

2-Hydroxyanilinium 3,5-dinitrobenzoate

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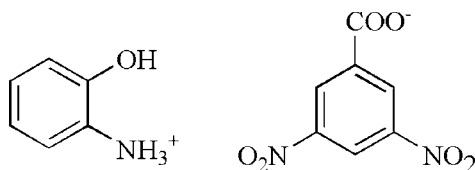
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 297$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.011$ Å; R factor = 0.084; wR factor = 0.218; data-to-parameter ratio = 8.3.

In the title molecular salt, $\text{C}_6\text{H}_8\text{NO}^+\cdot\text{C}_7\text{H}_3\text{N}_2\text{O}_6^-$, which crystallizes in the chiral monoclinic space group $P2_1$, the achiral components assemble by three different $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$, one $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ and one $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds into two-stranded chains running parallel to [010]. The dihedral angles between the carboxy group and the two nitro groups and the mean plane of their attached benzene ring are 24.5 (9), 6.1 (6) and 13.0 (1)°, respectively.

Related literature

For background to supramolecular structures and hydrogen bonding, see: Burrows (2004); Desiraju (2002); Steiner (2002). For related structures, see: Wang *et al.* (2008).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_6\text{H}_8\text{NO}^+\cdot\text{C}_7\text{H}_3\text{N}_2\text{O}_6^-$
 $M_r = 321.25$
Monoclinic, $P2_1$
 $a = 9.4988$ (19) Å

$b = 6.0803$ (12) Å
 $c = 12.109$ (2) Å
 $\beta = 95.21$ (3)°
 $V = 696.5$ (2) Å³

$Z = 2$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.13$ mm⁻¹

$T = 297$ K
 $0.35 \times 0.22 \times 0.20$ mm

Data collection

Rigaku Mercury2 diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(CrystalClear; Rigaku, 2005)
 $T_{\min} = 0.967$, $T_{\max} = 0.975$

7134 measured reflections
1733 independent reflections
1209 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.098$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.084$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.218$
 $S = 1.05$
1733 reflections
210 parameters

1 restraint
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.38$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.28$ e Å⁻³

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{O7}-\text{H8}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{i}}$	0.82	1.78	2.603 (7)	179
$\text{N3}-\text{H9}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.89	1.90	2.771 (8)	168
$\text{N3}-\text{H10}\cdots\text{O7}^{\text{iii}}$	0.89	2.02	2.870 (8)	159
$\text{N3}-\text{H11}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{i}}$	0.89	1.89	2.763 (8)	166
$\text{C12}-\text{H7}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.93	2.53	3.240 (9)	134

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y, z + 1$; (ii) $x, y + 1, z + 1$; (iii) $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + 1$.

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 2005); cell refinement: *CrystalClear*; data reduction: *CrystalClear*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: QK2032).

