

## 3-(3-Cyanobenzyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-imidazol-3-ium hexafluorophosphate

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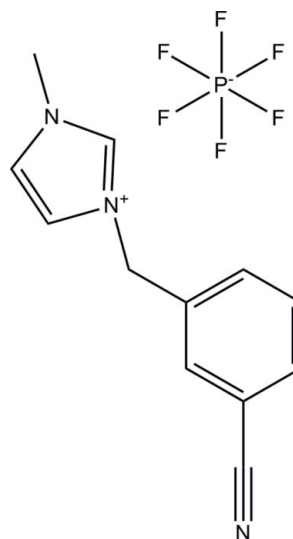
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 100$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$  Å; disorder in solvent or counterion;  $R$  factor = 0.047;  $wR$  factor = 0.123; data-to-parameter ratio = 21.3.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_3^+\cdot\text{PF}_6^-$ , the hexafluorophosphate anion is disordered over two orientations with refined site occupancies of 0.8071 (17) and 0.1929 (17). The dihedral angle between the imidazole and benzene rings in the cation is  $71.26$  (7)°. In the crystal, the cations and anions are linked by  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{F}$  and  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$  hydrogen bonds into a three-dimensional network.

### Related literature

For details and applications of *N*-heterocyclic carbenes, see: Hermann *et al.* (1997); Wanzlick & Kleiner (1961); Hermann & Köcher (1997); Baker *et al.* (2007); Gade & Laponnaz (2007); Özdemir *et al.* (2005); Köcher & Hermann (1997); Cetinkaya *et al.* (1997). For a related structure, see: Haque *et al.* (2011). For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987). For the stability of the temperature controller used in the data collection, see: Cosier & Glazer (1986).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_3^+\cdot\text{F}_6\text{P}^-$   
 $M_r = 343.22$   
 Triclinic,  $P\bar{1}$   
 $a = 5.9782$  (1) Å  
 $b = 8.7920$  (1) Å  
 $c = 14.1028$  (2) Å  
 $\alpha = 77.975$  (1)°  
 $\beta = 83.279$  (1)°

$\gamma = 86.635$  (1)°  
 $V = 719.55$  (2) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 2$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.26$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 100$  K  
 $0.43 \times 0.24 \times 0.21$  mm

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2009)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.897$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.949$

14376 measured reflections  
 5233 independent reflections  
 4485 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.019$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.047$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.123$   
 $S = 1.04$   
 5233 reflections  
 246 parameters

21 restraints  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.91$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.64$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

**Table 1**

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{C}1-\text{H}1\text{A}\cdots\text{F}1$	0.95	2.46	3.240 (2)	139
$\text{C}1-\text{H}1\text{A}\cdots\text{F}5$	0.95	2.27	3.1715 (18)	159
$\text{C}2-\text{H}2\text{A}\cdots\text{F}3^{\text{i}}$	0.95	2.46	3.250 (2)	140
$\text{C}3-\text{H}3\text{A}\cdots\text{N}3^{\text{ii}}$	0.95	2.49	3.3970 (19)	160
$\text{C}4-\text{H}4\text{B}\cdots\text{F}4^{\text{iii}}$	0.99	2.44	3.177 (2)	131
$\text{C}6-\text{H}6\text{A}\cdots\text{F}4$	0.95	2.43	3.361 (2)	167
$\text{C}10-\text{H}10\text{A}\cdots\text{N}3^{\text{ii}}$	0.95	2.56	3.5019 (17)	170
$\text{C}11-\text{H}11\text{B}\cdots\text{F}6^{\text{iv}}$	0.98	2.53	3.400 (2)	148
$\text{C}11-\text{H}11\text{C}\cdots\text{F}1^{\text{v}}$	0.98	2.41	3.353 (2)	162

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x+1, y-1, z$ ; (ii)  $-x+2, -y, -z+1$ ; (iii)  $x+1, y, z$ ; (iv)  $x, y-1, z$ ; (v)  $-x+1, -y+1, -z$ .

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine

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structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB6605).

