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5-Imino-3,4-diphenyl-1H-pyrrol-2-one

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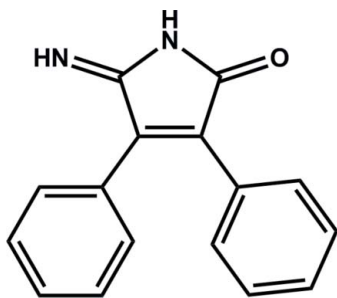
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.043; wR factor = 0.097; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.1.

The title compound, $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2\text{O}$, exists in the crystalline state as the 5-imino-3,4-diphenyl-1H-pyrrol-2-one tautomer. The dihedral angles between the pyrrole and phenyl rings are 35.3 (2) and 55.3 (2)°. In the crystal, inversion dimers linked by pairs of $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ hydrogen bonds generate a graph-set motif of $R_2^2(8)$ via $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ hydrogen bonds.

Related literature

For general background to 5-iminopyrrol-2-ones, see: Alves *et al.* (2009). For crystal structures of related compounds, see: Zhang *et al.* (2004).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2\text{O}$
 $M_r = 248.28$
Monoclinic, $C2/n$

$a = 19.687$ (3) Å
 $b = 6.3064$ (10) Å
 $c = 20.611$ (3) Å

$\beta = 97.850$ (3)°
 $V = 2534.8$ (7) Å³
 $Z = 8$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\mu = 0.08$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 100$ K
 $0.12 \times 0.10 \times 0.07$ mm

Data collection

Bruker KappaAPEXII diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 2008b)
 $T_{\min} = 0.990$, $T_{\max} = 0.994$

8351 measured reflections
2178 independent reflections
1360 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.050$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.043$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.097$
 $S = 1.00$
2178 reflections
180 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.17$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.18$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{N2}^i$	0.93 (2)	1.96 (2)	2.882 (3)	172 (2)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 1, -y + 3, -z + 1$.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2010); cell refinement: APEX2; data reduction: APEX2; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008a); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008a) and SHELXLE (Hübschle *et al.*, 2011); molecular graphics: OLEX2 (Dolomanov *et al.*, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: JJ2181).

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supporting information

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5-Imino-3,4-diphenyl-1*H*-pyrrol-2-one

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S1. Comment

The goal of this work was to determine which of the possible tautomers, *viz.* 5-Imino-3,4-diphenyl-1*H*-pyrrol-2-one or 5-amino-3,4-diphenyl-2*H*-pyrrol-2-one, is stabilized in the solid state.

In the title compound, the C1–N1 and C4–N1 bonds have the same length (1.380 (3) Å), which is longer than the C4–N2 bond length (1.271 (2) Å). In combination with the features of the difference Fourier map, this allows the unambiguous location of the hydrogen atom at the N1 atom. Thus, the title compound exists as 5-Imino-3,4-diphenyl-1*H*-pyrrol-2-one in the crystalline state. Two monomeric title compounds are linked together by hydrogen bonds N–H•••N making a graph-set motif of $R^2_2(8)$ (Table 1, Fig. 2).

S2. Experimental

3,4-Diphenyl-1*H*-pyrrol-2,5-diimine (0.121 mmol, 0.030 g) was hydrolyzed in undried chloroform (1 mL) for 1 week at room temperature. The yellow crystals of 5-Imino-3,4-diphenyl-1*H*-pyrrol-2-one were obtained from the reaction mixture.

S3. Refinement

The crystal of the title compound was immersed in cryo-oil, mounted in a Nylon loop, and measured at a temperature of 100 K. The X-ray diffraction data was collected on a Bruker Kappa Apex II diffractometer using MoK α radiation ($\lambda = 0.71073$ Å). The *APEX2* (Bruker AXS, 2010) program package was used for cell refinements and data reductions. The structure was solved by direct methods using the *SHELXS-97* (Sheldrick, 2008*a*) program. A multi-scan absorption correction based on equivalent reflections (*SADABS*, Sheldrick, 2008*b*) was applied to the data. Structural refinement was carried out using *SHELXL-97* (Sheldrick, 2008*a*) with the *Olex2* (Dolomanov *et al.*, 2009) and *SHELXLE* (Hübschle *et al.*, 2011) graphical user interfaces.

