

2-[*(E*)-2-Hydroxy-3-methoxybenzylidene]-*N*-methylhydrazinecarbothioamide

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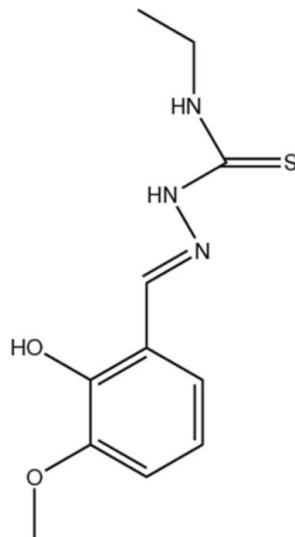
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005\text{ \AA}$; disorder in main residue; R factor = 0.064; wR factor = 0.180; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.9.

In the crystal structure of the title compound, $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2\text{S}$, molecules are linked by pairs of $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ and $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{S}$ hydrogen, forming inversion dimers. These dimers are linked by $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{S}$ hydrogen bonds, forming double-stranded chains propagating along the b -axis direction. The two C atoms of the end chain of the molecule are disordered over two sets of sites [occupancy ratio 0.574 (9):0.426 (9)].

Related literature

For related structures, see: Joseph *et al.* (2006); Ren-Gao Zhao *et al.* (2008). For the biological activity of thiosemicarbazone Schiff bases, see: Kasuga *et al.* (2003); Murali *et al.* (2008, 2009); Paterson & Donnelly (2011).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2\text{S}$	$V = 1234.4 (11)\text{ \AA}^3$
$M_r = 253.32$	$Z = 4$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	$\text{Mo } K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 13.251 (6)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.26\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$b = 6.185 (3)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 293\text{ K}$
$c = 16.380 (8)\text{ \AA}$	$0.26 \times 0.09 \times 0.05\text{ mm}$
$\beta = 113.153 (7)^{\circ}$	

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer	7373 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2006)	2433 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.936$, $T_{\max} = 0.987$	1666 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.030$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.064$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.180$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.46\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
$S = 1.06$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.37\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
2433 reflections	
175 parameters	
4 restraints	

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^{\circ}$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
O1—H1 \cdots S1 ⁱ	0.87 (4)	2.42 (4)	3.169 (3)	145 (3)
N2—H2 \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.82 (3)	2.29 (4)	3.010 (4)	147 (3)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2006); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2006); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 2012); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 2012).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: GW2126).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2013). E69, o61 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536812049847]

2-[(*E*)-2-Hydroxy-3-methoxybenzylidene]-*N*-methylhydrazinecarbothioamide

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S1. Comment

Thiosemicarbazones emerged an important class of sulfur and nitrogen containing Schiff-bases due to their chemistry and potentially beneficial biological activities, such as antitumor, antibacterial, antiviral and antimalarial activities (Kasuga *et al.*, 2003; Paterson & Donnelly, 2011). In a continuation of our studies on thiosemicarbazone Schiff-bases, we report the synthesis and crystal structure of the title compound, (I).

In (I) (Fig. 1), all bond lengths and angles are normal and in a good agreement with those found in the literature (Joseph *et al.*, 2006). There is one molecule in the assymmetric unit with the end atoms thermally disordered. This molecule exhibits intermolecular N—H···O and O—H···S hydrogen bonds (Table 2) forming a dimer along *b* axis. These dimers give rise to a zigzag pattern seen along *c* axis. Further the molecules are packed by weak $\pi\cdots\pi$ interactions [centroid–centroid distance 4.495 (5) Å]