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## supporting information

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## 3-(3-Cyanobenzyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-imidazol-3-ium hexafluorophosphate

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### S1. Comment

N-heterocyclic carbenes (NHC) are stable singlet carbenes that are most frequently prepared *via* deprotonation of azolium salts. Their role as ligands in coordination and modern organometallic synthesis have been widespread, since the investigation of NHC chemistry by Wanzlick in the early 1960s. NHCs have been proven as an alternative to tertiary phosphines in homogeneous catalysis for the past decades, as they have the ability to bond with metals in a variety of oxidation states through their strong  $\sigma$ -donating and negligible  $\pi$ -accepting characters. Furthermore, they are easy to handle and have been shown to be remarkably stable towards air and moisture. NHC complexes with every transition metals have received considerable attention and their diverse applications particularly in the area of catalysis such as olefin metathesis, transfer hydrogenation, hydroformylation, and furan synthesis have been investigated.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound (Fig. 1) consists a 3-(3-cyanobenzyl)-1-methylimidazolium cation and a hexafluorophosphate anion. The hexafluorophosphate anion is disordered over two orientations with refined site occupancies of 0.8071 (17) and 0.1929 (17). The imidazole ring (N1/N2/C1–C3) is essentially planar with a maximum deviation of 0.003 (1) Å at atom N2. The dihedral angle between the imidazole ring and the benzene ring (C5–C10) is 71.26 (7)°. The bond lengths (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and angles are within normal ranges and are comparable to the related structure (Haque *et al.*, 2011).

In the crystal structure (Fig. 2), the cations and anions are linked *via* C1—H1A $\cdots$ F1, C1—H1A $\cdots$ F5, C2—H2A $\cdots$ F3, C3—H3A $\cdots$ N3, C4—H4B $\cdots$ F4, C6—H6A $\cdots$ F4, C10—H10A $\cdots$ N3, C11—H11B $\cdots$ F6, and C11—H11C $\cdots$ F1 hydrogen bonds (Table 1) into a three-dimensional network.