The NH hydrogen atoms were located from a difference Fourier map and refined isotropically. Other hydrogen atoms were positioned geometrically and were also constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with C–H = 0.95 Å and $U_{\text{iso}} = 1.2 U_{\text{eq}}$ (parent atom). The highest peak is located 1.08 Å from atom H6 and the deepest hole is located 0.98 Å from atom N1.

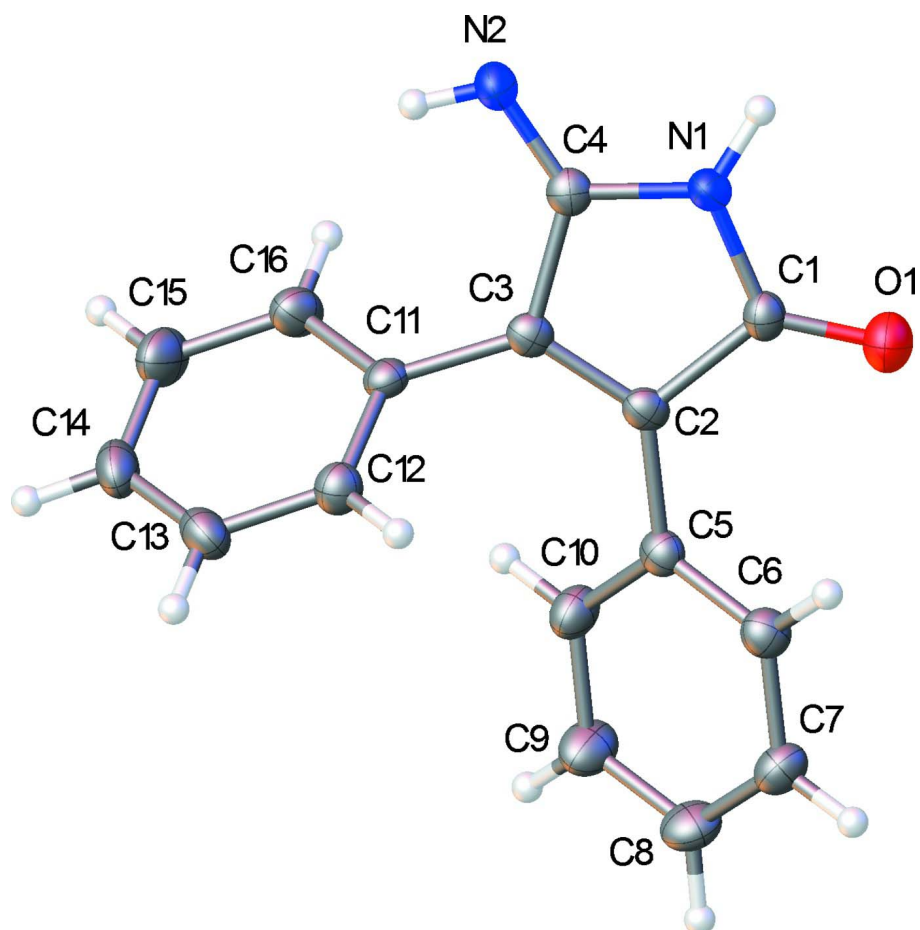


Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

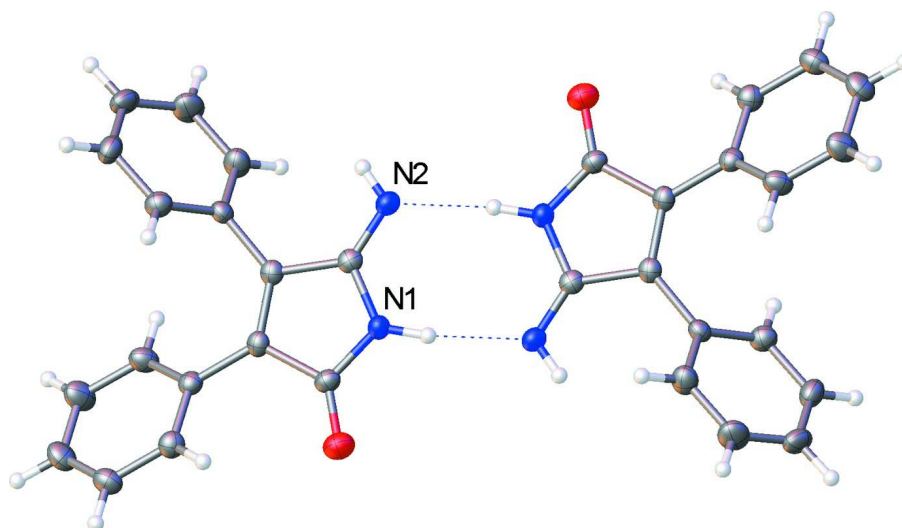


Figure 2

The structure of the $R^2_2(8)$ dimeric graph-set motif of the title compound.

5-Imino-3,4-diphenyl-1H-pyrrol-2-one

Crystal data

C₁₆H₁₂N₂O $M_r = 248.28$ Monoclinic, *C*2/*n*

Hall symbol: -C 2ybc

 $a = 19.687 (3) \text{ \AA}$ $b = 6.3064 (10) \text{ \AA}$ $c = 20.611 (3) \text{ \AA}$ $\beta = 97.850 (3)^\circ$ $V = 2534.8 (7) \text{ \AA}^3$ $Z = 8$ $F(000) = 1040$ $D_x = 1.301 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo *K* α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 1492 reflections

 $\theta = 3.1\text{--}22.6^\circ$ $\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ $T = 100 \text{ K}$

Plate, yellow

 $0.12 \times 0.10 \times 0.07 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker KappaAPEXII

diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Horizontally mounted graphite crystal

monochromator

Detector resolution: 9 pixels mm^{-1} φ scans and ω scans with κ offset

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(SADABS; Sheldrick, 2008b)

 $T_{\min} = 0.990, T_{\max} = 0.994$

8351 measured reflections

2178 independent reflections

1360 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.050$ $\theta_{\max} = 25.1^\circ, \theta_{\min} = 2.0^\circ$ $h = -23 \rightarrow 20$ $k = -7 \rightarrow 7$ $l = -24 \rightarrow 24$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.043$ $wR(F^2) = 0.097$ $S = 1.00$

2178 reflections

180 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant

direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.045P)^2 + 0.1005P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.17 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.18 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.57199 (8)	1.0248 (2)	0.40578 (7)	0.0350 (4)
N1	0.50193 (9)	1.2453 (3)	0.45727 (8)	0.0223 (4)
H1	0.5344 (12)	1.344 (4)	0.4747 (11)	0.051 (8)*

