

## 2-Amino-4-(4-methylphenyl)-5-oxo-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-4H-chromene-3-carbonitrile

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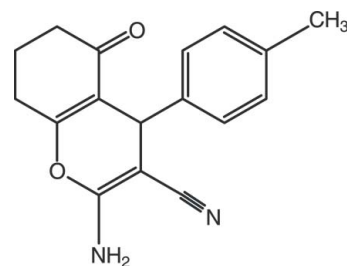
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 296$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.045;  $wR$  factor = 0.115; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.3.

The 4*H*-pyran ring of the title compound,  $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$ , is nearly planar [maximum deviation = 0.077 (2) Å] and the cyclohexene ring adopts a flattened chair conformation [puckering parameters:  $Q_{\text{T}} = 0.435$  (2) Å,  $\theta = 122.0$  (3)° and  $\varphi = 53.5$  (3)°]. The 4*H*-pyran ring is almost perpendicular to the benzene ring [dihedral angle = 87.23 (8)°] and is almost coplanar with the mean plane of the cyclohexene ring [dihedral angle = 8.01 (8)°]. In the crystal, inversion-related molecules are linked by pairs of intermolecular N—H···N hydrogen bonds, forming inversion dimers with  $R_2^2(12)$  ring motifs. These dimers are further connected by N—H···O and C—H···N hydrogen bonds, forming a layer structure extending parallel to (012). Molecules within the layers interact with each other *via* C—H··· $\pi$  interactions.

### Related literature

For the biological background to tetrahydro-4-chromene and fused tetrahydro-4-chromene compounds, see: Alvey *et al.* (2009); Symeonidis *et al.* (2009); Narender & Gupta (2009). For the synthesis of similar chromene compounds, see: Yadav *et al.* (2009); Mohamed *et al.* (2012*a,b,c*). For puckering parameters, see: Cremer & Pople (1975). For standard bond lengths, see: Allen *et al.* (1987). For hydrogen-bond motifs, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$	$\gamma = 80.035$ (6)°
$M_r = 280.32$	$V = 743.71$ (19) Å <sup>3</sup>
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$Z = 2$
$a = 8.5931$ (9) Å	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$b = 8.7409$ (14) Å	$\mu = 0.08$ mm <sup>-1</sup>
$c = 11.0695$ (19) Å	$T = 296$ K
$\alpha = 72.626$ (4)°	$0.30 \times 0.23 \times 0.20$ mm
$\beta = 70.088$ (3)°	

#### Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD diffractometer	8982 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2005)	2916 independent reflections
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.975$ , $T_{\text{max}} = 0.984$	1704 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.075$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$	191 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.115$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 0.91$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.20$ e Å <sup>-3</sup>
2916 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.17$ e Å <sup>-3</sup>

**Table 1**

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$C_{g1}$  and  $C_{g2}$  are the centroids of the 4*H*-pyran ring (O1/C8/C9/C11–C13) and the benzene ring (C1–C6), respectively.

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N2—H2A···N1 <sup>i</sup>	0.86	2.31	3.168 (2)	175
N2—H2B···O2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.86	2.18	3.017 (2)	164
C2—H2···N1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.93	2.53	3.277 (2)	138
C6—H6···Cg1	0.93	2.79	3.128 (2)	102
C7—H7A···Cg2 <sup>iv</sup>	0.96	2.87	3.640 (2)	138

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, -y, -z + 1$ ; (ii)  $x - 1, y, z$ ; (iii)  $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$ ; (iv)  $-x + 1, -y, -z + 2$ .

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 1997) and PLATON (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 1999) and PLATON.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SJ5250).

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## supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2012). E68, o2315–o2316 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536812029480]

## 2-Amino-4-(4-methylphenyl)-5-oxo-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-4H-chromene-3-carbonitrile

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### S1. Comment

Tetrahydro-4-chromene are an extensive class of bioactive compounds with antimicrobial, antifungal and antioxidant properties (Symeonidis *et al.*, 2009; Narender & Gupta, 2009; Alvey, *et al.*, 2009). In a continuation to our on-going study of the synthesis and biological characterization of a new series of tetrahydro-4-chromenes (Mohamed *et al.*, 2012*a,b,c*), we report here the synthesis and crystal structure of the title compound (I).

