

# Dichlorido{2,6-diisopropyl-*N*-[(*S*)-pyrrolidin-2-ylmethyl]aniline- $\kappa^2$ *N,N'*}-palladium(II)

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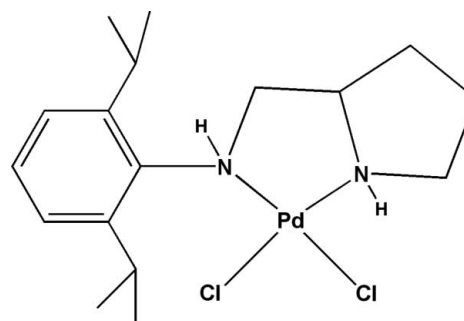
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 293$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.038;  $wR$  factor = 0.105; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.0.

In the title compound,  $[\text{PdCl}_2(\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{28}\text{N}_2)]$ , the  $\text{Pd}^{\text{II}}$  atom displays a square-planar coordination involving two N atoms of a 2,6-diisopropyl-*N*-[(*S*)-pyrrolidin-2-ylmethyl]-aniline ligand and two chloride ligands, with a deviation of 0.090 (1) Å for the  $\text{Pd}^{\text{II}}$  atom from the best plane. The absolute configuration of the chiral C atom of the pyrrolidine ring is *S*, which induces *R* configurations at the two N atoms of the aniline ligand. Optical isomerism arising from the chelate five-membered ring is configured as  $\delta$ . The Pd–N bond lengths are 2.040 (3) and 2.072 (2) Å, and the Pd–Cl bond lengths are 2.3055 (8) and 2.3160 (8) Å. In the crystal, pairs of N–H...Cl hydrogen bonds link molecules into discrete dimers.

## Related literature

For background to the use of palladium complexes bearing enantiopure ligands in asymmetric synthesis, see: Sodeoka & Hamashima (2006); Quintard *et al.* (2008); Tan *et al.* (2009) and as anticancer drugs, see: Barnham *et al.* (1994). For the synthesis of the 2,6-diisopropyl-*N*-[(*S*)-pyrrolidin-2-ylmethyl]-aniline ligand, see: Shifeng *et al.* (2010). For related structures, see: Rafii *et al.* (2007). For a description of the Cambridge Structural Database, see: Allen *et al.* (2002).



## Experimental

### Crystal data

 $[\text{PdCl}_2(\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{28}\text{N}_2)]$  $M_r = 437.71$ Monoclinic,  $C2/c$  $a = 24.287$  (3) Å $b = 8.6534$  (12) Å $c = 18.355$  (2) Å $\beta = 94.851$  (9)° $V = 3843.7$  (8) Å<sup>3</sup> $Z = 8$ Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation $\mu = 1.24$  mm<sup>-1</sup> $T = 293$  K

0.45 × 0.40 × 0.40 mm

### Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4 four-circle diffractometer

Absorption correction:  $\psi$  scan

(ABSCALC; McArdle &amp; Daly, 1999)

 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.578$ ,  $T_{\text{max}} = 0.608$ 

3790 measured reflections

3580 independent reflections

3089 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$  $R_{\text{int}} = 0.018$ 3 standard reflections every 60 min  
intensity decay: 0.2%

### Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.038$  $wR(F^2) = 0.105$  $S = 1.08$ 

3580 reflections

199 parameters

H-atom parameters constrained

 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 1.33$  e Å<sup>-3</sup> $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -1.56$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

**Table 1**

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{Cl2}^{\text{i}}$	0.86	2.47	3.283 (3)	158
$\text{N2}-\text{H2}\cdots\text{Cl1}^{\text{i}}$	0.86	2.68	3.410 (3)	144

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x + \frac{3}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, -z + 2$ .

Data collection: *CAD-4 Software* (Enraf–Nonius, 1989); cell refinement: *CAD-4 Software*; data reduction: *XCAD* (McArdle, 1999); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP III* (Burnett & Johnson, 1996); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: FK2069).

