

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

2-Tosyl-2,3,3a,4,9,9a-hexahydro-1H-benzo[f]isoindol-1-one

Min Wu and Yi-Min Hu*

School of Chemistry and Materials Science, Anhui Normal University, Wuhu, Anhui 241000, People's Republic of China
Correspondence e-mail: yiminhu@yahoo.cn

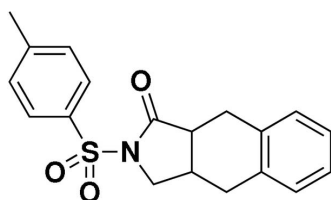
Received 9 March 2013; accepted 23 April 2013

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 291$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$ Å; R factor = 0.055; wR factor = 0.140; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.1.

The title compound, $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{19}\text{NO}_3\text{S}$, was produced by the self-reaction of *N*-cinnamyl-*N*-tosylacrylamide in the presence of palladium(II) acetate *via* an intramolecular C–C coupling reaction and C–H activation. There are two chiral C atoms in the molecule, but the crystal is a racemic system due to a lack of chiral separation. The five-membered ring is twisted about the methylene–methane bond, and the cyclohexa-1,4-diene ring has a boat conformation. The dihedral angle between the benzene rings is $88.27(14)^\circ$, indicating an almost orthogonal relationship and an approximate L-shape for the molecule. In the crystal, the presence of C–H $\cdots\pi$ interactions leads to inversion dimers.

Related literature

For palladium-catalysed intermolecular and intramolecular reactions, see: Zhao *et al.* (2012) and for palladium-catalysed coupling reactions, see: Meng *et al.* (2011); Hu *et al.* (2011). They have made a wide variety active pharmaceutical ingredients and complex organic molecules economically accessible, see: Hu *et al.* (2009, 2010). For the physiological activity of benzo[f]isoindol-1-one derivatives, see: Pitchumani & Vijaikumar (2010).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{19}\text{NO}_3\text{S}$ $M_r = 341.41$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 $a = 6.4389(8)$ Å
 $b = 8.4336(11)$ Å
 $c = 15.4958(12)$ Å
 $\alpha = 89.312(2)^\circ$
 $\beta = 87.395(3)^\circ$
 $\gamma = 81.224(2)^\circ$

$V = 830.75(16)$ Å³
 $Z = 2$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.21$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 291$ K
 $0.28 \times 0.24 \times 0.22$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2000)
 $T_{\min} = 0.943$, $T_{\max} = 0.955$

7242 measured reflections
3724 independent reflections
1902 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.041$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.055$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.140$
 $S = 1.00$
3724 reflections
218 parameters

1 restraint
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.19$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.27$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

Cg1 is the centroid of the C1–C6 ring.

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C10–H10A \cdots Cg1 ⁱ	0.97	2.63	3.555 (3)	159

Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 1, -y, -z + 2$.

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2000); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2000); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: SHELXTL; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

We thank the National Science Foundation of China (project Nos. 21272005 and 21072003) for financial support for this work.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BV2220).

References

- Bruker (2000). SMART, SAINT and SADABS. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
Hu, Y.-M., Lin, X.-G., Zhu, T., Wan, J., Sun, Y.-J., Zhao, Q. S. & Yu, T. (2010). *Synthesis*, **42**, 3467–3473.
Hu, Y.-M., Sun, Y.-J., Hu, J.-P., Zhu, T., Yu, T. & Zhao, Q.-S. (2011). *Chem. Asian J.* **6**, 797–800.
Hu, Y.-M., Yu, C.-L., Ren, D., Hu, Q., Zhang, L.-D. & Cheng, D. (2009). *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **48**, 5448–5451.
Meng, T.-J., Hu, Y.-M., Zhao, Q.-S., Yu, T. & Wang, S. (2011). *Tetrahedron*, **67**, 8710–8716.
Pitchumani, K. & Vijaikumar, S. (2010). *Indian J. Chem.* **49**, 469–474.
Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst. A* **64**, 112–122.
Zhao, Q.-S., Hu, Q., Wen, L., Wu, M. & Hu, Y.-M. (2012). *Adv. Synth. Catal.* **354**, 2113–2116.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2013). E69, o926 [doi:10.1107/S1600536813011045]

