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2-Azido-1-(3,6-dichloro-9H-fluoren-1-yl)ethanone

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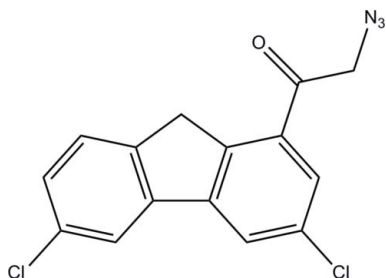
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.033; wR factor = 0.085; data-to-parameter ratio = 21.1.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_9\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_3\text{O}$, an intramolecular $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ interaction generates an $S(7)$ ring motif. The cyclopenta-1,3-diene ring forms dihedral angles of 1.93 (6) and 2.78 (6) $^\circ$ with its attached benzene rings. In the crystal, molecules are linked by $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ and $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, thereby forming layers lying parallel to the ac plane. The crystal also features a $\pi-\pi$ interaction with a centroid-centroid distance of 3.5612 (6) Å.

Related literature

For the mutagenic activity of azides, see: Sander & Muehlbour (1977); Nilan *et al.* (1973); Owais *et al.* (1983). For the preparation of 1,2,3-triazoles *via* 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition reactions of azides with substituted acetylene compounds, see: Purvisis *et al.* (1984); Patei & Smalley (1984). For a related fused-ring structure, see: Molins *et al.* (2002). For related azide structures, see: Basanagouda *et al.* (2010); Karthikeyan *et al.* (2011). For hydrogen-bond motifs, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995). For reference bond lengths, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).



‡ Thomson Reuters ResearcherID: A-3561-2009.

Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_9\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_3\text{O}$
 $M_r = 318.15$
 Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 10.7303$ (1) Å
 $b = 18.7012$ (3) Å
 $c = 6.8952$ (1) Å
 $\beta = 98.61^\circ$
 $V = 1368.06$ (3) Å³
 $Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.48$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 100$ K
 $0.35 \times 0.21 \times 0.14$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2009)
 $T_{\min} = 0.850$, $T_{\max} = 0.936$
 15671 measured reflections
 4003 independent reflections
 3599 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.020$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.033$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.085$
 $S = 1.03$
 4003 reflections
 190 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.37$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.33$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, $^\circ$).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{C5}-\text{H5A}\cdots\text{O1}$	0.95	2.32	3.0134 (14)	129
$\text{C13}-\text{H13A}\cdots\text{N3}^{\text{i}}$	0.99	2.59	3.4613 (16)	147
$\text{C15}-\text{H15A}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.99	2.53	3.1941 (15)	125

Symmetry codes: (i) $x + 1, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: SHELXTL; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL and PLATON (Spek, 2009).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB6387).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o2656–o2657 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536811036762]

2-Azido-1-(3,6-dichloro-9*H*-fluoren-1-yl)ethanone

Hoong-Kun Fun, Tze Shyang Chia, Reshma Kayarmar, Dinesha and G. K. Nagaraja

S1. Comment

Azides are considered very important compounds due to both their industrial as well as biological applications. Azide derivatives have been used in rubber vulcanization, polymer cross linking, dyes tire cord adhesives, forming of plastics, pharmaceuticals, pesticides and herbicides. Many azide compounds show mutagenic activities (Sander & Muehlbour, 1977; Nilan *et al.*, 1973; Owais *et al.*, 1983). The chemistry of azides has thus attracted the attention of many chemists, since many of these compounds play an important role in organic chemistry. One of the more useful synthetic applications of azides is the preparation of 1,2,3-triazoles *via* 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition reactions of azides with substituted acetylene compound (Purvisis *et al.*, 1984; Patei & Smalley, 1984). The crystal structures of 4-Azido-methyl-7-methyl-2-oxo-2*H*-chromene-6-sulfonyl azide (Basanagouda *et al.*, 2010) and 2-Azidomethyl-3-methyl-1-phenylsulfonyl-1*H*-indole (Karthikeyan *et al.*, 2011) have been reported. Attributed to the above fact and with a view to obtain new and better biologically active agent, we synthesized the title compound, (I), in 60% yield.

