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Dibromido(2,9-dimethyl-1,10-phenanthroline- κ^2N,N')cadmiumIsmail Warad,^{a,b} Ahmed Boshala,^a Saud I. Al-Resayes,^a Salem S. Al-Deyab^c and Mohamed Rzaigui^{d*}

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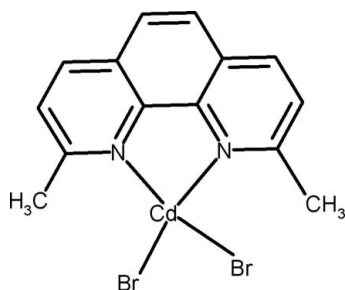
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.008$ Å; R factor = 0.063; wR factor = 0.177; data-to-parameter ratio = 43.2.

In the title complex, $[\text{CdBr}_2(\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2)]$, the Cd^{II} ion is tetracoordinated by two N atoms of the bidentate 2,9-dimethyl-1,10-phenanthroline ligand and two bromide ions in a substantially distorted CdN_2Br_2 tetrahedral geometry. In the crystal, inversion dimers linked by pairs of weak $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Br}$ bonds generate $R_2^2(14)$ loops. Aromatic $\pi-\pi$ stacking [shortest centroid-centroid separation = 3.633 (2) Å] interactions occur within, and also link, the dimers into chains propagating parallel to [100].

Related literature

For related structures, see: Preston & Kennard (1969); Lange *et al.* (2000); Alizadeh *et al.* (2009); Wang & Zhong (2009); Warad *et al.* (2011). For background to $\pi-\pi$ stacking interactions, see: Janiak (2000).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[\text{CdBr}_2(\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2)]$
 $M_r = 480.48$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 7.889$ (4) Å

$b = 10.519$ (3) Å
 $c = 18.712$ (2) Å
 $\beta = 97.69$ (3)°
 $V = 1538.8$ (9) Å³

$Z = 4$
Ag $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\lambda = 0.56087$ Å

$\mu = 3.53$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 293$ K
 $0.30 \times 0.25 \times 0.17$ mm

Data collection

Enraf-Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SORTAV; Blessing, 1995)
 $T_{\min} = 0.469$, $T_{\max} = 0.534$
9813 measured reflections

7516 independent reflections
2986 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.029$
2 standard reflections every 120 min
intensity decay: 1%

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.063$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.177$
 $S = 0.98$
7516 reflections

174 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 1.41$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.93$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Selected geometric parameters (Å, °).

Cd1—N2	2.273 (4)	Cd1—Br2	2.5050 (10)
Cd1—N1	2.294 (4)	Cd1—Br1	2.5120 (13)
N2—Cd1—N1	73.81 (14)		

Table 2

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{C5}-\text{H5}\cdots\text{Br1}^i$	0.93	2.98	3.805 (5)	149

Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$.

Data collection: *CAD-4 EXPRESS* (Enraf-Nonius, 1994); cell refinement: *CAD-4 EXPRESS*; data reduction: *XCAD4* (Harms & Wocadlo, 1995); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS86* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEPIII* (Burnett & Johnson, 1996) and *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg & Putz, 2005); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB6522).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, m1846–m1847 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536811050069]

Dibromido(2,9-dimethyl-1,10-phenanthroline- κ^2N,N')cadmium**Ismail Warad, Ahmed Boshala, Saud I. Al-Resayes, Salem S. Al-Deyab and Mohamed Rzaigui****S1. Comment**

The reaction of cadmium(II) halides, CdX_2 , with nitrogen-based ligands (L) yields mixed-ligand complexes. The number of ligands bound to the metal cation is influenced greatly by both the chemical nature and geometry of ligand L and the type of halogen X (Lange *et al.*, 2000). In this sense, we report herein synthesis and crystal structure of a new Cd^{II} complex, $[CdBr_2(dmphen)]$ (I), where $dmphen = 2,9$ -dimethyl-1,10-phenanthroline.

The molecular structure of (I), along with the numbering scheme, is shown in Fig. 1. The Cd^{II} cation is located on a general position in a tetrahedral environment built up from two nitrogen atoms (N1, N2) of one $dmphen$ bidentate ligand and two bromide ions (Br1, Br2). Similar coordination geometry around the central atom has been observed in other metal complexes involving the same ligand ($dmphen$) such as $[HgBr_2(dmphen)]$, (Alizadeh *et al.*, 2009), $[ZnCl_2(dmphen)]$ (Preston *et al.*, 1969), $[CuCl_2(dmphen)]$ (Wang *et al.*, 2009).

