

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

2-[1-(1-Oxoindan-2-yl)ethyl]indan-1-one

Abdullah M. Asiri,^{a,b,‡} Hassan M. Faidallah,^b Khalid A. Alamry,^{a,b} Seik Weng Ng^c and Edward R. T. Tiekink^{c*}

^aCenter of Excellence for Advanced Materials Research (CEAMR), King Abdulaziz University, PO Box 80203, Jeddah 21589, Saudi Arabia, ^bChemistry Department, Faculty of Science, King Abdulaziz University, PO Box 80203, Jeddah 21589, Saudi Arabia, and ^cDepartment of Chemistry, University of Malaya, 50603 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

Correspondence e-mail: edward.tiekink@gmail.com

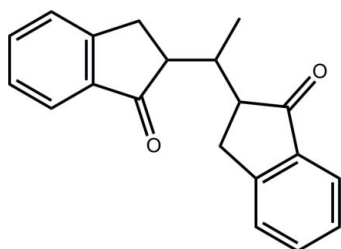
Received 25 June 2012; accepted 27 June 2012

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.048; wR factor = 0.130; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.6.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_2$, the fused-ring systems are essentially planar (r.m.s. deviations of the nine fitted atoms = 0.009 and 0.027 Å) and exhibit an orthogonal relationship [dihedral angle = $79.83(5)^\circ$]. To a first approximation, the ketone-O atoms are directed to opposite sides of the molecule. A three-dimensional architecture arises in the crystal packing owing to $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$, $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$ and $\pi-\pi$ interactions [between centrosymmetrically related benzene rings with centroid-centroid distance = $3.7647(10)$ Å].

Related literature

For the biological activity of related indan-1-one derivatives, see: Vera-DiVaio *et al.* (2009). For a related structure see: Asiri *et al.* (2012).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_2$
 $M_r = 290.34$
 Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 $a = 7.9225(6)$ Å

$b = 10.1226(8)$ Å
 $c = 10.3927(7)$ Å
 $\alpha = 103.200(6)^\circ$
 $\beta = 103.304(6)^\circ$

$\gamma = 109.462(7)^\circ$
 $V = 721.25(9)$ Å³
 $Z = 2$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\mu = 0.09$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 100$ K
 $0.40 \times 0.20 \times 0.10$ mm

Data collection

Agilent SuperNova Dual diffractometer with an Atlas detector
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis PRO*; Agilent, 2012)
 $T_{\min} = 0.748$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$

4961 measured reflections
 3299 independent reflections
 2663 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.021$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.130$
 $S = 1.05$
 3299 reflections

199 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.29$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.23$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

Cg1 is the centroid of the C14–C19 benzene ring.

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C12–H12 \cdots O1 ⁱ	1.00	2.55	3.2317 (19)	125
C3–H3 \cdots Cg1 ⁱ	0.95	2.62	3.5395 (17)	163
C11–H11C \cdots Cg1 ⁱⁱ	0.98	2.99	3.6481 (18)	126

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z$; (ii) $-x + 2, -y + 1, -z + 1$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2012); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997) and *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

The authors are grateful to King Abdulaziz University for providing research facilities. We also thank the Ministry of Higher Education (Malaysia) for funding structural studies through the High-Impact Research scheme (UM.C/HIR/MOHE/SC/12).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: MW2075).

References

- Agilent (2012). *CrysAlis PRO*. Agilent Technologies, Yarnton, England.
 Asiri, A. M., Faidallah, H. M., Al-Nemari, K. F., Ng, S. W. & Tiekink, E. R. T. (2012). *Acta Cryst.* **E68**, o1065.
 Brandenburg, K. (2006). *DIAMOND*. Crystal Impact GbR, Bonn, Germany.
 Farrugia, L. J. (1997). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **30**, 565.
 Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
 Vera-DiVaio, M. A. F., Freitas, A. C. C., Castro, H. C., de Albuquerque, S., Cabral, L. M., Rodrigues, C. R., Albuquerque, M. G., Martins, R. C. A., Henriques, M. G. M. O. & Dias, L. R. S. (2009). *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* **17**, 295–302.
 Westrip, S. P. (2010). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **43**, 920–925.