The molecular structure of the title compound is shown in Fig. 1. The cyclopenta-1,3-diene ring (C1/C6/C7/C12/C13) makes dihedral angles of 1.93 (6) and 2.78 (6)° with its terminal benzene rings (C1–C6 & C7–C12) respectively. Bond lengths (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and angles are within normal ranges and are comparable to a related structure (Molins *et al.*, 2002). The molecular structure is stabilized by intramolecular C5—H5A⋯O1 hydrogen bond (Table 1) which generates an S(7) ring motif (Fig. 1; Bernstein *et al.*, 1995).

In the crystal (Fig. 2), the molecules are connected by C13—H13A⋯N3 and C15—H15A⋯O1 hydrogen bonds (Table 1) forming two-dimensional network parallel to *ac* plane. The crystal is further stabilized by π – π interactions with centroid⋯centroid distance, Cg1⋯Cg2 = 3.5612 (6) Å (symmetry code: $x, 1/2 - y, -1/2 + z$); Cg1 and Cg2 are the centroids of the C1/C6/C7/C12/C13 and C1–C6 rings respectively.

S2. Experimental

2-Chloro-1-(3,6-dichloro-9*H*-fluoren-1-yl)ethanone (2 g, 0.0064 mole) in 5 ml DMF was cooled to 0–5 °C. Sodium azide (0.4 g, 0.0064 mole) was added lot-wise and stirred for 3 h. The precipitated product was filtered off, dried and recrystallized from ethanol (1.2 g, 60%). Yellow blocks of (I) were obtained from acetone by slow evaporation.

S3. Refinement

All H atoms were positioned geometrically [C—H = 0.95 and 0.99 Å] and refined using a riding model with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$.

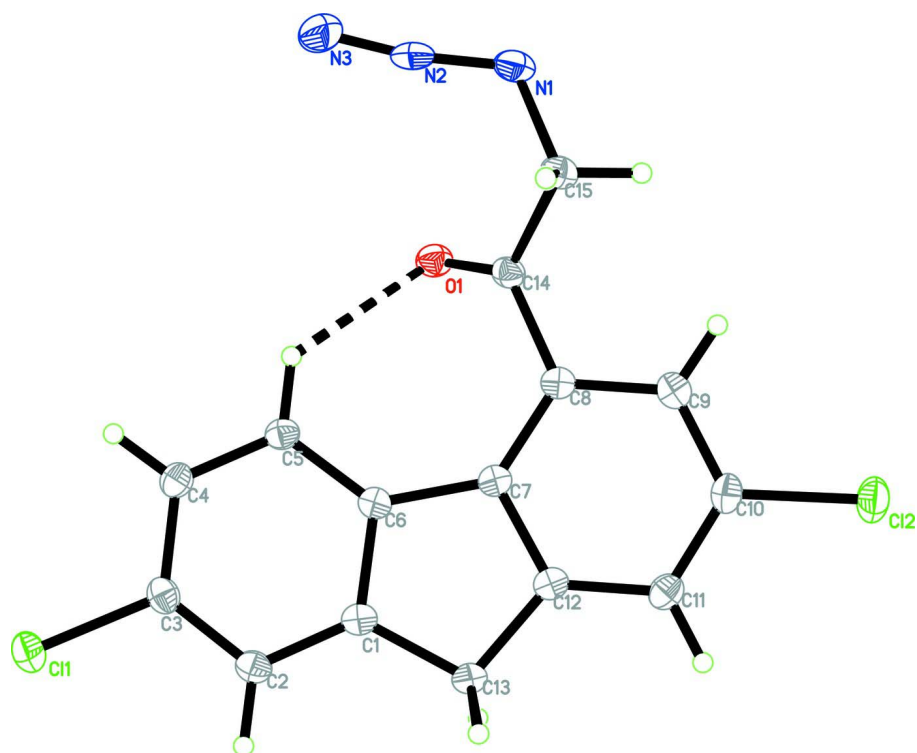


Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound with 50% probability displacement ellipsoids. The intramolecular hydrogen bond is shown by a dashed line.