Geometrical analysis of the bond lengths and angles around the cadmium atom shows that the $CdBr_2N_2$ tetrahedron, where the Cd shift from the gravity center is $\delta = 0.249$ Å, is less distorted than the CdI_2N_2 ($\delta = 0.356$ Å) in the $[CdI_2(dmphen)]$ structure (Warad *et al.*, 2011). This can be explained by the large size and π -acid character of the iodine atom.

It should be noted also that, in the crystal packing of $[CdI_2(dmphen)]$, there is no C—H \cdots I H-bond, while in $[CdBr_2(dmphen)]$, weak intermolecular C—H \cdots Br bonds (2.98 (3) Å) link the complex molecules into dimeric clusters. Additional π – π aromatic stacking interactions, between the $dmphen$ rings of neighboring molecules, associate these clusters into chains parallel to the a axis (Fig. 2). The π – π contacts involve the $dmphen$ rings N1C1C2C3C4C12 (centroid $Cg1$), C4C5C6C7C11C12 (centroid $Cg2$) and N2C10C9C8C7C11 (centroid $Cg3$) between which exist the centroid-centroid distances $Cg1\cdots Cg3^i$ (3.634 Å) [symmetry code: (i) 1 - x , - y , 1 - z], $Cg2\cdots Cg3^{ii}$ (3.722 Å) and $Cg3\cdots Cg3^{ii}$ (3.705 Å) [symmetry code: (ii) 2 - x , - y , 1 - z], which are less than the maximum value (3.8 Å) regarded as relevant for π – π interactions (Janiak, 2000).

S2. Experimental

This complex was prepared by a procedure similar to that used for $[CdI_2(dmphen)]$ (Warad *et al.*, 2011). A mixture of cadmium bromide ($CdBr_2 \cdot 4H_2O$, 82.7 mg, 0.24 mmol) in methanol (20 ml) and $dmphen$ (50.0 mg, 0.24 mmol) in dichloromethane (10 ml) is stirred for 2H at room temperature. The obtained solution was concentrated to about 2 ml under reduced pressure and mixed to 40 ml of n -hexane. This causes the precipitation of white powder which was filtered, dried and used for the preparation of colourless prisms of (I) by slow diffusion of diethyl ether into a solution of the complex in dichloromethane.

S3. Refinement

All H atoms attached to C atoms were fixed geometrically and treated as riding, with C—H = 0.93 Å and 0.96 Å and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}_{\text{methyl}})$.