As seen in Fig. 1, the C12–C17 cyclohexene ring of (I) is in a flattened chair conformation [puckering parameters (Cremer & Pople, 1975) are  $Q_T = 0.435$  (2) Å,  $\theta = 122.0$  (3) ° and  $\varphi = 53.5$  (3) °]. The O1/C8/C9/C11–C13 4*H*-pyran ring is nearly planar with a maximum deviation of 0.077 (2) Å for C8 and is almost perpendicular to the C1–C6 benzene ring [dihedral angle = 87.23 (8)°] and is almost co-planar with the mean plane of the cyclohexene ring [dihedral angle = 8.01 (8) °]. All bond lengths (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and angles of (I) are within normal ranges and are comparable to similar structures (Yadav *et al.*, 2009; Mohamed *et al.*, 2012*a,b,c*).

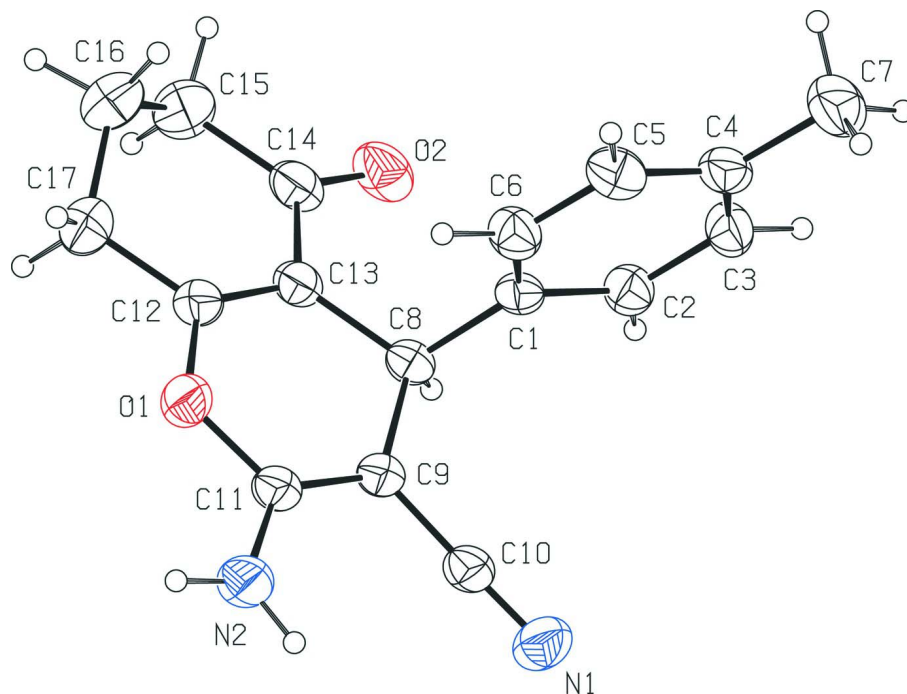
In the crystal, a pair of intermolecular N—H···N hydrogen bonds link the main molecules into an inversion dimer, generating an  $R_2^2(12)$  graph-set motif (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995; Table 1, Fig. 2). The dimers are further connected by N—H···O and C—H···N hydrogen bonds, forming a layer of molecules parallel to (0 - 1 2) (Table 1, Fig. 2). In addition, the layers are interconnected by weak C—H··· $\pi$  interactions.

### S2. Experimental

A mixture of 168 mg (1 mmol) (4-methylbenzylidene)propanedinitrile, 112 mg (1 mmol) cyclohexane-1,3-dione in presence of 61 mg ethanolamine as catalyst was refluxed in 40 ml ethanol. The reaction mixture was monitored by TLC till completion after 6 h. A solid product was deposited on cooling at room temperature and collected by filtration. The crude product was recrystallized from ethanol in excellent yield (89%). Single crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were grown upon slow evaporation of the solution of (I) in ethanol over two days [*M.p.*: 477 K].