‡ Additional correspondence author, e-mail: aasiri2@kau.edu.sa.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o2314 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536812029315]

2-[1-(1-Oxoindan-2-yl)ethyl]indan-1-one

Abdullah M. Asiri, Hassan M. Faidallah, Khalid A. Alamry, Seik Weng Ng and Edward R. T. Tiekink

S1. Comment

The motivation for the synthesis of the title compound, 2-[1-(1-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-2-yl)ethyl]-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-inden-1-one (I), rests with its relationship to biologically active compounds (Vera-DiVaio *et al.*, 2009). Herein, the crystal and molecular structure of (I) is described in continuation of on-going structural studies of indan-1-one derivatives (Asiri *et al.*, 2012).

In (I), Fig. 1, each fused ring system is planar [C1-containing system: r.m.s. deviation of the nine fitted atoms = 0.009 Å with maximum deviation of 0.012 (2) Å for atom C7; C19-containing system: 0.027 Å and 0.044 (2) Å for atom C13]. The dihedral angle between the indan-1-one residues = 79.83 (5)°, indicating an almost orthogonal relationship. To a first approximation the ketone-O atoms are directed to opposite sides of the molecule.

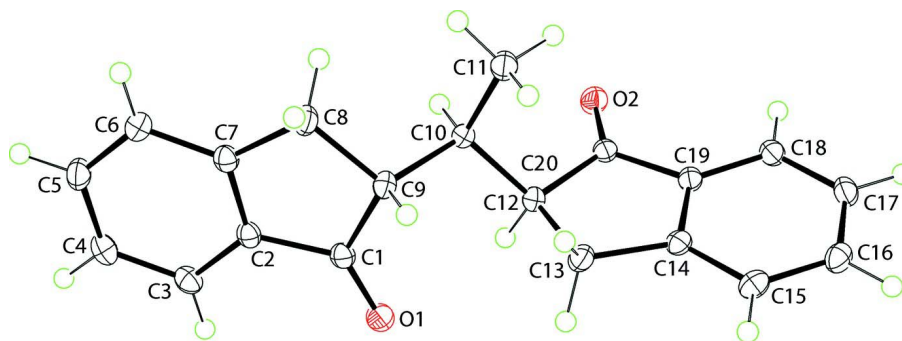
In the crystal packing, molecules are arranged in a three-dimensional architecture by C—H⋯O and C—H⋯ π interactions, Table 1, as well as π — π contacts between centrosymmetrically related C2—C6 benzene rings [inter-centroid distance = 3.7647 (10) Å for symmetry operation $-x, -y, -z$], Fig. 2.