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## supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2013). E69, m238–m239 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536813008271]

## Dichlorido{2,6-diisopropyl-*N*-[(*S*)-pyrrolidin-2-ylmethyl]aniline- $\kappa^2N,N'$ }palladium(II)

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### S1. Comment

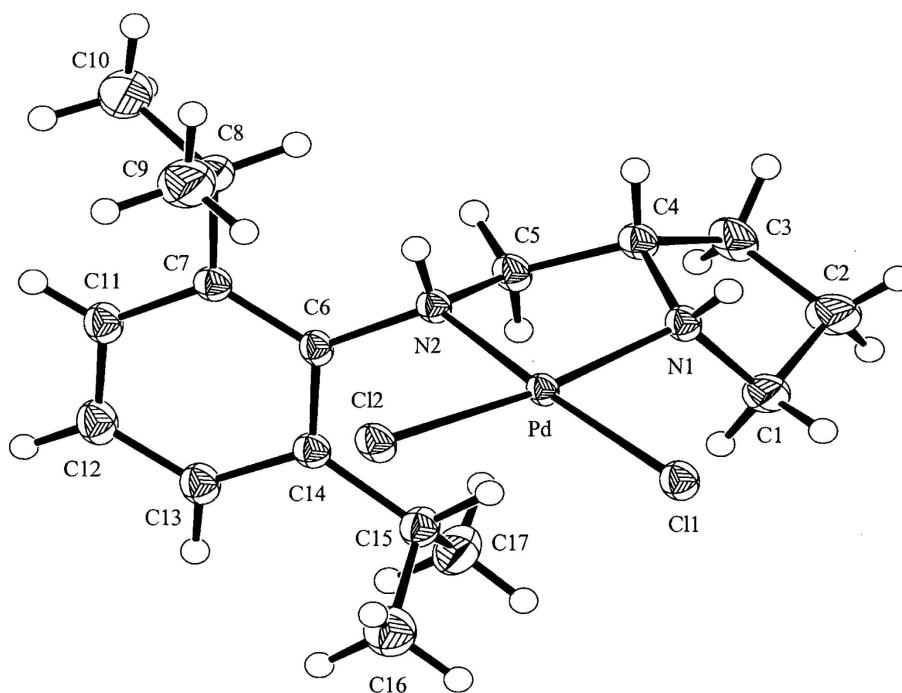
Palladium complexes of various types bearing the enantiopure ligands are widely used in modern asymmetric synthesis (Sodeoka *et al.*, 2006). Palladium complexes (Quintard *et al.*, 2008; Tan *et al.*, 2009) containing homochiral diamine ligands derivable from natural amino acids are now well established in the clinical treatment as anticancer drugs (Barnham *et al.*, 1994). In this paper, we describe synthesis and the crystal structure of novel chiral dichloro Pd(II) complex bearing the ligand 2,6-diisopropyl-*N*-(*S*-pyrrolidin-2-yl)methyl)benzenamine which was prepared by the reported method (Shifeng *et al.*, 2010). The geometry around the Pd(II) centre is almost square-planar (Fig. 1). The coordination plane composed of Pd, Cl1, Cl2, N1, and N2 is nearly coplanar within 0.090 (1) Å deviation from the best plane. The bite angle of N1—Pd—N2 [84.0 (1) °] is much smaller than the Cl1—Pd—Cl2 [93.10 (3) °] angle. The chiral C atom of the pyrrolidine moiety has *S* configuration and the induced chiralities at two N atoms of the ligand show *R* configuration. The orientation of the hydrogen atoms of the chiral C and N atoms is in head-to-head. Optical isomerism arising from the chelate five-membered ring is configured as  $\delta$ . The bond lengths of Pd—N are 2.040 (3) and 2.072 (2) Å and those of Pd—Cl are 2.3055 (8) and 2.3160 (8) Å. These bond lengths are similar to the known average Pd—N and Pd—Cl lengths of (1*R*,2*R*)-(1,2-bisbenzyl)-1,2-diaminocyclohexane palladium dichloride complex (Rafii *et al.*, 2007). There are two intermolecular N—H...Cl between each two molecules to form discrete dimers as shown in Fig. 2. Hydrogen-bond parameters are listed in Table 1.

### S2. Experimental

The ligand, 2,6-diisopropyl-*N*-(*S*-pyrrolidin-2-yl)methyl)benzenamine, was prepared by the reported method (Shifeng *et al.*, 2010). Ligand (0.30 g, 1.15 mmol) solution in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (7 ml) was treated with PdCl<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>3</sub>CN)<sub>2</sub> (0.30 g, 1.15 mmol) in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (10 ml) at ambient temperature for overnight. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure to get brown orange residue. Washing the precipitate with cold Et<sub>2</sub>O afforded orange solid as the final product (0.38 g, 76%). Anal. Calcd. for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>28</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>N<sub>2</sub>Pd: C, 46.64; H, 6.45; N, 6.40. Found: C, 46.60; H, 6.51; N, 6.37%. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.19 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.05 [m, 1H, ArH], 3.73 (m, 2H, PyCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.52 (m, 2H, ArCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.32 (m, 2H, pyH & ArNH), 3.00–2.64 (m, 2H, pyH), 2.60–2.51 (br s, 1H, PyNH), 1.91 (m, 2H, pyH), 1.63–1.57 (m, 2H, pyH), 1.29 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 12H, 4 CH<sub>3</sub>).