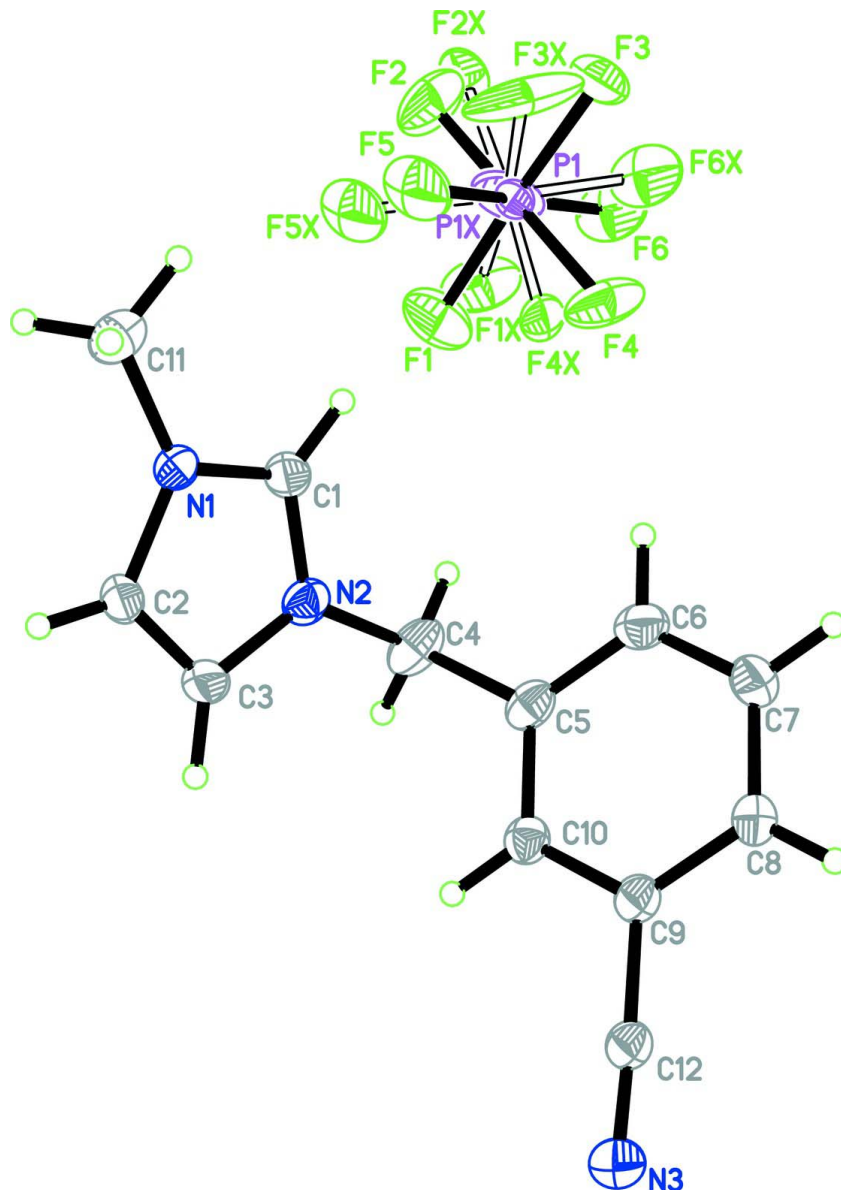
### S2. Experimental

To a solution of 1-methylimidazole (0.9 g, 11.0 mmol) in 25 ml of 1,4-dioxane, 3-(bromomethyl)benzotrile (2.2 g, 11.0 mmol) was added. The mixture was refluxed at 90 °C overnight. The product was isolated by removing the solvent under reduced pressure, and then washed with fresh 1,4-dioxane (2 x 3 ml). The resulting bromide salt was converted quantitatively to its hexafluorophosphate counterpart by metathesis reaction using KPF<sub>6</sub> (1.9 g, 10.3 mmol) in 25 ml of methanol. The white precipitate was collected and washed with distilled water (2 x 3 ml) and then left to dry at ambient temperature. Yield: 1.7 g, (48%); *M.p.*: 104–106 °C. Colourless blocks were obtained by slow evaporation of the salt solution in acetonitrile at ambient temperature.

### S3. Refinement

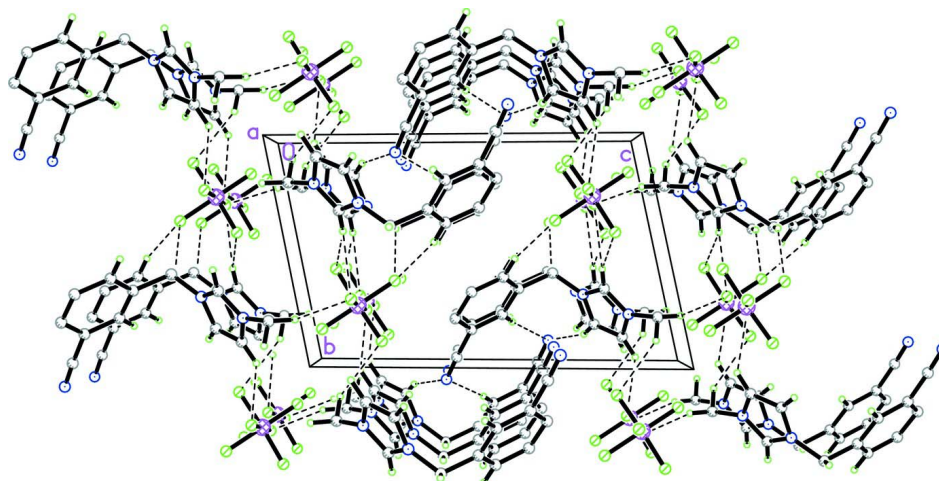
All the H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2$  or  $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  (C—H = 0.95, 0.98 or 0.99 Å). A rotating group model was applied to the methyl group. The hexafluorophosphate anion is disordered over two orientations with refined site occupancies of 0.8071 (17) and 0.1929 (17). In the final refinement, the

outliners (5 - 4 9) and (5 - 2 10) were omitted. The same  $U_{ij}$  parameters were used for atom pairs F5/F5X, F6/F6X and C9/C12.



**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound, showing 50% probability displacement ellipsoids. The minor component is shown by the open bonds.



