organic compounds

4-[(*E*)-2-(2,4-Dichlorobenzylidene)-hydrazin-1-yl]quinolin-1-ium chloride monohydrate

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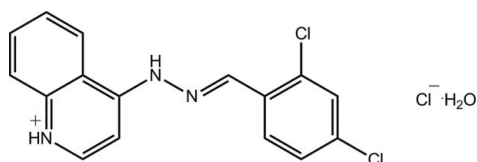
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In the title hydrated salt, $C_{16}H_{12}Cl_2N_3{}^+\cdot Cl^-\cdot H_2O$, there is a small twist in the cation as seen in the torsion angle linking the benzene ring to the rest of the molecule [171.96 (17)°]. In the crystal, the quinolinium H atom forms a hydrogen bond to the lattice water molecule, which also forms hydrogen bonds to two Cl^- anions. Each Cl^- ion also accepts a hydrogen bond from the hydrazine H atom. The three-dimensional architecture is also stabilized by π–π interactions between centrosymmetrically related quinoline residues [centroid–centroid distance = 3.5574 (11) Å].

Related literature

For the biological activity, including anti-tubercular and anti-tumour activity, of compounds containing the quinolinyl nucleus, see: de Souza *et al.* (2009), Candea *et al.* (2009); Montenegro *et al.* (2011, 2012). For related structures, see: Howie *et al.* (2010); de Souza *et al.* (2010).

Experimental

Crystal data

$C_{16}H_{12}Cl_2N_3{}^+\cdot Cl^-\cdot H_2O$	γ = 87.146 (2)°
M_r = 370.65	V = 809.41 (4) Å³
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	Z = 2
a = 7.6815 (2) Å	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
b = 9.7491 (3) Å	μ = 0.57 mm⁻¹
c = 10.8418 (3) Å	T = 120 K
α = 87.831 (2)°	0.10 × 0.09 × 0.08 mm
β = 87.171 (2)°	

Data collection

Bruker–Nonius Roper CCD camera on a κ-goniostat diffractometer	16815 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 2007)	3701 independent reflections
T_{min} = 0.666, T_{max} = 0.746	3016 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	R_{int} = 0.056

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)]$ = 0.041	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2)$ = 0.103	
S = 1.06	$\Delta\rho_{max}$ = 0.36 e Å⁻³
3701 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{min}$ = −0.34 e Å⁻³
220 parameters	
5 restraints	

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N1—H1n···O1w	0.88 (2)	1.80 (2)	2.673 (2)	170 (2)
O1w—H1w···Cl3[i]	0.84 (2)	2.32 (2)	3.1451 (18)	169 (3)
N2—H2n···Cl3	0.88 (1)	2.36 (1)	3.2175 (16)	166 (2)
O1w—H2w···Cl3[ii]	0.84 (2)	2.30 (2)	3.1295 (19)	173 (3)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$; (ii) $x + 1, y - 1, z$.

Data collection: *COLLECT* (Hooft, 1998); cell refinement: *DENZO* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997) and *COLLECT*; data reduction: *DENZO* and *COLLECT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997) and *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

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supporting information

4-[(*E*)-2-(2,4-Dichlorobenzylidene)hydrazin-1-yl]quinolin-1-ium chloride monohydrate

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S1. Comment

A wide range of pharmacological activities have been noted for compounds containing the quinoline nucleus (de Souza *et al.*, 2009), including anti-tubercular (Candea *et al.*, 2009) and anti-tumour (Montenegro *et al.*, 2012) activities. Recently, we have focused attention on arylaldehyde 7-chloroquinoline-4-hydrazone derivatives (Candea *et al.*, 2009; Montenegro *et al.*, 2011). Complementing synthetic studies are crystallographic investigations of the these hydrazones (Howie *et al.*, 2010; de Souza *et al.*, 2010). In this connection, we now wish to report the crystal structure of the title hydrated salt, (I).

The asymmetric unit of (I), Fig. 1, comprises a 4-[(*E*)-2-[(2,4-dichlorophenyl)methylidene]hydrazin-1-ium cation, a chloride anion and a solvent water molecule. There is a small twist about the C10—C11 bond as seen in the value of the N3—C10—C11—C12 torsion angle, *i.e.* 171.96 (17)°. Nevertheless, the entire molecule is approximately planar with the r.m.s. deviation of all 24 non-hydrogen atoms being 0.072 Å. The maximum deviations from the least-squares plane are 0.148 (2) for the C14 atom and -0.130 (1) Å for the Cl1 atom. The conformation about the N3═C10 bond [1.286 (2) Å] is *E*.