S2. Experimental

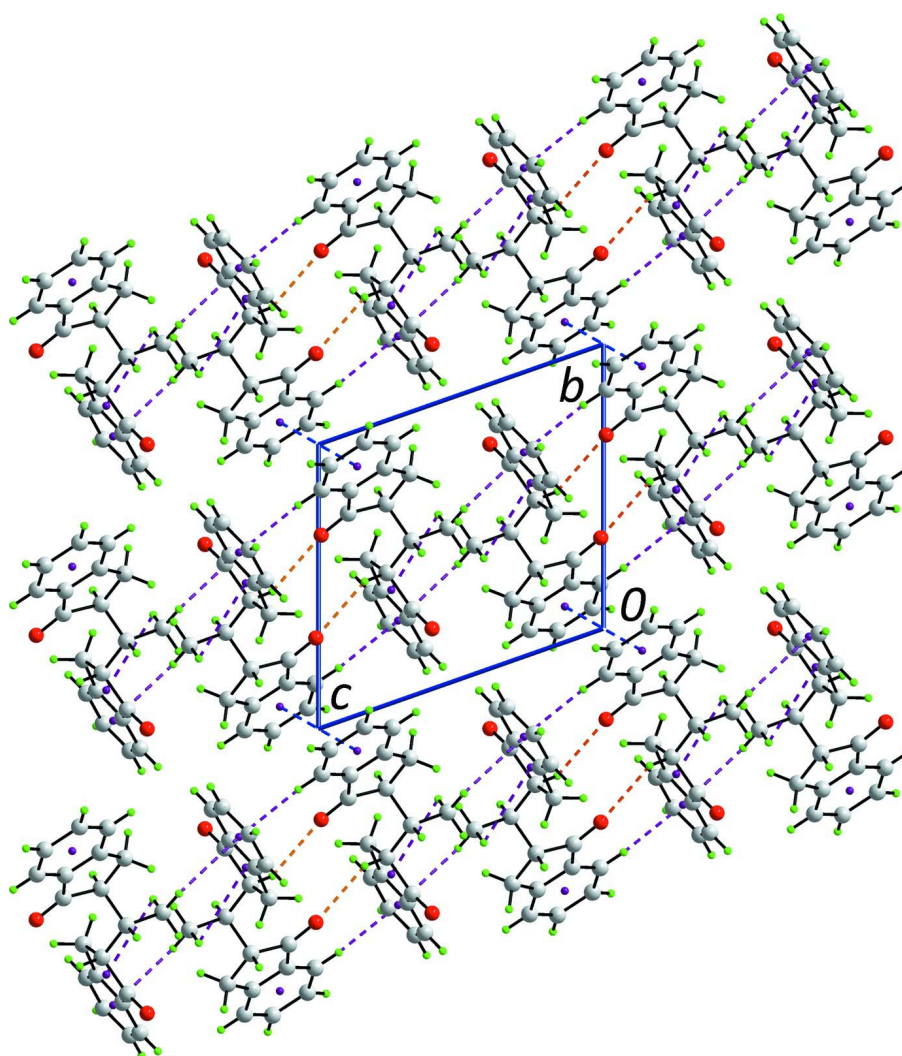
A solution of acetaldehyde (0.44 g, 0.01 *M*) in ethanol (20 mL) was added to a stirred solution of 1-indanone (1.3 g, 0.01 *M*) in (20%) ethanolic KOH (20 mL) and stirring was maintained at room temperature for 6 h. The reaction mixture was then poured onto water (200 mL) and set aside overnight. The precipitated solid product was collected by filtration, washed with water, dried and recrystallized from ethanol. *M.P.*: 413–414 K. Yield: 86%.

S3. Refinement

Carbon-bound H-atoms were placed in calculated positions [C—H = 0.95–0.99 Å, $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2\text{--}1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$] and were included in the refinement in the riding model approximation. Owing to poor agreement, the (-8 1 5) reflection was omitted from the final cycles of refinement.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of (I) showing the atom-labelling scheme and displacement ellipsoids at the 50% probability level.

**Figure 2**

A view in projection down the *a* axis of the unit-cell contents of (I). The C—H \cdots O, C—H \cdots π and π — π interactions are shown as orange, purple and blue dashed lines, respectively.

2-[1-(1-Oxindan-2-yl)ethyl]indan-1-one

Crystal data

C₂₀H₁₈O₂ $M_r = 290.34$ Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: -P 1

 $a = 7.9225$ (6) Å $b = 10.1226$ (8) Å $c = 10.3927$ (7) Å $\alpha = 103.200$ (6)° $\beta = 103.304$ (6)° $\gamma = 109.462$ (7)° $V = 721.25$ (9) Å³ $Z = 2$ $F(000) = 308$ $D_x = 1.337$ Mg m⁻³Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 2265 reflections

 $\theta = 2.3$ – 27.5 ° $\mu = 0.09$ mm⁻¹ $T = 100$ K

Prism, colourless

 $0.40 \times 0.20 \times 0.10$ mm

Data collection

Agilent SuperNova Dual

diffractometer with an Atlas detector

Radiation source: SuperNova (Mo) X-ray

Source

Mirror monochromator

Detector resolution: 10.4041 pixels mm⁻¹ ω scan

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(CrysAlis PRO; Agilent, 2012)