References

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supporting information

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S1. Comment

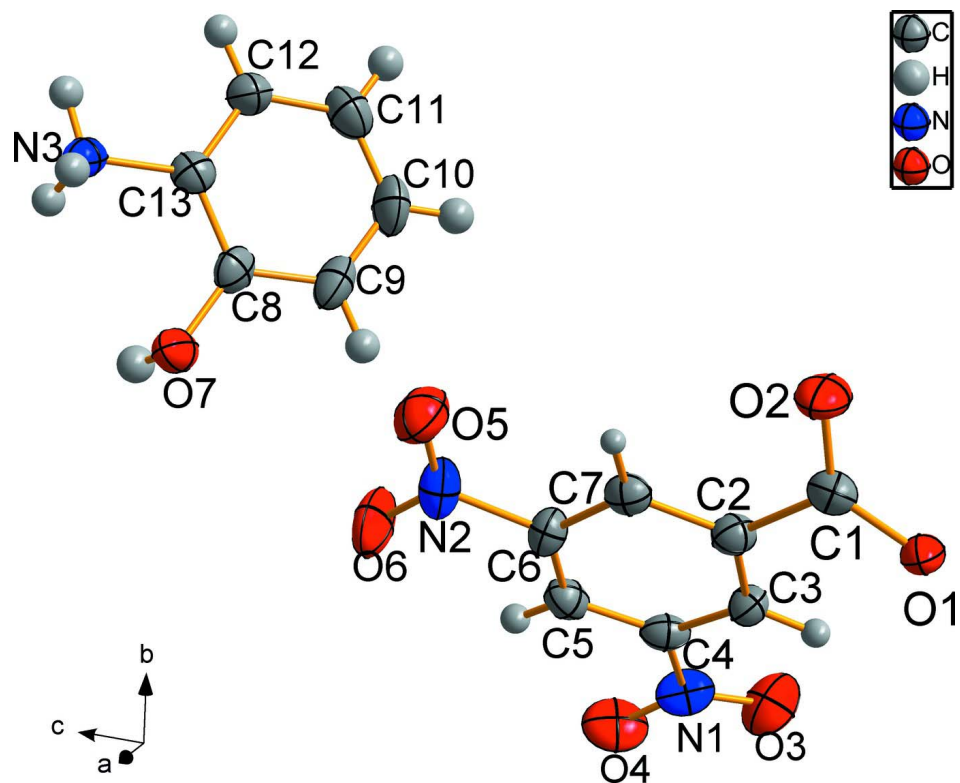
The synthesis of multicomponent organic substances is of interest for obtaining supramolecular materials with potentially useful applications. In synthesizing such materials it is important to consider that the components contain complementary functional groups to build up links by suitable supramolecular interactions (Desiraju, 2002; Burrows, 2004). A very general way to achieve this goal is to employ components containing several matching functional groups with good hydrogen bond donor and acceptor capabilities combined with suitable backbones that bear the functional groups (Steiner, 2002). Following this strategy the title compound was synthesized from 2-hydroxyaniline and 3,5-dinitrobenzoic acid and was studied by X-ray diffraction. It is a proton-transfer salt, $C_6H_8NO^+ \cdot C_7H_3N_2O_6^-$, that is built up from two achiral components but crystallizes in the chiral space group $P2_1$ with one molecule of a 2-hydroxyanilinium cation and one molecule of a 3,5-dinitrobenzoate anion in the asymmetric unit (Fig. 1). The protonized amino group ($-\text{NH}_3^+$), which is a good hydrogen-bond donor (Wang *et al.* 2008), donates two hydrogen bonds to the carboxylate oxygen atoms O1 and O2 of two adjacent 3,5-dinitrobenzoate anions and to the hydroxy oxygen O7 of another 2-hydroxyanilinium cation (Table 1). The hydroxy group of the 2-hydroxyanilinium cation in turn donates a hydrogen bond to a carboxylate oxygen O1 of a third 3,5-dinitrobenzoate anion. In this way a two-stranded infinite hydrogen bond chain is formed along [010], as shown in Fig. 2. This chain is reinforced by a weak intra-chain $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ bond (last entry in Table 1). The chain has Z-shaped cross section (Fig. 2). The mutual coherence between these chains is provided by van der Waals interactions, which involve also nitro oxygen atoms. Ring-ring $\pi-\pi$ stacking contacts are missing in this structure.

S2. Experimental

The title compound was obtained by room temperature evaporation of a methanol solution containing 2-aminophenol and 3,5-dinitrobenzoic acid in stoichiometric 1:1 amounts.

S3. Refinement

All H atoms were placed in calculated positions with $\text{C}-\text{H} = 0.93 \text{ \AA}$, $\text{O}-\text{H} = 0.82 \text{ \AA}$, and $\text{N}-\text{H} = 0.89 \text{ \AA}$, and were refined as riding with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{N or O})$, and refined in riding mode. Owing to insignificant anomalous dispersion effects the absolute structure could not be determined and the 1429 Friedel pairs were merged in the final refinement with all $\delta f''$ set to zero.

**Figure 1**

View of asymmetric unit with atom labels and displacement ellipsoids for non-H atoms drawn at the 50% probability level.