There are a number of hydrogen-bonding interactions operating in the crystal structure of (I), Table 1. The pyridinium-H forms a hydrogen bond to the water molecule which links two chloride anions *via* O—H···Cl interactions. Through a centre of inversion, an eight-membered {···HOH···Cl}$_2$ synthon is formed. Finally, the hydrazine-H atom forms a hydrogen bond to the chloride atom. The three-dimensional architecture is also stabilized by π—π interactions between centrosymmetrically related quinolinyl residues [centroid···centroid distance = 3.5574 (11) Å for symmetry operation: 1 - *x*, 1 - *y*, 1 - *z*], Fig. 2.

S2. Experimental

The compound was prepared from 7-chloro-4-quinolinylhydrazone with 2,5-dimethoxybenzaldehyde (Montenegro *et al.*, 2012). The crystals used in the structure determination were grown from an ethanol solution of the compound.

S3. Refinement

The C-bound H atoms were geometrically placed (C—H = 0.95 Å) and refined as riding with U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C). The N-bound and O-bound H-atoms were located in a difference Fourier map and refined with a O—H = 0.84±0.01 Å [U_{iso}(H) = 1.5U_{eq}(O)] and N—H = 0.88±0.01 Å [U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(N)]. Owing to poor agreement, the (1 1 3) reflection was omitted from the final cycles of refinement.
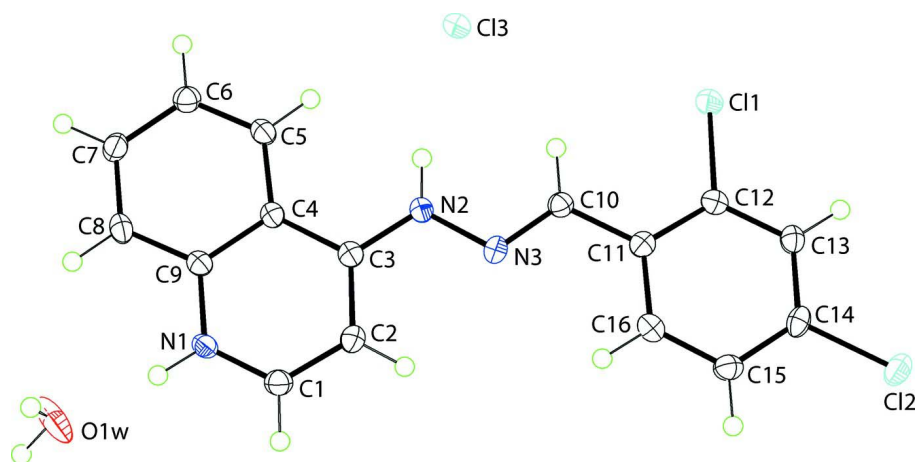
Figure 1
The molecular structure showing the atom-labelling scheme and displacement ellipsoids at the 50% probability level.
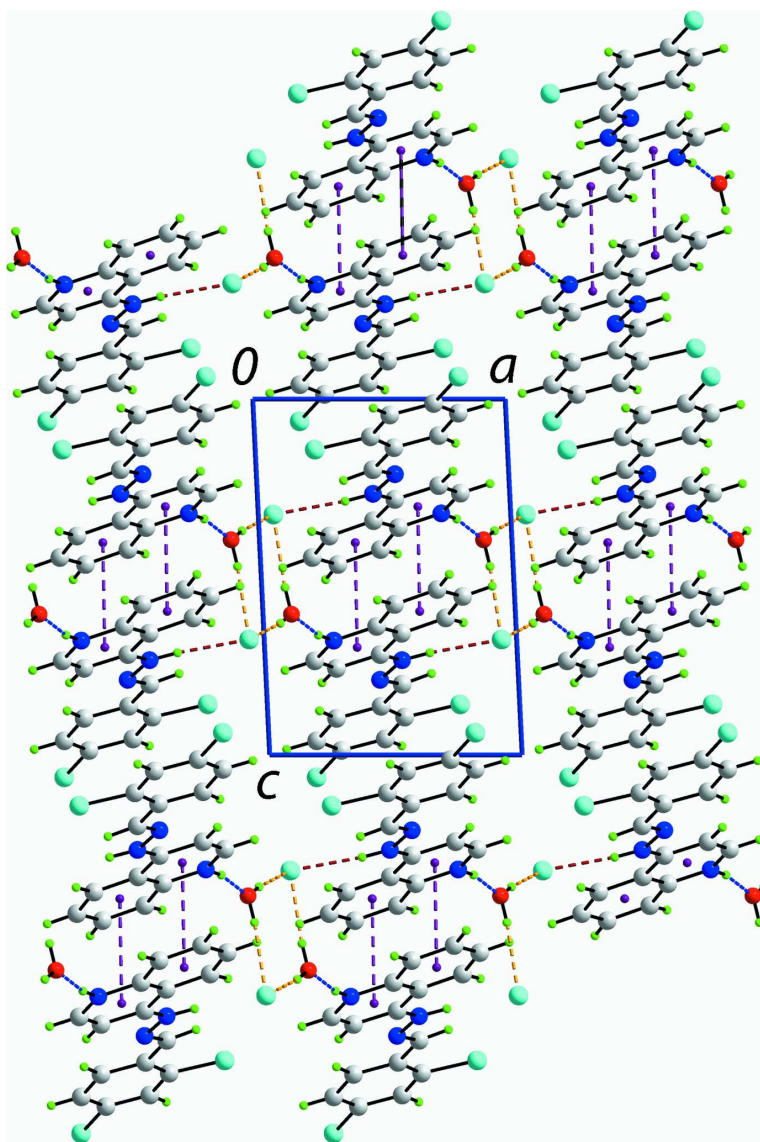
Figure 2

