

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

(2*S*,3*S*)-3-(3-Bromophenyl)-6,6-dimethyl-2-nitro-2,3,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4(5*H*)-one

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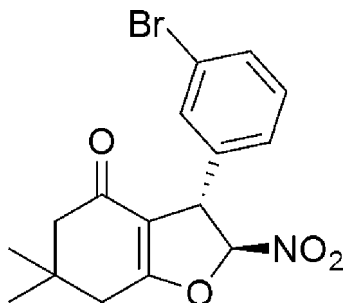
Received 18 June 2013; accepted 11 July 2013

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 296$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.007$ Å; R factor = 0.051; wR factor = 0.108; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.0.

The title compound, $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{16}\text{BrNO}_4$, has two adjacent chiral C atoms and both have an *S* configuration. The fused cyclohex-2-enone and dihydrofuran rings both adopt envelope conformations, with the quaternary C atom and the nitro-substituted C atoms as the respective flap. The flap atoms lie 0.607 (3) and -0.253 (2) Å, respectively, from the mean plane of the remaining ring atoms on opposite sides. The dihedral angle between the mean plane of the four coplanar atoms of the dihydrofuran ring and the phenyl ring is 86.16 (3)°. In the crystal, molecules are linked by weak C—H...O interactions, forming a ladder motif parallel to the *b* axis.

Related literature

For the occurrence of dihydrofurans in nature and their synthetic applications, see: Fraga (1992); Lipshutz (1986). For synthetic procedures, see: Fan *et al.* (2010); Rueping *et al.* (2010).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{16}\text{BrNO}_4$
 $M_r = 366.21$

 Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$
 $a = 6.6799$ (7) Å

 $b = 7.3713$ (9) Å
 $c = 32.9075$ (14) Å
 $V = 1620.4$ (3) Å³
 $Z = 4$

 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 2.55$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 296$ K
 $0.38 \times 0.36 \times 0.31$ mm

Data collection

 Rigaku R-Axis RAPID
 diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)
 $T_{\min} = 0.384$, $T_{\max} = 0.455$

 13344 measured reflections
 2997 independent reflections
 1857 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.066$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.051$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.108$
 $S = 1.00$
 2997 reflections
 200 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained

 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.51$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.46$ e Å⁻³
 Absolute structure: Flack (1983),
 1221 Friedel pairs
 Absolute structure parameter: 0.003
 (18)

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
C1—H1...O1 ⁱ	0.98	2.29	3.165 (6)	148
C5—H5A...O2 ⁱⁱ	0.97	2.66	3.351 (6)	129
C14—H14...O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.65	3.559 (7)	167

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y - 1, z$; (ii) $x, y + 1, z$; (iii) $-x + 1, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *PROCESS-AUTO* (Rigaku, 2006); cell refinement: *PROCESS-AUTO*; data reduction: *CrystalStructure* (Rigaku, 2007); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 2012); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 2012).

This work was supported by the Zhejiang Provincial Natural Science Foundation of China (No. Y4110373). We are also grateful for the help of Professor Jian-Ming Gu of Zhejiang University.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: FY2101).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2013). E69, o1270 [doi:10.1107/S160053681301920X]

(2*S*,3*S*)-3-(3-Bromophenyl)-6,6-dimethyl-2-nitro-2,3,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4(5*H*)-one**Yifeng Wang, Minjie Yao, Kun Dong and Danqian Xu****S1. Comment**