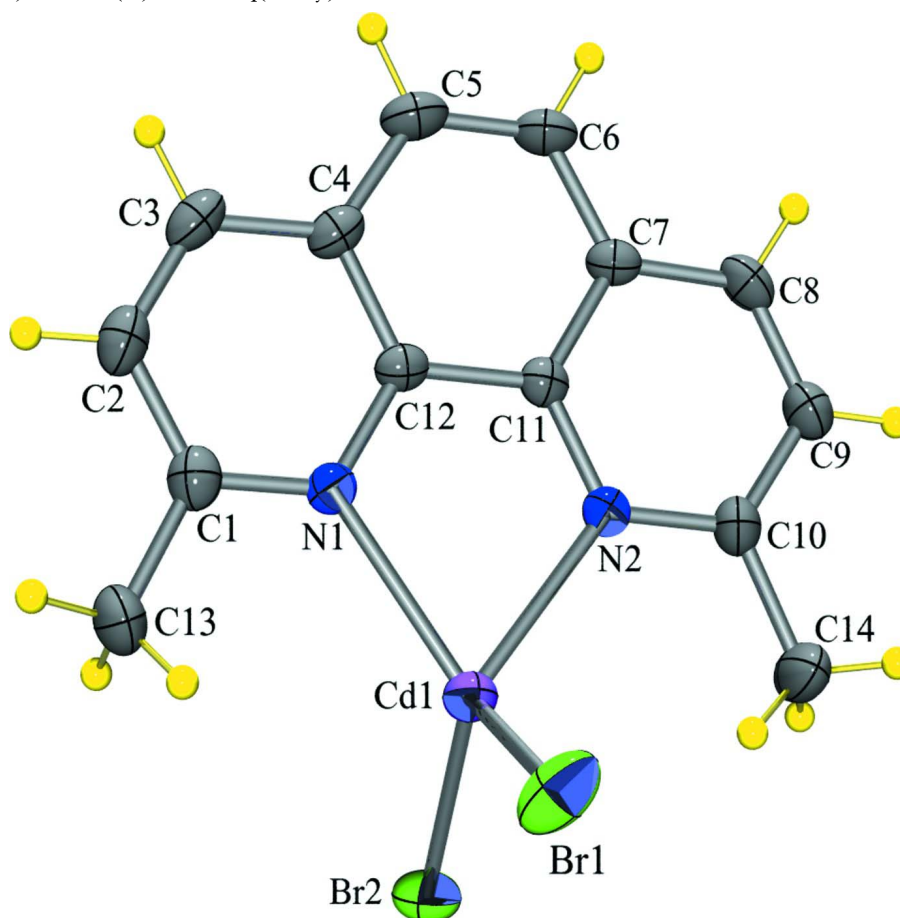


Figure 1

An *ORTEP* (Burnett & Johnson, 1996) view of (I). Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. H atoms are represented as small spheres of arbitrary radii.

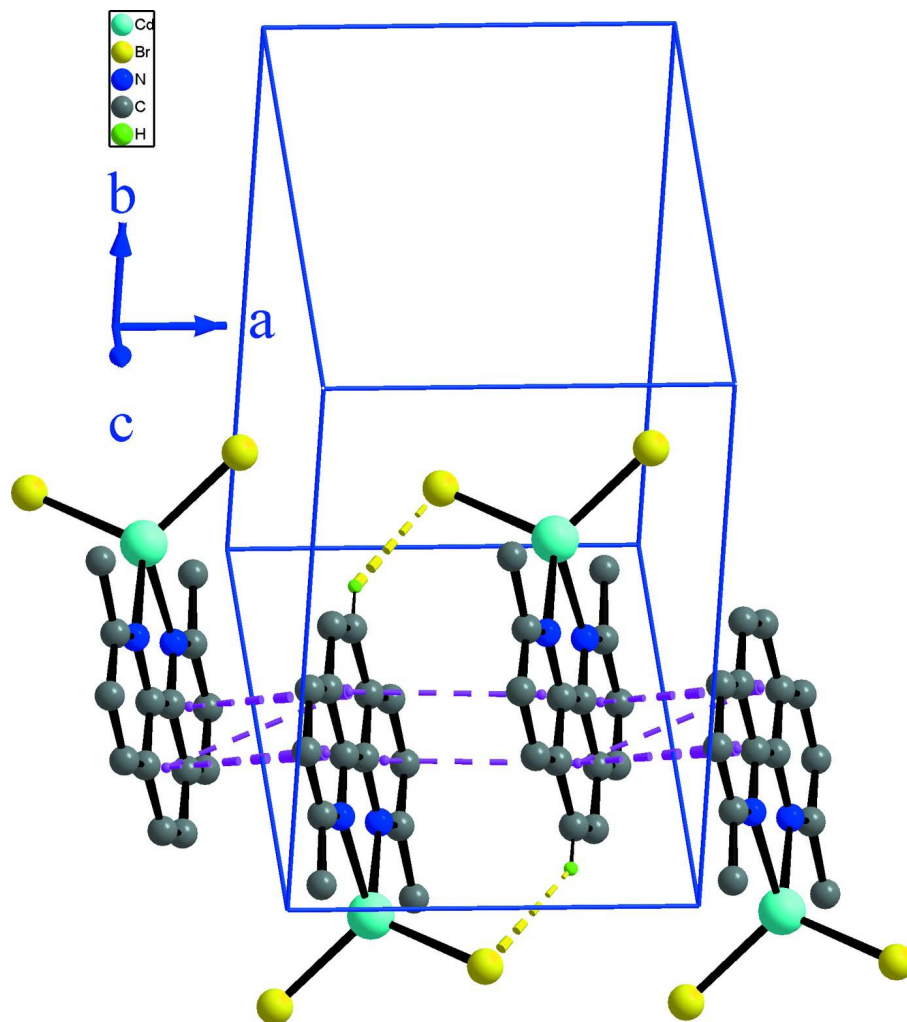


Figure 2

A view of the $[\text{CdBr}_2(\text{dmphen})_2]_n$ chains extending along a axis. The H-atoms not involved in H-bonding have been omitted.

