

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

Bis(butan-1-aminium) naphthalene-1,5-disulfonate

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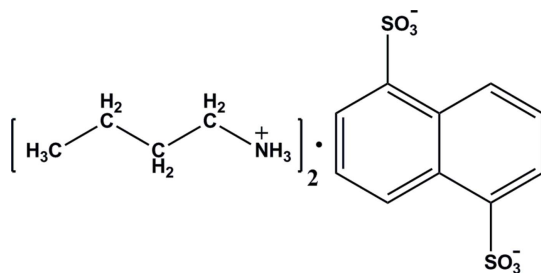
Received 16 April 2012; accepted 26 April 2012

 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.038; wR factor = 0.094; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.1.

In the title compound, $2\text{C}_4\text{H}_{12}\text{N}^+\cdot\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_6\text{O}_6\text{S}_2^{2-}$, the anion lies on an inversion center, so the asymmetric unit contains half an anion and one cation which are linked by a strong $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bond. The crystal structure comprises discrete ions, which are linked into centrosymmetric $R_4^4(12)$ loops by $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ interactions.

Related literature

For related structures, see: Jin (2011*a,b*, 2012). For hydrogen-bond motifs, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $2\text{C}_4\text{H}_{12}\text{N}^+\cdot\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_6\text{O}_6\text{S}_2^{2-}$
 $M_r = 434.56$

 Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 8.1532$ (16) Å

 $b = 9.2582$ (19) Å

 $c = 14.108$ (5) Å

 $\beta = 108.02$ (3)°
 $V = 1012.7$ (5) Å³
 $Z = 2$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

 $\mu = 0.30$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 293$ K
 $0.3 \times 0.3 \times 0.2$ mm

Data collection

 Rigaku Mercury CCD diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrystalClear*; Rigaku, 2005)
 $T_{\min} = 0.489$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$

 10171 measured reflections
 2316 independent reflections
 2039 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.034$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.038$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.094$
 $S = 1.14$
 2316 reflections

 128 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.24$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.43$ e Å⁻³
Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1A}\cdots\text{O1}$	0.89	1.95	2.840 (2)	177
$\text{N1}-\text{H1C}\cdots\text{O2}^i$	0.89	1.97	2.857 (2)	177
$\text{N1}-\text{H1B}\cdots\text{O3}^{ii}$	0.89	2.05	2.911 (2)	162

 Symmetry codes: (i) $x, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $-x, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$.

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 2005); cell refinement: *CrystalClear*; data reduction: *CrystalClear*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

The author thanks Ordered Matter Science Research Center, Southeast University for its excellent experimental conditions and its generous financial support.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BX2406).

References

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o1595 [doi:10.1107/S1600536812018880]