S2. Experimental

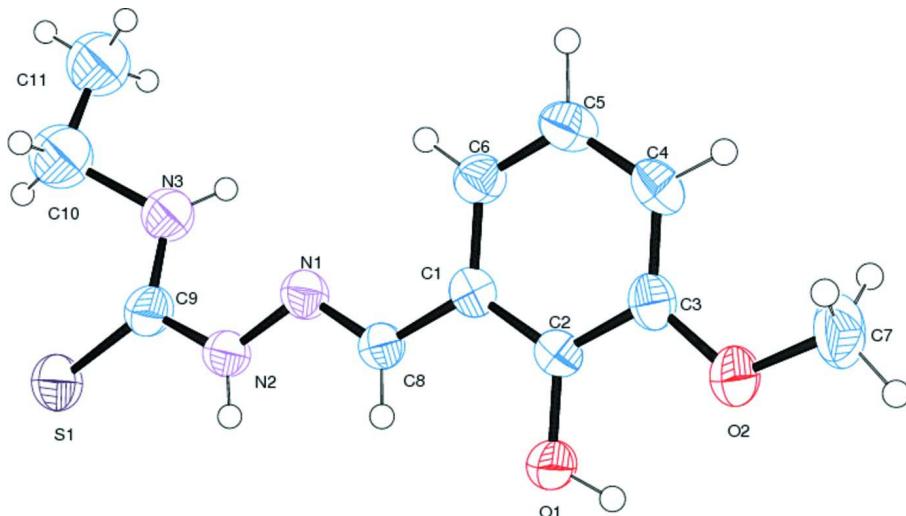
The title compound (I) was synthesized by the reaction of 2-hydroxy-3-methoxy benzaldehyde (10 g, 0.1 mol) in 250 ml round bottom flask, 5% acetic acid-water solution of 4 *N*-methyl hydrazinecarbothioamide (0.1 mol) in ethanol solution and refluxed on a steam bath for 30–45 minutes. The crystalline product which formed was collected by filtration, washed several times with hot water and, then ether, finally dried in vacuo. Then good quality crystals (I) were obtained in a 1:1 mixture of ethanol and n-hexane.

S3. Refinement

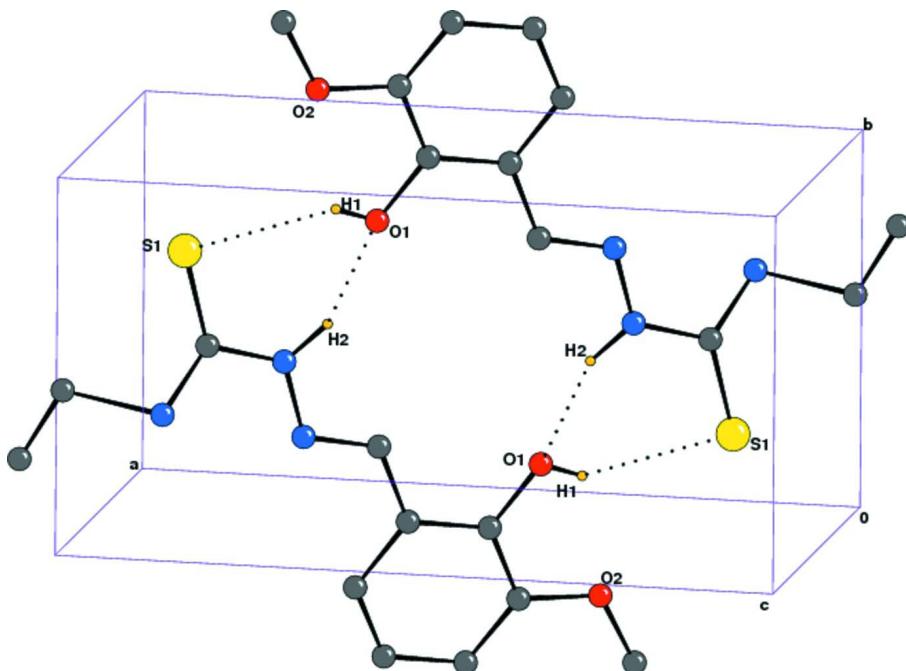
The hydrogen atoms were located with the help of difference fourier maps. Hydrogen atoms for C7, C6 were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model.

The end group of N-Et was disordered and modelled with the help of part command. The major component *i.e.* N3–C10–C11 is depicted in the *ORTEP* diagram. since this group is diordered over two positions, isotropic refinement is done for these 3 atoms. SADI and *DFIX* commands were used to model the disordered atoms. The hydrogen atoms were fixed for these atoms.

There are two reflections missing from the fcf file according to check cif which may be at high angle beyond the limiting sphere and not possible for recording despite the fact the data was recollected with another crystal.