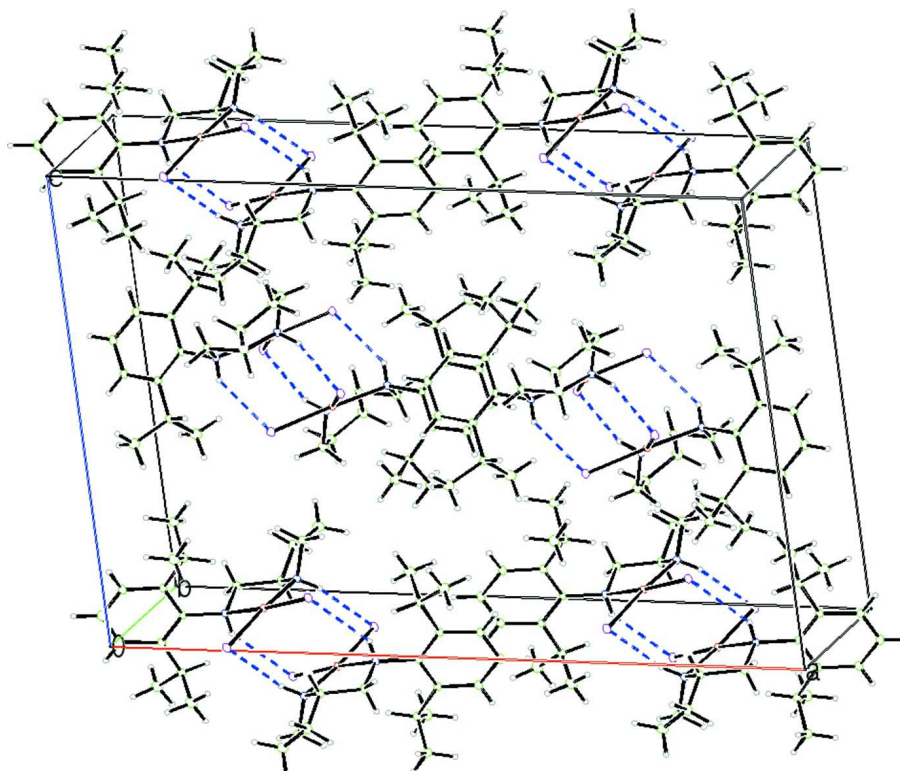
### S3. Refinement

All H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model with C—H 0.93–0.98 Å, N—H 0.86 Å and  $U_{iso} = 1.5U_{eq}(C)$  for CH<sub>3</sub> and  $1.2U_{eq}(C,N)$ .



**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 40% probability level.



**Figure 2**

Packing diagram of the title compound approximately viewed along b-axis. Hydrogen bonds are indicated by dashed lines.

Dichlorido{2,6-diisopropyl-*N*-[(*S*)-pyrrolidin-2-ylmethyl]aniline- $\kappa^2N,N'$ }palladium(II)

## Crystal data

[PdCl<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>28</sub>N<sub>2</sub>)] $M_r = 437.71$ Monoclinic,  $C2/c$ Hall symbol:  $-C\ 2yc$  $a = 24.287\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$  $b = 8.6534\ (12)\ \text{\AA}$  $c = 18.355\ (2)\ \text{\AA}$  $\beta = 94.851\ (9)^\circ$  $V = 3843.7\ (8)\ \text{\AA}^3$  $Z = 8$  $F(000) = 1792$  $D_x = 1.513\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$ 

Cell parameters from 25 reflections

 $\theta = 9.0\text{--}13.0^\circ$  $\mu = 1.24\ \text{mm}^{-1}$  $T = 293\ \text{K}$ 

Brick, orange

 $0.45 \times 0.40 \times 0.40\ \text{mm}$ 

## Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4 four-circle

diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

 $\omega/2\theta$  scansAbsorption correction:  $\psi$  scan

(ABSCALC; McArdle &amp; Daly, 1999)