A view in projection down the *b* axis of the unit-cell contents of (I). The O—H⋯Cl, N—H⋯O, N—H⋯Cl and *π*⋯*π*
interactions are shown as orange, blue, brown and purple dashed lines, respectively.

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Crystal data

$C_{16}H_{12}Cl_2N_3^+ \cdot Cl^- \cdot H_2O$	$\gamma = 87.146\ (2)°$
$M_r = 370.65$	$V = 809.41\ (4)\ Å^3$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$Z = 2$
Hall symbol: -P 1	$F(000) = 380$
$a = 7.6815\ (2)\ Å$	$D_x = 1.521\ \mathrm{Mg\ m^{-3}}$
$b = 9.7491\ (3)\ Å$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073\ Å$
$c = 10.8418\ (3)\ Å$	Cell parameters from 10943 reflections
$\alpha = 87.831\ (2)°$	$\theta = 2.9–27.5°$
$\beta = 87.171\ (2)°$	$\mu = 0.57\ \mathrm{mm^{-1}}$

T = 120 K

Block, colourless

0.10 × 0.09 × 0.08 mm

Data collection

Bruker–Nonius Roper CCD camera on a κ-goniostat diffractometer	T_{min} = 0.666, T_{max} = 0.746
Radiation source: Bruker–Nonius FR591 rotating anode	16815 measured reflections
Graphite monochromator	3701 independent reflections
Detector resolution: 9.091 pixels mm^{-1}	3016 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
φ and ω scans	R_{int} = 0.056
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 2007)	θ_{max} = 27.5°, θ_{min} = 3.2°

Bruker–Nonius Roper CCD camera on a κ-goniostat diffractometer

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Graphite monochromator

Detector resolution: 9.091 pixels mm^{-1}

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 2007)

T_{min} = 0.666, T_{max} = 0.746

16815 measured reflections

3701 independent reflections

3016 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

R_{int} = 0.056

θ_{max} = 27.5°, θ_{min} = 3.2°

$h = -9 \rightarrow 9$

$k = -12 \rightarrow 12$

$l = -14 \rightarrow 14$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)]$ = 0.041

$wR(F^2)$ = 0.103

S = 1.06

3701 reflections

220 parameters

5 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0455P)^2 + 0.2111P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{max}$ = 0.001