**Figure 2**

The crystal packing of the title compound, showing the three-dimensional network. Only the major component is shown. H atoms not involved in the intermolecular interactions (dashed lines) have been omitted for clarity.

### 3-(3-Cyanobenzyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-imidazol-3-ium hexafluorophosphate

#### Crystal data

$C_{12}H_{12}N_3^+ \cdot F_6P^-$

$M_r = 343.22$

Triclinic,  $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol:  $-P\ 1$

$a = 5.9782$  (1) Å

$b = 8.7920$  (1) Å

$c = 14.1028$  (2) Å

$\alpha = 77.975$  (1)°

$\beta = 83.279$  (1)°

$\gamma = 86.635$  (1)°

$V = 719.55$  (2) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 348$

$D_x = 1.584$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 6359 reflections

$\theta = 2.5\text{--}32.7^\circ$

$\mu = 0.26$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 100$  K

Block, colourless

$0.43 \times 0.24 \times 0.21$  mm

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD  
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

$\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2009)

$T_{\min} = 0.897$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.949$

14376 measured reflections

5233 independent reflections

4485 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.019$

$\theta_{\max} = 32.7^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.4^\circ$

$h = -8 \rightarrow 8$

$k = -13 \rightarrow 13$

$l = -21 \rightarrow 21$

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.047$

$wR(F^2) = 0.123$

$S = 1.04$

5233 reflections

246 parameters

21 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0569P)^2 + 0.372P]$$

where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.91 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.64 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

*Special details*

**Experimental.** The crystal was placed in the cold stream of an Oxford Cryosystems Cobra open-flow nitrogen cryostat (Cosier & Glazer, 1986) operating at 100.0 (1) K.

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$	Occ. (<1)
P1	0.0915 (2)	0.73349 (10)	0.16370 (8)	0.0173 (2)	0.8071 (17)
F1	0.3566 (2)	0.7033 (2)	0.15625 (12)	0.0487 (4)	0.8071 (17)
F2	0.1025 (4)	0.8343 (3)	0.05737 (16)	0.0487 (6)	0.8071 (17)
F3	-0.1762 (2)	0.75757 (17)	0.17710 (10)	0.0374 (3)	0.8071 (17)
F4	0.0797 (3)	0.6287 (2)	0.27361 (12)	0.0451 (4)	0.8071 (17)
F5	0.0591 (2)	0.57833 (15)	0.12519 (12)	0.0465 (4)	0.8071 (17)
F6	0.1151 (3)	0.88412 (15)	0.20813 (11)	0.0484 (4)	0.8071 (17)
P1X	0.0958 (11)	0.7363 (8)	0.1577 (5)	0.045 (2)	0.1929 (17)
F1X	0.3348 (10)	0.8099 (9)	0.1558 (4)	0.0486 (16)	0.1929 (17)
F2X	0.0465 (16)	0.8713 (10)	0.0645 (7)	0.0324 (16)	0.1929 (17)
F3X	-0.1326 (12)	0.6656 (11)	0.1492 (5)	0.077 (3)	0.1929 (17)
F4X	0.1509 (10)	0.6010 (6)	0.2425 (4)	0.0288 (12)	0.1929 (17)
F5X	0.2115 (10)	0.6342 (6)	0.0790 (5)	0.0465 (4)	0.1929 (17)
F6X	-0.0153 (13)	0.8381 (7)	0.2262 (5)	0.0484 (4)	0.1929 (17)
N1	0.46336 (19)	0.22118 (13)	0.12431 (7)	0.0216 (2)	
N2	0.6288 (2)	0.30531 (13)	0.23067 (8)	0.0233 (2)	
N3	0.8071 (2)	-0.08439 (15)	0.65425 (9)	0.0290 (2)	
C1	0.4607 (2)	0.33312 (14)	0.17476 (9)	0.0229 (2)	
H1A	0.3558	0.4190	0.1715	0.027*	
C2	0.6385 (2)	0.11742 (16)	0.14906 (9)	0.0267 (3)	
H2A	0.6791	0.0262	0.1240	0.032*	
C3	0.7419 (2)	0.16950 (17)	0.21571 (9)	0.0270 (3)	
H3A	0.8686	0.1217	0.2465	0.032*	
C4	0.6750 (3)	0.39959 (17)	0.30071 (10)	0.0312 (3)	
H4A	0.6125	0.5067	0.2803	0.037*	
H4B	0.8399	0.4054	0.3004	0.037*	
C5	0.5724 (2)	0.33138 (14)	0.40301 (9)	0.0238 (2)	
C6	0.3613 (3)	0.38393 (16)	0.43888 (10)	0.0278 (3)	
H6A	0.2810	0.4643	0.3991	0.033*	
C7	0.2671 (2)	0.31960 (17)	0.53257 (11)	0.0288 (3)	