Bis(butan-1-aminium) naphthalene-1,5-disulfonate

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S1. Comment

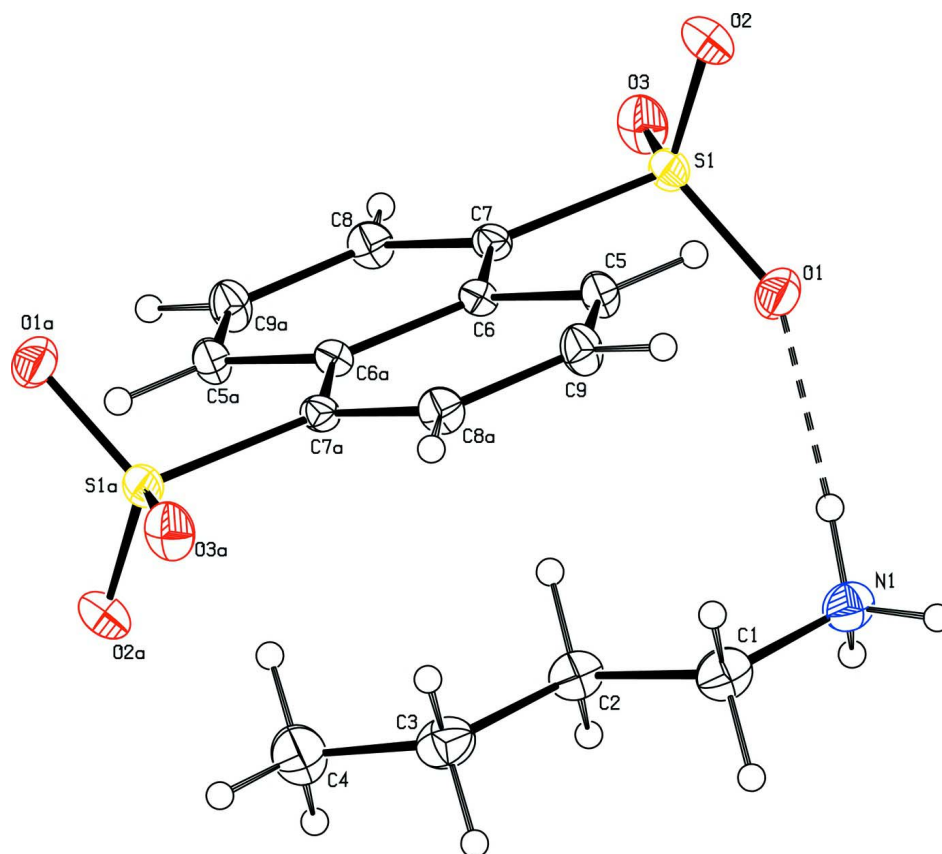
As an extension of the research about naphthalene-1,5-disulfonate salts (Jin, 2011*a*; Jin, 2011*b*; Jin, 2012), I report here the synthesis and the crystal structure of the title complex, $2\text{C}_4\text{H}_{12}\text{N}^+\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_6\text{S}_2\text{O}_6^{2-}$. In the title compound $2\text{C}_4\text{H}_{12}\text{N}^+$ · $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_6\text{S}_2\text{O}_6^{2-}$, the anion lies on inversion center, so the asymmetric unit contains one-half anion and one cation which are linked by one strong N—H···O hydrogen bond interaction, Fig 1. The crystal structure comprises discrete ions which are linked into centrosymmetric $R_2^2(12)$ dimers by simple N—H···O interactions, (Bernstein, *et al.*, 1995), Fig 2, Table1.

S2. Experimental

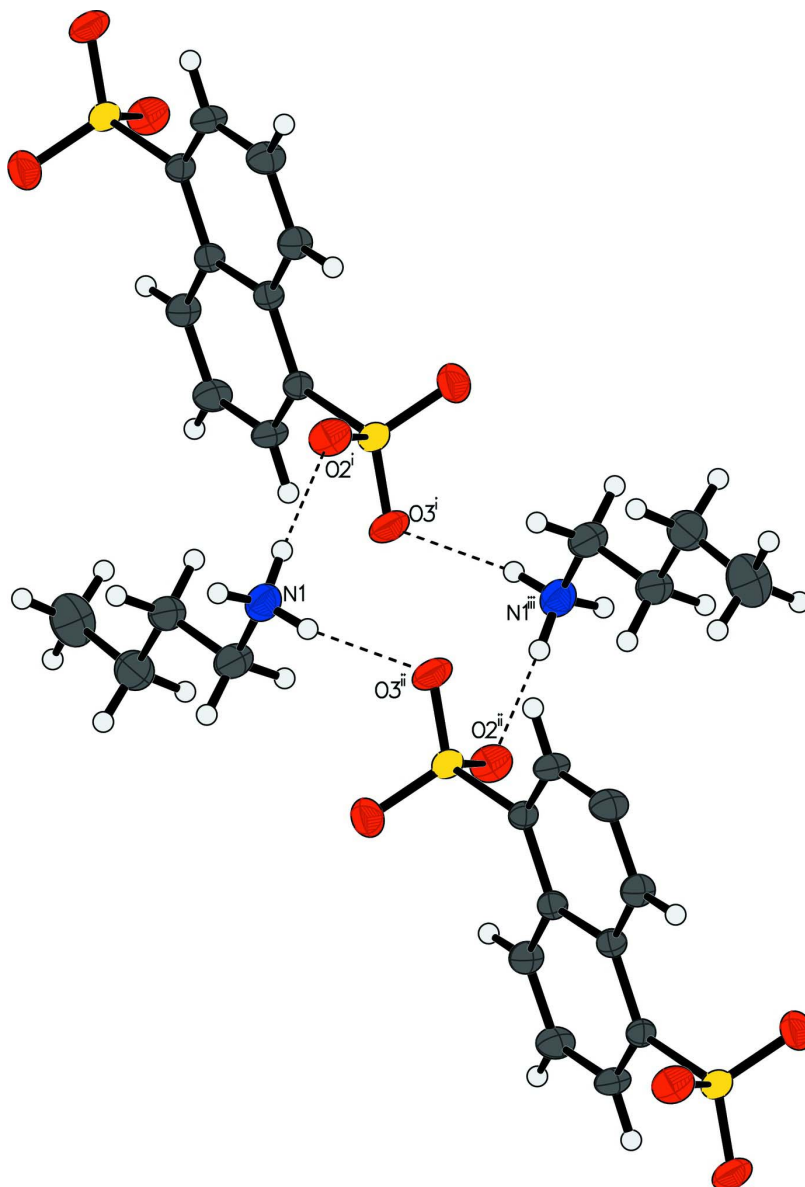
$2\text{C}_4\text{H}_{12}\text{N}^+\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_6\text{S}_2\text{O}_6^{2-}$ was synthesized from a mixture of $\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_3\text{NH}_2$ (146.28 mg, 2.00 mmol), $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_8\text{O}_6\text{S}_2$ (288.28 mg, 1.00 mmol), and distilled water (10 ml), which was stirred a few minutes at room temperature, giving a clear transparent solution. After evaporation for a few days, block colorless crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained in about 88% yield and filtered and washed with distilled water.