$\Delta\rho_{max}$ = 0.36 e Å^{-3}

$\Delta\rho_{min}$ = −0.34 e Å^{-3}

Special details

Geometry. All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2, conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F^2. The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) *etc*. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å^2)

	x	y	z	U_{iso}*/U_{eq}
Cl1	0.23598 (6)	1.20701 (5)	0.14241 (5)	0.02343 (14)
Cl2	0.81838 (6)	1.41676 (5)	−0.06262 (5)	0.02564 (14)
N1	0.7250 (2)	0.35248 (17)	0.32132 (15)	0.0184 (3)
H1n	0.785 (2)	0.2747 (14)	0.337 (2)	0.022*
N2	0.4580 (2)	0.72610 (16)	0.26643 (15)	0.0176 (3)
H2n	0.3464 (14)	0.740 (2)	0.2871 (19)	0.021*
N3	0.5488 (2)	0.83194 (16)	0.21124 (14)	0.0177 (3)
C1	0.8043 (3)	0.4576 (2)	0.26455 (18)	0.0207 (4)
H1	0.9235	0.4453	0.2378	0.025*
C2	0.7194 (2)	0.5834 (2)	0.24339 (17)	0.0196 (4)
H2	0.7794	0.6566	0.2029	0.024*
C3	0.5435 (2)	0.60214 (19)	0.28223 (16)	0.0161 (4)

C4	0.4548 (2)	0.48914 (19)	0.34195 (16)	0.0157 (4)
C5	0.2776 (2)	0.4957 (2)	0.38498 (17)	0.0186 (4)
H5	0.2080	0.5778	0.3719	0.022*
C6	0.2056 (3)	0.3845 (2)	0.44529 (18)	0.0207 (4)
H6	0.0868	0.3907	0.4742	0.025*
C7	0.3057 (3)	0.2609 (2)	0.46494 (18)	0.0218 (4)
H7	0.2544	0.1849	0.5074	0.026*
C8	0.4769 (3)	0.2506 (2)	0.42284 (18)	0.0202 (4)
H8	0.5441	0.1672	0.4353	0.024*
C9	0.5527 (2)	0.36373 (19)	0.36120 (16)	0.0167 (4)
C10	0.4620 (2)	0.94746 (19)	0.19875 (17)	0.0176 (4)
H10	0.3440	0.9576	0.2288	0.021*
C11	0.5500 (2)	1.06322 (19)	0.13685 (17)	0.0171 (4)
C12	0.4584 (2)	1.18619 (19)	0.10639 (17)	0.0174 (4)
C13	0.5395 (2)	1.2951 (2)	0.04510 (17)	0.0190 (4)
H13	0.4754	1.3783	0.0258	0.023*
C14	0.7152 (3)	1.27973 (19)	0.01280 (17)	0.0193 (4)
C15	0.8113 (2)	1.1589 (2)	0.04001 (18)	0.0210 (4)
H15	0.9317	1.1491	0.0157	0.025*
C16	0.7286 (3)	1.0533 (2)	0.10297 (18)	0.0207 (4)
H16	0.7945	0.9715	0.1241	0.025*
Cl3	0.05983 (6)	0.83146 (5)	0.32453 (5)	0.02497 (14)
O1w	0.8874 (3)	0.11709 (18)	0.39542 (16)	0.0445 (5)
H1w	0.908 (4)	0.119 (3)	0.4704 (12)	0.067*
H2w	0.933 (4)	0.0432 (19)	0.370 (3)	0.067*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cl1	0.0168 (2)	0.0208 (3)	0.0321 (3)	0.00144 (18)	0.00122 (19)	0.0017 (2)
Cl2	0.0283 (3)	0.0229 (3)	0.0258 (3)	−0.0093 (2)	0.0037 (2)	0.0014 (2)
N1	0.0188 (8)	0.0192 (8)	0.0164 (8)	0.0052 (7)	0.0006 (6)	0.0008 (7)
N2	0.0171 (8)	0.0150 (8)	0.0206 (8)	0.0000 (6)	−0.0001 (6)	0.0007 (6)
N3	0.0196 (8)	0.0164 (8)	0.0173 (8)	−0.0033 (6)	−0.0013 (6)	0.0015 (6)
C1	0.0190 (9)	0.0238 (10)	0.0187 (10)	0.0020 (8)	0.0007 (8)	0.0009 (8)
C2	0.0209 (9)	0.0189 (10)	0.0187 (10)	−0.0016 (8)	0.0001 (8)	0.0026 (8)
C3	0.0198 (9)	0.0174 (9)	0.0112 (8)	0.0004 (7)	−0.0021 (7)	−0.0019 (7)
C4	0.0186 (9)	0.0162 (9)	0.0125 (9)	0.0005 (7)	−0.0026 (7)	−0.0007 (7)
C5	0.0201 (9)	0.0176 (10)	0.0177 (9)	0.0032 (8)	−0.0018 (8)	−0.0009 (7)
C6	0.0208 (10)	0.0207 (10)	0.0205 (10)	−0.0015 (8)	0.0008 (8)	−0.0019 (8)
C7	0.0257 (10)	0.0189 (10)	0.0204 (10)	−0.0030 (8)	0.0020 (8)	0.0022 (8)
C8	0.0270 (10)	0.0154 (9)	0.0180 (10)	0.0022 (8)	−0.0031 (8)	0.0011 (7)
C9	0.0190 (9)	0.0179 (10)	0.0131 (9)	0.0020 (8)	−0.0017 (7)	−0.0022 (7)
C10	0.0176 (9)	0.0182 (10)	0.0169 (9)	−0.0005 (8)	−0.0001 (7)	−0.0003 (7)
C11	0.0187 (9)	0.0180 (10)	0.0150 (9)	−0.0025 (7)	−0.0009 (7)	−0.0021 (7)
C12	0.0163 (9)	0.0187 (10)	0.0175 (9)	−0.0004 (7)	−0.0019 (7)	−0.0034 (7)
C13	0.0229 (10)	0.0162 (9)	0.0179 (10)	−0.0009 (8)	−0.0013 (8)	0.0010 (7)
C14	0.0247 (10)	0.0169 (10)	0.0172 (9)	−0.0078 (8)	−0.0023 (8)	−0.0005 (7)