H7A	0.1238	0.3572	0.5565	0.035*
C8	0.3807 (2)	0.20105 (16)	0.59146 (10)	0.0253 (3)
H8A	0.3163	0.1570	0.6554	0.030*
C9	0.5913 (2)	0.14774 (15)	0.55501 (9)	0.02253 (17)
C10	0.6883 (2)	0.21320 (15)	0.46148 (9)	0.0222 (2)
H10A	0.8329	0.1771	0.4379	0.027*
C11	0.3054 (3)	0.21229 (18)	0.05341 (10)	0.0303 (3)
H11A	0.1951	0.2996	0.0509	0.045*
H11B	0.2269	0.1141	0.0732	0.045*
H11C	0.3889	0.2172	-0.0112	0.045*
C12	0.7105 (2)	0.01965 (15)	0.61205 (9)	0.02253 (17)

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
P1	0.0196 (5)	0.0133 (3)	0.0188 (3)	0.0025 (3)	-0.0025 (3)	-0.0035 (3)
F1	0.0187 (5)	0.0593 (9)	0.0658 (10)	-0.0012 (6)	0.0014 (5)	-0.0109 (8)
F2	0.0589 (15)	0.0616 (16)	0.0208 (7)	-0.0189 (10)	-0.0030 (8)	0.0067 (8)
F3	0.0226 (5)	0.0446 (7)	0.0422 (7)	0.0100 (5)	-0.0036 (5)	-0.0058 (6)
F4	0.0442 (9)	0.0523 (10)	0.0318 (8)	-0.0136 (7)	-0.0165 (6)	0.0179 (7)
F5	0.0475 (8)	0.0333 (6)	0.0690 (9)	0.0102 (5)	-0.0183 (7)	-0.0302 (6)
F6	0.0702 (10)	0.0290 (6)	0.0559 (8)	0.0030 (6)	-0.0275 (8)	-0.0211 (6)
P1X	0.019 (3)	0.053 (4)	0.058 (4)	0.001 (2)	-0.007 (2)	0.000 (3)
F1X	0.035 (3)	0.060 (4)	0.047 (3)	-0.026 (3)	-0.014 (2)	0.010 (3)
F2X	0.036 (4)	0.023 (3)	0.028 (3)	0.010 (2)	0.006 (2)	0.008 (2)
F3X	0.047 (4)	0.112 (7)	0.055 (4)	-0.054 (5)	-0.038 (3)	0.056 (5)
F4X	0.039 (3)	0.027 (2)	0.015 (2)	0.012 (2)	-0.0012 (18)	0.0023 (17)
F5X	0.0475 (8)	0.0333 (6)	0.0690 (9)	0.0102 (5)	-0.0183 (7)	-0.0302 (6)
F6X	0.0702 (10)	0.0290 (6)	0.0559 (8)	0.0030 (6)	-0.0275 (8)	-0.0211 (6)
N1	0.0237 (5)	0.0234 (5)	0.0160 (4)	0.0022 (4)	-0.0016 (4)	-0.0014 (4)
N2	0.0265 (5)	0.0237 (5)	0.0181 (4)	-0.0015 (4)	-0.0018 (4)	-0.0006 (4)
N3	0.0273 (6)	0.0320 (6)	0.0274 (5)	0.0024 (5)	-0.0061 (4)	-0.0048 (5)
C1	0.0261 (6)	0.0206 (5)	0.0200 (5)	0.0030 (4)	-0.0013 (4)	-0.0012 (4)
C2	0.0310 (6)	0.0268 (6)	0.0196 (5)	0.0097 (5)	0.0008 (5)	-0.0035 (4)
C3	0.0251 (6)	0.0329 (6)	0.0198 (5)	0.0077 (5)	-0.0013 (4)	-0.0011 (5)
C4	0.0437 (8)	0.0280 (6)	0.0221 (6)	-0.0134 (6)	-0.0048 (5)	-0.0014 (5)
C5	0.0313 (6)	0.0211 (5)	0.0203 (5)	-0.0053 (5)	-0.0054 (5)	-0.0045 (4)
C6	0.0348 (7)	0.0232 (5)	0.0273 (6)	0.0041 (5)	-0.0112 (5)	-0.0068 (5)
C7	0.0285 (6)	0.0296 (6)	0.0297 (6)	0.0070 (5)	-0.0034 (5)	-0.0111 (5)
C8	0.0268 (6)	0.0275 (6)	0.0217 (5)	0.0018 (5)	-0.0006 (5)	-0.0074 (5)
C9	0.0234 (4)	0.0245 (4)	0.0208 (4)	-0.0005 (3)	-0.0034 (3)	-0.0066 (3)
C10	0.0222 (5)	0.0242 (5)	0.0213 (5)	-0.0022 (4)	-0.0029 (4)	-0.0067 (4)
C11	0.0322 (7)	0.0357 (7)	0.0237 (6)	-0.0039 (6)	-0.0067 (5)	-0.0046 (5)
C12	0.0234 (4)	0.0245 (4)	0.0208 (4)	-0.0005 (3)	-0.0034 (3)	-0.0066 (3)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