2-Tosyl-2,3,3a,4,9,9a-hexahydro-1*H*-benzo[*f*]isoindol-1-one

Min Wu and Yi-Min Hu

S1. Comment

Palladium-catalyzed intermolecular and intramolecular reactions have become an important tool of modern organic synthesis chemistry (Zhao *et al.*, 2012). They have made a wide variety of active pharmaceutical ingredients and complex organic molecules economically accessible (Hu *et al.*, 2009; Hu *et al.*, 2010). The benzo[*f*]isoindol-1-one derivatives, which have physiological activity, are effective intermediates in the preparation of many complex natural products (Pitchumani *et al.*, 2010). We have reported some novel palladium-catalyzed coupling reactions of aryl halides with the olefins and dienes (Meng *et al.*, 2011; Hu *et al.*, 2011). The self-reaction of *N*-cinnamyl-*N*-tosylacrylamide, in the presence of palladium(II) acetate and triphenylphosphine, in DMF at 393 K for 16 h, gave the unexpected title product.

The crystal structure data of molecule (I), C₁₉H₁₉NO₃S, reveals that all the bond lengths and angles have normal values. An asymmetric unit is composed of one title compound molecule. The title compound molecule contains two phenyl ring, one five-member carbon ring, and one six-member carbon ring. All the rings are not coplanar (figure 1). In the molecule (I) there are two chiral carbon atoms, C8 and C9, but the crystal is a racemic system due to lacking of the chiral separation. The five-membered ring is twisted about the methylene–methane bond, and the cyclohexa-1,4-diene ring has a boat conformation. The dihedral angle between the benzene rings is 88.27 (14)°, indicating an almost orthogonal relationship and an approximate L-shape for the molecule. In the crystal, the presence of C—H⋯π interactions leads to inversion dimers. The molecules with *R*, *S*(C8, C9) conformation form a 1-D chain through weak H9⋯O₁ⁱ (*i*: 1 + *x*, *y*, *z*) interactions, so do molecules with *S*, *R*(C8ⁱⁱⁱ, C9ⁱⁱⁱ) conformation (H9ⁱⁱⁱ⋯O₁^{iv} (*iii*: -*x*, 1 - *y*, 1 - *z*; *iv*: 1 - *x*, 1 - *y*, 1 - *z*). Two chains are parallel with each other along the *a* axis (Fig. 2).

S2. Experimental

An oven-dried Schlenk flask was evacuated, filled with nitrogen, and then charged with *N*-cinnamyl-*N*-tosylacrylamide (3.41 g, 10 mmol), tributylamine (3 ml), PPh₃ (52.5 mg, 0.2 mmol), Pd(OAc)₂ (24 mg, 0.1 mol), and DMF (10 ml) to give a yellow solution. The reaction mixture was heated at 393 K with stirring. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature after 16 h and the resultant yellow-orange mixture was diluted with Et₂O (10 ml). The mixture was washed with H₂O (15 ml) and the aqueous layer was extracted with Et₂O (20 ml). The combined organic layers were dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude material was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ester:EtOAc = 7:1) and recrystallized from EtOAc, yield 3.11 g (91%). Colorless crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained by recrystallization from a solution of the title compound from ethyl acetate over a period of one week.

S3. Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model with C—H = 0.93–0.97 Å, and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2$ times $U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$.