Dibromido(2,9-dimethyl-1,10-phenanthroline- κ^2N,N')cadmium

Crystal data

$[\text{CdBr}_2(\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2)]$

$M_r = 480.48$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

$a = 7.889(4) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 10.519(3) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 18.712(2) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 97.69(3)^\circ$

$V = 1538.8(9) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 912$

$D_x = 2.074 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Ag $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.56087 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 25 reflections

$\theta = 9\text{--}11^\circ$

$\mu = 3.53 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 293 \text{ K}$

Prism, colorless

$0.30 \times 0.25 \times 0.17 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer	7516 independent reflections 2986 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.029$
Graphite monochromator	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 28.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.1^\circ$
non-profiled ω scans	$h = -13 \rightarrow 13$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SORTAV</i> ; Blessing, 1995)	$k = -2 \rightarrow 17$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.469$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.534$	$l = -2 \rightarrow 31$
9813 measured reflections	2 standard reflections every 120 min intensity decay: 1%

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.063$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.177$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0769P)^2]$
$S = 0.98$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
7516 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
174 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 1.41 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.93 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cd1	0.71490 (5)	0.28442 (4)	0.39225 (2)	0.05032 (14)
Br1	0.44548 (9)	0.32557 (8)	0.30765 (4)	0.0833 (2)
Br2	0.93295 (10)	0.45768 (6)	0.39288 (4)	0.0766 (2)
N1	0.6886 (5)	0.1781 (4)	0.4972 (2)	0.0422 (8)
N2	0.8075 (5)	0.0829 (4)	0.3769 (2)	0.0409 (8)
C1	0.6270 (6)	0.2257 (5)	0.5546 (3)	0.0501 (11)
C2	0.6113 (7)	0.1479 (6)	0.6149 (3)	0.0561 (13)
H2	0.5692	0.1819	0.6549	0.067*
C3	0.6578 (7)	0.0234 (6)	0.6146 (3)	0.0553 (14)
H3	0.6462	-0.0278	0.6541	0.066*
C4	0.7229 (6)	-0.0278 (5)	0.5551 (3)	0.0462 (11)
C5	0.7760 (6)	-0.1572 (5)	0.5505 (3)	0.0562 (13)
H5	0.7680	-0.2113	0.5892	0.067*
C6	0.8373 (7)	-0.2031 (5)	0.4918 (3)	0.0530 (12)
H6	0.8724	-0.2875	0.4910	0.064*