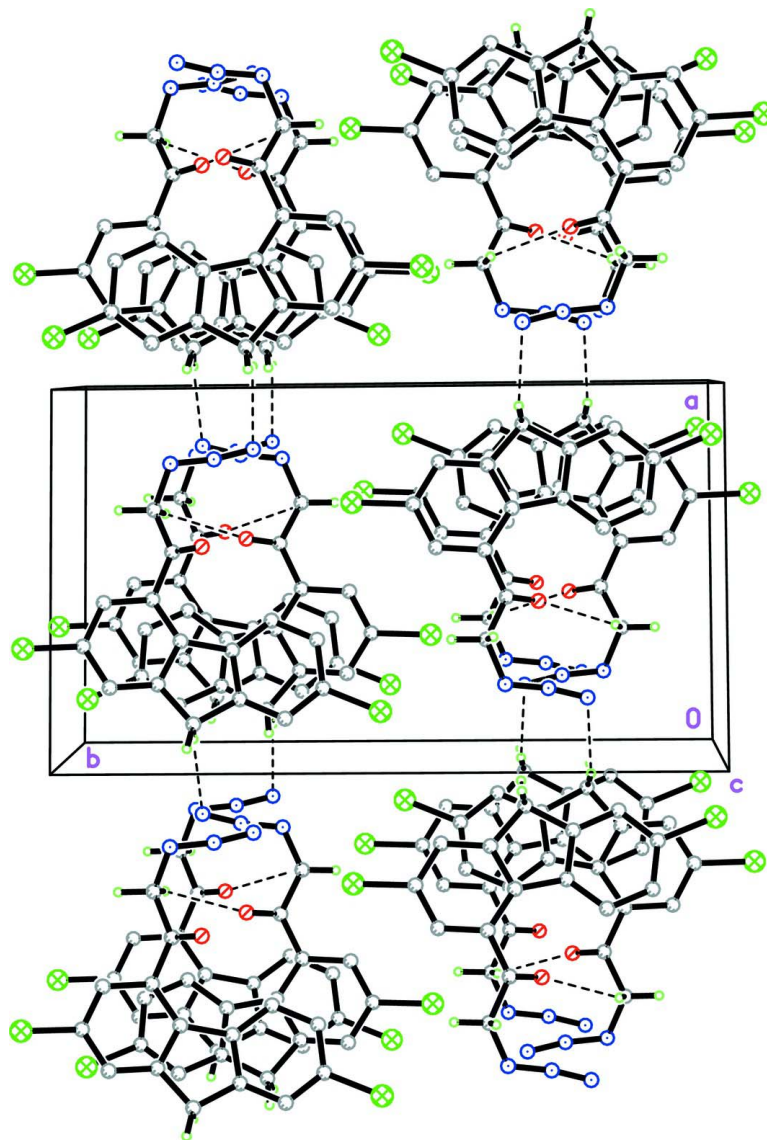


Figure 2

The crystal packing of the title compound. The dashed lines represent the hydrogen bonds.

2-Azido-1-(3,6-dichloro-9H-fluoren-1-yl)ethanone

Crystal data

$C_{15}H_9Cl_2N_3O$

$M_r = 318.15$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: $-P 2_1/c$

$a = 10.7303 (1) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 18.7012 (3) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 6.8952 (1) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 98.61^\circ$

$V = 1368.06 (3) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 648$

$D_x = 1.545 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 7886 reflections

$\theta = 2.2\text{--}30.0^\circ$

$\mu = 0.48 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 100 \text{ K}$

Block, yellow

$0.35 \times 0.21 \times 0.14 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area-detector
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2009)

$T_{\min} = 0.850$, $T_{\max} = 0.936$

15671 measured reflections

4003 independent reflections

3599 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.020$

$\theta_{\max} = 30.1^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 1.9^\circ$

$h = -14 \rightarrow 14$

$k = -26 \rightarrow 24$

$l = -9 \rightarrow 9$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.033$

$wR(F^2) = 0.085$

$S = 1.03$

4003 reflections

190 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0436P)^2 + 0.561P]$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.37 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.33 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Experimental. The crystal was placed in the cold stream of an Oxford Cryosystems Cobra open-flow nitrogen cryostat (Cosier & Glazer, 1986) operating at 100.0 (1) K.

