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2,3,4,5,6-Pentafluoro-*trans*-cinnamic acid

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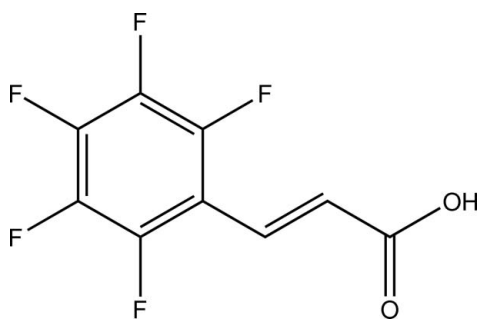
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.031; wR factor = 0.104; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.6.

The title compound, $\text{C}_9\text{H}_3\text{F}_5\text{O}_2$, crystallizes as $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen-bonded carboxylic acid dimers that, together with $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{F}$ interactions and $\text{O}\cdots\text{F}$ [2.8065 (13) and 2.9628 (13) Å] and $\text{F}\cdots\text{F}$ [2.6665 (11), 2.7049 (12) and 2.7314 (12) Å] contacts, form a sheet-like structure. The sheets are stacked *via* short $\pi-\pi$ interactions [centroid-centroid distance = 4.3198 (11) Å]. An intramolecular $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{F}$ interaction is also observed.

Related literature

For related structures, see: Goud *et al.* (1995); Quan & Sun, (2013). For the biological activity of *N*-alkenyl amides, see: Brettle & Mosedale (1988). For fluorinated *N*-alkenyl amides, see: Aguirre *et al.* (1998).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_9\text{H}_3\text{F}_5\text{O}_2$
 $M_r = 238.11$

 Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 $a = 4.3198$ (9) Å
 $b = 7.4921$ (17) Å
 $c = 13.225$ (3) Å
 $\alpha = 93.612$ (12)°
 $\beta = 93.912$ (12)°
 $\gamma = 103.769$ (12)°

 $V = 413.37$ (15) Å³
 $Z = 2$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.21$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 100$ K
 $0.35 \times 0.30 \times 0.09$ mm

Data collection

 Bruker APEXII CCD
 diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (SADABS; Bruker, 2008)
 $T_{\min} = 0.931$, $T_{\max} = 0.982$

 11089 measured reflections
 2405 independent reflections
 2000 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.026$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.031$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.104$
 $S = 0.70$
 2405 reflections

 145 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.50$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.23$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{O2}-\text{H2A}\cdots\text{O1}^i$	0.84	1.81	2.6485 (13)	179
$\text{C7}-\text{H7}\cdots\text{F4}^{\text{ii}}$	0.95	2.47	3.4074 (14)	169
$\text{C8}-\text{H8}\cdots\text{F5}$	0.95	2.22	2.8434 (14)	123

 Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, -y + 3, -z + 1$; (ii) $x + 1, y + 1, z$.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2008); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2008); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: GG2124).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2013). E69, o1519 [doi:10.1107/S1600536813024513]

2,3,4,5,6-Pentafluoro-*trans*-cinnamic acid

Angélica Navarrete, Ratnasamy Somanathan and Gerardo Aguirre

S1. Comment

N-Alkenyl amides are a rapidly emerging class of naturally occurring substances, widely distributed in higher plants, marine and microorganisms, and they exhibit an array of biological properties, including antibiotic, protein kinase inhibition and antitumor activity (Brettell & Mosedale, 1988). In particular we are interested in the synthesis of fluorinated N-alkenyl amides from commercially available fluorocinnamic acids and aldehydes (Aguirre *et al.*, 1998). In our synthesis of pentafluorinated enamide, we used 2,3,4,5,6-Pentafluoro-*trans*-cinnamic acid as the starting material, which is commercially available and herein we report the crystal structure (Fig. 1).

In the crystal structure adjacent networks are linked together *via* intermolecular hydrogen bond interactions (Table 1). The molecules form typical carboxylic acid dimers (Fig. 2) and stack *via* π - π interactions.

S2. Experimental

2,3,4,5,6 Pentafluorocinnamic acid obtained from the Aldrich Chemical Company, was dissolved in chloroform. Slow evaporation at room temperature produces plates. One of which was cut provide the experimental sample. Melting point 154–156 °C.

¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 10.5 (s, 1H), 7.7 (d, J=16 Hz, 1H), 6.8 (d, J=16 Hz, 1H) p.p.m.; ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃): δ 171.0 (s), 145.6 (d, J_{C-F}=253 Hz), 142.1 (d, J_{C-F}=253 Hz), 137.8 (d, J_{C-F}=252 Hz), 130.6 (s), 125.3 (t, J_{C-F}=5.8 Hz), 109.6 (d, J_{C-F}=17 Hz) p.p.m.; ¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃): δ -140.2 (dd, J=18,4 Hz), -151.3 (tt, J=20.3 Hz), -162.4 (t,d, J=20,6 Hz) p.p.m..
EMIE m/e: [M]⁺ 238.

S3. Refinement

Refinement for H atoms was carried out using a riding model, with distances constrained to: 0.98 Å for methine CH. Isotropic U parameters were fixed to $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{carrier atom})$ for aromatic CH.

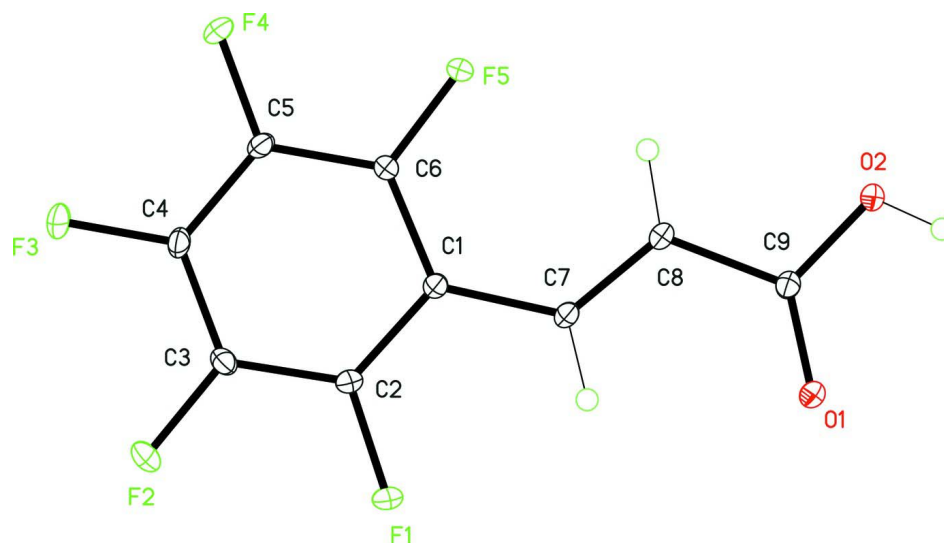


Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound with the atom numbering scheme, displacement ellipsoids are drawn at 30% probability level. H atoms are present as small spheres of arbitrary radius.

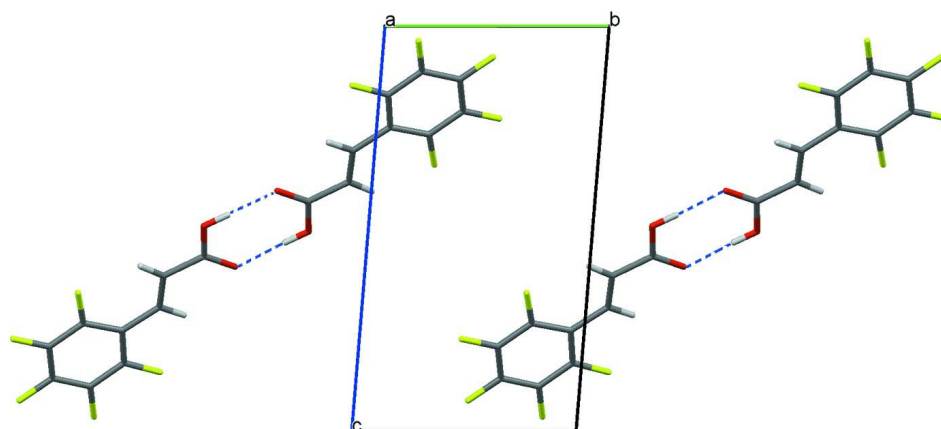


Figure 2

A packing diagram of (I). Intermolecular hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