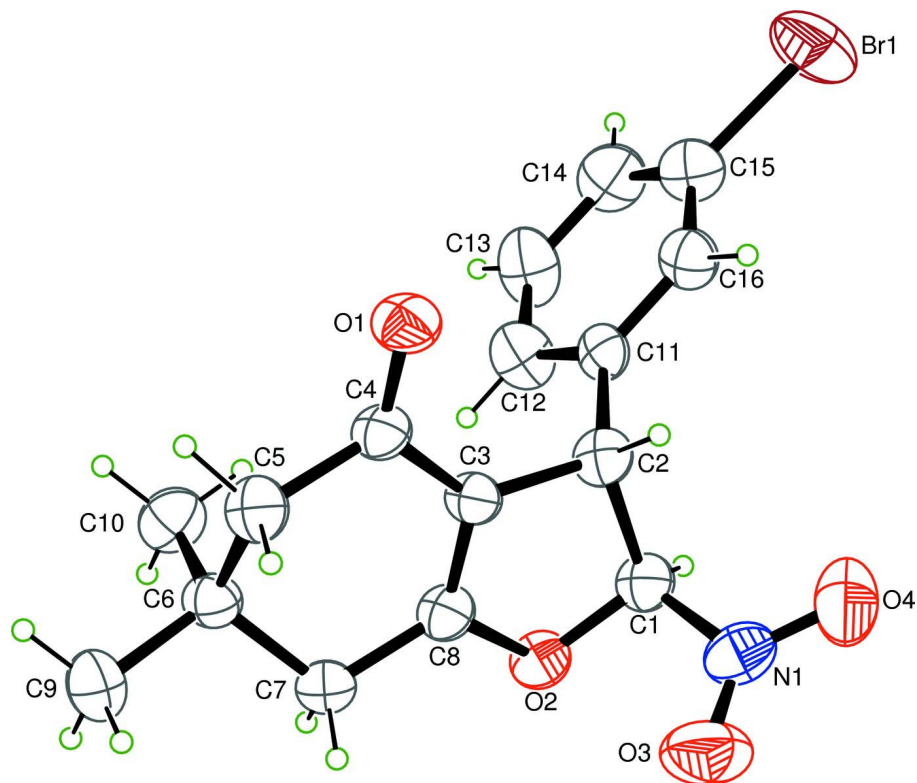
Dihydrofurans are found in many naturally occurring compounds and are used as versatile intermediates in organic and natural product synthesis (Fraga, 1992; Lipshutz, 1986). Organocatalytic asymmetric domino reactions have received increasing attention in the synthetic community recently. The title compound, which was readily synthesized by the organocatalytic Michael-S_N2 reaction of 5,5-dimethylcyclohexane-1,3-dione to (*E*)-1-bromo-3-(2-bromo-2-nitrovinyl)benzene (Fan *et al.*, 2010; Rueping *et al.*, 2010), could act as an intermediate in organic and natural product synthesis. In this article, the crystal structure of the title compound (2*S*,3*S*)-3-(3-bromophenyl)-6,6-dimethyl-2-nitro-2,3,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4(5*H*)-one is described (Fig. 1).

S2. Experimental

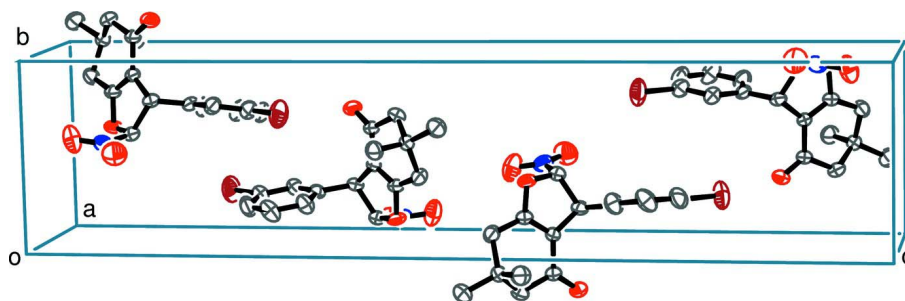
To a solution of 5,5-dimethylcyclohexane-1,3-dione (1.2 mmol) and (*E*)-1-bromo-3-(2-bromo-2-nitrovinyl)benzene (1 mmol) in CHCl₃ (3 ml) was added 1-(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-3-((*S*)-(6-methoxyquinolin-4-yl)((2*S*,4*S*,8*R*)-8-vinylquinuclidin-2-yl)methyl)thiourea (0.025 mmol) as catalyst and *N,N*-diisopropylethylamine (DIPEA, 0.3 mmol) as the base. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 12 h (monitored by TLC). Then the solvent was distilled under vacuum, and the residue was purified by flash column chromatography (silica gel, Hex/AcOEt, *v/v*, 3:1) giving the title compound. Single crystals were obtained by slow evaporation of a CH₂Cl₂ and *i*PrOH solution (*v/v*, 1:1).