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl1	0.86335 (3)	0.015258 (16)	0.78440 (5)	0.02477 (8)
Cl2	0.69062 (3)	0.556390 (16)	0.75596 (5)	0.02593 (9)
O1	0.41319 (8)	0.27518 (5)	0.49870 (12)	0.02012 (18)
N1	0.19994 (10)	0.32713 (6)	0.62768 (18)	0.0257 (2)
N2	0.18912 (9)	0.26184 (6)	0.63263 (15)	0.0216 (2)
N3	0.16346 (11)	0.20274 (7)	0.6281 (2)	0.0321 (3)
C1	0.82735 (10)	0.22727 (6)	0.76076 (15)	0.0156 (2)
C2	0.88066 (10)	0.15948 (6)	0.78230 (16)	0.0174 (2)
H2A	0.9693	0.1533	0.8121	0.021*
C3	0.79995 (11)	0.10118 (6)	0.75884 (16)	0.0176 (2)
C4	0.66945 (11)	0.10914 (6)	0.71603 (16)	0.0175 (2)
H4A	0.6166	0.0681	0.7016	0.021*
C5	0.61693 (10)	0.17715 (6)	0.69457 (16)	0.0159 (2)
H5A	0.5281	0.1829	0.6654	0.019*

C6	0.69576 (10)	0.23714 (6)	0.71629 (15)	0.0143 (2)
C7	0.67029 (10)	0.31487 (6)	0.70872 (15)	0.0143 (2)
C8	0.55863 (10)	0.35588 (6)	0.67711 (15)	0.0155 (2)
C9	0.56735 (11)	0.43036 (6)	0.69421 (16)	0.0181 (2)
H9A	0.4927	0.4584	0.6765	0.022*
C10	0.68399 (11)	0.46365 (7)	0.73686 (16)	0.0185 (2)
C11	0.79532 (11)	0.42465 (7)	0.76498 (16)	0.0182 (2)
H11A	0.8748	0.4478	0.7923	0.022*
C12	0.78680 (10)	0.35082 (6)	0.75198 (15)	0.0156 (2)
C13	0.89409 (10)	0.29828 (6)	0.78215 (16)	0.0165 (2)
H13A	0.9442	0.3035	0.9141	0.020*
H13B	0.9502	0.3043	0.6817	0.020*
C14	0.43135 (10)	0.32382 (6)	0.61632 (16)	0.0164 (2)
C15	0.32381 (11)	0.35493 (7)	0.71116 (18)	0.0207 (2)
H15A	0.3391	0.3442	0.8533	0.025*
H15B	0.3236	0.4076	0.6958	0.025*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C11	0.02445 (15)	0.01773 (15)	0.03227 (16)	0.00395 (10)	0.00465 (11)	0.00274 (11)