 $T_{\min} = 0.578$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.608$ 

3790 measured reflections

3580 independent reflections

3089 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$  $R_{\text{int}} = 0.018$  $\theta_{\max} = 25.5^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 1.7^\circ$  $h = 0 \rightarrow 29$  $k = -10 \rightarrow 0$  $l = -22 \rightarrow 22$ 

3 standard reflections every 60 min

intensity decay: 0.2%

## Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$ 

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.038$  $wR(F^2) = 0.105$  $S = 1.08$ 

3580 reflections

199 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant

direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0819P)^2 + 0.2845P]$ where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$  $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.004$  $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 1.33\ \text{e \AA}^{-3}$  $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -1.56\ \text{e \AA}^{-3}$ 

## Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Pd	0.792743 (8)	0.79819 (2)	0.934349 (11)	0.02593 (12)
Cl1	0.71265 (3)	0.92407 (9)	0.89218 (4)	0.0389 (2)
Cl2	0.83021 (3)	1.01710 (9)	0.99173 (5)	0.0391 (2)
N1	0.76098 (10)	0.5922 (3)	0.89652 (14)	0.0320 (5)
H1	0.7308	0.5786	0.9169	0.038*
N2	0.86249 (10)	0.6681 (3)	0.96516 (14)	0.0296 (5)
H2	0.8597	0.6456	1.0103	0.035*

C1	0.74724 (15)	0.5713 (4)	0.81664 (19)	0.0448 (8)
H1A	0.7770	0.6075	0.7889	0.054*
H1B	0.7135	0.6253	0.8001	0.054*
C2	0.74001 (19)	0.3971 (4)	0.8098 (2)	0.0560 (10)
H2A	0.7043	0.3650	0.8245	0.067*
H2B	0.7436	0.3629	0.7601	0.067*
C3	0.78631 (16)	0.3348 (4)	0.8613 (2)	0.0518 (10)
H3A	0.8189	0.3156	0.8356	0.062*
H3B	0.7754	0.2388	0.8833	0.062*
C4	0.79815 (12)	0.4599 (4)	0.92021 (18)	0.0352 (7)
H4	0.7888	0.4211	0.9678	0.042*
C5	0.85712 (12)	0.5168 (3)	0.92571 (19)	0.0362 (7)
H5A	0.8808	0.4409	0.9515	0.043*
H5B	0.8692	0.5287	0.8770	0.043*
C6	0.91821 (11)	0.7313 (3)	0.96309 (17)	0.0291 (6)
C7	0.95576 (13)	0.7160 (3)	1.02479 (18)	0.0327 (7)
C8	0.93964 (13)	0.6498 (4)	1.09665 (17)	0.0372 (7)
H8	0.9095	0.5762	1.0852	0.045*
C9	0.9180 (2)	0.7757 (5)	1.1435 (3)	0.0637 (12)
H9A	0.9469	0.8491	1.1562	0.096*
H9B	0.9058	0.7311	1.1873	0.096*
H9C	0.8876	0.8270	1.1169	0.096*
C10	0.98669 (18)	0.5623 (6)	1.1401 (2)	0.0643 (11)
H10A	1.0162	0.6329	1.1544	0.096*
H10B	1.0002	0.4822	1.1101	0.096*
H10C	0.9732	0.5173	1.1829	0.096*
C11	1.00930 (14)	0.7704 (4)	1.0203 (2)	0.0406 (8)
H11	1.0347	0.7629	1.0610	0.049*
C12	1.02549 (14)	0.8350 (5)	0.9571 (2)	0.0463 (8)
H12	1.0616	0.8691	0.9548	0.056*
C13	0.98797 (13)	0.8487 (4)	0.8975 (2)	0.0410 (7)
H13	0.9993	0.8927	0.8550	0.049*
C14	0.93362 (13)	0.7992 (3)	0.89800 (18)	0.0319 (7)
C15	0.89514 (13)	0.8238 (4)	0.82901 (18)	0.0383 (7)
H15	0.8582	0.7891	0.8393	0.046*
C16	0.89141 (18)	0.9966 (5)	0.8104 (3)	0.0623 (11)
H16A	0.9274	1.0348	0.8020	0.093*
H16B	0.8776	1.0520	0.8504	0.093*
H16C	0.8668	1.0113	0.7672	0.093*
C17	0.91266 (18)	0.7291 (6)	0.7649 (2)	0.0580 (11)
H17A	0.9496	0.7572	0.7552	0.087*
H17B	0.8879	0.7492	0.7224	0.087*
H17C	0.9116	0.6211	0.7768	0.087*