 $T_{\min} = 0.748$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$

4961 measured reflections

3299 independent reflections

2663 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.021$ $\theta_{\max} = 27.6$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 2.3$ ° $h = -10 \rightarrow 8$ $k = -13 \rightarrow 13$ $l = -13 \rightarrow 13$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$ $wR(F^2) = 0.130$ $S = 1.05$

3299 reflections

199 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant

direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0616P)^2 + 0.1751P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.29$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.23$ e Å⁻³

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.33484 (17)	0.32248 (12)	0.00936 (11)	0.0238 (3)
O2	0.79274 (16)	0.78862 (12)	0.39844 (11)	0.0198 (3)
C1	0.3010 (2)	0.27906 (16)	0.10437 (15)	0.0163 (3)

C2	0.1106 (2)	0.20108 (16)	0.11050 (15)	0.0155 (3)
C3	-0.0656 (2)	0.16295 (17)	0.01190 (16)	0.0187 (3)
H3	-0.0744	0.1886	-0.0711	0.022*
C4	-0.2270 (2)	0.08665 (17)	0.03875 (17)	0.0210 (4)
H4	-0.3488	0.0593	-0.0265	0.025*
C5	-0.2120 (2)	0.04949 (18)	0.16127 (17)	0.0214 (4)
H5	-0.3244	-0.0030	0.1779	0.026*
C6	-0.0367 (2)	0.08758 (17)	0.25916 (17)	0.0195 (3)
H6	-0.0280	0.0619	0.3421	0.023*
C7	0.1266 (2)	0.16466 (16)	0.23241 (16)	0.0160 (3)
C8	0.3313 (2)	0.21549 (18)	0.31939 (16)	0.0187 (3)
H8A	0.3590	0.1297	0.3313	0.022*
H8B	0.3606	0.2859	0.4132	0.022*
C9	0.4496 (2)	0.29281 (16)	0.23705 (15)	0.0159 (3)
H9	0.5224	0.2343	0.2081	0.019*
C10	0.5928 (2)	0.45371 (16)	0.32567 (15)	0.0144 (3)
H10	0.5205	0.5090	0.3618	0.017*
C11	0.7368 (2)	0.45252 (18)	0.45280 (16)	0.0200 (3)
H11A	0.8267	0.5547	0.5091	0.030*
H11B	0.8060	0.3952	0.4201	0.030*
H11C	0.6694	0.4070	0.5101	0.030*
C12	0.6953 (2)	0.53610 (16)	0.23973 (15)	0.0161 (3)
H12	0.5969	0.5394	0.1621	0.019*
C13	0.8140 (2)	0.46661 (17)	0.17407 (16)	0.0190 (3)
H13A	0.8209	0.3838	0.2074	0.023*
H13B	0.7582	0.4284	0.0705	0.023*
C14	1.0084 (2)	0.59087 (16)	0.22124 (15)	0.0155 (3)
C15	1.1668 (2)	0.58854 (17)	0.18552 (16)	0.0183 (3)
H15	1.1600	0.5013	0.1221	0.022*
C16	1.3348 (2)	0.71586 (18)	0.24424 (16)	0.0197 (3)
H16	1.4434	0.7157	0.2201	0.024*
C17	1.3462 (2)	0.84420 (18)	0.33833 (16)	0.0191 (3)
H17	1.4630	0.9296	0.3789	0.023*
C18	1.1889 (2)	0.84811 (17)	0.37301 (16)	0.0169 (3)
H18	1.1957	0.9353	0.4363	0.020*
C19	1.0201 (2)	0.72010 (16)	0.31216 (15)	0.0149 (3)
C20	0.8326 (2)	0.69643 (16)	0.32874 (15)	0.0153 (3)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.0241 (6)	0.0235 (6)	0.0171 (5)	0.0014 (5)	0.0050 (5)	0.0092 (5)
O2	0.0198 (6)	0.0187 (6)	0.0208 (6)	0.0077 (5)	0.0085 (5)	0.0046 (5)
C1	0.0184 (8)	0.0119 (7)	0.0156 (7)	0.0037 (6)	0.0052 (6)	0.0038 (6)
C2	0.0155 (8)	0.0116 (7)	0.0170 (7)	0.0044 (6)	0.0046 (6)	0.0031 (6)
C3	0.0201 (8)	0.0154 (7)	0.0175 (7)	0.0062 (6)	0.0028 (6)	0.0047 (6)
C4	0.0155 (8)	0.0192 (8)	0.0226 (8)	0.0054 (7)	0.0016 (6)	0.0040 (7)
C5	0.0154 (8)	0.0204 (8)	0.0257 (8)	0.0041 (6)	0.0086 (7)	0.0059 (7)