S3. Refinement

Methyl H atoms were placed in calculated positions with C—H = 0.96 (1) Å and the methyl torsion was refined to fit the electron density with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$. Other H atoms were placed in calculated positions with C—H = 0.98 (1) Å (CH), C—H = 0.97 (1) Å (CH₂), C—H = 0.93 Å (aromatic). All H atoms included in the final cycles of refinement using a riding model, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$.


Figure 1

The asymmetric unit of the structure of the title compound. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.


Figure 2

The molecular packing of the title compounds.

(2*S*,3*S*)-3-(3-Bromophenyl)-6,6-dimethyl-2-nitro-2,3,6,7-tetrahydrobenzofuran-4(5*H*)-one

Crystal data

$C_{16}H_{16}BrNO_4$

$M_r = 366.21$

Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$

Hall symbol: P 2ac 2ab

$a = 6.6799$ (7) Å

$b = 7.3713$ (9) Å

$c = 32.9075$ (14) Å

$V = 1620.4$ (3) Å³

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 744$

$D_x = 1.501$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 8549 reflections

$\theta = 3.0\text{--}27.4^\circ$

$\mu = 2.55 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 296 \text{ K}$

Chunk, colourless
 $0.38 \times 0.36 \times 0.31 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Rigaku R-Axis RAPID
 diffractometer
 Radiation source: rotating anode
 Graphite monochromator
 Detector resolution: $10.00 \text{ pixels mm}^{-1}$
 ω scans
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.384, T_{\text{max}} = 0.455$

13344 measured reflections
 2997 independent reflections
 1857 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.066$
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.5^\circ, \theta_{\text{min}} = 3.0^\circ$
 $h = -8 \rightarrow 8$
 $k = -8 \rightarrow 8$
 $l = -39 \rightarrow 39$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.051$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.108$
 $S = 1.00$
 2997 reflections
 200 parameters
 0 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods
 Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0122P)^2 + 2.5684P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.51 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.46 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 Extinction correction: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick,
 2008), $F_c^* = kF_c[1 + 0.001x F_c^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
 Extinction coefficient: 0.0068 (8)
 Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 1221 Friedel
 pairs
 Absolute structure parameter: 0.003 (18)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.7480 (8)	0.0956 (7)	0.38377 (16)	0.0479 (13)
H1	0.7209	-0.0091	0.3663	0.058*
C2	0.7540 (7)	0.2708 (7)	0.35851 (13)	0.0445 (12)
H2	0.8923	0.3142	0.3564	0.053*
C3	0.6377 (8)	0.3915 (6)	0.38649 (13)	0.0407 (12)
C4	0.6168 (8)	0.5877 (7)	0.38557 (14)	0.0447 (12)
C5	0.5014 (8)	0.6680 (7)	0.42097 (15)	0.0518 (14)
H5A	0.4417	0.7813	0.4122	0.062*
H5B	0.5956	0.6963	0.4425	0.062*
C6	0.3350 (8)	0.5471 (7)	0.43873 (14)	0.0457 (13)