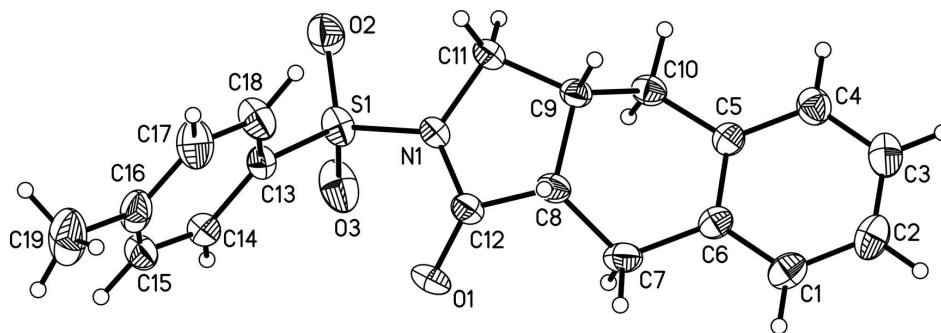


Figure 1

A view of the title compound showing the atom-numbering scheme and displacement ellipsoids drawn at 30% probability level.

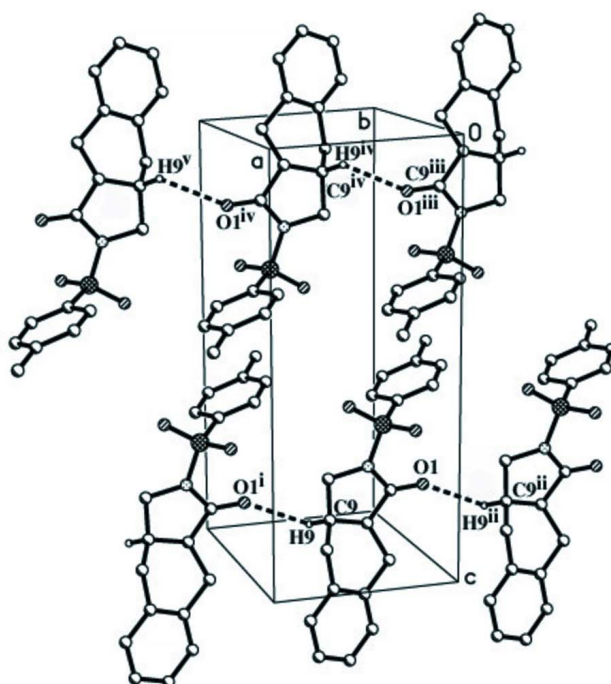


Figure 2

A view of the forming a 1-D chain along the *a* axis. (i: $1 + x, y, z$; ii: $-1 + x, y, z$; iii: $-x, 1 - y, 1 - z$; iv: $1 - x, 1 - y, 1 - z$; v: $2 - x, 1 - y, 1 - z$)

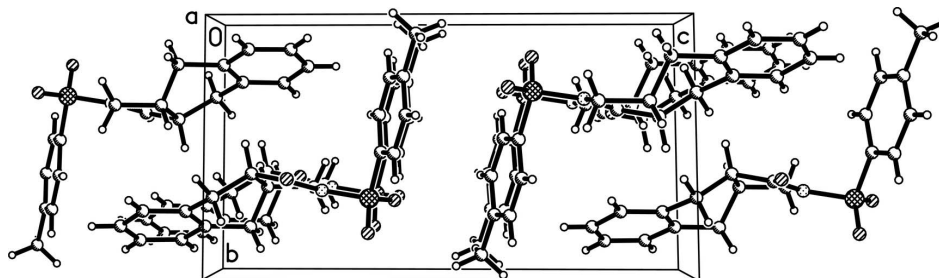
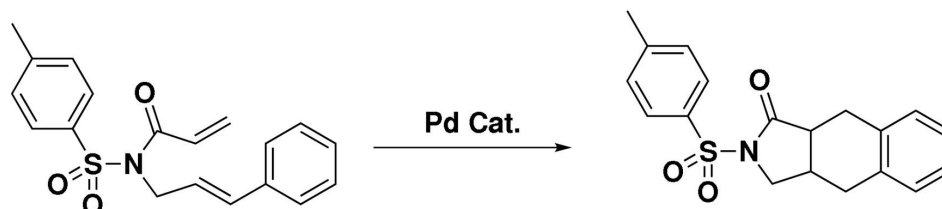


Figure 3

A view of the cell packing.

**Figure 4**

The formation of the title compound.