C15	0.0173 (9)	0.0230 (10)	0.0229 (10)	−0.0020 (8)	0.0008 (8)	−0.0031 (8)
C16	0.0210 (10)	0.0186 (10)	0.0225 (10)	0.0020 (8)	−0.0024 (8)	−0.0016 (8)
Cl3	0.0219 (3)	0.0205 (3)	0.0312 (3)	0.00329 (19)	0.0060 (2)	0.0001 (2)
O1w	0.0646 (12)	0.0317 (9)	0.0356 (10)	0.0289 (9)	−0.0141 (9)	−0.0066 (8)

Geometric parameters (Å, º)

Cl1—C12	1.7374 (19)	C6—H6	0.9500
Cl2—C14	1.7435 (19)	C7—C8	1.371 (3)
N1—C1	1.334 (3)	C7—H7	0.9500
N1—C9	1.372 (2)	C8—C9	1.404 (3)
N1—H1n	0.884 (9)	C8—H8	0.9500
N2—C3	1.355 (2)	C10—C11	1.468 (3)
N2—N3	1.376 (2)	C10—H10	0.9500
N2—H2n	0.881 (9)	C11—C12	1.396 (3)
N3—C10	1.286 (2)	C11—C16	1.402 (3)
C1—C2	1.377 (3)	C12—C13	1.388 (3)
C1—H1	0.9500	C13—C14	1.380 (3)
C2—C3	1.401 (3)	C13—H13	0.9500
C2—H2	0.9500	C14—C15	1.389 (3)
C3—C4	1.440 (3)	C15—C16	1.377 (3)
C4—C9	1.418 (2)	C15—H15	0.9500
C4—C5	1.416 (3)	C16—H16	0.9500
C5—C6	1.371 (3)	O1w—H1w	0.836 (10)
C5—H5	0.9500	O1w—H2w	0.834 (10)
C6—C7	1.412 (3)		
C1—N1—C9	121.52 (16)	C7—C8—C9	119.77 (17)
C1—N1—H1n	119.8 (14)	C7—C8—H8	120.1
C9—N1—H1n	118.6 (14)	C9—C8—H8	120.1
C3—N2—N3	118.12 (16)	N1—C9—C8	119.09 (16)
C3—N2—H2n	122.5 (14)	N1—C9—C4	119.98 (17)
N3—N2—H2n	119.3 (14)	C8—C9—C4	120.93 (17)
C10—N3—N2	115.69 (16)	N3—C10—C11	118.31 (17)
N1—C1—C2	122.28 (18)	N3—C10—H10	120.8
N1—C1—H1	118.9	C11—C10—H10	120.8
C2—C1—H1	118.9	C12—C11—C16	117.33 (17)
C1—C2—C3	119.17 (18)	C12—C11—C10	121.41 (17)
C1—C2—H2	120.4	C16—C11—C10	121.24 (17)
C3—C2—H2	120.4	C13—C12—C11	121.87 (17)
N2—C3—C2	120.53 (17)	C13—C12—Cl1	117.49 (14)
N2—C3—C4	120.06 (17)	C11—C12—Cl1	120.64 (15)
C2—C3—C4	119.39 (17)	C14—C13—C12	118.55 (18)
C9—C4—C5	117.85 (17)	C14—C13—H13	120.7
C9—C4—C3	117.65 (17)	C12—C13—H13	120.7
C5—C4—C3	124.49 (17)	C13—C14—C15	121.63 (18)
C6—C5—C4	120.52 (17)	C13—C14—Cl2	118.79 (15)
C6—C5—H5	119.7	C15—C14—Cl2	119.58 (15)