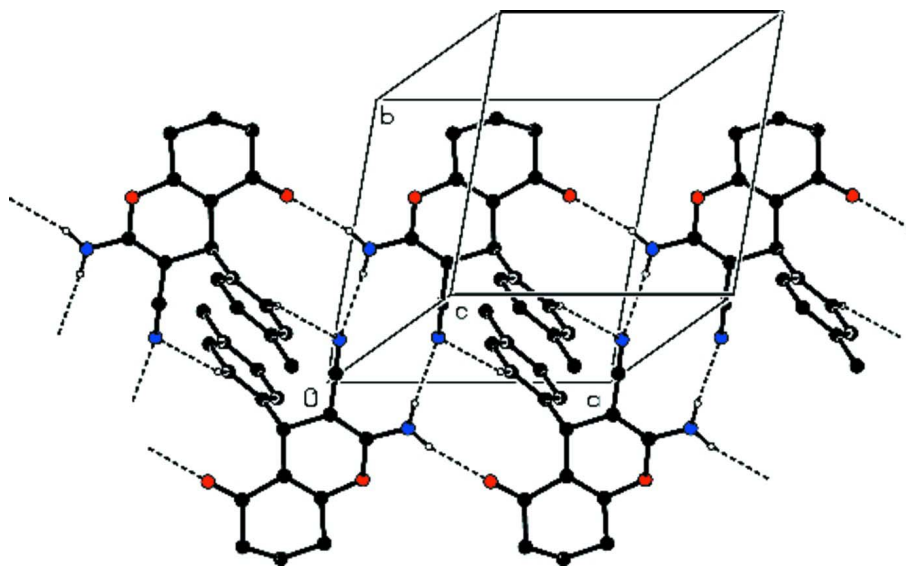
### S3. Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined by using a riding model, with N—H = 0.86 Å and C—H = 0.93 Å (aromatic), 0.96 Å (methyl), 0.97 Å (methylene) and 0.98 Å (methine), with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O})$  for methyl groups and  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{N})$  for others.



**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound showing the atom numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids for non-H atoms are drawn at the 30% probability level.



**Figure 2**

A view of the dimers formed by pairs of N—H...N hydrogen bonds, with an  $R^2_2(12)$  motif and the N—H...O and C—H...N hydrogen bonds connecting the dimers with each other, to form a two dimensional network. H atoms not involved in hydrogen bonds have been omitted for clarity.

## 2-Amino-4-(4-methylphenyl)-5-oxo-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-4H-chromene-3- carbonitrile

## Crystal data

$C_{17}H_{16}N_2O_2$	$Z = 2$
$M_r = 280.32$	$F(000) = 296$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$D_x = 1.252 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Hall symbol: -P 1	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
$a = 8.5931 (9) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 245 reflections
$b = 8.7409 (14) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 3.2\text{--}18^\circ$
$c = 11.0695 (19) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\alpha = 72.626 (4)^\circ$	$T = 296 \text{ K}$
$\beta = 70.088 (3)^\circ$	Prism, white
$\gamma = 80.035 (6)^\circ$	$0.30 \times 0.23 \times 0.20 \text{ mm}$
$V = 743.71 (19) \text{ \AA}^3$	

## Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD diffractometer	8982 measured reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	2916 independent reflections
Graphite monochromator	1704 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Detector resolution: $0.81 \text{ pixels mm}^{-1}$	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.075$
$\omega$ scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 26.0^\circ$ , $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.0^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2005)	$h = -10 \rightarrow 10$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.975$ , $T_{\text{max}} = 0.984$	$k = -10 \rightarrow 10$
	$l = -13 \rightarrow 13$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.115$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0535P)^2]$
$S = 0.91$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2916 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
191 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.20 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.17 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	

## Special details

**Geometry.** Bond distances, angles *etc.* have been calculated using the rounded fractional coordinates. All su's are estimated from the variances of the (full) variance-covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account in the estimation of distances, angles and torsion angles

**Refinement.** Refinement on  $F^2$  for ALL reflections except those flagged by the user for potential systematic errors. Weighted  $R$ -factors  $wR$  and all goodnesses of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The observed criterion of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $-R$ -factor-obs *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	-0.07181 (12)	0.43638 (14)	0.69952 (11)	0.0628 (4)
O2	0.48905 (15)	0.45532 (14)	0.66064 (13)	0.0747 (5)
N1	0.17338 (17)	0.0029 (2)	0.50277 (16)	0.0766 (7)

