

Crystal structure of ethyl (E)-4-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methoxy-2-oxobut-3-enoate

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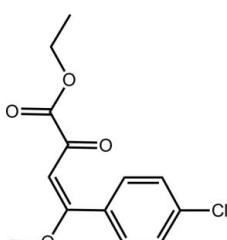
In the title compound, $C_{13}H_{13}ClO_4$, the dihedral angle between the chlorobenzene ring and the least-squares plane through the 4-methoxy-2-oxobut-3-enoate ethyl ester residue (r.m.s. deviation = 0.0975 Å) is 54.10 (5)°. In the crystal, molecules are connected by methoxy–ketone and benzene–carboxylate carbonyl C–H···O interactions, generating a supramolecular layer in the *ac* plane.

Keywords: crystal structure; methoxy–ketone interactions; benzene–carboxylate carbonyl interactions; 4-methoxy-2-oxobut-3-enoate ethyl ester.

CCDC reference: 1016203

1. Related literature

For background to 1,2,4-trielectrophile systems, see: Machado *et al.* (2007); Siddiqui *et al.* (2013). For C–H···O interactions, see: Thakur *et al.* (2010).



2. Experimental

Crystal data

$C_{13}H_{13}ClO_4$

$M_r = 268.68$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 9.4557 (4)$ Å
 $b = 16.6411 (7)$ Å
 $c = 8.4319 (3)$ Å
 $\beta = 105.644 (2)$ °
 $V = 1277.64 (9)$ Å³

$Z = 4$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.30$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 293$ K
 $0.76 \times 0.67 \times 0.59$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD
diffractometer
Absorption correction: gaussian
(*XPREP*; Bruker, 2009)
 $T_{\min} = 0.667$, $T_{\max} = 0.746$

30885 measured reflections
3130 independent reflections
2613 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.023$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.135$
 $S = 1.07$
3130 reflections
167 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of
independent and constrained
refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.40$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.24$ e Å⁻³

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H \cdots A$	$D-H$	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-H \cdots A$
C7—H71···O2 ⁱ	0.96	2.54	3.434 (2)	155
C3—H3···O3 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.60	3.479 (2)	158

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y, z + 1$; (ii) $x + 1, y, z$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

Acknowledgements

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Supporting information for this paper is available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: TK5332).

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supporting information

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Crystal structure of ethyl (*E*)-4-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methoxy-2-oxobut-3-enoate

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S1. Comment

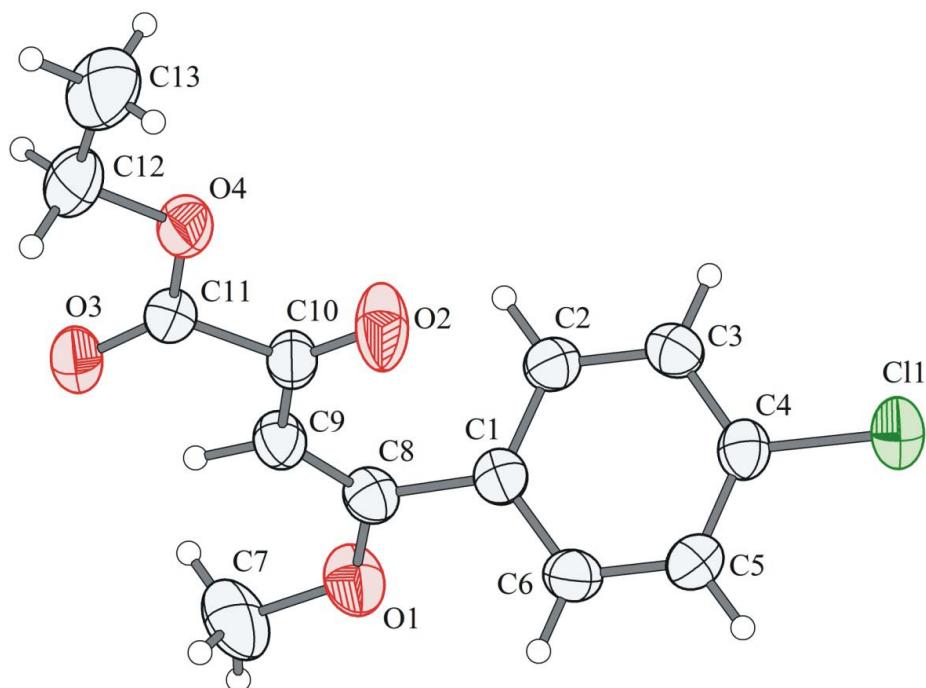
Ethyl-4-aryl-4-methoxy-2-oxo-3-butenoates are interesting precursors for heterocyclic compounds. These 1, 2, 4-trielectrophile systems are synthetic equivalents to 4-aryl-2,4-di,oxobutanoates (Siddiqui *et al.*, 2013) and were used to produce 1*H*-pyrazoles (Machado *et al.*, 2007). In the title compound (*E*)-Ethyl-4-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methoxy-2-oxo-3-butenoate, C₁₃H₁₃O₄Cl, the whole molecule matches the asymmetric unit (Fig. 1). The molecule presents two almost planar sites (Fig. 2): C7/O1/C8/C9/C10/O2/C11/O3/O4/C12/C13 showed a r.m.s. value of 0.0975 Å with maximum deviation from the mean plane observed for O2 (0.1865 (14) Å). The dihedral angle of 54.10 (5)° confirms that these two fragments are not perfectly perpendicular, suggesting probably the influence of the crystal packing. In the solid state, molecules are connected only through weak non-classical hydrogen bond interactions of the type C—H···O (Thakur *et al.*, 2010), Table 1, generating a supramolecular layer in the *ac* plane.