N2	0.40778 (11)	1.4207 (3)	0.48842 (8)	0.0247 (5)
H2	0.3658 (11)	1.411 (3)	0.4860 (10)	0.024 (7)*
C1	0.51464 (11)	1.0785 (3)	0.41730 (9)	0.0222 (5)
C2	0.44609 (10)	0.9837 (3)	0.39176 (9)	0.0205 (5)
C3	0.39760 (10)	1.0984 (3)	0.41626 (9)	0.0202 (5)
C4	0.43240 (11)	1.2715 (3)	0.45738 (9)	0.0208 (5)
C5	0.43756 (10)	0.8056 (3)	0.34521 (9)	0.0219 (5)
C6	0.48541 (11)	0.6423 (3)	0.34911 (10)	0.0257 (5)
H6	0.5242	0.6466	0.3820	0.031*
C7	0.47724 (11)	0.4730 (3)	0.30569 (10)	0.0290 (6)
H7	0.5105	0.3631	0.3086	0.035*
C8	0.42056 (12)	0.4650 (4)	0.25831 (10)	0.0331 (6)
H8	0.4143	0.3477	0.2292	0.040*
C9	0.37286 (12)	0.6268 (4)	0.25302 (10)	0.0358 (6)
H9	0.3341	0.6215	0.2200	0.043*
C10	0.38148 (11)	0.7966 (3)	0.29575 (10)	0.0289 (6)
H10	0.3489	0.9086	0.2914	0.035*
C11	0.32263 (10)	1.0668 (3)	0.40864 (9)	0.0203 (5)
C12	0.29601 (11)	0.8701 (4)	0.42262 (9)	0.0266 (5)
H12	0.3263	0.7584	0.4383	0.032*
C13	0.22600 (11)	0.8354 (4)	0.41389 (10)	0.0310 (6)
H13	0.2084	0.7004	0.4235	0.037*
C14	0.18171 (11)	0.9967 (4)	0.39126 (10)	0.0337 (6)
H14	0.1337	0.9719	0.3842	0.040*
C15	0.20730 (12)	1.1938 (4)	0.37900 (11)	0.0381 (6)
H15	0.1766	1.3061	0.3649	0.046*
C16	0.27750 (11)	1.2298 (4)	0.38699 (10)	0.0303 (6)
H16	0.2947	1.3656	0.3777	0.036*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.0264 (10)	0.0386 (10)	0.0404 (9)	0.0027 (8)	0.0056 (7)	-0.0014 (8)
N1	0.0190 (11)	0.0212 (11)	0.0262 (10)	-0.0010 (9)	0.0010 (8)	-0.0029 (9)
N2	0.0183 (12)	0.0277 (12)	0.0279 (10)	-0.0014 (10)	0.0024 (9)	-0.0032 (9)
C1	0.0191 (13)	0.0234 (13)	0.0240 (11)	0.0016 (10)	0.0029 (10)	0.0030 (10)
C2	0.0218 (12)	0.0175 (12)	0.0214 (10)	-0.0006 (10)	0.0000 (9)	0.0029 (9)
C3	0.0224 (13)	0.0185 (12)	0.0192 (10)	0.0001 (10)	0.0005 (9)	0.0034 (9)
C4	0.0217 (13)	0.0224 (13)	0.0181 (11)	0.0010 (10)	0.0023 (9)	0.0039 (10)
C5	0.0219 (12)	0.0232 (13)	0.0212 (11)	-0.0012 (10)	0.0046 (10)	0.0008 (9)
C6	0.0254 (13)	0.0268 (13)	0.0242 (11)	0.0004 (11)	0.0006 (10)	0.0012 (10)
C7	0.0319 (14)	0.0263 (14)	0.0292 (11)	0.0058 (11)	0.0058 (11)	-0.0002 (10)
C8	0.0404 (15)	0.0331 (15)	0.0260 (12)	0.0016 (12)	0.0054 (12)	-0.0078 (11)
C9	0.0346 (15)	0.0417 (15)	0.0288 (12)	0.0064 (13)	-0.0043 (11)	-0.0087 (12)
C10	0.0267 (13)	0.0318 (14)	0.0278 (12)	0.0069 (11)	0.0017 (11)	-0.0029 (11)
C11	0.0225 (12)	0.0191 (13)	0.0193 (11)	0.0016 (10)	0.0026 (9)	-0.0031 (9)
C12	0.0249 (14)	0.0271 (14)	0.0278 (12)	0.0023 (11)	0.0034 (10)	0.0020 (10)
C13	0.0255 (14)	0.0345 (15)	0.0333 (13)	-0.0083 (12)	0.0045 (11)	-0.0052 (11)