2-Tosyl-2,3,3a,4,9,9a-hexahydro-1H-benzo[f]isoindol-1-one*Crystal data* $C_{19}H_{19}NO_3S$ $M_r = 341.41$ Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: -P 1

 $a = 6.4389$ (8) Å $b = 8.4336$ (11) Å $c = 15.4958$ (12) Å $\alpha = 89.312$ (2)° $\beta = 87.395$ (3)° $\gamma = 81.224$ (2)° $V = 830.75$ (16) Å³ $Z = 2$ $F(000) = 360$ $D_x = 1.365$ Mg m⁻³Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 3121 reflections

 $\theta = 2.1$ – 23.6 ° $\mu = 0.21$ mm⁻¹ $T = 291$ K

Block, colorless

 $0.28 \times 0.24 \times 0.22$ mm*Data collection*Bruker SMART APEX CCD
diffractometer

Radiation source: sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

phi and ω scansAbsorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2000) $T_{\min} = 0.943$, $T_{\max} = 0.955$

7242 measured reflections

3724 independent reflections

1902 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.041$ $\theta_{\max} = 27.5$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 1.3$ ° $h = -8 \rightarrow 8$ $k = -10 \rightarrow 10$ $l = -20 \rightarrow 18$ *Refinement*Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.055$ $wR(F^2) = 0.140$ $S = 1.00$

3724 reflections

218 parameters

1 restraint

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methodsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier
mapHydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0538P)^2 + 0.0132P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.002$ $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.19$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.27$ e Å⁻³

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.3560 (5)	0.2477 (3)	1.14379 (19)	0.0529 (8)
H1	0.2229	0.2911	1.1658	0.063*
C2	0.5104 (6)	0.1853 (4)	1.1995 (2)	0.0632 (9)
H2	0.4793	0.1846	1.2587	0.076*
C3	0.7085 (6)	0.1248 (4)	1.1681 (2)	0.0632 (9)
H3	0.8121	0.0837	1.2058	0.076*
C4	0.7530 (5)	0.1253 (3)	1.0804 (2)	0.0516 (8)
H4	0.8885	0.0863	1.0593	0.062*
C5	0.6001 (4)	0.1827 (3)	1.02266 (18)	0.0402 (7)
C6	0.3994 (4)	0.2456 (3)	1.05538 (18)	0.0420 (7)
C7	0.2351 (4)	0.3035 (4)	0.99167 (19)	0.0509 (8)
H7A	0.1217	0.3744	1.0211	0.061*
H7B	0.1771	0.2121	0.9711	0.061*
C8	0.3179 (4)	0.3927 (3)	0.91382 (17)	0.0402 (7)
H8	0.2959	0.5078	0.9264	0.048*
C9	0.5518 (4)	0.3398 (3)	0.88727 (16)	0.0383 (7)
H9	0.6331	0.4209	0.9067	0.046*
C10	0.6378 (4)	0.1798 (3)	0.92661 (17)	0.0421 (7)
H10A	0.5702	0.0963	0.9024	0.050*
H10B	0.7876	0.1552	0.9127	0.050*
C11	0.5606 (4)	0.3383 (4)	0.78857 (18)	0.0474 (8)
H11A	0.6051	0.4355	0.7652	0.057*
H11B	0.6567	0.2464	0.7666	0.057*
C12	0.1997 (5)	0.3657 (4)	0.83510 (19)	0.0478 (7)
C13	0.1097 (4)	0.4760 (3)	0.64007 (17)	0.0424 (7)
C14	-0.0883 (4)	0.4722 (4)	0.61141 (18)	0.0510 (8)
H14	-0.1412	0.3758	0.6087	0.061*
C15	-0.2072 (5)	0.6144 (5)	0.58664 (19)	0.0614 (9)
H15	-0.3399	0.6120	0.5658	0.074*
C16	-0.1359 (6)	0.7594 (4)	0.59177 (19)	0.0621 (9)
C17	0.0634 (6)	0.7592 (4)	0.6211 (2)	0.0703 (10)
H17	0.1151	0.8558	0.6252	0.084*
C18	0.1867 (5)	0.6194 (4)	0.6445 (2)	0.0631 (9)
H18	0.3215	0.6214	0.6632	0.076*
C19	-0.2678 (6)	0.9147 (5)	0.5653 (2)	0.0981 (14)