C6	0.0188 (8)	0.0198 (8)	0.0203 (7)	0.0062 (7)	0.0083 (6)	0.0081 (7)
C7	0.0160 (8)	0.0133 (7)	0.0175 (7)	0.0055 (6)	0.0053 (6)	0.0038 (6)
C8	0.0152 (8)	0.0199 (8)	0.0206 (7)	0.0043 (6)	0.0056 (6)	0.0103 (7)
C9	0.0141 (7)	0.0155 (7)	0.0183 (7)	0.0047 (6)	0.0064 (6)	0.0070 (6)
C10	0.0136 (7)	0.0151 (7)	0.0139 (7)	0.0045 (6)	0.0050 (6)	0.0052 (6)
C11	0.0167 (8)	0.0238 (8)	0.0193 (7)	0.0064 (7)	0.0050 (6)	0.0104 (7)
C12	0.0145 (8)	0.0159 (7)	0.0151 (7)	0.0029 (6)	0.0051 (6)	0.0050 (6)
C13	0.0200 (8)	0.0156 (7)	0.0198 (7)	0.0038 (6)	0.0107 (6)	0.0038 (6)
C14	0.0175 (8)	0.0152 (7)	0.0147 (7)	0.0054 (6)	0.0063 (6)	0.0073 (6)
C15	0.0224 (8)	0.0186 (8)	0.0201 (7)	0.0108 (7)	0.0106 (7)	0.0102 (7)
C16	0.0165 (8)	0.0267 (8)	0.0213 (7)	0.0116 (7)	0.0080 (6)	0.0120 (7)
C17	0.0134 (8)	0.0205 (8)	0.0191 (7)	0.0040 (6)	0.0020 (6)	0.0069 (7)
C18	0.0161 (8)	0.0167 (7)	0.0160 (7)	0.0054 (6)	0.0039 (6)	0.0054 (6)
C19	0.0143 (8)	0.0164 (7)	0.0144 (7)	0.0053 (6)	0.0042 (6)	0.0076 (6)
C20	0.0156 (8)	0.0164 (7)	0.0130 (7)	0.0046 (6)	0.0040 (6)	0.0070 (6)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

