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catena-Poly[2-methyl-1*H*-imidazol-3-ium [(aquachloridocadmata)-di- μ -chlorido]]

Run-Qiang Zhu

Ordered Matter Science Research Center, College of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Southeast University, Nanjing 211189, People's Republic of China
Correspondence e-mail: zhurunqiang@163.com

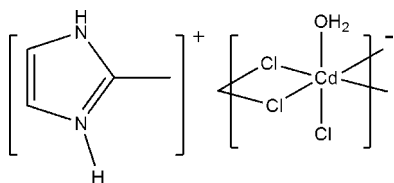
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005$ Å; R factor = 0.033; wR factor = 0.083; data-to-parameter ratio = 22.6.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound, $\{(\text{C}_4\text{H}_7\text{N}_2)\text{[CdCl}_3(\text{H}_2\text{O})]\}_n$, contains one 1-methyl-1*H*-imidazol-3-ium cation, one Cd^{II} atom, three Cl atoms and one water molecule. Adjacent Cd ions are interconnected alternately by paired Cl^- bridges to generate an infinite one-dimensional coordination chain along the b axis. In the chain, the crystallographically unique Cd^{II} atom, with a distorted octahedral geometry, is coordinated by five Cl^- ions and one water molecule. Intra-chain $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$ hydrogen bonding and $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$ hydrogen bonding between the cations and the anionic chains consolidate the crystal packing.

Related literature

For general background to ferroelectric metal-organic compounds with framework structures, see: Fu *et al.* (2009); Ye *et al.* (2006); Zhang *et al.* (2008, 2010).



Experimental

Crystal data

$(\text{C}_4\text{H}_7\text{N}_2)[\text{CdCl}_3(\text{H}_2\text{O})]$
 $M_r = 319.88$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 9.0479$ (18) Å
 $b = 14.922$ (3) Å
 $c = 7.4711$ (15) Å
 $\beta = 94.17$ (3)°

$V = 1006.0$ (3) Å³
 $Z = 4$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 2.92$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 293$ K
 $0.30 \times 0.25 \times 0.20$ mm

Data collection

Rigaku SCXmini diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*CrystalClear*; Rigaku, 2005)
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.421$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.558$

10317 measured reflections
2308 independent reflections
2038 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.082$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.033$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.083$
 $S = 1.12$
2308 reflections

102 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.72$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.71$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N2}-\text{H2A}\cdots\text{O1}$	0.86	2.13	2.884 (3)	146
$\text{N1}-\text{H1D}\cdots\text{Cl1}^{\text{i}}$	0.86	2.33	3.163 (3)	164
$\text{O1}-\text{H1G}\cdots\text{Cl1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.85	2.40	3.250 (2)	174
$\text{O1}-\text{H1F}\cdots\text{Cl1}^{\text{iii}}$	0.85	2.44	3.174 (2)	146

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 2, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iii) $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 2005); cell refinement: *CrystalClear*; data reduction: *CrystalClear*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg & Putz, 2005); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

This work was supported by Southeast University.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: VM2126).

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supporting information

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catena-Poly[2-methyl-1*H*-imidazol-3-ium [(aquachloridocadmate)-di- μ -chlorido]]**Run-Qiang Zhu****S1. Comment**

The basic method to find potential ferroelectric phase change materials is the measurement of the dielectric constant as function of temperature (Fu *et al.*, 2009; Ye *et al.*, 2006; Zhang *et al.*, 2008, 2010). Unfortunately, the title compound's dielectric constant does not change from 80 K to 298 K (m.p. 319–329).

X-ray analysis (Fig. 1) revealed that the title compound possesses 1-D chain structures. In the chain, the Cd atoms are connected by two Cl atoms acting as bridges between Cd1 and Cd1[$x, 0.5 - y, 1/2 + z$] centers. The Cd—Cl(μ_2) distances from 2.5973 (11) to 2.6293 (12) Å are slightly longer than that of Cd—Cl(terminal) 2.5916 (10) Å. It is interesting to note that the free 2-methyl imidazole molecules extend the 1-D host chains into a 3-D supramolecular network *via* the hydrogen-bonded interactions (Table 1, Fig. 2).

S2. Experimental

A mixture of 2-methyl imidazole (2.4 g, 30 mmol), cadmium chloride (3.15 g, 10 mmol) in water was stirred for several days at ambient temperature. Colourless block crystals were obtained.