C14	0.0186 (13)	0.0455 (17)	0.0366 (13)	-0.0004 (13)	0.0020 (10)	-0.0098 (12)
C15	0.0264 (15)	0.0378 (16)	0.0474 (15)	0.0089 (12)	-0.0050 (12)	-0.0044 (12)
C16	0.0277 (14)	0.0243 (14)	0.0373 (13)	0.0023 (11)	-0.0014 (11)	-0.0002 (11)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

O1—C1	1.233 (2)	C8—C9	1.381 (3)
N1—C4	1.379 (3)	C8—H8	0.9500
N1—C1	1.380 (3)	C9—C10	1.382 (3)
N1—H1	0.93 (2)	C9—H9	0.9500
N2—C4	1.271 (2)	C10—H10	0.9500
N2—H2	0.82 (2)	C11—C16	1.392 (3)
C1—C2	1.504 (3)	C11—C12	1.392 (3)
C2—C3	1.350 (3)	C12—C13	1.383 (3)
C2—C5	1.472 (3)	C12—H12	0.9500
C3—C11	1.476 (3)	C13—C14	1.378 (3)
C3—C4	1.490 (3)	C13—H13	0.9500
C5—C6	1.391 (3)	C14—C15	1.378 (3)
C5—C10	1.398 (3)	C14—H14	0.9500
C6—C7	1.388 (3)	C15—C16	1.388 (3)
C6—H6	0.9500	C15—H15	0.9500
C7—C8	1.380 (3)	C16—H16	0.9500
C7—H7	0.9500		
C4—N1—C1	110.67 (19)	C7—C8—H8	119.9
C4—N1—H1	123.5 (14)	C9—C8—H8	119.9
C1—N1—H1	124.7 (14)	C8—C9—C10	120.0 (2)
C4—N2—H2	111.4 (15)	C8—C9—H9	120.0
O1—C1—N1	124.8 (2)	C10—C9—H9	120.0
O1—C1—C2	128.67 (19)	C9—C10—C5	120.8 (2)
N1—C1—C2	106.56 (18)	C9—C10—H10	119.6
C3—C2—C5	129.01 (19)	C5—C10—H10	119.6
C3—C2—C1	107.61 (17)	C16—C11—C12	118.9 (2)
C5—C2—C1	123.28 (18)	C16—C11—C3	121.32 (19)
C2—C3—C11	129.49 (19)	C12—C11—C3	119.81 (19)
C2—C3—C4	108.16 (18)	C13—C12—C11	120.7 (2)
C11—C3—C4	122.32 (18)	C13—C12—H12	119.7
N2—C4—N1	122.4 (2)	C11—C12—H12	119.7
N2—C4—C3	130.6 (2)	C14—C13—C12	120.0 (2)
N1—C4—C3	106.92 (18)	C14—C13—H13	120.0
C6—C5—C10	118.24 (19)	C12—C13—H13	120.0
C6—C5—C2	120.76 (19)	C15—C14—C13	119.8 (2)
C10—C5—C2	120.99 (19)	C15—C14—H14	120.1
C7—C6—C5	120.96 (19)	C13—C14—H14	120.1
C7—C6—H6	119.5	C14—C15—C16	120.6 (2)
C5—C6—H6	119.5	C14—C15—H15	119.7
C8—C7—C6	119.7 (2)	C16—C15—H15	119.7
C8—C7—H7	120.1	C15—C16—C11	119.9 (2)

C6—C7—H7	120.1	C15—C16—H16	120.0
C7—C8—C9	120.3 (2)	C11—C16—H16	120.0

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
N1—H1 \cdots N2 ⁱ	0.93 (2)	1.96 (2)	2.882 (3)	172 (2)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1, -y+3, -z+1$.