C7	0.4211 (8)	0.3581 (7)	0.44910 (14)	0.0510 (14)
H7A	0.4962	0.3648	0.4743	0.061*
H7B	0.3123	0.2726	0.4529	0.061*
C8	0.5546 (7)	0.2937 (7)	0.41577 (13)	0.0441 (12)
C9	0.2524 (9)	0.6355 (8)	0.47723 (16)	0.0662 (17)
H9A	0.3577	0.6471	0.4969	0.099*
H9B	0.1473	0.5614	0.4882	0.099*
H9C	0.2004	0.7534	0.4708	0.099*
C10	0.1679 (8)	0.5273 (8)	0.40747 (16)	0.0604 (16)
H10A	0.2203	0.4722	0.3833	0.091*
H10B	0.1147	0.6448	0.4010	0.091*
H10C	0.0635	0.4524	0.4184	0.091*
C11	0.6670 (6)	0.2454 (7)	0.31637 (13)	0.0424 (12)
C12	0.4643 (8)	0.2067 (8)	0.31090 (16)	0.0625 (16)
H12	0.3787	0.1999	0.3331	0.075*
C13	0.3924 (9)	0.1789 (9)	0.27221 (18)	0.0753 (19)
H13	0.2568	0.1561	0.2684	0.090*
C14	0.5172 (10)	0.1840 (9)	0.23926 (17)	0.0712 (19)
H14	0.4667	0.1635	0.2133	0.085*
C15	0.7173 (8)	0.2196 (9)	0.24461 (15)	0.0589 (15)
C16	0.7912 (8)	0.2488 (8)	0.28321 (13)	0.0526 (13)
H16	0.9272	0.2710	0.2868	0.063*
N1	0.9468 (8)	0.0706 (7)	0.40626 (16)	0.0636 (13)
O1	0.6964 (5)	0.6824 (5)	0.35982 (10)	0.0568 (10)
O2	0.5974 (6)	0.1130 (4)	0.41360 (10)	0.0513 (9)
O3	0.9540 (7)	0.0943 (7)	0.44265 (13)	0.0948 (16)
O4	1.0920 (7)	0.0381 (7)	0.38474 (15)	0.0926 (15)
Br1	0.89492 (12)	0.22108 (12)	0.200225 (18)	0.1030 (4)

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.058 (3)	0.034 (3)	0.052 (3)	0.000 (3)	0.001 (3)	-0.005 (3)
C2	0.053 (3)	0.032 (3)	0.048 (2)	-0.006 (3)	-0.001 (2)	-0.004 (3)
C3	0.055 (3)	0.031 (3)	0.036 (2)	-0.003 (3)	0.004 (2)	-0.003 (2)
C4	0.057 (3)	0.032 (3)	0.045 (3)	-0.001 (3)	0.000 (3)	-0.001 (2)
C5	0.064 (3)	0.036 (3)	0.055 (3)	-0.003 (3)	0.001 (3)	-0.011 (2)
C6	0.056 (3)	0.042 (3)	0.039 (3)	-0.001 (3)	0.002 (2)	-0.002 (2)
C7	0.056 (3)	0.051 (4)	0.047 (3)	0.003 (3)	0.005 (3)	0.007 (2)
C8	0.056 (3)	0.029 (3)	0.048 (3)	-0.002 (3)	0.002 (2)	0.000 (2)
C9	0.073 (4)	0.063 (4)	0.062 (3)	0.011 (3)	0.015 (3)	-0.010 (3)
C10	0.060 (4)	0.061 (4)	0.060 (3)	-0.002 (3)	-0.013 (3)	-0.001 (3)
C11	0.049 (3)	0.036 (3)	0.042 (2)	0.001 (3)	0.002 (2)	-0.009 (2)
C12	0.056 (3)	0.073 (4)	0.058 (3)	-0.010 (3)	-0.002 (3)	-0.013 (3)
C13	0.058 (4)	0.091 (5)	0.077 (4)	-0.001 (4)	-0.005 (3)	-0.029 (4)
C14	0.089 (5)	0.072 (5)	0.053 (3)	0.006 (4)	-0.015 (3)	-0.018 (3)
C15	0.068 (4)	0.058 (4)	0.051 (3)	-0.004 (3)	-0.003 (3)	-0.007 (3)
C16	0.056 (3)	0.051 (4)	0.050 (3)	0.002 (3)	-0.003 (2)	-0.007 (3)