P1—F2	1.571 (2)	C2—C3	1.351 (2)
P1—F1	1.5860 (17)	C2—H2A	0.9500
P1—F3	1.5964 (17)	C3—H3A	0.9500
P1—F6	1.5983 (15)	C4—C5	1.5141 (19)
P1—F5	1.5993 (14)	C4—H4A	0.9900
P1—F4	1.6257 (18)	C4—H4B	0.9900
P1X—F6X	1.523 (8)	C5—C10	1.3899 (18)
P1X—F4X	1.552 (8)	C5—C6	1.394 (2)
P1X—F3X	1.560 (8)	C6—C7	1.391 (2)
P1X—F1X	1.598 (8)	C6—H6A	0.9500
P1X—F2X	1.619 (10)	C7—C8	1.3875 (19)
P1X—F5X	1.637 (8)	C7—H7A	0.9500
N1—C1	1.3275 (17)	C8—C9	1.3959 (18)
N1—C2	1.3751 (17)	C8—H8A	0.9500
N1—C11	1.4695 (18)	C9—C10	1.3970 (18)
N2—C1	1.3298 (17)	C9—C12	1.4444 (18)
N2—C3	1.3799 (17)	C10—H10A	0.9500
N2—C4	1.4733 (18)	C11—H11A	0.9800
N3—C12	1.1471 (18)	C11—H11B	0.9800
C1—H1A	0.9500	C11—H11C	0.9800
F2—P1—F1	92.46 (13)	N2—C1—H1A	125.6
F2—P1—F3	90.74 (12)	C3—C2—N1	107.16 (12)
F1—P1—F3	176.79 (11)	C3—C2—H2A	126.4
F2—P1—F6	91.41 (12)	N1—C2—H2A	126.4
F1—P1—F6	90.49 (11)	C2—C3—N2	107.07 (12)
F3—P1—F6	89.64 (10)	C2—C3—H3A	126.5
F2—P1—F5	91.54 (13)	N2—C3—H3A	126.5
F1—P1—F5	91.14 (10)	N2—C4—C5	111.59 (11)
F3—P1—F5	88.56 (10)	N2—C4—H4A	109.3
F6—P1—F5	176.57 (12)	C5—C4—H4A	109.3
F2—P1—F4	179.81 (15)	N2—C4—H4B	109.3
F1—P1—F4	87.62 (10)	C5—C4—H4B	109.3
F3—P1—F4	89.18 (10)	H4A—C4—H4B	108.0
F6—P1—F4	88.76 (10)	C10—C5—C6	119.47 (12)
F5—P1—F4	88.29 (10)	C10—C5—C4	119.72 (13)
F6X—P1X—F4X	93.3 (5)	C6—C5—C4	120.81 (13)
F6X—P1X—F3X	92.6 (6)	C7—C6—C5	120.48 (12)
F4X—P1X—F3X	92.2 (5)	C7—C6—H6A	119.8
F6X—P1X—F1X	91.3 (5)	C5—C6—H6A	119.8
F4X—P1X—F1X	91.2 (5)	C8—C7—C6	120.60 (13)
F3X—P1X—F1X	174.7 (6)	C8—C7—H7A	119.7
F6X—P1X—F2X	90.2 (5)	C6—C7—H7A	119.7
F4X—P1X—F2X	176.5 (6)	C7—C8—C9	118.78 (12)
F3X—P1X—F2X	87.9 (6)	C7—C8—H8A	120.6
F1X—P1X—F2X	88.5 (6)	C9—C8—H8A	120.6