S3. Refinement

All H atoms were placed in geometrically idealized positions and constrained to ride on their parent atoms with aromatic C—H = 0.93 Å and methyl C—H = 0.96 Å and N—H = 0.86, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{N})$ and $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for methyl H atoms. The H atoms of the water molecule were restrained with O—H = 0.85 Å yielding O1—H1G = 0.8501 Å and O1—H1F = 0.8500 Å, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O})$

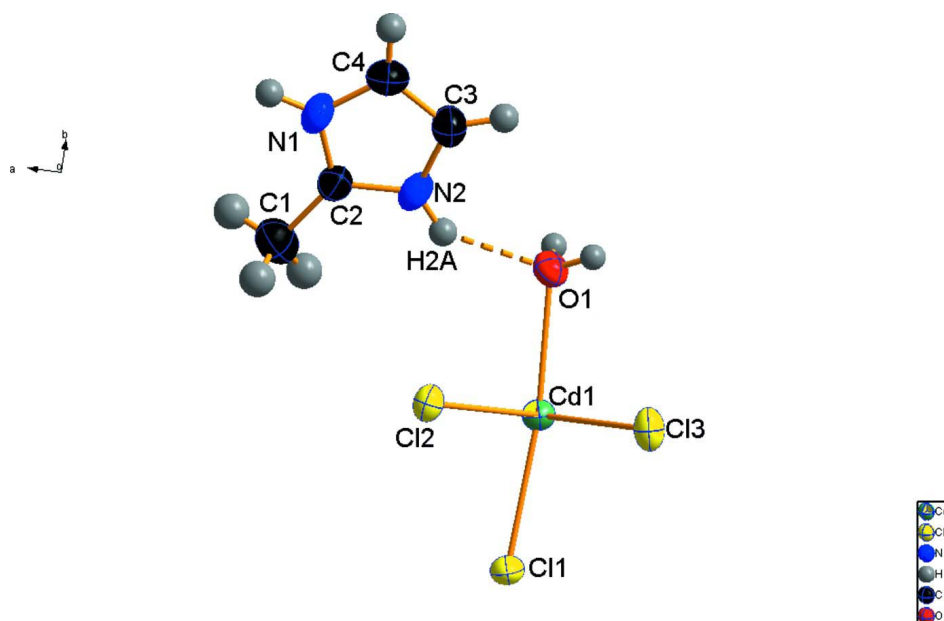


Figure 1

A partial packing diagram of the title compound, with the displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 30% probability level, the intramolecular hydrogen bond is shown as a dashed line.

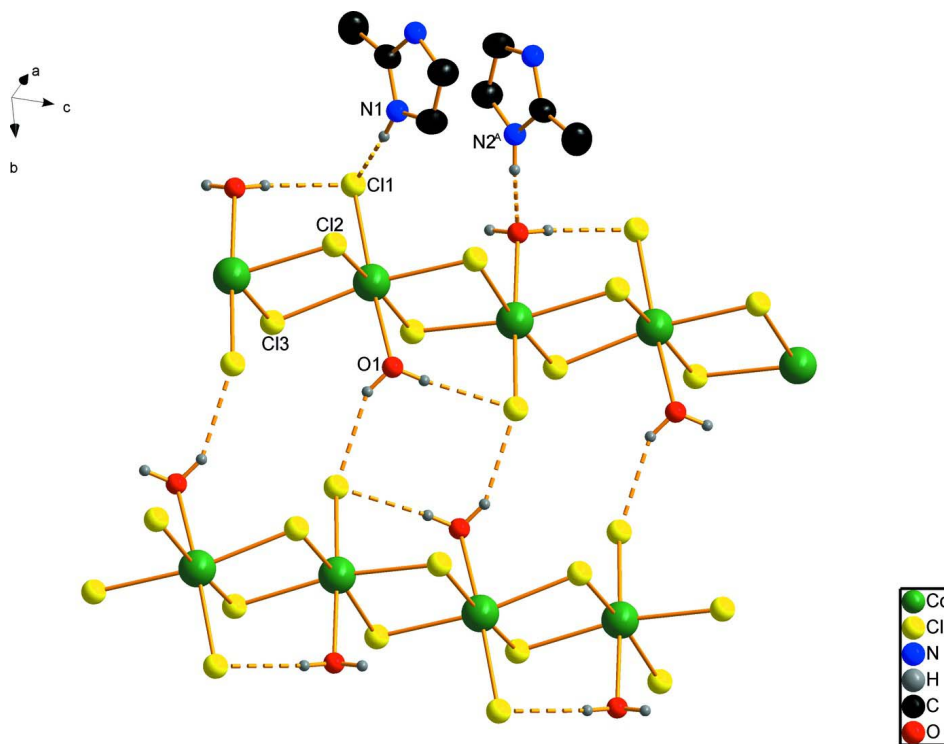


Figure 2

Packing diagram of the title compound, hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

catena-Poly[2-methyl-1*H*-imidazol-3-ium [(aquachloridocadmate)-di- μ -chlorido]]*Crystal data*(C₄H₇N₂)[CdCl₃(H₂O)] $M_r = 319.88$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