H19A	-0.2730	0.9919	0.6106	0.147*
H19B	-0.4078	0.8957	0.5549	0.147*
H19C	-0.2064	0.9551	0.5135	0.147*
N1	0.3425 (3)	0.3281 (3)	0.76626 (14)	0.0429 (6)
O1	0.0116 (3)	0.3754 (3)	0.83041 (14)	0.0784 (8)
O2	0.4664 (3)	0.2878 (3)	0.61566 (13)	0.0654 (6)
O3	0.1562 (4)	0.1696 (2)	0.66729 (15)	0.0769 (7)
S1	0.27381 (13)	0.29881 (9)	0.66632 (5)	0.0514 (3)

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.062 (2)	0.0443 (18)	0.051 (2)	-0.0084 (16)	0.0091 (17)	-0.0015 (15)
C2	0.088 (3)	0.062 (2)	0.0405 (19)	-0.015 (2)	-0.0038 (19)	-0.0014 (16)
C3	0.073 (3)	0.062 (2)	0.056 (2)	-0.012 (2)	-0.0174 (19)	0.0071 (17)
C4	0.0528 (19)	0.0468 (18)	0.056 (2)	-0.0073 (15)	-0.0084 (16)	0.0053 (15)
C5	0.0443 (17)	0.0313 (15)	0.0456 (18)	-0.0079 (13)	-0.0024 (14)	0.0049 (12)
C6	0.0468 (18)	0.0358 (16)	0.0434 (18)	-0.0082 (14)	0.0033 (14)	0.0000 (13)
C7	0.0381 (17)	0.0528 (19)	0.060 (2)	-0.0048 (14)	0.0082 (15)	0.0021 (15)
C8	0.0320 (16)	0.0358 (16)	0.0514 (18)	-0.0013 (12)	0.0003 (13)	0.0006 (13)
C9	0.0311 (15)	0.0395 (16)	0.0451 (17)	-0.0082 (12)	-0.0022 (12)	0.0026 (12)
C10	0.0351 (16)	0.0374 (16)	0.0523 (19)	-0.0018 (13)	0.0004 (13)	-0.0018 (13)
C11	0.0303 (16)	0.058 (2)	0.0524 (19)	-0.0017 (14)	-0.0056 (13)	0.0079 (14)
C12	0.0337 (17)	0.055 (2)	0.054 (2)	-0.0039 (14)	-0.0043 (15)	0.0103 (15)
C13	0.0415 (17)	0.0445 (17)	0.0409 (17)	-0.0038 (14)	-0.0073 (13)	0.0063 (13)
C14	0.0422 (18)	0.065 (2)	0.0459 (19)	-0.0080 (16)	-0.0033 (15)	0.0028 (15)
C15	0.0412 (19)	0.089 (3)	0.049 (2)	0.0066 (19)	-0.0047 (15)	0.0037 (19)
C16	0.068 (2)	0.069 (2)	0.0385 (19)	0.0218 (19)	0.0013 (17)	0.0017 (16)
C17	0.089 (3)	0.050 (2)	0.070 (2)	-0.001 (2)	-0.020 (2)	0.0058 (18)
C18	0.057 (2)	0.055 (2)	0.078 (3)	-0.0072 (18)	-0.0216 (18)	0.0065 (18)
C19	0.115 (3)	0.087 (3)	0.073 (3)	0.046 (3)	-0.009 (2)	0.013 (2)
N1	0.0325 (13)	0.0520 (15)	0.0437 (15)	-0.0036 (11)	-0.0070 (11)	0.0052 (11)
O1	0.0266 (12)	0.135 (2)	0.0729 (17)	-0.0107 (13)	-0.0060 (11)	0.0115 (15)
O2	0.0576 (12)	0.0761 (16)	0.0547 (14)	0.0166 (12)	-0.0041 (9)	-0.0101 (11)
O3	0.0937 (18)	0.0507 (14)	0.0942 (18)	-0.0258 (13)	-0.0428 (14)	0.0088 (12)
S1	0.0530 (5)	0.0458 (5)	0.0553 (5)	-0.0035 (4)	-0.0151 (4)	-0.0002 (4)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—C2	1.385 (4)	C11—N1	1.477 (3)
C1—C6	1.385 (4)	C11—H11A	0.9700
C1—H1	0.9300	C11—H11B	0.9700
C2—C3	1.369 (4)	C12—O1	1.207 (3)
C2—H2	0.9300	C12—N1	1.383 (3)
C3—C4	1.378 (4)	C13—C14	1.374 (4)
C3—H3	0.9300	C13—C18	1.379 (4)
C4—C5	1.388 (4)	C13—S1	1.749 (3)
C4—H4	0.9300	C14—C15	1.381 (4)