N2	-0.17035 (15)	0.27899 (18)	0.62146 (15)	0.0698 (6)
C1	0.31349 (18)	0.13607 (18)	0.74881 (16)	0.0458 (6)
C2	0.46472 (18)	0.04982 (19)	0.71440 (17)	0.0543 (6)
C3	0.5138 (2)	-0.0768 (2)	0.8064 (2)	0.0625 (7)
C4	0.4143 (2)	-0.1234 (2)	0.93584 (19)	0.0590 (7)
C5	0.2636 (2)	-0.0370 (2)	0.97073 (18)	0.0657 (7)
C6	0.2129 (2)	0.0905 (2)	0.87951 (18)	0.0600 (7)
C7	0.4678 (3)	-0.2645 (2)	1.0359 (2)	0.0882 (9)
C8	0.25982 (17)	0.27363 (18)	0.64590 (16)	0.0469 (5)
C9	0.11699 (18)	0.23365 (18)	0.61288 (15)	0.0478 (6)
C10	0.14572 (18)	0.1067 (2)	0.55221 (17)	0.0546 (6)
C11	-0.03611 (19)	0.3100 (2)	0.64164 (16)	0.0510 (6)
C12	0.0570 (2)	0.49540 (19)	0.71581 (16)	0.0532 (6)
C13	0.21195 (19)	0.42714 (18)	0.68865 (16)	0.0501 (6)
C14	0.3443 (2)	0.5090 (2)	0.69385 (17)	0.0606 (7)
C15	0.2972 (3)	0.6633 (2)	0.7339 (2)	0.0896 (10)
C16	0.1214 (3)	0.6772 (3)	0.8221 (2)	0.0916 (10)
C17	-0.0012 (2)	0.6426 (2)	0.7642 (2)	0.0730 (8)
H2	0.53500	0.07760	0.62750	0.0650*
H2A	-0.16480	0.20220	0.58610	0.0840*
H2B	-0.26260	0.33580	0.64380	0.0840*
H3	0.61690	-0.13230	0.78020	0.0750*
H5	0.19410	-0.06510	1.05790	0.0790*
H6	0.11000	0.14640	0.90610	0.0720*
H7A	0.46800	-0.22940	1.11020	0.1320*
H7B	0.57750	-0.30710	0.99470	0.1320*
H7C	0.39190	-0.34660	1.06630	0.1320*
H8	0.35430	0.29220	0.56420	0.0560*
H15A	0.31220	0.75200	0.65440	0.1080*
H15B	0.37140	0.67300	0.78000	0.1080*
H16A	0.09460	0.78500	0.83470	0.1100*
H16B	0.11120	0.60230	0.90860	0.1100*
H17A	-0.10870	0.62860	0.83160	0.0880*
H17B	-0.01380	0.73320	0.69100	0.0880*

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
O1	0.0490 (6)	0.0667 (8)	0.0832 (9)	0.0047 (6)	-0.0251 (6)	-0.0344 (7)
O2	0.0619 (8)	0.0720 (9)	0.0993 (11)	-0.0152 (7)	-0.0439 (7)	-0.0076 (8)
N1	0.0584 (9)	0.0903 (12)	0.1034 (14)	0.0059 (8)	-0.0308 (9)	-0.0570 (11)
N2	0.0474 (8)	0.0865 (11)	0.0946 (12)	0.0048 (7)	-0.0334 (8)	-0.0434 (10)
C1	0.0436 (8)	0.0481 (10)	0.0555 (11)	-0.0082 (7)	-0.0234 (8)	-0.0154 (8)
C2	0.0481 (9)	0.0560 (11)	0.0611 (12)	-0.0029 (8)	-0.0190 (8)	-0.0165 (9)
C3	0.0561 (10)	0.0559 (11)	0.0830 (15)	0.0054 (8)	-0.0338 (10)	-0.0200 (11)
C4	0.0720 (12)	0.0509 (11)	0.0668 (14)	-0.0103 (9)	-0.0387 (11)	-0.0105 (10)
C5	0.0681 (12)	0.0726 (13)	0.0562 (12)	-0.0116 (10)	-0.0232 (9)	-0.0085 (10)
C6	0.0503 (9)	0.0679 (12)	0.0623 (13)	-0.0004 (8)	-0.0202 (9)	-0.0166 (10)