(E)-3-(2,3,4,5,6-Pentafluorophenyl)prop-2-enoic acid

Crystal data

$C_9H_3F_5O_2$
 $M_r = 238.11$
 Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 Hall symbol: $-P\ 1$
 $a = 4.3198\ (9)\ \text{\AA}$
 $b = 7.4921\ (17)\ \text{\AA}$
 $c = 13.225\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$
 $\alpha = 93.612\ (12)^\circ$
 $\beta = 93.912\ (12)^\circ$
 $\gamma = 103.769\ (12)^\circ$
 $V = 413.37\ (15)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 2$
 $F(000) = 236$
 $D_x = 1.913\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$
 Cell parameters from 5831 reflections
 $\theta = 3.1\text{--}30.6^\circ$
 $\mu = 0.21\ \text{mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 100\ \text{K}$
 Needle, colorless
 $0.35 \times 0.30 \times 0.09\ \text{mm}$

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer	11089 measured reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	2405 independent reflections
Graphite monochromator	2000 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
φ and ω scans	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.026$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2008)	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 30.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 1.6^\circ$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.931$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.982$	$h = -6 \rightarrow 6$
	$k = -10 \rightarrow 10$
	$l = -18 \rightarrow 18$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.031$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.104$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.091P)^2 + 0.3271P]$
$S = 0.70$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2405 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
145 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.50 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.23 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.6800 (2)	0.93946 (14)	0.75051 (8)	0.0134 (2)
C2	0.9181 (2)	0.96009 (14)	0.83065 (8)	0.0144 (2)
C3	0.9520 (2)	0.81768 (15)	0.88834 (8)	0.0157 (2)
C4	0.7427 (3)	0.64649 (14)	0.86844 (8)	0.0163 (2)
C5	0.5033 (2)	0.62006 (14)	0.79029 (8)	0.0159 (2)
C6	0.4761 (2)	0.76388 (14)	0.73261 (8)	0.0142 (2)
C7	0.6612 (2)	1.09717 (14)	0.69294 (8)	0.0144 (2)
H7	0.8193	1.2081	0.7125	0.017*
C8	0.4473 (3)	1.10410 (14)	0.61580 (8)	0.0154 (2)
H8	0.2826	0.9980	0.5926	0.018*
C9	0.4709 (2)	1.27831 (14)	0.56750 (8)	0.0147 (2)
F1	1.12678 (16)	1.12300 (9)	0.85325 (5)	0.01929 (16)
F2	1.18772 (16)	0.84479 (10)	0.96299 (5)	0.02165 (17)
F3	0.76994 (18)	0.50721 (10)	0.92323 (5)	0.02419 (18)
F4	0.29659 (17)	0.45665 (9)	0.77171 (6)	0.02230 (17)
F5	0.23906 (16)	0.72905 (9)	0.65828 (5)	0.01916 (16)