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Pd	0.02146 (17)	0.02124 (17)	0.03568 (17)	0.00033 (7)	0.00598 (10)	-0.00046 (8)

C11	0.0303 (4)	0.0360 (4)	0.0503 (5)	0.0077 (3)	0.0037 (3)	0.0045 (3)
C12	0.0330 (4)	0.0265 (4)	0.0583 (5)	-0.0053 (3)	0.0064 (3)	-0.0055 (3)
N1	0.0259 (12)	0.0289 (13)	0.0417 (14)	-0.0020 (10)	0.0056 (10)	-0.0027 (11)
N2	0.0253 (12)	0.0252 (11)	0.0385 (14)	0.0003 (10)	0.0048 (10)	0.0039 (11)
C1	0.054 (2)	0.0314 (17)	0.0469 (19)	0.0011 (14)	-0.0072 (15)	-0.0049 (14)
C2	0.077 (3)	0.0322 (18)	0.057 (2)	-0.0009 (18)	-0.0068 (19)	-0.0135 (17)
C3	0.053 (2)	0.0223 (15)	0.079 (3)	-0.0006 (15)	-0.0031 (19)	-0.0053 (17)
C4	0.0348 (15)	0.0246 (15)	0.0461 (17)	-0.0013 (12)	0.0030 (13)	0.0054 (13)
C5	0.0317 (15)	0.0245 (15)	0.0526 (19)	0.0015 (12)	0.0054 (13)	-0.0026 (13)
C6	0.0207 (13)	0.0271 (14)	0.0399 (16)	0.0026 (11)	0.0048 (11)	-0.0020 (12)
C7	0.0309 (15)	0.0262 (15)	0.0409 (17)	0.0031 (11)	0.0027 (13)	-0.0018 (12)
C8	0.0385 (17)	0.0371 (17)	0.0354 (16)	-0.0002 (14)	-0.0005 (13)	0.0023 (14)
C9	0.075 (3)	0.057 (3)	0.063 (3)	0.006 (2)	0.029 (2)	-0.005 (2)
C10	0.063 (3)	0.065 (3)	0.064 (3)	0.013 (2)	-0.003 (2)	0.016 (2)
C11	0.0279 (15)	0.0421 (19)	0.050 (2)	-0.0007 (13)	-0.0054 (14)	-0.0020 (16)
C12	0.0281 (16)	0.0480 (19)	0.064 (2)	-0.0051 (15)	0.0089 (15)	0.0036 (18)
C13	0.0302 (15)	0.0403 (18)	0.054 (2)	-0.0019 (14)	0.0116 (14)	0.0073 (15)
C14	0.0289 (15)	0.0274 (16)	0.0404 (17)	0.0013 (10)	0.0079 (13)	-0.0007 (12)
C15	0.0319 (16)	0.0445 (19)	0.0402 (18)	0.0028 (13)	0.0133 (14)	0.0112 (15)
C16	0.056 (2)	0.059 (3)	0.071 (3)	0.0042 (19)	0.003 (2)	0.028 (2)
C17	0.048 (2)	0.083 (3)	0.043 (2)	0.006 (2)	0.0075 (17)	-0.004 (2)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

Pd—N1	2.040 (3)	C7—C8	1.519 (5)
Pd—N2	2.072 (2)	C8—C9	1.510 (5)
Pd—C11	2.3055 (8)	C8—C10	1.536 (5)
Pd—C12	2.3160 (8)	C8—H8	0.9800
N1—C1	1.487 (4)	C9—H9A	0.9600
N1—C4	1.500 (4)	C9—H9B	0.9600
N1—H1	0.8600	C9—H9C	0.9600
N2—C6	1.463 (4)	C10—H10A	0.9600
N2—C5	1.497 (4)	C10—H10B	0.9600
N2—H2	0.8600	C10—H10C	0.9600
C1—C2	1.521 (5)	C11—C12	1.375 (5)
C1—H1A	0.9700	C11—H11	0.9300
C1—H1B	0.9700	C12—C13	1.369 (5)
C2—C3	1.507 (5)	C12—H12	0.9300
C2—H2A	0.9700	C13—C14	1.388 (4)
C2—H2B	0.9700	C13—H13	0.9300
C3—C4	1.539 (5)	C14—C15	1.524 (5)
C3—H3A	0.9700	C15—C17	1.524 (5)
C3—H3B	0.9700	C15—C16	1.535 (5)
C4—C5	1.510 (4)	C15—H15	0.9800
C4—H4	0.9800	C16—H16A	0.9600
C5—H5A	0.9700	C16—H16B	0.9600
C5—H5B	0.9700	C16—H16C	0.9600
C6—C7	1.399 (4)	C17—H17A	0.9600