O1—C1	1.2172 (18)	C10—H10	1.0000
O2—C20	1.2200 (18)	C11—H11A	0.9800
C1—C2	1.475 (2)	C11—H11B	0.9800
C1—C9	1.537 (2)	C11—H11C	0.9800
C2—C7	1.388 (2)	C12—C20	1.532 (2)
C2—C3	1.397 (2)	C12—C13	1.537 (2)
C3—C4	1.383 (2)	C12—H12	1.0000
C3—H3	0.9500	C13—C14	1.508 (2)
C4—C5	1.399 (2)	C13—H13A	0.9900
C4—H4	0.9500	C13—H13B	0.9900
C5—C6	1.388 (2)	C14—C19	1.388 (2)
C5—H5	0.9500	C14—C15	1.394 (2)
C6—C7	1.397 (2)	C15—C16	1.389 (2)
C6—H6	0.9500	C15—H15	0.9500
C7—C8	1.506 (2)	C16—C17	1.398 (2)
C8—C9	1.552 (2)	C16—H16	0.9500
C8—H8A	0.9900	C17—C18	1.384 (2)
C8—H8B	0.9900	C17—H17	0.9500
C9—C10	1.546 (2)	C18—C19	1.396 (2)
C9—H9	1.0000	C18—H18	0.9500
C10—C11	1.539 (2)	C19—C20	1.481 (2)
C10—C12	1.541 (2)		
O1—C1—C2	125.93 (14)	C10—C11—H11A	109.5
O1—C1—C9	125.80 (14)	C10—C11—H11B	109.5
C2—C1—C9	108.26 (12)	H11A—C11—H11B	109.5
C7—C2—C3	121.93 (15)	C10—C11—H11C	109.5
C7—C2—C1	109.99 (13)	H11A—C11—H11C	109.5
C3—C2—C1	128.07 (14)	H11B—C11—H11C	109.5
C4—C3—C2	117.95 (14)	C20—C12—C13	105.56 (12)

C4—C3—H3	121.0	C20—C12—C10	111.74 (12)
C2—C3—H3	121.0	C13—C12—C10	115.59 (12)
C3—C4—C5	120.44 (15)	C20—C12—H12	107.9
C3—C4—H4	119.8	C13—C12—H12	107.9
C5—C4—H4	119.8	C10—C12—H12	107.9
C6—C5—C4	121.51 (15)	C14—C13—C12	105.17 (12)
C6—C5—H5	119.2	C14—C13—H13A	110.7
C4—C5—H5	119.2	C12—C13—H13A	110.7
C5—C6—C7	118.21 (14)	C14—C13—H13B	110.7
C5—C6—H6	120.9	C12—C13—H13B	110.7
C7—C6—H6	120.9	H13A—C13—H13B	108.8
C2—C7—C6	119.95 (14)	C19—C14—C15	119.78 (14)
C2—C7—C8	111.50 (14)	C19—C14—C13	111.79 (14)
C6—C7—C8	128.54 (14)	C15—C14—C13	128.43 (14)
C7—C8—C9	105.61 (12)	C16—C15—C14	118.87 (15)
C7—C8—H8A	110.6	C16—C15—H15	120.6
C9—C8—H8A	110.6	C14—C15—H15	120.6
C7—C8—H8B	110.6	C15—C16—C17	120.85 (15)
C9—C8—H8B	110.6	C15—C16—H16	119.6
H8A—C8—H8B	108.8	C17—C16—H16	119.6
C1—C9—C10	114.59 (12)	C18—C17—C16	120.66 (15)
C1—C9—C8	104.64 (12)	C18—C17—H17	119.7
C10—C9—C8	112.64 (13)	C16—C17—H17	119.7
C1—C9—H9	108.2	C17—C18—C19	118.06 (14)
C10—C9—H9	108.2	C17—C18—H18	121.0
C8—C9—H9	108.2	C19—C18—H18	121.0
C11—C10—C12	110.83 (12)	C14—C19—C18	121.75 (15)
C11—C10—C9	109.67 (12)	C14—C19—C20	109.52 (13)
C12—C10—C9	112.68 (12)	C18—C19—C20	128.74 (14)
C11—C10—H10	107.8	O2—C20—C19	126.32 (14)
C12—C10—H10	107.8	O2—C20—C12	125.82 (14)
C9—C10—H10	107.8	C19—C20—C12	107.85 (12)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

Cg1 is the centroid of the C14—C19 benzene ring.

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
C12—H12 \cdots O1 ⁱ	1.00	2.55	3.2317 (19)	125
C3—H3 \cdots Cg1 ⁱ	0.95	2.62	3.5395 (17)	163
C11—H11C \cdots Cg1 ⁱⁱ	0.98	2.99	3.6481 (18)	126

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z$; (ii) $-x+2, -y+1, -z+1$.