S2. Experimental

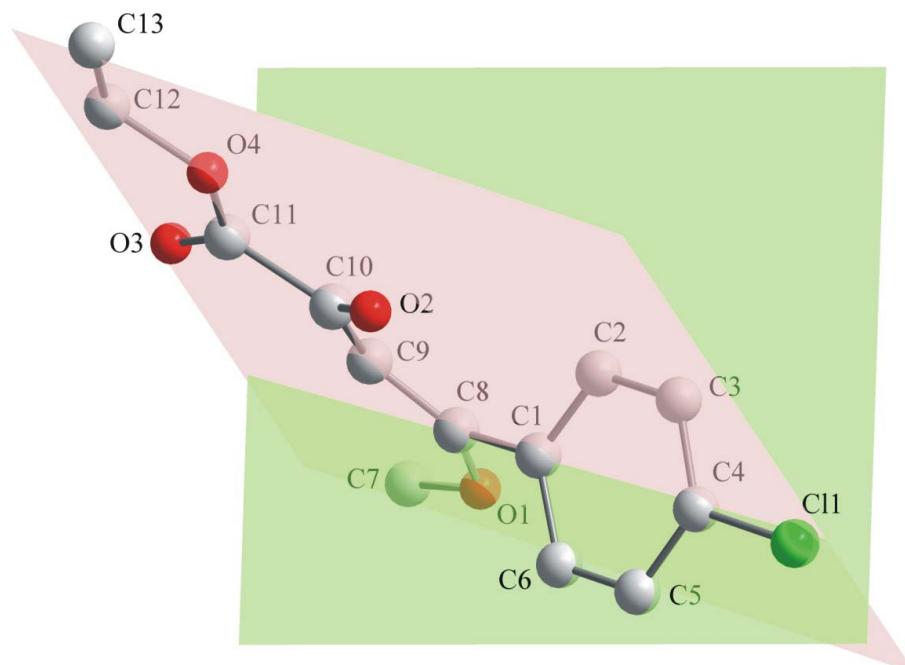
To a stirred solution of ethyl oxalyl chloride (4.6 ml, 41 mmol) in dry CHCl₃ (25 ml) at 0 °C, a solution containing the acetal (20 mmol), CHCl₃ (15 ml) and pyridine (3.25 ml, 41 mmol) were added dropwise. The mixture was left to cool for at least 1 h, then was allowed to warm to room temperature and refluxed for 5 h. The mixture was washed with distilled water (3 times 10 ml) and dried over Na₂SO₄. The solvent was evaporated and methyl ethyl oxalate formed was distilled at 80 °C (10 mbar) and solid residue was recrystallized from a diluted solution CHCl₃. Yield: 14.8 mmol (74%); M.pt: 85–87 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 1.31 (t, 3H, CH₃), 3.95 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 4.17 (q, 2H, OCH₂), 6.28 (s, 1H, C9—H), 7.37 (m, 2H, Ph), 7.43 (m, 2H, Ph); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ p.p.m. 13.8 (CH₃), 57.1 (OCH₃), 62.1 (OCH₂), 96.7 (C9), 128.1, 130.5, 132.5, 136.9 (Ph), 163.2 (C11), 174.4 (C8), 180.9 (C10).