 $a = 9.0479$ (18) Å $b = 14.922$ (3) Å $c = 7.4711$ (15) Å $\beta = 94.17$ (3)° $V = 1006.0$ (3) Å³ $Z = 4$ $F(000) = 616$ $D_x = 2.112$ Mg m⁻³Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 2308 reflections

 $\theta = 2.2$ – 27.5 ° $\mu = 2.92$ mm⁻¹ $T = 293$ K

Block, colourless

 $0.30 \times 0.25 \times 0.20$ mm*Data collection*

Rigaku SCXmini

diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

 ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(CrystalClear; Rigaku, 2005)

 $T_{\min} = 0.421$, $T_{\max} = 0.558$

10317 measured reflections

2308 independent reflections

2038 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.082$ $\theta_{\max} = 27.5$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 3.1$ ° $h = -11$ → 11 $k = -19$ → 19 $l = -9$ → 9

2 standard reflections every 150 reflections

intensity decay: none

*Refinement*Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.033$ $wR(F^2) = 0.083$ $S = 1.12$

2308 reflections

102 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant

direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier

map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0174P)^2 + 0.0243P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.72$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.71$ e Å⁻³Extinction correction: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick,2008), $F_c^* = kF_c[1 + 0.001x F_c^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$

Extinction coefficient: 0.0729 (19)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cd1	0.57821 (2)	0.235443 (17)	0.32343 (3)	0.02778 (14)
Cl3	0.38194 (10)	0.26229 (6)	0.06038 (12)	0.0358 (2)

C12	0.78469 (10)	0.25735 (5)	0.08951 (12)	0.0318 (2)
C11	0.59444 (8)	0.06319 (6)	0.28507 (11)	0.0381 (2)
N2	0.8602 (3)	0.4748 (2)	0.2374 (4)	0.0461 (8)
H2A	0.8000	0.4318	0.2563	0.055*
C2	1.0070 (4)	0.4697 (2)	0.2644 (4)	0.0395 (8)
C3	0.8185 (4)	0.5580 (3)	0.1755 (5)	0.0487 (10)
H3	0.7224	0.5780	0.1460	0.058*
C1	1.0943 (4)	0.3909 (3)	0.3283 (5)	0.0588 (12)
H1A	1.1219	0.3567	0.2272	0.088*
H1B	1.0357	0.3544	0.4018	0.088*
H1C	1.1819	0.4105	0.3975	0.088*
N1	1.0572 (3)	0.5493 (2)	0.2218 (4)	0.0458 (8)
H1D	1.1492	0.5643	0.2283	0.055*
C4	0.9424 (4)	0.6046 (3)	0.1659 (5)	0.0509 (10)
H4	0.9500	0.6637	0.1282	0.061*
O1	0.5944 (2)	0.39528 (16)	0.3580 (3)	0.0371 (6)
H1G	0.5922	0.4101	0.4677	0.045*
H1F	0.5230	0.4207	0.2978	0.045*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cd1	0.0307 (2)	0.0277 (2)	0.02493 (19)	-0.00076 (9)	0.00188 (13)	0.00017 (8)
Cl3	0.0272 (5)	0.0527 (6)	0.0275 (5)	0.0054 (3)	0.0023 (4)	0.0021 (3)
Cl2	0.0266 (4)	0.0399 (5)	0.0287 (4)	-0.0026 (3)	0.0010 (4)	0.0007 (3)
Cl1	0.0325 (4)	0.0251 (4)	0.0565 (5)	-0.0026 (3)	0.0024 (4)	-0.0006 (4)
N2	0.0311 (15)	0.044 (2)	0.063 (2)	-0.0122 (14)	0.0037 (15)	0.0024 (15)
C2	0.0347 (19)	0.040 (2)	0.044 (2)	-0.0029 (16)	0.0047 (17)	-0.0045 (16)
C3	0.0349 (19)	0.049 (2)	0.063 (2)	0.0025 (18)	0.0062 (18)	0.002 (2)
C1	0.057 (3)	0.057 (3)	0.062 (3)	0.012 (2)	0.000 (2)	0.0006 (19)
N1	0.0290 (15)	0.049 (2)	0.060 (2)	-0.0095 (14)	0.0037 (14)	-0.0025 (16)
C4	0.052 (2)	0.037 (2)	0.064 (3)	-0.0008 (18)	0.004 (2)	0.0003 (18)
O1	0.0370 (12)	0.0341 (15)	0.0402 (12)	0.0050 (10)	0.0029 (10)	0.0065 (10)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Cd1—O1	2.402 (2)	C2—C1	1.476 (5)
Cd1—Cl3	2.5824 (12)	C3—C4	1.325 (5)
Cd1—Cl1	2.5916 (10)	C3—H3	0.9300
Cd1—Cl3 ⁱ	2.5973 (11)	C1—H1A	0.9600
Cd1—Cl2 ⁱ	2.6293 (12)	C1—H1B	0.9600
Cd1—Cl2	2.6694 (11)	C1—H1C	0.9600
Cl3—Cd1 ⁱⁱ	2.5973 (11)	N1—C4	1.368 (4)
Cl2—Cd1 ⁱⁱ	2.6293 (12)	N1—H1D	0.8600
N2—C2	1.331 (4)	C4—H4	0.9300
N2—C3	1.369 (5)	O1—H1G	0.8501
N2—H2A	0.8600	O1—H1F	0.8500
C2—N1	1.318 (4)		