**Figure 1**

The structure of title the compound (I)

**Figure 2**

Packing diagram of (I)

2-[(*E*)-2-Hydroxy-3-methoxybenzylidene]-*N*- methylhydrazinecarbothioamide

Crystal data

C₁₁H₁₅N₃O₂S

M_r = 253.32

Monoclinic, P2₁/c

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

a = 13.251 (6) Å

b = 6.185 (3) Å

c = 16.380 (8) Å

β = 113.153 (7)°

V = 1234.4 (11) Å³

Z = 4

F(000) = 536

D_x = 1.363 Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
 Cell parameters from 1499 reflections
 $\theta = 2.6\text{--}25.6^\circ$
 $\mu = 0.26 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD
 diffractometer
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
 Graphite monochromator
 Detector resolution: 0.3 pixels mm^{-1}
 φ and ω scans
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2006)
 $T_{\min} = 0.936$, $T_{\max} = 0.987$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.064$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.180$
 $S = 1.06$
 2433 reflections
 175 parameters
 4 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods

$T = 293 \text{ K}$
 Rectangular plate like, yellow
 $0.26 \times 0.09 \times 0.05 \text{ mm}$

7373 measured reflections
 2433 independent reflections
 1666 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.030$
 $\theta_{\max} = 26.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 1.7^\circ$
 $h = -16 \rightarrow 16$
 $k = -6 \rightarrow 7$
 $l = -20 \rightarrow 20$

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
 and constrained refinement
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0756P)^2 + 1.2001P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.46 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.37 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$	Occ. (<1)
S1	0.87523 (8)	0.71851 (17)	0.56230 (8)	0.0642 (4)	
O1	0.37812 (19)	0.2015 (4)	0.55013 (16)	0.0483 (6)	
O2	0.28859 (18)	-0.1250 (4)	0.60039 (16)	0.0515 (7)	
N1	0.7027 (2)	0.2534 (4)	0.60644 (18)	0.0419 (7)	
N2	0.7343 (2)	0.4427 (5)	0.5791 (2)	0.0462 (7)	
C1	0.5554 (2)	0.0466 (5)	0.61505 (19)	0.0355 (7)	
C2	0.4438 (2)	0.0358 (5)	0.59547 (19)	0.0356 (7)	
C3	0.3996 (3)	-0.1393 (5)	0.6244 (2)	0.0393 (7)	
C4	0.4666 (3)	-0.3038 (6)	0.6715 (2)	0.0457 (8)	
C5	0.5792 (3)	-0.2945 (6)	0.6909 (2)	0.0473 (8)	
C6	0.6224 (3)	-0.1240 (5)	0.6625 (2)	0.0420 (8)	

H6	0.6972	-0.1211	0.6748	0.050*	
C7	0.2363 (3)	-0.2905 (7)	0.6292 (3)	0.0617 (11)	
H7A	0.2530	-0.4284	0.6107	0.093*	
H7B	0.1583	-0.2680	0.6036	0.093*	
H7C	0.2621	-0.2871	0.6927	0.093*	
C8	0.5999 (3)	0.2336 (5)	0.5868 (2)	0.0386 (7)	
C9	0.8392 (3)	0.4794 (6)	0.5909 (2)	0.0491 (9)	
N3	0.9010 (4)	0.2968 (11)	0.6089 (5)	0.0524 (17)*	0.574 (9)
H3	0.8756	0.1678	0.5955	0.063*	0.574 (9)
C10	1.0329 (6)	0.3596 (12)	0.6605 (6)	0.076 (3)*	0.574 (9)
H10A	1.0552	0.4659	0.6273	0.092*	0.574 (9)
H10B	1.0491	0.4138	0.7199	0.092*	0.574 (9)
C11	1.0867 (7)	0.1453 (13)	0.6627 (7)	0.079 (3)*	0.574 (9)
H11A	1.0750	0.0528	0.7052	0.119*	0.574 (9)
H11B	1.1641	0.1661	0.6793	0.119*	0.574 (9)
H11C	1.0556	0.0797	0.6050	0.119*	0.574 (9)
N3A	0.9128 (5)	0.3405 (12)	0.6420 (6)	0.043 (2)*	0.426 (9)
H3A	0.9109	0.2887	0.6901	0.051*	0.426 (9)
C10A	1.0095 (7)	0.2744 (17)	0.6053 (6)	0.065 (3)*	0.426 (9)
H10C	0.9888	0.1537	0.5641	0.078*	0.426 (9)
H10D	1.0334	0.3959	0.5799	0.078*	0.426 (9)
C11A	1.0909 (11)	0.213 (3)	0.6964 (8)	0.111 (5)*	0.426 (9)
H11D	1.0844	0.3111	0.7395	0.167*	0.426 (9)
H11E	1.1639	0.2207	0.6977	0.167*	0.426 (9)
H11F	1.0763	0.0684	0.7100	0.167*	0.426 (9)
H1	0.309 (3)	0.176 (6)	0.535 (2)	0.055 (11)*	
H2	0.687 (3)	0.534 (6)	0.556 (2)	0.048 (11)*	
H4	0.435 (3)	-0.420 (6)	0.688 (2)	0.050 (10)*	
H5	0.634 (3)	-0.414 (6)	0.726 (2)	0.060 (10)*	
H8	0.553 (3)	0.336 (5)	0.557 (2)	0.040 (9)*	