C6—C14	1.410 (4)	C17—H17B	0.9600
C7—C11	1.392 (5)	C17—H17C	0.9600
N1—Pd—N2	83.98 (10)	C11—C7—C6	117.9 (3)
N1—Pd—C11	90.83 (7)	C11—C7—C8	119.3 (3)
N2—Pd—C11	174.45 (7)	C6—C7—C8	122.7 (3)
N1—Pd—C12	172.72 (7)	C9—C8—C7	110.5 (3)
N2—Pd—C12	92.27 (8)	C9—C8—C10	109.8 (3)
C11—Pd—C12	93.10 (3)	C7—C8—C10	113.6 (3)
C1—N1—C4	105.8 (2)	C9—C8—H8	107.5
C1—N1—Pd	119.3 (2)	C7—C8—H8	107.5
C4—N1—Pd	111.56 (18)	C10—C8—H8	107.5
C1—N1—H1	106.5	C8—C9—H9A	109.5
C4—N1—H1	106.5	C8—C9—H9B	109.5
Pd—N1—H1	106.5	H9A—C9—H9B	109.5
C6—N2—C5	111.0 (2)	C8—C9—H9C	109.5
C6—N2—Pd	121.74 (19)	H9A—C9—H9C	109.5
C5—N2—Pd	107.90 (18)	H9B—C9—H9C	109.5
C6—N2—H2	104.9	C8—C10—H10A	109.5
C5—N2—H2	104.9	C8—C10—H10B	109.5
Pd—N2—H2	104.9	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
N1—C1—C2	102.5 (3)	C8—C10—H10C	109.5
N1—C1—H1A	111.3	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
C2—C1—H1A	111.3	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
N1—C1—H1B	111.3	C12—C11—C7	121.5 (3)
C2—C1—H1B	111.3	C12—C11—H11	119.3
H1A—C1—H1B	109.2	C7—C11—H11	119.3
C3—C2—C1	103.2 (3)	C13—C12—C11	119.4 (3)
C3—C2—H2A	111.1	C13—C12—H12	120.3
C1—C2—H2A	111.1	C11—C12—H12	120.3
C3—C2—H2B	111.1	C12—C13—C14	122.5 (3)
C1—C2—H2B	111.1	C12—C13—H13	118.8
H2A—C2—H2B	109.1	C14—C13—H13	118.8
C2—C3—C4	105.9 (3)	C13—C14—C6	117.1 (3)
C2—C3—H3A	110.6	C13—C14—C15	117.9 (3)
C4—C3—H3A	110.6	C6—C14—C15	125.0 (3)
C2—C3—H3B	110.6	C17—C15—C14	112.0 (3)
C4—C3—H3B	110.6	C17—C15—C16	111.6 (3)
H3A—C3—H3B	108.7	C14—C15—C16	110.0 (3)
N1—C4—C5	108.3 (2)	C17—C15—H15	107.7
N1—C4—C3	105.2 (3)	C14—C15—H15	107.7
C5—C4—C3	113.3 (3)	C16—C15—H15	107.7
N1—C4—H4	110.0	C15—C16—H16A	109.5
C5—C4—H4	110.0	C15—C16—H16B	109.5
C3—C4—H4	110.0	H16A—C16—H16B	109.5
N2—C5—C4	111.2 (2)	C15—C16—H16C	109.5
N2—C5—H5A	109.4	H16A—C16—H16C	109.5
C4—C5—H5A	109.4	H16B—C16—H16C	109.5



N2—C5—H5B	109.4	C15—C17—H17A	109.5
C4—C5—H5B	109.4	C15—C17—H17B	109.5
H5A—C5—H5B	108.0	H17A—C17—H17B	109.5
C7—C6—C14	121.6 (3)	C15—C17—H17C	109.5
C7—C6—N2	119.0 (3)	H17A—C17—H17C	109.5
C14—C6—N2	119.4 (3)	H17B—C17—H17C	109.5

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>
N1—H1 $\cdots$ C12 <sup>i</sup>	0.86	2.47	3.283 (3)	158
N2—H2 $\cdots$ C11 <sup>i</sup>	0.86	2.68	3.410 (3)	144

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x+3/2, -y+3/2, -z+2$ .