S3. Refinement

H atoms bound to carbon and nitrogen were placed at idealized positions [C—H = 0.93 to 0.97 Å and N—H = 0.89 Å] and allowed to ride on their parent atoms with U_{iso} fixed at $1.2 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{N})$.

**Figure 1**

A view of the title compound showing the labelling of the non-H atoms. Displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 30% probability level. [Symmetry code: (a) 1-x, 2-y, 2-z]

**Figure 2**

Part of the crystal structure of (I), showing discrete ions which are linked into centrosymmetric $R_2^4(12)$ dimers.

[Symmetry codes : (i) $x, 3/2-y, -1/2+z$; (ii) $-x, 1/2+y, 3/2-z$; (iii) $-x, 2-y, 1-z$]

Bis(butan-1-aminium) naphthalene-1,5-disulfonate

Crystal data

$2C_4H_{12}N^+ \cdot C_{10}H_6O_6S_2^{2-}$

$M_r = 434.56$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: $-P\ 2_1/c$

$a = 8.1532(16)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 9.2582(19)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 14.108(5)\ \text{\AA}$

$\beta = 108.02(3)^\circ$

$V = 1012.7(5)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 464$

$D_x = 1.425\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 3450 reflections

$\theta = 6.2\text{--}55.3^\circ$

$\mu = 0.30\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 293$ K $0.3 \times 0.3 \times 0.2$ mm
 Block, colourless

Data collection

Rigaku Mercury CCD diffractometer	10171 measured reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	2316 independent reflections
Graphite monochromator	2039 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
ω scans	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.034$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>CrystalClear</i> ; Rigaku, 2005)	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 3.0^\circ$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.489$, $T_{\text{max}} = 1.000$	$h = -10 \rightarrow 10$
	$k = -12 \rightarrow 12$
	$l = -18 \rightarrow 18$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.038$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.094$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0379P)^2 + 0.4216P]$
$S = 1.14$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2316 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
128 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.24 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.43 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.2319 (2)	1.0297 (2)	0.69402 (14)	0.0364 (4)
H1D	0.2261	1.0939	0.7473	0.044*
H1E	0.2235	1.0880	0.6356	0.044*
C2	0.4015 (2)	0.95077 (19)	0.72490 (13)	0.0332 (4)
H2A	0.4062	0.8866	0.6714	0.040*
H2B	0.4085	0.8919	0.7829	0.040*
C3	0.5553 (3)	1.0519 (2)	0.74938 (15)	0.0405 (5)
H3A	0.5439	1.1157	0.6932	0.049*
H3B	0.5553	1.1112	0.8061	0.049*
C4	0.7256 (3)	0.9722 (3)	0.77313 (17)	0.0524 (6)
H4A	0.7286	0.9168	0.7161	0.079*
H4B	0.7376	0.9087	0.8286	0.079*
H4C	0.8186	1.0406	0.7896	0.079*
C5	0.2728 (2)	1.06642 (17)	0.97032 (12)	0.0253 (3)

