—N1	180.0	C6 ⁱⁱⁱ —C7—H7	119.3
C5—N1—C1	116.72 (15)	C8—C7—H7	119.3
C5—N1—Ni1	122.36 (12)	C7—C8—C6	117.51 (18)
C1—N1—Ni1	120.09 (12)	C7—C8—C9	123.34 (18)
Ni1—O1—H1W	109.4 (19)	C6—C8—C9	119.14 (18)
Ni1—O1—H2W	116.4 (19)	C10—C9—C8	125.23 (19)
H1W—O1—H2W	105 (3)	C10—C9—H9	117.4
Ni1—O2—H3W	116 (2)	C8—C9—H9	117.4
Ni1—O2—H4W	125 (2)	C9—C10—C11	124.51 (19)
H3W—O2—H4W	109 (3)	C9—C10—H10	117.7
N1—C1—C2	123.70 (17)	C11—C10—H10	117.7
N1—C1—H1	118.1	O4—C11—O3	124.63 (17)
C2—C1—H1	118.1	O4—C11—C10	120.49 (17)
C1—C2—C3	119.80 (17)	O3—C11—C10	114.88 (17)
C1—C2—H2	120.1		

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y+2, -z$; (ii) $-x+2, -y+2, -z+1$; (iii) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry ($\text{\AA}, ^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
O1—H2W \cdots O3	0.84 (3)	1.90 (3)	2.734 (2)	170 (3)
O1—H1W \cdots O3 ^{iv}	0.79 (3)	1.90 (3)	2.683 (2)	171 (3)

O2—H3W···O4 ^v	0.85 (3)	1.86 (3)	2.701 (2)	172 (3)
O2—H4W···O4 ^{vi}	0.82 (3)	1.95 (3)	2.754 (2)	167 (3)

Symmetry codes: (iv) $-x, -y+2, -z$; (v) $x+1, y, z$; (vi) $-x, -y+1, -z$.