C4—C5—H5	119.7	C16—C15—C14	118.69 (18)
C5—C6—C7	120.85 (18)	C16—C15—H15	120.7
C5—C6—H6	119.6	C14—C15—H15	120.7
C7—C6—H6	119.6	C15—C16—C11	121.90 (18)
C8—C7—C6	120.07 (18)	C15—C16—H16	119.0
C8—C7—H7	120.0	C11—C16—H16	119.0
C6—C7—H7	120.0	H1w—O1w—H2w	107 (3)
C3—N2—N3—C10	−179.79 (16)	C5—C4—C9—N1	−179.89 (16)
C9—N1—C1—C2	0.5 (3)	C3—C4—C9—N1	−1.2 (3)
N1—C1—C2—C3	−0.2 (3)	C5—C4—C9—C8	−1.1 (3)
N3—N2—C3—C2	0.1 (3)	C3—C4—C9—C8	177.65 (16)
N3—N2—C3—C4	178.67 (15)	N2—N3—C10—C11	−178.02 (15)
C1—C2—C3—N2	177.78 (17)	N3—C10—C11—C12	171.96 (17)
C1—C2—C3—C4	−0.8 (3)	N3—C10—C11—C16	−6.3 (3)
N2—C3—C4—C9	−177.12 (16)	C16—C11—C12—C13	0.0 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C9	1.5 (3)	C10—C11—C12—C13	−178.37 (17)
N2—C3—C4—C5	1.5 (3)	C16—C11—C12—Cl1	178.98 (14)
C2—C3—C4—C5	−179.93 (17)	C10—C11—C12—Cl1	0.6 (3)
C9—C4—C5—C6	1.2 (3)	C11—C12—C13—C14	0.6 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	−177.37 (17)	Cl1—C12—C13—C14	−178.43 (14)
C4—C5—C6—C7	−0.5 (3)	C12—C13—C14—C15	0.1 (3)
C5—C6—C7—C8	−0.4 (3)	C12—C13—C14—Cl2	−179.28 (14)
C6—C7—C8—C9	0.6 (3)	C13—C14—C15—C16	−1.3 (3)
C1—N1—C9—C8	−178.63 (17)	Cl2—C14—C15—C16	178.04 (15)
C1—N1—C9—C4	0.2 (3)	C14—C15—C16—C11	1.9 (3)
C7—C8—C9—N1	178.98 (17)	C12—C11—C16—C15	−1.3 (3)
C7—C8—C9—C4	0.1 (3)	C10—C11—C16—C15	177.08 (17)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, º)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
N1—H1n···O1w	0.88 (2)	1.80 (2)	2.673 (2)	170 (2)
O1w—H1w···Cl3[i]	0.84 (2)	2.32 (2)	3.1451 (18)	169 (3)
N2—H2n···Cl3	0.88 (1)	2.36 (1)	3.2175 (16)	166 (2)
O1w—H2w···Cl3[ii]	0.84 (2)	2.30 (2)	3.1295 (19)	173 (3)

Symmetry codes: (i) −x+1, −y+1, −z+1; (ii) x+1, y−1, z.