O1	0.6780 (2)	1.41951 (11)	0.59342 (6)	0.01988 (18)
O2	0.2455 (2)	1.26544 (11)	0.49321 (6)	0.01934 (18)
H2A	0.2724	1.3661	0.4664	0.029*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0131 (4)	0.0122 (4)	0.0147 (4)	0.0025 (3)	0.0006 (3)	0.0021 (3)
C2	0.0135 (4)	0.0125 (4)	0.0157 (4)	0.0004 (3)	0.0002 (3)	0.0007 (4)
C3	0.0139 (4)	0.0190 (5)	0.0137 (4)	0.0040 (4)	-0.0018 (3)	0.0017 (4)
C4	0.0180 (5)	0.0144 (5)	0.0179 (5)	0.0052 (4)	0.0011 (4)	0.0067 (4)
C5	0.0155 (5)	0.0105 (4)	0.0204 (5)	0.0008 (4)	0.0005 (4)	0.0026 (4)
C6	0.0131 (4)	0.0136 (4)	0.0152 (4)	0.0022 (3)	-0.0016 (3)	0.0023 (3)
C7	0.0151 (4)	0.0109 (4)	0.0167 (4)	0.0019 (3)	0.0012 (4)	0.0028 (3)
C8	0.0168 (4)	0.0113 (4)	0.0175 (5)	0.0022 (3)	0.0006 (4)	0.0032 (3)
C9	0.0161 (4)	0.0129 (4)	0.0157 (4)	0.0043 (4)	0.0012 (3)	0.0023 (3)
F1	0.0182 (3)	0.0145 (3)	0.0207 (3)	-0.0033 (2)	-0.0033 (2)	0.0010 (2)
F2	0.0195 (3)	0.0258 (4)	0.0182 (3)	0.0046 (3)	-0.0065 (3)	0.0033 (3)
F3	0.0281 (4)	0.0184 (3)	0.0267 (4)	0.0059 (3)	-0.0029 (3)	0.0122 (3)
F4	0.0220 (3)	0.0117 (3)	0.0294 (4)	-0.0028 (2)	-0.0029 (3)	0.0058 (3)
F5	0.0165 (3)	0.0153 (3)	0.0223 (3)	-0.0008 (2)	-0.0077 (2)	0.0037 (2)
O1	0.0215 (4)	0.0132 (4)	0.0223 (4)	0.0002 (3)	-0.0048 (3)	0.0050 (3)
O2	0.0205 (4)	0.0137 (4)	0.0220 (4)	0.0017 (3)	-0.0059 (3)	0.0056 (3)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—C2	1.4000 (14)	C5—C6	1.3814 (14)
C1—C6	1.3941 (14)	C6—F5	1.3363 (12)
C1—C7	1.4606 (14)	C7—C8	1.3408 (15)
C2—F1	1.3360 (12)	C7—H7	0.9500
C2—C3	1.3797 (15)	C8—C9	1.4740 (15)
C3—F2	1.3388 (12)	C8—H8	0.9500
C3—C4	1.3800 (15)	C9—O1	1.2244 (13)
C4—F3	1.3304 (12)	C9—O2	1.3172 (13)
C4—C5	1.3814 (15)	O2—H2A	0.8400
C5—F4	1.3298 (12)		
C6—C1—C2	115.35 (9)	C4—C5—C6	120.03 (10)
C6—C1—C7	125.16 (9)	F5—C6—C5	116.98 (9)
C2—C1—C7	119.49 (9)	F5—C6—C1	120.37 (9)
F1—C2—C3	117.27 (9)	C5—C6—C1	122.65 (9)
F1—C2—C1	119.82 (9)	C8—C7—C1	127.75 (10)
C3—C2—C1	122.91 (10)	C8—C7—H7	116.1
F2—C3—C4	120.01 (10)	C1—C7—H7	116.1
F2—C3—C2	120.26 (10)	C7—C8—C9	119.20 (10)
C4—C3—C2	119.73 (10)	C7—C8—H8	120.4
F3—C4—C3	120.83 (10)	C9—C8—H8	120.4
F3—C4—C5	119.85 (10)	O1—C9—O2	123.66 (10)

C3—C4—C5	119.32 (9)	O1—C9—C8	123.65 (10)
F4—C5—C4	119.82 (9)	O2—C9—C8	112.69 (9)
F4—C5—C6	120.15 (9)	C9—O2—H2A	109.5
C6—C1—C2—F1	179.53 (9)	C3—C4—C5—C6	0.34 (16)
C7—C1—C2—F1	-0.46 (15)	F4—C5—C6—F5	-0.89 (15)
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.18 (16)	C4—C5—C6—F5	-179.94 (9)
C7—C1—C2—C3	-179.81 (10)	F4—C5—C6—C1	178.10 (9)
F1—C2—C3—F2	-0.48 (15)	C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.94 (17)
C1—C2—C3—F2	178.88 (9)	C2—C1—C6—F5	179.63 (9)
F1—C2—C3—C4	179.89 (9)	C7—C1—C6—F5	-0.38 (16)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.74 (17)	C2—C1—C6—C5	0.67 (16)
F2—C3—C4—F3	0.59 (16)	C7—C1—C6—C5	-179.34 (10)
C2—C3—C4—F3	-179.78 (9)	C6—C1—C7—C8	1.45 (18)
F2—C3—C4—C5	-179.16 (9)	C2—C1—C7—C8	-178.56 (10)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.47 (16)	C1—C7—C8—C9	-179.90 (10)
F3—C4—C5—F4	1.54 (16)	C7—C8—C9—O1	0.40 (17)
C3—C4—C5—F4	-178.71 (9)	C7—C8—C9—O2	-179.81 (9)
F3—C4—C5—C6	-179.41 (9)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
O2—H2A \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.84	1.81	2.6485 (13)	179
C7—H7 \cdots F4 ⁱⁱ	0.95	2.47	3.4074 (14)	169
C8—H8 \cdots F5	0.95	2.22	2.8434 (14)	123

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y+3, -z+1$; (ii) $x+1, y+1, z$.