C12	0.03214 (17)	0.01536 (15)	0.02921 (16)	-0.00146 (11)	0.00100 (12)	-0.00078 (11)
O1	0.0170 (4)	0.0224 (4)	0.0204 (4)	-0.0007 (3)	0.0008 (3)	-0.0015 (3)
N1	0.0152 (5)	0.0260 (6)	0.0360 (6)	0.0035 (4)	0.0041 (4)	0.0048 (5)
N2	0.0107 (4)	0.0299 (6)	0.0239 (5)	0.0001 (4)	0.0015 (3)	0.0012 (4)
N3	0.0203 (5)	0.0298 (7)	0.0446 (7)	-0.0036 (5)	-0.0006 (5)	0.0043 (5)
C1	0.0152 (5)	0.0198 (6)	0.0119 (5)	-0.0006 (4)	0.0026 (4)	0.0003 (4)
C2	0.0157 (5)	0.0205 (6)	0.0161 (5)	0.0016 (4)	0.0028 (4)	0.0005 (4)
C3	0.0205 (5)	0.0169 (5)	0.0158 (5)	0.0023 (4)	0.0041 (4)	0.0014 (4)
C4	0.0189 (5)	0.0174 (6)	0.0164 (5)	-0.0016 (4)	0.0035 (4)	0.0001 (4)
C5	0.0148 (5)	0.0185 (5)	0.0145 (5)	-0.0009 (4)	0.0023 (4)	0.0006 (4)
C6	0.0152 (5)	0.0175 (5)	0.0106 (4)	0.0007 (4)	0.0029 (3)	0.0005 (4)
C7	0.0150 (5)	0.0173 (5)	0.0111 (4)	-0.0007 (4)	0.0031 (3)	-0.0001 (4)
C8	0.0155 (5)	0.0187 (5)	0.0125 (4)	0.0003 (4)	0.0026 (3)	0.0001 (4)
C9	0.0202 (5)	0.0187 (6)	0.0154 (5)	0.0017 (4)	0.0027 (4)	0.0006 (4)
C10	0.0244 (6)	0.0150 (5)	0.0159 (5)	-0.0012 (4)	0.0028 (4)	-0.0006 (4)
C11	0.0195 (5)	0.0192 (6)	0.0156 (5)	-0.0030 (4)	0.0019 (4)	-0.0003 (4)
C12	0.0159 (5)	0.0187 (5)	0.0123 (4)	-0.0013 (4)	0.0027 (4)	0.0000 (4)
C13	0.0140 (4)	0.0192 (5)	0.0163 (5)	-0.0010 (4)	0.0021 (4)	-0.0007 (4)
C14	0.0150 (5)	0.0176 (5)	0.0164 (5)	0.0019 (4)	0.0018 (4)	0.0040 (4)
C15	0.0165 (5)	0.0212 (6)	0.0252 (6)	0.0022 (4)	0.0056 (4)	0.0007 (4)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C11—C3	1.7436 (12)	C6—C7	1.4787 (16)
C12—C10	1.7400 (13)	C7—C12	1.4115 (15)
O1—C14	1.2147 (15)	C7—C8	1.4117 (15)
N1—N2	1.2275 (16)	C8—C9	1.3997 (17)