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
S1	0.0450 (6)	0.0550 (6)	0.0933 (8)	-0.0108 (4)	0.0280 (5)	0.0119 (5)
O1	0.0348 (13)	0.0452 (14)	0.0638 (16)	0.0000 (11)	0.0181 (12)	0.0143 (12)
O2	0.0413 (13)	0.0519 (15)	0.0639 (15)	-0.0080 (11)	0.0236 (12)	0.0098 (12)
N1	0.0391 (15)	0.0401 (15)	0.0505 (16)	-0.0012 (12)	0.0217 (13)	0.0044 (13)
N2	0.0349 (15)	0.0393 (16)	0.066 (2)	0.0004 (13)	0.0212 (14)	0.0096 (15)
C1	0.0404 (17)	0.0351 (17)	0.0342 (16)	-0.0023 (13)	0.0181 (14)	-0.0020 (13)
C2	0.0396 (17)	0.0325 (16)	0.0359 (16)	0.0003 (13)	0.0160 (14)	0.0013 (13)
C3	0.0423 (18)	0.0400 (18)	0.0408 (17)	-0.0068 (15)	0.0218 (15)	-0.0035 (15)
C4	0.057 (2)	0.0352 (18)	0.051 (2)	-0.0042 (16)	0.0276 (18)	0.0058 (15)
C5	0.053 (2)	0.0410 (19)	0.051 (2)	0.0068 (16)	0.0245 (17)	0.0094 (16)
C6	0.0388 (17)	0.0431 (18)	0.0468 (19)	0.0040 (15)	0.0197 (15)	0.0012 (15)
C7	0.055 (2)	0.063 (3)	0.075 (3)	-0.0192 (19)	0.035 (2)	0.004 (2)
C8	0.0355 (17)	0.0373 (17)	0.0426 (18)	-0.0004 (15)	0.0151 (14)	0.0042 (15)
C9	0.0367 (18)	0.051 (2)	0.059 (2)	-0.0024 (16)	0.0194 (16)	0.0060 (17)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $\text{^{\circ}}$)