C5—C6	1.396 (4)	C14—H14	0.9300
C5—C10	1.497 (4)	C15—C16	1.375 (5)
C6—C7	1.503 (4)	C15—H15	0.9300
C7—C8	1.532 (4)	C16—C17	1.381 (5)
C7—H7A	0.9700	C16—C19	1.511 (4)
C7—H7B	0.9700	C17—C18	1.372 (4)
C8—C12	1.504 (4)	C17—H17	0.9300
C8—C9	1.542 (3)	C18—H18	0.9300
C8—H8	0.9800	C19—H19A	0.9600
C9—C10	1.511 (3)	C19—H19B	0.9600
C9—C11	1.528 (4)	C19—H19C	0.9600
C9—H9	0.9800	N1—S1	1.661 (2)
C10—H10A	0.9700	O2—S1	1.428 (2)
C10—H10B	0.9700	O3—S1	1.419 (2)
C2—C1—C6	120.1 (3)	N1—C11—C9	104.1 (2)
C2—C1—H1	119.9	N1—C11—H11A	110.9
C6—C1—H1	119.9	C9—C11—H11A	110.9
C3—C2—C1	120.5 (3)	N1—C11—H11B	110.9
C3—C2—H2	119.7	C9—C11—H11B	110.9
C1—C2—H2	119.7	H11A—C11—H11B	108.9
C2—C3—C4	119.4 (3)	O1—C12—N1	124.1 (3)
C2—C3—H3	120.3	O1—C12—C8	127.0 (3)
C4—C3—H3	120.3	N1—C12—C8	108.8 (2)
C3—C4—C5	121.4 (3)	C14—C13—C18	120.4 (3)
C3—C4—H4	119.3	C14—C13—S1	120.8 (2)
C5—C4—H4	119.3	C18—C13—S1	118.7 (2)
C4—C5—C6	118.6 (3)	C13—C14—C15	118.6 (3)
C4—C5—C10	123.6 (3)	C13—C14—H14	120.7
C6—C5—C10	117.8 (2)	C15—C14—H14	120.7
C1—C6—C5	119.8 (3)	C16—C15—C14	122.2 (3)
C1—C6—C7	122.5 (3)	C16—C15—H15	118.9
C5—C6—C7	117.7 (2)	C14—C15—H15	118.9
C6—C7—C8	113.8 (2)	C15—C16—C17	117.7 (3)
C6—C7—H7A	108.8	C15—C16—C19	121.9 (4)
C8—C7—H7A	108.8	C17—C16—C19	120.4 (4)
C6—C7—H7B	108.8	C18—C17—C16	121.4 (3)
C8—C7—H7B	108.8	C18—C17—H17	119.3
H7A—C7—H7B	107.7	C16—C17—H17	119.3
C12—C8—C7	110.1 (2)	C17—C18—C13	119.6 (3)
C12—C8—C9	105.1 (2)	C17—C18—H18	120.2
C7—C8—C9	115.3 (2)	C13—C18—H18	120.2
C12—C8—H8	108.7	C16—C19—H19A	109.5
C7—C8—H8	108.7	C16—C19—H19B	109.5
C9—C8—H8	108.7	H19A—C19—H19B	109.5
C10—C9—C11	113.2 (2)	C16—C19—H19C	109.5
C10—C9—C8	112.0 (2)	H19A—C19—H19C	109.5
C11—C9—C8	105.2 (2)	H19B—C19—H19C	109.5