N1—C15	1.4627 (16)	C8—C14	1.4930 (15)
N2—N3	1.1382 (17)	C9—C10	1.3895 (16)
C1—C2	1.3896 (16)	C9—H9A	0.9500
C1—C6	1.4114 (15)	C10—C11	1.3882 (17)
C1—C13	1.5055 (16)	C11—C12	1.3856 (17)
C2—C3	1.3867 (17)	C11—H11A	0.9500
C2—H2A	0.9500	C12—C13	1.5042 (16)
C3—C4	1.3951 (16)	C13—H13A	0.9900
C4—C5	1.3901 (16)	C13—H13B	0.9900
C4—H4A	0.9500	C14—C15	1.5244 (16)
C5—C6	1.3995 (16)	C15—H15A	0.9900
C5—H5A	0.9500	C15—H15B	0.9900
N2—N1—C15	115.27 (10)	C10—C9—H9A	119.7
N3—N2—N1	171.32 (12)	C8—C9—H9A	119.7
C2—C1—C6	121.67 (11)	C11—C10—C9	121.55 (11)
C2—C1—C13	127.74 (10)	C11—C10—C12	119.25 (9)
C6—C1—C13	110.59 (10)	C9—C10—C12	119.21 (9)
C3—C2—C1	117.70 (10)	C12—C11—C10	117.86 (11)
C3—C2—H2A	121.2	C12—C11—H11A	121.1
C1—C2—H2A	121.2	C10—C11—H11A	121.1
C2—C3—C4	122.04 (11)	C11—C12—C7	122.41 (10)
C2—C3—C11	119.03 (9)	C11—C12—C13	126.89 (10)
C4—C3—C11	118.93 (9)	C7—C12—C13	110.70 (10)
C5—C4—C3	119.88 (11)	C12—C13—C1	102.69 (9)
C5—C4—H4A	120.1	C12—C13—H13A	111.2
C3—C4—H4A	120.1	C1—C13—H13A	111.2
C4—C5—C6	119.55 (10)	C12—C13—H13B	111.2
C4—C5—H5A	120.2	C1—C13—H13B	111.2
C6—C5—H5A	120.2	H13A—C13—H13B	109.1
C5—C6—C1	119.17 (11)	O1—C14—C8	122.46 (10)
C5—C6—C7	132.74 (10)	O1—C14—C15	121.08 (10)
C1—C6—C7	108.05 (10)	C8—C14—C15	116.46 (10)
C12—C7—C8	118.58 (11)	N1—C15—C14	113.40 (10)
C12—C7—C6	107.91 (9)	N1—C15—H15A	108.9
C8—C7—C6	133.44 (10)	C14—C15—H15A	108.9
C9—C8—C7	118.89 (10)	N1—C15—H15B	108.9
C9—C8—C14	118.04 (10)	C14—C15—H15B	108.9
C7—C8—C14	123.01 (10)	H15A—C15—H15B	107.7
C10—C9—C8	120.69 (11)		
C6—C1—C2—C3	-0.08 (16)	C14—C8—C9—C10	-175.49 (10)
C13—C1—C2—C3	178.91 (10)	C8—C9—C10—C11	-0.36 (17)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.31 (16)	C8—C9—C10—C12	179.77 (8)
C1—C2—C3—C11	179.91 (8)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-0.91 (16)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.37 (17)	C12—C10—C11—C12	178.96 (8)
C11—C3—C4—C5	-179.85 (8)	C10—C11—C12—C7	0.99 (16)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.03 (16)	C10—C11—C12—C13	-178.30 (10)

C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.35 (15)	C8—C7—C12—C11	0.19 (16)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-177.92 (10)	C6—C7—C12—C11	-177.22 (10)
C2—C1—C6—C5	0.41 (16)	C8—C7—C12—C13	179.58 (9)
C13—C1—C6—C5	-178.74 (9)	C6—C7—C12—C13	2.18 (12)
C2—C1—C6—C7	178.53 (10)	C11—C12—C13—C1	176.92 (10)
C13—C1—C6—C7	-0.62 (12)	C7—C12—C13—C1	-2.44 (11)
C5—C6—C7—C12	176.80 (11)	C2—C1—C13—C12	-177.27 (10)
C1—C6—C7—C12	-0.96 (11)	C6—C1—C13—C12	1.82 (11)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-0.1 (2)	C9—C8—C14—O1	137.71 (12)
C1—C6—C7—C8	-177.82 (11)	C7—C8—C14—O1	-39.20 (16)
C12—C7—C8—C9	-1.45 (15)	C9—C8—C14—C15	-42.76 (14)
C6—C7—C8—C9	175.15 (11)	C7—C8—C14—C15	140.33 (11)
C12—C7—C8—C14	175.44 (10)	N2—N1—C15—C14	56.63 (15)
C6—C7—C8—C14	-7.96 (18)	O1—C14—C15—N1	-7.46 (16)
C7—C8—C9—C10	1.55 (16)	C8—C14—C15—N1	173.01 (10)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
C5—H5 <i>A</i> ...O1	0.95	2.32	3.0134 (14)	129
C13—H13 <i>A</i> ...N3 ⁱ	0.99	2.59	3.4613 (16)	147
C15—H15 <i>A</i> ...O1 ⁱⁱ	0.99	2.53	3.1941 (15)	125

Symmetry codes: (i) $x+1, -y+1/2, z+1/2$; (ii) $x, -y+1/2, z+1/2$.