C7	0.8489 (6)	-0.1248 (4)	0.4314 (3)	0.0412 (10)
C8	0.9065 (6)	-0.1674 (5)	0.3680 (3)	0.0511 (12)
H8	0.9394	-0.2518	0.3644	0.061*
C9	0.9152 (7)	-0.0873 (5)	0.3119 (3)	0.0535 (12)
H9	0.9543	-0.1166	0.2702	0.064*
C10	0.8653 (7)	0.0387 (5)	0.3170 (3)	0.0518 (12)
C11	0.7981 (5)	0.0045 (4)	0.4331 (2)	0.0375 (9)
C12	0.7359 (5)	0.0532 (4)	0.4963 (2)	0.0389 (10)
C13	0.5798 (8)	0.3629 (6)	0.5518 (3)	0.0663 (16)
H13A	0.6777	0.4129	0.5704	0.100*
H13B	0.4894	0.3773	0.5805	0.100*
H13C	0.5421	0.3870	0.5028	0.100*
C14	0.8682 (10)	0.1297 (6)	0.2557 (3)	0.079 (2)
H14A	0.7966	0.2013	0.2624	0.119*
H14B	0.8266	0.0879	0.2112	0.119*
H14C	0.9833	0.1582	0.2543	0.119*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cd1	0.0656 (3)	0.03953 (19)	0.0473 (2)	0.00785 (18)	0.01316 (17)	0.00728 (16)
Br1	0.0686 (4)	0.1170 (6)	0.0645 (4)	0.0160 (4)	0.0094 (3)	0.0320 (4)
Br2	0.1037 (5)	0.0481 (3)	0.0791 (4)	-0.0126 (3)	0.0164 (4)	0.0111 (3)
N1	0.047 (2)	0.042 (2)	0.0384 (19)	-0.0033 (17)	0.0057 (16)	0.0018 (16)
N2	0.045 (2)	0.0379 (19)	0.0400 (19)	0.0016 (16)	0.0067 (17)	0.0003 (16)
C1	0.041 (2)	0.058 (3)	0.052 (3)	-0.002 (2)	0.009 (2)	-0.005 (3)
C2	0.050 (3)	0.076 (4)	0.044 (3)	-0.004 (3)	0.013 (2)	-0.006 (3)
C3	0.049 (3)	0.076 (4)	0.042 (3)	-0.010 (3)	0.009 (2)	0.012 (3)
C4	0.039 (2)	0.056 (3)	0.043 (2)	-0.005 (2)	0.006 (2)	0.011 (2)
C5	0.054 (3)	0.052 (3)	0.061 (3)	-0.003 (3)	0.004 (3)	0.021 (3)
C6	0.054 (3)	0.039 (2)	0.066 (3)	0.000 (2)	0.005 (3)	0.013 (2)
C7	0.036 (2)	0.037 (2)	0.050 (3)	-0.0016 (18)	0.003 (2)	0.006 (2)
C8	0.051 (3)	0.038 (2)	0.064 (3)	0.007 (2)	0.007 (2)	-0.009 (2)
C9	0.062 (3)	0.047 (3)	0.053 (3)	0.003 (2)	0.011 (2)	-0.008 (2)
C10	0.063 (3)	0.051 (3)	0.042 (2)	0.000 (2)	0.010 (2)	-0.006 (2)
C11	0.033 (2)	0.038 (2)	0.040 (2)	-0.0021 (17)	-0.0001 (18)	-0.0001 (18)
C12	0.034 (2)	0.039 (2)	0.042 (2)	-0.0026 (18)	-0.0004 (18)	0.0068 (19)
C13	0.082 (4)	0.057 (3)	0.065 (4)	0.008 (3)	0.026 (3)	-0.010 (3)
C14	0.129 (6)	0.060 (4)	0.057 (3)	0.013 (4)	0.041 (4)	0.006 (3)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Cd1—N2	2.273 (4)	C5—H5	0.9300
Cd1—N1	2.294 (4)	C6—C7	1.412 (7)
Cd1—Br2	2.5050 (10)	C6—H6	0.9300
Cd1—Br1	2.5120 (13)	C7—C8	1.399 (7)
N1—C1	1.334 (6)	C7—C11	1.419 (6)
N1—C12	1.367 (6)	C8—C9	1.355 (8)