N1	0.076 (4)	0.047 (3)	0.068 (3)	-0.002 (3)	-0.009 (3)	0.008 (3)
O1	0.076 (2)	0.036 (2)	0.058 (2)	-0.0071 (19)	0.0121 (19)	0.0059 (18)
O2	0.065 (2)	0.027 (2)	0.062 (2)	-0.0025 (19)	0.008 (2)	0.0077 (16)
O3	0.084 (3)	0.138 (4)	0.062 (3)	-0.009 (3)	-0.014 (3)	0.024 (3)
O4	0.071 (3)	0.103 (4)	0.104 (3)	0.026 (3)	0.011 (3)	-0.006 (3)
Br1	0.1209 (6)	0.1395 (8)	0.0487 (3)	-0.0071 (6)	0.0208 (4)	-0.0096 (4)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—O2	1.411 (6)	C8—O2	1.365 (5)
C1—N1	1.532 (7)	C9—H9A	0.9600
C1—C2	1.536 (7)	C9—H9B	0.9600
C1—H1	0.9800	C9—H9C	0.9600
C2—C3	1.498 (6)	C10—H10A	0.9600
C2—C11	1.515 (6)	C10—H10B	0.9600
C2—H2	0.9800	C10—H10C	0.9600
C3—C8	1.325 (6)	C11—C16	1.371 (6)
C3—C4	1.453 (7)	C11—C12	1.396 (6)
C4—O1	1.220 (5)	C12—C13	1.376 (7)
C4—C5	1.517 (7)	C12—H12	0.9300
C5—C6	1.540 (7)	C13—C14	1.368 (8)
C5—H5A	0.9700	C13—H13	0.9300
C5—H5B	0.9700	C14—C15	1.373 (8)
C6—C10	1.525 (7)	C14—H14	0.9300
C6—C9	1.528 (7)	C15—C16	1.380 (6)
C6—C7	1.545 (7)	C15—Br1	1.882 (5)
C7—C8	1.491 (6)	C16—H16	0.9300
C7—H7A	0.9700	N1—O3	1.211 (6)
C7—H7B	0.9700	N1—O4	1.224 (6)
O2—C1—N1	107.0 (4)	C3—C8—C7	127.8 (5)
O2—C1—C2	108.6 (4)	O2—C8—C7	118.3 (4)
N1—C1—C2	109.9 (4)	C6—C9—H9A	109.5
O2—C1—H1	110.4	C6—C9—H9B	109.5
N1—C1—H1	110.4	H9A—C9—H9B	109.5
C2—C1—H1	110.4	C6—C9—H9C	109.5
C3—C2—C11	115.9 (4)	H9A—C9—H9C	109.5
C3—C2—C1	98.8 (4)	H9B—C9—H9C	109.5
C11—C2—C1	112.4 (4)	C6—C10—H10A	109.5
C3—C2—H2	109.7	C6—C10—H10B	109.5
C11—C2—H2	109.7	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
C1—C2—H2	109.7	C6—C10—H10C	109.5
C8—C3—C4	121.1 (5)	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
C8—C3—C2	109.9 (4)	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
C4—C3—C2	129.0 (4)	C16—C11—C12	119.2 (4)
O1—C4—C3	122.8 (5)	C16—C11—C2	119.6 (4)
O1—C4—C5	122.1 (5)	C12—C11—C2	121.0 (4)
C3—C4—C5	114.9 (4)	C13—C12—C11	119.2 (5)