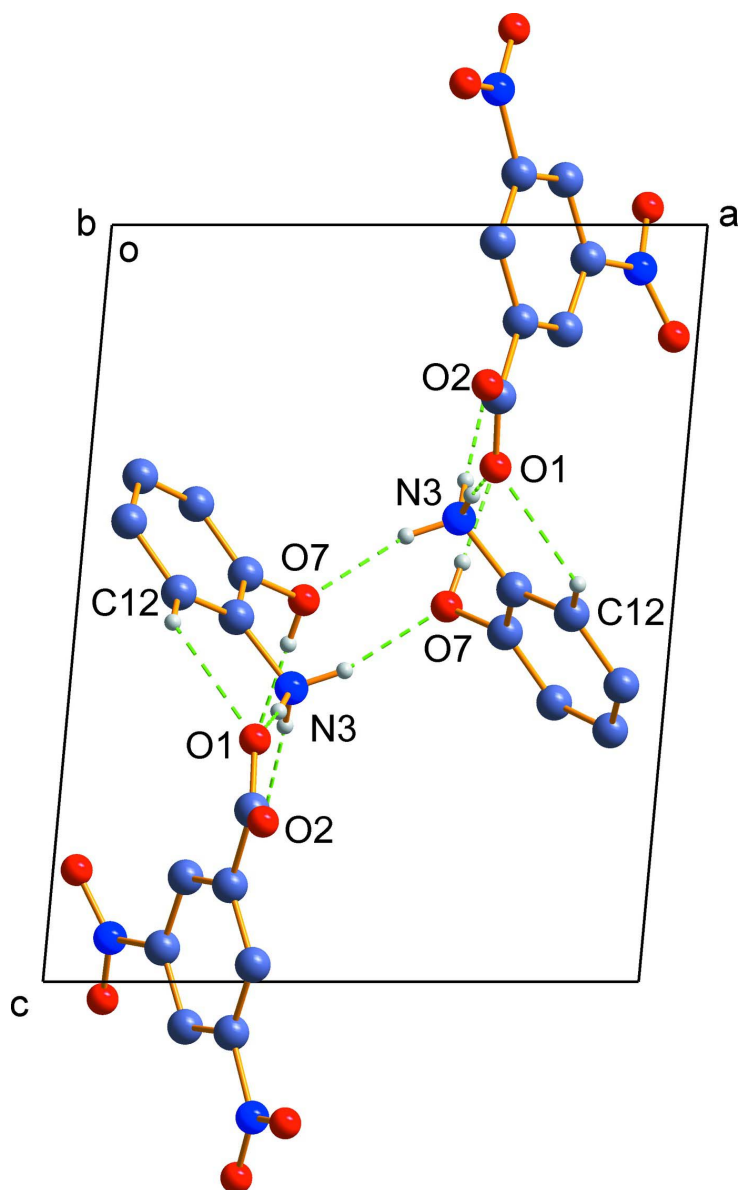


Figure 2

A two-stranded hydrogen bonded chain viewed along the chain direction [010]. Hydrogens not involved in hydrogen bonds are omitted for clarity. Hydrogen bonds are shown by dashed lines.

2-Hydroxyanilinium 3,5-dinitrobenzoate

Crystal data

$C_6H_8NO^+ \cdot C_7H_3N_2O_6^-$

$M_r = 321.25$

Monoclinic, $P2_1$

Hall symbol: P 2yb

$a = 9.4988 (19) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 6.0803 (12) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 12.109 (2) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 95.21 (3)^\circ$

$V = 696.5 (2) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 332$

$D_x = 1.532 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 7134 reflections

$\theta = 27.5\text{--}3.4^\circ$

$\mu = 0.13 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 297$ K 0.35 × 0.22 × 0.20 mm
 Block, colorless