H5	0.1617	1.0294	0.9555	0.030*
C6	0.41452 (18)	0.97062 (16)	0.98793 (11)	0.0198 (3)
C7	0.39614 (19)	0.81664 (16)	0.98343 (11)	0.0204 (3)
C8	0.5368 (2)	0.72878 (17)	1.00271 (12)	0.0259 (3)
H8	0.5228	0.6290	1.0009	0.031*
C9	0.2973 (2)	1.21166 (18)	0.97477 (13)	0.0286 (4)
H9	0.2025	1.2727	0.9627	0.034*
N1	0.0850 (2)	0.92591 (16)	0.67115 (11)	0.0338 (3)
H1A	0.0840	0.8815	0.7269	0.041*
H1B	-0.0136	0.9735	0.6455	0.041*
H1C	0.0971	0.8608	0.6274	0.041*
O1	0.09524 (16)	0.78595 (15)	0.85199 (9)	0.0380 (3)
O2	0.11042 (16)	0.77995 (14)	1.02545 (9)	0.0343 (3)
O3	0.21663 (16)	0.57911 (13)	0.95327 (10)	0.0353 (3)
S1	0.18812 (5)	0.73440 (4)	0.95082 (3)	0.02387 (13)

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0436 (11)	0.0273 (9)	0.0380 (10)	0.0057 (8)	0.0123 (8)	0.0024 (7)
C2	0.0409 (10)	0.0277 (9)	0.0313 (9)	0.0033 (7)	0.0118 (8)	-0.0002 (7)
C3	0.0491 (12)	0.0362 (10)	0.0351 (10)	-0.0046 (9)	0.0113 (9)	0.0010 (8)
C4	0.0407 (12)	0.0699 (16)	0.0470 (12)	-0.0053 (11)	0.0139 (10)	-0.0027 (11)
C5	0.0186 (7)	0.0255 (8)	0.0320 (8)	-0.0005 (6)	0.0078 (6)	0.0015 (6)
C6	0.0197 (7)	0.0203 (7)	0.0206 (7)	-0.0011 (6)	0.0081 (6)	0.0008 (5)
C7	0.0212 (7)	0.0202 (7)	0.0204 (7)	-0.0037 (6)	0.0073 (6)	0.0008 (6)
C8	0.0282 (8)	0.0166 (7)	0.0333 (8)	-0.0006 (6)	0.0101 (7)	0.0011 (6)
C9	0.0225 (8)	0.0235 (8)	0.0400 (9)	0.0052 (6)	0.0100 (7)	0.0025 (7)
N1	0.0363 (8)	0.0338 (8)	0.0320 (8)	0.0092 (6)	0.0116 (6)	0.0033 (6)
O1	0.0318 (7)	0.0443 (8)	0.0306 (7)	-0.0089 (6)	-0.0010 (5)	0.0079 (5)
O2	0.0315 (6)	0.0355 (7)	0.0417 (7)	-0.0059 (5)	0.0198 (6)	-0.0001 (5)
O3	0.0332 (7)	0.0219 (6)	0.0481 (8)	-0.0085 (5)	0.0084 (6)	-0.0019 (5)
S1	0.0220 (2)	0.0218 (2)	0.0267 (2)	-0.00585 (14)	0.00604 (15)	0.00118 (15)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—N1	1.491 (2)	C5—H5	0.9300
C1—C2	1.505 (3)	C6—C7	1.433 (2)
C1—H1D	0.9700	C6—C6 ⁱ	1.436 (3)
C1—H1E	0.9700	C7—C8	1.363 (2)
C2—C3	1.517 (3)	C7—S1	1.7847 (15)
C2—H2A	0.9700	C8—C9 ⁱ	1.403 (2)
C2—H2B	0.9700	C8—H8	0.9300
C3—C4	1.516 (3)	C9—C8 ⁱ	1.403 (2)
C3—H3A	0.9700	C9—H9	0.9300
C3—H3B	0.9700	N1—H1A	0.8900
C4—H4A	0.9600	N1—H1B	0.8900
C4—H4B	0.9600	N1—H1C	0.8900