N2—C11	1.347 (6)	C8—H8	0.9300
N2—C10	1.348 (6)	C9—C10	1.389 (7)
C1—C2	1.412 (8)	C9—H9	0.9300
C1—C13	1.489 (8)	C10—C14	1.496 (8)
C2—C3	1.360 (8)	C11—C12	1.433 (6)
C2—H2	0.9300	C13—H13A	0.9600
C3—C4	1.395 (7)	C13—H13B	0.9600
C3—H3	0.9300	C13—H13C	0.9600
C4—C12	1.405 (6)	C14—H14A	0.9600
C4—C5	1.430 (8)	C14—H14B	0.9600
C5—C6	1.347 (8)	C14—H14C	0.9600
N2—Cd1—N1	73.81 (14)	C8—C7—C6	123.7 (4)
N2—Cd1—Br2	116.56 (10)	C8—C7—C11	116.8 (4)
N1—Cd1—Br2	119.43 (10)	C6—C7—C11	119.5 (5)
N2—Cd1—Br1	109.88 (10)	C9—C8—C7	120.9 (5)
N1—Cd1—Br1	117.25 (10)	C9—C8—H8	119.6
Br2—Cd1—Br1	113.59 (4)	C7—C8—H8	119.6
C1—N1—C12	120.1 (4)	C8—C9—C10	119.7 (5)
C1—N1—Cd1	126.2 (3)	C8—C9—H9	120.1
C12—N1—Cd1	113.6 (3)	C10—C9—H9	120.1
C11—N2—C10	119.9 (4)	N2—C10—C9	121.1 (5)
C11—N2—Cd1	114.8 (3)	N2—C10—C14	117.3 (5)
C10—N2—Cd1	125.2 (3)	C9—C10—C14	121.6 (5)
N1—C1—C2	120.4 (5)	N2—C11—C7	121.6 (4)
N1—C1—C13	116.8 (5)	N2—C11—C12	119.1 (4)
C2—C1—C13	122.8 (5)	C7—C11—C12	119.4 (4)
C3—C2—C1	120.1 (5)	N1—C12—C4	121.5 (4)
C3—C2—H2	119.9	N1—C12—C11	118.6 (4)
C1—C2—H2	119.9	C4—C12—C11	119.8 (4)
C2—C3—C4	120.2 (5)	C1—C13—H13A	109.5
C2—C3—H3	119.9	C1—C13—H13B	109.5
C4—C3—H3	119.9	H13A—C13—H13B	109.5
C3—C4—C12	117.7 (5)	C1—C13—H13C	109.5
C3—C4—C5	123.9 (5)	H13A—C13—H13C	109.5
C12—C4—C5	118.5 (5)	H13B—C13—H13C	109.5
C6—C5—C4	122.0 (5)	C10—C14—H14A	109.5
C6—C5—H5	119.0	C10—C14—H14B	109.5
C4—C5—H5	119.0	H14A—C14—H14B	109.5
C5—C6—C7	120.8 (5)	C10—C14—H14C	109.5
C5—C6—H6	119.6	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5
C7—C6—H6	119.6	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
N2—Cd1—N1—C1	-178.5 (4)	C7—C8—C9—C10	-0.4 (8)
Br2—Cd1—N1—C1	69.7 (4)	C11—N2—C10—C9	0.3 (8)
Br1—Cd1—N1—C1	-74.1 (4)	Cd1—N2—C10—C9	-178.3 (4)
N2—Cd1—N1—C12	-1.4 (3)	C11—N2—C10—C14	178.4 (5)
Br2—Cd1—N1—C12	-113.2 (3)	Cd1—N2—C10—C14	-0.2 (7)

Br1—Cd1—N1—C12	103.0 (3)	C8—C9—C10—N2	-0.3 (8)
N1—Cd1—N2—C11	1.3 (3)	C8—C9—C10—C14	-178.4 (6)
Br2—Cd1—N2—C11	116.6 (3)	C10—N2—C11—C7	0.4 (7)
Br1—Cd1—N2—C11	-112.4 (3)	Cd1—N2—C11—C7	179.1 (3)
N1—Cd1—N2—C10	180.0 (4)	C10—N2—C11—C12	-179.9 (4)
Br2—Cd1—N2—C10	-64.7 (4)	Cd1—N2—C11—C12	-1.1 (5)
Br1—Cd1—N2—C10	66.3 (4)	C8—C7—C11—N2	-1.0 (6)
C12—N1—C1—C2	0.5 (7)	C6—C7—C11—N2	179.8 (4)
Cd1—N1—C1—C2	177.4 (4)	C8—C7—C11—C12	179.2 (4)
C12—N1—C1—C13	179.4 (5)	C6—C7—C11—C12	0.0 (6)
Cd1—N1—C1—C13	-3.6 (6)	C1—N1—C12—C4	-0.6 (7)
N1—C1—C2—C3	-0.5 (8)	Cd1—N1—C12—C4	-177.8 (3)
C13—C1—C2—C3	-179.5 (5)	C1—N1—C12—C11	178.7 (4)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.7 (8)	Cd1—N1—C12—C11	1.4 (5)
C2—C3—C4—C12	-0.8 (7)	C3—C4—C12—N1	0.7 (7)
C2—C3—C4—C5	179.5 (5)	C5—C4—C12—N1	-179.5 (4)
C3—C4—C5—C6	179.6 (5)	C3—C4—C12—C11	-178.5 (4)
C12—C4—C5—C6	-0.1 (8)	C5—C4—C12—C11	1.2 (7)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-1.1 (8)	N2—C11—C12—N1	-0.2 (6)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-178.1 (5)	C7—C11—C12—N1	179.6 (4)
C5—C6—C7—C11	1.1 (7)	N2—C11—C12—C4	179.0 (4)
C6—C7—C8—C9	-179.8 (5)	C7—C11—C12—C4	-1.2 (6)
C11—C7—C8—C9	1.0 (7)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
C5—H5...Br1 ⁱ	0.93	2.98	3.805 (5)	149

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$.