C7	0.1123 (17)	0.0642 (13)	0.0970 (16)	-0.0023 (12)	-0.0601 (13)	-0.0042 (12)
C8	0.0406 (8)	0.0533 (10)	0.0510 (10)	-0.0051 (7)	-0.0192 (7)	-0.0128 (8)
C9	0.0471 (9)	0.0521 (10)	0.0512 (10)	-0.0020 (7)	-0.0218 (7)	-0.0168 (9)
C10	0.0412 (9)	0.0674 (12)	0.0648 (12)	0.0009 (8)	-0.0240 (8)	-0.0252 (10)
C11	0.0471 (9)	0.0579 (11)	0.0553 (11)	-0.0020 (8)	-0.0227 (8)	-0.0184 (9)
C12	0.0593 (10)	0.0506 (10)	0.0574 (11)	-0.0043 (8)	-0.0262 (8)	-0.0154 (9)
C13	0.0554 (10)	0.0466 (10)	0.0542 (11)	-0.0068 (8)	-0.0278 (8)	-0.0072 (8)
C14	0.0668 (12)	0.0536 (11)	0.0692 (13)	-0.0112 (9)	-0.0391 (10)	-0.0027 (9)
C15	0.1010 (16)	0.0667 (14)	0.129 (2)	-0.0138 (12)	-0.0598 (15)	-0.0332 (14)
C16	0.1157 (19)	0.0743 (15)	0.1070 (18)	-0.0041 (13)	-0.0471 (15)	-0.0426 (14)
C17	0.0797 (13)	0.0606 (12)	0.0857 (15)	0.0013 (10)	-0.0297 (11)	-0.0281 (11)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

O1—C11	1.377 (2)	C12—C13	1.334 (2)
O1—C12	1.383 (2)	C13—C14	1.470 (3)
O2—C14	1.222 (2)	C14—C15	1.492 (3)
N1—C10	1.146 (2)	C15—C16	1.501 (3)
N2—C11	1.332 (2)	C16—C17	1.516 (3)
N2—H2A	0.8600	C2—H2	0.9300
N2—H2B	0.8600	C3—H3	0.9300
C1—C8	1.518 (2)	C5—H5	0.9300
C1—C2	1.378 (2)	C6—H6	0.9300
C1—C6	1.386 (2)	C7—H7A	0.9600
C2—C3	1.378 (3)	C7—H7B	0.9600
C3—C4	1.374 (3)	C7—H7C	0.9600
C4—C7	1.515 (3)	C8—H8	0.9800
C4—C5	1.375 (3)	C15—H15A	0.9700
C5—C6	1.382 (3)	C15—H15B	0.9700
C8—C9	1.514 (2)	C16—H16A	0.9700
C8—C13	1.500 (2)	C16—H16B	0.9700
C9—C10	1.407 (2)	C17—H17A	0.9700
C9—C11	1.347 (2)	C17—H17B	0.9700
C12—C17	1.483 (2)		
C11—O1—C12	118.57 (13)	C15—C16—C17	112.04 (18)
H2A—N2—H2B	120.00	C12—C17—C16	110.62 (17)
C11—N2—H2A	120.00	C1—C2—H2	119.00
C11—N2—H2B	120.00	C3—C2—H2	119.00
C2—C1—C6	117.40 (15)	C2—C3—H3	119.00
C6—C1—C8	121.94 (15)	C4—C3—H3	119.00
C2—C1—C8	120.65 (15)	C4—C5—H5	119.00
C1—C2—C3	121.21 (16)	C6—C5—H5	119.00
C2—C3—C4	121.73 (17)	C1—C6—H6	120.00
C3—C4—C7	121.45 (17)	C5—C6—H6	120.00
C3—C4—C5	117.22 (17)	C4—C7—H7A	109.00
C5—C4—C7	121.33 (18)	C4—C7—H7B	110.00
C4—C5—C6	121.66 (17)	C4—C7—H7C	110.00