C10—C9—H9	108.8	C12—N1—C11	112.5 (2)
C11—C9—H9	108.8	C12—N1—S1	123.75 (19)
C8—C9—H9	108.8	C11—N1—S1	123.24 (19)
C5—C10—C9	110.7 (2)	O3—S1—O2	119.80 (15)
C5—C10—H10A	109.5	O3—S1—N1	108.71 (13)
C9—C10—H10A	109.5	O2—S1—N1	104.22 (12)
C5—C10—H10B	109.5	O3—S1—C13	109.13 (14)
C9—C10—H10B	109.5	O2—S1—C13	109.42 (13)
H10A—C10—H10B	108.1	N1—S1—C13	104.41 (12)
C6—C1—C2—C3	1.6 (5)	C18—C13—C14—C15	0.5 (4)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.4 (5)	S1—C13—C14—C15	-176.2 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-1.4 (5)	C13—C14—C15—C16	-1.6 (5)
C3—C4—C5—C6	2.1 (4)	C14—C15—C16—C17	1.4 (5)
C3—C4—C5—C10	-177.4 (3)	C14—C15—C16—C19	-179.4 (3)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-1.0 (4)	C15—C16—C17—C18	0.0 (5)
C2—C1—C6—C7	176.7 (3)	C19—C16—C17—C18	-179.2 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.8 (4)	C16—C17—C18—C13	-1.1 (5)
C10—C5—C6—C1	178.6 (2)	C14—C13—C18—C17	0.8 (5)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-178.6 (2)	S1—C13—C18—C17	177.6 (2)
C10—C5—C6—C7	0.9 (4)	O1—C12—N1—C11	175.1 (3)
C1—C6—C7—C8	142.4 (3)	C8—C12—N1—C11	-4.5 (3)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-39.9 (3)	O1—C12—N1—S1	2.8 (4)
C6—C7—C8—C12	148.4 (2)	C8—C12—N1—S1	-176.76 (18)
C6—C7—C8—C9	29.6 (3)	C9—C11—N1—C12	16.0 (3)
C12—C8—C9—C10	-105.2 (3)	C9—C11—N1—S1	-171.72 (18)
C7—C8—C9—C10	16.3 (3)	C12—N1—S1—O3	-59.7 (3)
C12—C8—C9—C11	18.1 (3)	C11—N1—S1—O3	128.9 (2)
C7—C8—C9—C11	139.6 (2)	C12—N1—S1—O2	171.5 (2)
C4—C5—C10—C9	-133.4 (3)	C11—N1—S1—O2	0.1 (3)
C6—C5—C10—C9	47.2 (3)	C12—N1—S1—C13	56.7 (2)
C11—C9—C10—C5	-172.8 (2)	C11—N1—S1—C13	-114.7 (2)
C8—C9—C10—C5	-54.2 (3)	C14—C13—S1—O3	-10.0 (3)
C10—C9—C11—N1	102.2 (2)	C18—C13—S1—O3	173.2 (2)
C8—C9—C11—N1	-20.3 (3)	C14—C13—S1—O2	122.8 (2)
C7—C8—C12—O1	46.7 (4)	C18—C13—S1—O2	-53.9 (3)
C9—C8—C12—O1	171.6 (3)	C14—C13—S1—N1	-126.1 (2)
C7—C8—C12—N1	-133.7 (2)	C18—C13—S1—N1	57.1 (3)
C9—C8—C12—N1	-8.9 (3)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

Cg1 is the centroid of the C1—C6 ring.

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
C10—H10A···Cg1 ⁱ	0.97	2.63	3.555 (3)	159

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1, -y, -z+2$.