Data collection

Rigaku Mercury2 diffractometer	7134 measured reflections 1733 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	1209 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Graphite monochromator	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.098$
Detector resolution: 8.366 pixels mm ⁻¹	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 3.4^\circ$
ω and φ scans	$h = -12 \rightarrow 12$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrystalClear; Rigaku, 2005)	$k = -7 \rightarrow 7$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.967$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.975$	$l = -15 \rightarrow 15$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
Least-squares matrix: full	H-atom parameters constrained
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.084$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0791P)^2 + 1.2502P]$
$wR(F^2) = 0.218$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$S = 1.05$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
1733 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.38 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
210 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.28 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
1 restraint	Extinction correction: <i>SHELXL97</i> (Sheldrick, 2008), $F_c^* = kFc[1 + 0.001x\text{Fc}^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction coefficient: 0.072 (14)
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map	

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.3248 (7)	0.2505 (12)	-0.2268 (6)	0.0325 (16)
C2	0.2992 (7)	0.1113 (12)	-0.1273 (6)	0.0314 (16)
C3	0.2233 (7)	-0.0841 (11)	-0.1380 (5)	0.0294 (15)
H1	0.1912	-0.1357	-0.2082	0.035*
C4	0.1951 (8)	-0.2021 (12)	-0.0450 (6)	0.0323 (16)
C5	0.2459 (8)	-0.1379 (13)	0.0596 (6)	0.0349 (16)
H2	0.2290	-0.2195	0.1220	0.042*
C6	0.3243 (7)	0.0559 (13)	0.0675 (5)	0.0320 (16)
C7	0.3495 (7)	0.1844 (12)	-0.0223 (5)	0.0309 (15)
H3	0.3988	0.3162	-0.0129	0.037*
N1	0.1063 (7)	-0.3963 (12)	-0.0578 (6)	0.0427 (16)
O1	0.3190 (6)	0.1545 (8)	-0.3201 (4)	0.0413 (14)