O1—Cd1—Cl3	87.77 (5)	N1—C2—C1	127.5 (3)
O1—Cd1—Cl1	173.24 (5)	N2—C2—C1	126.8 (4)
Cl3—Cd1—Cl1	96.38 (3)	C4—C3—N2	106.3 (3)
O1—Cd1—Cl3 ⁱ	87.31 (5)	C4—C3—H3	126.9
Cl3—Cd1—Cl3 ⁱ	92.88 (3)	N2—C3—H3	126.9
Cl1—Cd1—Cl3 ⁱ	97.78 (3)	C2—C1—H1A	109.5
O1—Cd1—Cl2 ⁱ	81.00 (5)	C2—C1—H1B	109.5
Cl3—Cd1—Cl2 ⁱ	168.67 (3)	H1A—C1—H1B	109.5
Cl1—Cd1—Cl2 ⁱ	94.66 (2)	C2—C1—H1C	109.5
Cl3 ⁱ —Cd1—Cl2 ⁱ	88.14 (3)	H1A—C1—H1C	109.5
O1—Cd1—Cl2	84.77 (5)	H1B—C1—H1C	109.5
Cl3—Cd1—Cl2	87.60 (3)	C2—N1—C4	110.4 (3)
Cl1—Cd1—Cl2	90.06 (3)	C2—N1—H1D	124.8
Cl3 ⁱ —Cd1—Cl2	172.04 (3)	C4—N1—H1D	124.8
Cl2 ⁱ —Cd1—Cl2	89.85 (3)	C3—C4—N1	107.1 (4)
Cd1—Cl3—Cd1 ⁱⁱ	93.11 (3)	C3—C4—H4	126.4
Cd1 ⁱⁱ —Cl2—Cd1	90.42 (3)	N1—C4—H4	126.4
C2—N2—C3	110.5 (3)	Cd1—O1—H1G	110.9
C2—N2—H2A	124.8	Cd1—O1—H1F	110.4
C3—N2—H2A	124.8	H1G—O1—H1F	108.9
N1—C2—N2	105.7 (3)		
O1—Cd1—Cl3—Cd1 ⁱⁱ	91.33 (5)	Cl2 ⁱ —Cd1—Cl2—Cd1 ⁱⁱ	-175.35 (4)
Cl1—Cd1—Cl3—Cd1 ⁱⁱ	-83.31 (3)	C3—N2—C2—N1	0.7 (4)
Cl3 ⁱ —Cd1—Cl3—Cd1 ⁱⁱ	178.53 (4)	C3—N2—C2—C1	-179.2 (3)
Cl2 ⁱ —Cd1—Cl3—Cd1 ⁱⁱ	83.60 (12)	C2—N2—C3—C4	-0.4 (4)
Cl2—Cd1—Cl3—Cd1 ⁱⁱ	6.48 (3)	N2—C2—N1—C4	-0.7 (4)
O1—Cd1—Cl2—Cd1 ⁱⁱ	-94.37 (5)	C1—C2—N1—C4	179.1 (3)
Cl3—Cd1—Cl2—Cd1 ⁱⁱ	-6.39 (2)	N2—C3—C4—N1	0.0 (4)
Cl1—Cd1—Cl2—Cd1 ⁱⁱ	89.99 (3)	C2—N1—C4—C3	0.4 (4)
Cl3 ⁱ —Cd1—Cl2—Cd1 ⁱⁱ	-100.00 (16)		

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, -y+1/2, z+1/2$; (ii) $x, -y+1/2, z-1/2$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry ($\text{\AA}, ^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N2—H2A \cdots O1	0.86	2.13	2.884 (3)	146
N1—H1D \cdots Cl1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.86	2.33	3.163 (3)	164
O1—H1G \cdots Cl1 ⁱ	0.85	2.40	3.250 (2)	174
O1—H1F \cdots Cl1 ^{iv}	0.85	2.44	3.174 (2)	146

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, -y+1/2, z+1/2$; (iii) $-x+2, y+1/2, -z+1/2$; (iv) $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+1/2$.