C4—H4C	0.9600	O1—S1	1.4464 (14)
C5—C9	1.358 (2)	O2—S1	1.4493 (13)
C5—C6	1.416 (2)	O3—S1	1.4550 (13)
N1—C1—C2	110.73 (15)	C6—C5—H5	119.6
N1—C1—H1D	109.5	C5—C6—C7	123.16 (14)
C2—C1—H1D	109.5	C5—C6—C6 ⁱ	118.93 (17)
N1—C1—H1E	109.5	C7—C6—C6 ⁱ	117.91 (17)
C2—C1—H1E	109.5	C8—C7—C6	120.99 (14)
H1D—C1—H1E	108.1	C8—C7—S1	118.08 (12)
C1—C2—C3	112.76 (16)	C6—C7—S1	120.93 (11)
C1—C2—H2A	109.0	C7—C8—C9 ⁱ	120.22 (15)
C3—C2—H2A	109.0	C7—C8—H8	119.9
C1—C2—H2B	109.0	C9 ⁱ —C8—H8	119.9
C3—C2—H2B	109.0	C5—C9—C8 ⁱ	121.16 (15)
H2A—C2—H2B	107.8	C5—C9—H9	119.4
C4—C3—C2	112.72 (18)	C8 ⁱ —C9—H9	119.4
C4—C3—H3A	109.0	C1—N1—H1A	109.5
C2—C3—H3A	109.0	C1—N1—H1B	109.5
C4—C3—H3B	109.0	H1A—N1—H1B	109.5
C2—C3—H3B	109.0	C1—N1—H1C	109.5
H3A—C3—H3B	107.8	H1A—N1—H1C	109.5
C3—C4—H4A	109.5	H1B—N1—H1C	109.5
C3—C4—H4B	109.5	O1—S1—O2	112.83 (9)
H4A—C4—H4B	109.5	O1—S1—O3	112.40 (8)
C3—C4—H4C	109.5	O2—S1—O3	111.89 (8)
H4A—C4—H4C	109.5	O1—S1—C7	106.27 (8)
H4B—C4—H4C	109.5	O2—S1—C7	106.42 (8)
C9—C5—C6	120.77 (15)	O3—S1—C7	106.46 (7)
C9—C5—H5	119.6		
N1—C1—C2—C3	-179.79 (15)	S1—C7—C8—C9 ⁱ	177.76 (13)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-175.79 (16)	C6—C5—C9—C8 ⁱ	-0.3 (3)
C9—C5—C6—C7	-179.48 (15)	C8—C7—S1—O1	-119.32 (13)
C9—C5—C6—C6 ⁱ	0.9 (3)	C6—C7—S1—O1	59.88 (14)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-178.83 (15)	C8—C7—S1—O2	120.19 (13)
C6 ⁱ —C6—C7—C8	0.8 (3)	C6—C7—S1—O2	-60.61 (14)
C5—C6—C7—S1	2.0 (2)	C8—C7—S1—O3	0.70 (15)
C6 ⁱ —C6—C7—S1	-178.37 (13)	C6—C7—S1—O3	179.90 (12)
C6—C7—C8—C9 ⁱ	-1.4 (2)		

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1, -y+2, -z+2$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N1—H1A \cdots O1	0.89	1.95	2.840 (2)	177

N1—H1C···O2 ⁱⁱ	0.89	1.97	2.857 (2)	177
N1—H1B···O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.89	2.05	2.911 (2)	162

Symmetry codes: (ii) $x, -y+3/2, z-1/2$; (iii) $-x, y+1/2, -z+3/2$.