O2	0.3450 (7)	0.4499 (9)	-0.2114 (5)	0.0498 (15)
O3	0.0399 (7)	-0.4290 (12)	-0.1476 (5)	0.0618 (19)
O4	0.1028 (7)	-0.5164 (11)	0.0228 (6)	0.0597 (18)
N2	0.3724 (7)	0.1352 (13)	0.1794 (5)	0.0453 (18)
O5	0.4282 (7)	0.3173 (11)	0.1871 (5)	0.0571 (17)
O6	0.3546 (8)	0.0204 (12)	0.2592 (4)	0.063 (2)
C8	0.2779 (8)	0.4903 (13)	0.4615 (6)	0.0352 (17)
C9	0.1846 (9)	0.4540 (16)	0.3689 (6)	0.047 (2)
H4	0.1890	0.3219	0.3306	0.056*
C10	0.0863 (9)	0.6070 (18)	0.3322 (7)	0.054 (2)
H5	0.0272	0.5818	0.2679	0.064*
C11	0.0747 (9)	0.8013 (17)	0.3917 (7)	0.051 (2)
H6	0.0045	0.9026	0.3691	0.062*
C12	0.1687 (8)	0.8452 (15)	0.4857 (6)	0.0425 (18)
H7	0.1630	0.9760	0.5248	0.051*
C13	0.2689 (7)	0.6899 (13)	0.5182 (6)	0.0326 (15)
O7	0.3797 (6)	0.3374 (10)	0.4957 (4)	0.0444 (14)
H8	0.3601	0.2810	0.5539	0.067*
N3	0.3724 (6)	0.7298 (10)	0.6120 (5)	0.0339 (14)
H9	0.3537	0.8575	0.6435	0.051*
H10	0.4585	0.7345	0.5887	0.051*
H11	0.3683	0.6219	0.6613	0.051*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.032 (4)	0.029 (4)	0.037 (4)	0.002 (3)	0.003 (3)	0.002 (3)
C2	0.033 (4)	0.030 (4)	0.032 (4)	0.001 (3)	0.007 (3)	-0.001 (3)
C3	0.032 (4)	0.029 (4)	0.028 (3)	-0.001 (3)	0.004 (3)	-0.003 (3)
C4	0.030 (4)	0.026 (4)	0.043 (4)	0.002 (3)	0.011 (3)	0.000 (3)
C5	0.037 (4)	0.034 (4)	0.034 (4)	0.005 (3)	0.009 (3)	0.007 (3)
C6	0.032 (4)	0.039 (4)	0.026 (3)	-0.003 (3)	0.003 (3)	-0.004 (3)
C7	0.026 (3)	0.031 (4)	0.035 (3)	0.001 (3)	0.003 (3)	-0.001 (3)
N1	0.033 (3)	0.038 (4)	0.059 (4)	-0.009 (3)	0.017 (3)	-0.004 (3)
O1	0.071 (4)	0.025 (3)	0.028 (3)	0.004 (3)	0.002 (2)	-0.002 (2)
O2	0.081 (4)	0.025 (3)	0.044 (3)	-0.007 (3)	0.010 (3)	0.000 (2)
O3	0.060 (4)	0.062 (4)	0.064 (4)	-0.032 (4)	0.004 (3)	-0.017 (3)
O4	0.059 (4)	0.041 (3)	0.082 (4)	-0.017 (3)	0.021 (3)	0.007 (4)
N2	0.039 (4)	0.064 (5)	0.032 (3)	-0.004 (4)	-0.001 (3)	-0.002 (3)
O5	0.069 (4)	0.050 (4)	0.052 (3)	-0.011 (4)	0.000 (3)	-0.010 (3)
O6	0.087 (5)	0.075 (5)	0.028 (3)	-0.019 (4)	0.003 (3)	0.001 (3)
C8	0.042 (4)	0.039 (4)	0.025 (3)	-0.005 (3)	0.008 (3)	-0.001 (3)
C9	0.058 (5)	0.049 (5)	0.033 (4)	-0.020 (5)	0.002 (4)	-0.007 (4)
C10	0.048 (5)	0.070 (7)	0.039 (4)	-0.010 (5)	-0.013 (4)	-0.001 (4)
C11	0.044 (5)	0.056 (6)	0.053 (5)	0.003 (4)	-0.004 (4)	0.010 (4)
C12	0.046 (5)	0.034 (4)	0.046 (4)	0.002 (4)	-0.001 (3)	-0.003 (4)
C13	0.030 (3)	0.032 (4)	0.036 (4)	-0.005 (3)	0.006 (3)	0.004 (3)
O7	0.059 (4)	0.039 (3)	0.035 (3)	0.008 (3)	0.005 (2)	0.001 (3)