C4—C5—C6	115.6 (4)	C13—C12—H12	120.4
C4—C5—H5A	108.4	C11—C12—H12	120.4
C6—C5—H5A	108.4	C12—C13—C14	121.1 (6)
C4—C5—H5B	108.4	C12—C13—H13	119.4
C6—C5—H5B	108.4	C14—C13—H13	119.4
H5A—C5—H5B	107.4	C13—C14—C15	119.8 (5)
C10—C6—C9	109.6 (4)	C13—C14—H14	120.1
C10—C6—C7	109.6 (4)	C15—C14—H14	120.1
C9—C6—C7	109.6 (4)	C14—C15—C16	119.8 (5)
C10—C6—C5	109.1 (4)	C14—C15—Br1	121.0 (4)
C9—C6—C5	109.2 (4)	C16—C15—Br1	119.2 (4)
C7—C6—C5	109.7 (4)	C11—C16—C15	120.9 (5)
C8—C7—C6	110.3 (4)	C11—C16—H16	119.6
C8—C7—H7A	109.6	C15—C16—H16	119.6
C6—C7—H7A	109.6	O3—N1—O4	124.7 (5)
C8—C7—H7B	109.6	O3—N1—C1	119.6 (5)
C6—C7—H7B	109.6	O4—N1—C1	115.5 (5)
H7A—C7—H7B	108.1	C8—O2—C1	105.9 (4)
C3—C8—O2	113.9 (4)		
O2—C1—C2—C3	16.1 (5)	C6—C7—C8—C3	17.4 (7)
N1—C1—C2—C3	-100.7 (5)	C6—C7—C8—O2	-161.3 (4)
O2—C1—C2—C11	-106.8 (4)	C3—C2—C11—C16	137.5 (5)
N1—C1—C2—C11	136.5 (4)	C1—C2—C11—C16	-109.9 (6)
C11—C2—C3—C8	110.0 (5)	C3—C2—C11—C12	-46.8 (7)
C1—C2—C3—C8	-10.3 (5)	C1—C2—C11—C12	65.8 (7)
C11—C2—C3—C4	-72.7 (7)	C16—C11—C12—C13	-2.2 (10)
C1—C2—C3—C4	167.0 (5)	C2—C11—C12—C13	-177.9 (5)
C8—C3—C4—O1	177.6 (5)	C11—C12—C13—C14	1.6 (10)
C2—C3—C4—O1	0.6 (9)	C12—C13—C14—C15	-0.7 (11)
C8—C3—C4—C5	2.2 (7)	C13—C14—C15—C16	0.4 (11)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-174.9 (5)	C13—C14—C15—Br1	178.2 (5)
O1—C4—C5—C6	152.9 (5)	C12—C11—C16—C15	1.9 (9)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-31.6 (7)	C2—C11—C16—C15	177.7 (5)
C4—C5—C6—C10	-67.6 (6)	C14—C15—C16—C11	-1.0 (10)
C4—C5—C6—C9	172.6 (5)	Br1—C15—C16—C11	-178.8 (4)
C4—C5—C6—C7	52.5 (6)	O2—C1—N1—O3	-10.3 (7)
C10—C6—C7—C8	76.6 (5)	C2—C1—N1—O3	107.4 (6)
C9—C6—C7—C8	-163.1 (4)	O2—C1—N1—O4	174.1 (5)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-43.2 (5)	C2—C1—N1—O4	-68.1 (6)
C4—C3—C8—O2	-176.5 (4)	C3—C8—O2—C1	9.9 (6)
C2—C3—C8—O2	1.1 (6)	C7—C8—O2—C1	-171.2 (4)
C4—C3—C8—C7	4.7 (8)	N1—C1—O2—C8	102.2 (4)
C2—C3—C8—C7	-177.7 (4)	C2—C1—O2—C8	-16.4 (5)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
C1—H1 \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.98	2.29	3.165 (6)	148
C5—H5A \cdots O2 ⁱⁱ	0.97	2.66	3.351 (6)	129
C14—H14 \cdots O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.65	3.559 (7)	167

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y-1, z$; (ii) $x, y+1, z$; (iii) $-x+1, y-1/2, -z+1/2$.