F6X—P1X—F5X	176.9 (6)	C8—C9—C10	120.97 (12)
F4X—P1X—F5X	89.9 (4)	C8—C9—C12	120.61 (12)
F3X—P1X—F5X	87.1 (6)	C10—C9—C12	118.39 (12)
F1X—P1X—F5X	88.8 (5)	C5—C10—C9	119.70 (12)
F2X—P1X—F5X	86.6 (5)	C5—C10—H10A	120.2
C1—N1—C2	108.59 (11)	C9—C10—H10A	120.2
C1—N1—C11	125.08 (11)	N1—C11—H11A	109.5
C2—N1—C11	126.33 (12)	N1—C11—H11B	109.5
C1—N2—C3	108.33 (11)	H11A—C11—H11B	109.5
C1—N2—C4	125.08 (12)	N1—C11—H11C	109.5
C3—N2—C4	126.49 (12)	H11A—C11—H11C	109.5
N1—C1—N2	108.85 (11)	H11B—C11—H11C	109.5
N1—C1—H1A	125.6	N3—C12—C9	177.42 (14)
C2—N1—C1—N2	0.34 (14)	N2—C4—C5—C6	-95.13 (16)
C11—N1—C1—N2	-179.13 (12)	C10—C5—C6—C7	0.3 (2)
C3—N2—C1—N1	-0.48 (14)	C4—C5—C6—C7	179.33 (13)
C4—N2—C1—N1	-177.01 (11)	C5—C6—C7—C8	-0.7 (2)
C1—N1—C2—C3	-0.07 (15)	C6—C7—C8—C9	0.1 (2)
C11—N1—C2—C3	179.40 (12)	C7—C8—C9—C10	0.8 (2)
N1—C2—C3—N2	-0.22 (15)	C7—C8—C9—C12	-177.06 (13)
C1—N2—C3—C2	0.43 (15)	C6—C5—C10—C9	0.52 (19)
C4—N2—C3—C2	176.90 (12)	C4—C5—C10—C9	-178.47 (12)
C1—N2—C4—C5	95.87 (16)	C8—C9—C10—C5	-1.09 (19)
C3—N2—C4—C5	-80.04 (18)	C12—C9—C10—C5	176.79 (12)
N2—C4—C5—C10	83.85 (16)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
C1—H1A...F1	0.95	2.46	3.240 (2)	139
C1—H1A...F5	0.95	2.27	3.1715 (18)	159
C2—H2A...F3 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	2.46	3.250 (2)	140
C3—H3A...N3 <sup>ii</sup>	0.95	2.49	3.3970 (19)	160
C4—H4B...F4 <sup>iii</sup>	0.99	2.44	3.177 (2)	131
C6—H6A...F4	0.95	2.43	3.361 (2)	167
C10—H10A...N3 <sup>ii</sup>	0.95	2.56	3.5019 (17)	170
C11—H11B...F6 <sup>iv</sup>	0.98	2.53	3.400 (2)	148
C11—H11C...F1 <sup>v</sup>	0.98	2.41	3.353 (2)	162

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x+1, y-1, z$ ; (ii)  $-x+2, -y, -z+1$ ; (iii)  $x+1, y, z$ ; (iv)  $x, y-1, z$ ; (v)  $-x+1, -y+1, -z$ .