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C1—C6—C5	120.78 (17)	H7A—C7—H7B	109.00
C9—C8—C13	109.01 (13)	H7A—C7—H7C	109.00
C1—C8—C9	111.87 (13)	H7B—C7—H7C	109.00
C1—C8—C13	112.47 (13)	C1—C8—H8	108.00
C8—C9—C10	117.75 (14)	C9—C8—H8	108.00
C8—C9—C11	123.56 (15)	C13—C8—H8	108.00
C10—C9—C11	118.67 (16)	C14—C15—H15A	109.00
N1—C10—C9	178.20 (19)	C14—C15—H15B	109.00
N2—C11—C9	127.76 (17)	C16—C15—H15A	109.00
O1—C11—N2	110.71 (15)	C16—C15—H15B	109.00
O1—C11—C9	121.53 (15)	H15A—C15—H15B	108.00
O1—C12—C17	110.90 (15)	C15—C16—H16A	109.00
O1—C12—C13	123.06 (15)	C15—C16—H16B	109.00
C13—C12—C17	126.03 (17)	C17—C16—H16A	109.00
C8—C13—C12	122.92 (16)	C17—C16—H16B	109.00
C8—C13—C14	117.92 (15)	H16A—C16—H16B	108.00
C12—C13—C14	119.08 (15)	C12—C17—H17A	110.00
C13—C14—C15	117.94 (17)	C12—C17—H17B	109.00
O2—C14—C13	120.64 (16)	C16—C17—H17A	110.00
O2—C14—C15	121.34 (18)	C16—C17—H17B	109.00
C14—C15—C16	113.52 (19)	H17A—C17—H17B	108.00
C11—O1—C12—C17	173.14 (14)	C1—C8—C9—C10	-64.06 (19)
C12—O1—C11—N2	-173.77 (14)	C1—C8—C13—C14	70.02 (19)
C12—O1—C11—C9	6.5 (2)	C9—C8—C13—C12	11.5 (2)
C11—O1—C12—C13	-5.9 (2)	C9—C8—C13—C14	-165.32 (14)
C8—C1—C2—C3	-179.03 (16)	C8—C9—C11—N2	-177.03 (16)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.2 (3)	C10—C9—C11—O1	-179.21 (15)
C8—C1—C6—C5	178.89 (16)	C10—C9—C11—N2	1.1 (3)
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.0 (3)	C8—C9—C11—O1	2.6 (2)
C2—C1—C8—C9	110.95 (17)	O1—C12—C13—C8	-4.0 (3)
C2—C1—C8—C13	-125.98 (17)	O1—C12—C13—C14	172.80 (14)
C6—C1—C8—C9	-68.1 (2)	C17—C12—C13—C8	177.11 (16)
C6—C1—C8—C13	55.0 (2)	C17—C12—C13—C14	-6.1 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.4 (3)	O1—C12—C17—C16	162.42 (15)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.8 (3)	C13—C12—C17—C16	-18.6 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C7	178.95 (18)	C8—C13—C14—O2	2.0 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.6 (3)	C8—C13—C14—C15	178.87 (15)
C7—C4—C5—C6	-179.08 (18)	C12—C13—C14—O2	-174.91 (16)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.2 (3)	C12—C13—C14—C15	1.9 (2)
C1—C8—C9—C11	114.11 (17)	O2—C14—C15—C16	-156.13 (19)
C13—C8—C9—C10	170.93 (14)	C13—C14—C15—C16	27.0 (2)
C13—C8—C9—C11	-10.9 (2)	C14—C15—C16—C17	-51.4 (2)
C1—C8—C13—C12	-113.18 (18)	C15—C16—C17—C12	46.3 (2)

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*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

Cg1 and Cg2 are the centroids of the 4H-pyran ring (O1/C8/C9/C11–C13) and the benzene ring (C1–C6), respectively.

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
N2—H2 <i>A</i> ···N1 <sup>i</sup>	0.86	2.31	3.168 (2)	175
N2—H2 <i>B</i> ···O2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.86	2.18	3.017 (2)	164
C2—H2···N1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.93	2.53	3.277 (2)	138
C6—H6···Cg1	0.93	2.79	3.128 (2)	102
C7—H7 <i>A</i> ···Cg2 <sup>iv</sup>	0.96	2.87	3.640 (2)	138

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, -y, -z+1$ ; (ii)  $x-1, y, z$ ; (iii)  $-x+1, -y, -z+1$ ; (iv)  $-x+1, -y, -z+2$ .