N3	0.040 (3)	0.027 (3)	0.035 (3)	-0.001 (3)	0.006 (2)	0.000 (3)
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Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—O2	1.239 (9)	N2—O5	1.228 (10)
C1—O1	1.269 (8)	C8—O7	1.378 (9)
C1—C2	1.510 (10)	C8—C9	1.382 (10)
C2—C7	1.390 (9)	C8—C13	1.401 (10)
C2—C3	1.390 (10)	C9—C10	1.364 (14)
C3—C4	1.383 (9)	C9—H4	0.9300
C3—H1	0.9300	C10—C11	1.393 (14)
C4—C5	1.370 (10)	C10—H5	0.9300
C4—N1	1.451 (10)	C11—C12	1.407 (11)
C5—C6	1.393 (11)	C11—H6	0.9300
C5—H2	0.9300	C12—C13	1.373 (11)
C6—C7	1.377 (9)	C12—H7	0.9300
C6—N2	1.472 (9)	C13—N3	1.453 (9)
C7—H3	0.9300	O7—H8	0.8200
N1—O4	1.222 (9)	N3—H9	0.8900
N1—O3	1.223 (9)	N3—H10	0.8900
N2—O6	1.216 (9)	N3—H11	0.8900
O2—C1—O1	125.2 (7)	O5—N2—C6	117.5 (7)
O2—C1—C2	117.6 (7)	O7—C8—C9	121.1 (7)
O1—C1—C2	117.1 (6)	O7—C8—C13	120.6 (6)
C7—C2—C3	119.4 (6)	C9—C8—C13	118.2 (8)
C7—C2—C1	118.9 (6)	C10—C9—C8	121.6 (8)
C3—C2—C1	121.6 (6)	C10—C9—H4	119.2
C4—C3—C2	120.3 (6)	C8—C9—H4	119.2
C4—C3—H1	119.9	C9—C10—C11	119.6 (7)
C2—C3—H1	119.9	C9—C10—H5	120.2
C5—C4—C3	121.8 (7)	C11—C10—H5	120.2
C5—C4—N1	118.9 (6)	C10—C11—C12	120.3 (8)
C3—C4—N1	119.2 (6)	C10—C11—H6	119.8
C4—C5—C6	116.4 (6)	C12—C11—H6	119.8
C4—C5—H2	121.8	C13—C12—C11	118.3 (8)
C6—C5—H2	121.8	C13—C12—H7	120.8
C7—C6—C5	123.8 (6)	C11—C12—H7	120.8
C7—C6—N2	118.6 (7)	C12—C13—C8	121.8 (7)
C5—C6—N2	117.3 (6)	C12—C13—N3	120.8 (7)
C6—C7—C2	118.1 (7)	C8—C13—N3	117.5 (6)
C6—C7—H3	121.0	C8—O7—H8	109.5
C2—C7—H3	121.0	C13—N3—H9	109.5
O4—N1—O3	124.3 (7)	C13—N3—H10	109.5
O4—N1—C4	117.3 (7)	H9—N3—H10	109.5
O3—N1—C4	118.4 (7)	C13—N3—H11	109.5
O6—N2—O5	123.2 (7)	H9—N3—H11	109.5
O6—N2—C6	119.3 (7)	H10—N3—H11	109.5

O2—C1—C2—C7	-23.9 (10)	C5—C4—N1—O3	166.3 (7)
O1—C1—C2—C7	158.5 (6)	C3—C4—N1—O3	-12.2 (10)
O2—C1—C2—C3	154.2 (7)	C7—C6—N2—O6	-177.8 (7)
O1—C1—C2—C3	-23.4 (10)	C5—C6—N2—O6	7.0 (10)
C7—C2—C3—C4	1.5 (10)	C7—C6—N2—O5	2.8 (10)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-176.6 (6)	C5—C6—N2—O5	-172.4 (7)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-3.2 (11)	O7—C8—C9—C10	-178.0 (8)
C2—C3—C4—N1	175.2 (6)	C13—C8—C9—C10	0.3 (12)
C3—C4—C5—C6	1.7 (10)	C8—C9—C10—C11	-2.8 (13)
N1—C4—C5—C6	-176.7 (6)	C9—C10—C11—C12	3.3 (13)
C4—C5—C6—C7	1.4 (10)	C10—C11—C12—C13	-1.5 (12)
C4—C5—C6—N2	176.3 (6)	C11—C12—C13—C8	-1.0 (11)
C5—C6—C7—C2	-3.0 (10)	C11—C12—C13—N3	177.6 (7)
N2—C6—C7—C2	-177.8 (6)	O7—C8—C13—C12	179.9 (7)
C3—C2—C7—C6	1.4 (10)	C9—C8—C13—C12	1.6 (11)
C1—C2—C7—C6	179.6 (6)	O7—C8—C13—N3	1.3 (9)
C5—C4—N1—O4	-13.4 (10)	C9—C8—C13—N3	-177.0 (7)
C3—C4—N1—O4	168.1 (7)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
O7—H8 \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.82	1.78	2.603 (7)	179
N3—H9 \cdots O1 ⁱⁱ	0.89	1.90	2.771 (8)	168
N3—H10 \cdots O7 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.89	2.02	2.870 (8)	159
N3—H11 \cdots O2 ⁱ	0.89	1.89	2.763 (8)	166
C12—H7 \cdots O1 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.53	3.240 (9)	134

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y, z+1$; (ii) $x, y+1, z+1$; (iii) $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+1$.