S1—C9	1.676 (4)	C7—H7C	0.9600
O1—C2	1.360 (4)	C8—H8	0.89 (3)
O1—H1	0.87 (4)	C9—N3A	1.322 (8)
O2—C3	1.367 (4)	C9—N3	1.358 (7)
O2—C7	1.416 (4)	N3—C10	1.661 (8)
N1—C8	1.277 (4)	N3—H3	0.8600
N1—N2	1.376 (4)	C10—C11	1.499 (7)
N2—C9	1.346 (4)	C10—H10A	0.9700
N2—H2	0.82 (3)	C10—H10B	0.9700
C1—C2	1.387 (4)	C11—H11A	0.9600
C1—C6	1.401 (4)	C11—H11B	0.9600
C1—C8	1.454 (4)	C11—H11C	0.9600
C2—C3	1.399 (4)	N3A—C10A	1.667 (8)
C3—C4	1.371 (5)	N3A—H3A	0.8600
C4—C5	1.399 (5)	C10A—C11A	1.506 (7)
C4—H4	0.93 (4)	C10A—H10C	0.9700
C5—C6	1.366 (5)	C10A—H10D	0.9700
C5—H5	1.04 (4)	C11A—H11D	0.9600
C6—H6	0.9300	C11A—H11E	0.9600
C7—H7A	0.9600	C11A—H11F	0.9600
C7—H7B	0.9600		
C2—O1—H1	113 (3)	N1—C8—H8	121 (2)
C3—O2—C7	118.0 (3)	C1—C8—H8	118 (2)
C8—N1—N2	115.5 (3)	N3A—C9—N2	116.4 (4)
C9—N2—N1	121.7 (3)	N2—C9—N3	113.1 (4)
C9—N2—H2	120 (2)	N3A—C9—S1	122.0 (4)
N1—N2—H2	118 (2)	N2—C9—S1	120.0 (3)
C2—C1—C6	118.5 (3)	N3—C9—S1	125.5 (3)
C2—C1—C8	119.6 (3)	C9—N3—C10	109.9 (5)
C6—C1—C8	121.9 (3)	C9—N3—H3	125.1
O1—C2—C1	119.0 (3)	C10—N3—H3	125.1
O1—C2—C3	120.3 (3)	C11—C10—N3	101.6 (6)
C1—C2—C3	120.6 (3)	C11—C10—H10A	111.4
O2—C3—C4	126.5 (3)	N3—C10—H10A	111.4
O2—C3—C2	113.5 (3)	C11—C10—H10B	111.4
C4—C3—C2	120.0 (3)	N3—C10—H10B	111.4
C3—C4—C5	119.6 (3)	H10A—C10—H10B	109.3
C3—C4—H4	118 (2)	C9—N3A—C10A	114.2 (6)
C5—C4—H4	122 (2)	C9—N3A—H3A	122.9
C6—C5—C4	120.4 (3)	C10A—N3A—H3A	122.9
C6—C5—H5	116 (2)	C11A—C10A—N3A	93.3 (9)
C4—C5—H5	123 (2)	C11A—C10A—H10C	113.1
C5—C6—C1	120.7 (3)	N3A—C10A—H10C	113.1
C5—C6—H6	119.6	C11A—C10A—H10D	113.1
C1—C6—H6	119.6	N3A—C10A—H10D	113.1

O2—C7—H7A	109.5	H10C—C10A—H10D	110.4
O2—C7—H7B	109.5	C10A—C11A—H11D	109.5
H7A—C7—H7B	109.5	C10A—C11A—H11E	109.5
O2—C7—H7C	109.5	H11D—C11A—H11E	109.5
H7A—C7—H7C	109.5	C10A—C11A—H11F	109.5
H7B—C7—H7C	109.5	H11D—C11A—H11F	109.5
N1—C8—C1	121.5 (3)	H11E—C11A—H11F	109.5
C8—N1—N2—C9	-176.1 (3)	C8—C1—C6—C5	177.8 (3)
C6—C1—C2—O1	179.4 (3)	N2—N1—C8—C1	-177.1 (3)
C8—C1—C2—O1	-0.1 (4)	C2—C1—C8—N1	177.3 (3)
C6—C1—C2—C3	1.5 (4)	C6—C1—C8—N1	-2.2 (5)
C8—C1—C2—C3	-178.0 (3)	N1—N2—C9—N3A	-10.2 (6)
C7—O2—C3—C4	2.6 (5)	N1—N2—C9—N3	16.6 (6)
C7—O2—C3—C2	-177.8 (3)	N1—N2—C9—S1	-176.2 (3)
O1—C2—C3—O2	1.6 (4)	N3A—C9—N3—C10	-54.4 (10)
C1—C2—C3—O2	179.5 (3)	N2—C9—N3—C10	-157.7 (5)
O1—C2—C3—C4	-178.8 (3)	S1—C9—N3—C10	35.9 (8)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.9 (5)	C9—N3—C10—C11	-172.4 (6)
O2—C3—C4—C5	-180.0 (3)	N2—C9—N3A—C10A	139.6 (6)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.5 (5)	N3—C9—N3A—C10A	51.5 (9)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.7 (5)	S1—C9—N3A—C10A	-54.8 (9)
C4—C5—C6—C1	1.3 (5)	C9—N3A—C10A—C11A	155.8 (9)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-1.7 (5)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
O1—H1···S1 ⁱ	0.87 (4)	2.42 (4)	3.169 (3)	145 (3)
N2—H2···O1 ⁱ	0.82 (3)	2.29 (4)	3.010 (4)	147 (3)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$.