S3. Refinement

With exception of H9 (refined freely), all H atoms attached to C atoms were positioned with idealized geometry (C—H = 0.96 Å for CH₃, 0.97 Å for CH₂, and 0.93 Å for aromatic CH) and were refined isotropically with *U*_{eq}(H) set to 1.5*U*_{eq}(C) for CH₃ groups, and 1.2 otherwise.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound showing the atom-labelling scheme and displacement ellipsoids at the 50% probability level.

**Figure 2**

Arrangement between planes within the molecule.

Ethyl (E)-4-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-methoxy-2-oxobut-3-enoate*Crystal data*

$C_{13}H_{13}ClO_4$
 $M_r = 268.68$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc
 $a = 9.4557$ (4) Å
 $b = 16.6411$ (7) Å
 $c = 8.4319$ (3) Å
 $\beta = 105.644$ (2)°
 $V = 1277.64$ (9) Å³
 $Z = 4$

$F(000) = 560$
 $D_x = 1.397$ Mg m⁻³
Melting point: 358 K
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Cell parameters from 9103 reflections
 $\theta = 2.2\text{--}28.3^\circ$
 $\mu = 0.30$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 293$ K
Block, yellow
0.76 × 0.67 × 0.59 mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
 φ and ω scans
Absorption correction: gaussian
(XPREP; Bruker, 2009)
 $T_{\min} = 0.667$, $T_{\max} = 0.746$

30885 measured reflections
3130 independent reflections
2613 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.023$
 $\theta_{\max} = 28.3^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.2^\circ$
 $h = -12 \rightarrow 12$
 $k = -21 \rightarrow 22$
 $l = -7 \rightarrow 11$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.135$
 $S = 1.07$
3130 reflections
167 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
and constrained refinement
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0697P)^2 + 0.4231P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.40$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.24$ e Å⁻³

Special details

Experimental. Absorption correction: XPREP (Bruker, 2009) was used to perform the Gaussian absorption correction based on the face-indexed crystal size.

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl1	1.19495 (5)	0.25347 (3)	0.03984 (7)	0.06279 (18)

O1	0.63288 (14)	0.15936 (9)	0.30504 (14)	0.0569 (3)
O4	0.32749 (13)	0.05109 (8)	-0.38027 (14)	0.0510 (3)
O3	0.23337 (14)	0.06369 (8)	-0.16544 (17)	0.0563 (3)
O2	0.56617 (15)	0.12613 (11)	-0.21718 (15)	0.0712 (5)
C9	0.50581 (17)	0.11348 (10)	0.03902 (18)	0.0415 (3)
C11	0.33264 (17)	0.07073 (9)	-0.22767 (19)	0.0399 (3)
C4	1.02876 (16)	0.22136 (10)	0.06886 (18)	0.0409 (3)
C8	0.62536 (17)	0.14559 (10)	0.14599 (17)	0.0398 (3)
C2	0.84722 (17)	0.11991 (9)	0.04448 (19)	0.0409 (3)
H2	0.8124	0.0685	0.0121	0.049*
C1	0.76449 (16)	0.17142 (9)	0.11332 (16)	0.0372 (3)
C3	0.98081 (17)	0.14431 (10)	0.02372 (19)	0.0423 (3)
H3	1.0373	0.1094	-0.0199	0.051*
C5	0.94873 (19)	0.27354 (10)	0.1372 (2)	0.0459 (4)
H5	0.9828	0.3253	0.1666	0.055*
C6	0.81702 (19)	0.24804 (10)	0.1614 (2)	0.0440 (4)
H6	0.7633	0.2824	0.2101	0.053*
C10	0.48443 (16)	0.10629 (10)	-0.13642 (18)	0.0415 (3)
C12	0.1854 (2)	0.01897 (14)	-0.4754 (2)	0.0622 (5)
H121	0.1646	-0.0310	-0.4269	0.075*
H122	0.1078	0.0569	-0.4745	0.075*
C7	0.5069 (2)	0.14405 (18)	0.3642 (2)	0.0710 (6)
H71	0.5297	0.1566	0.4794	0.107*
H73	0.4802	0.0884	0.3478	0.107*
H72	0.4266	0.1769	0.3049	0.107*
C13	0.1921 (3)	0.00503 (18)	-0.6446 (3)	0.0811 (7)
H131	0.0998	-0.0161	-0.7084	0.122*
H132	0.2689	-0.0327	-0.6444	0.122*
H133	0.2119	0.0548	-0.6919	0.122*
H9	0.420 (2)	0.0960 (13)	0.077 (3)	0.056 (5)*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C11	0.0423 (3)	0.0725 (3)	0.0767 (3)	-0.0126 (2)	0.0215 (2)	-0.0086 (2)
O1	0.0497 (7)	0.0898 (10)	0.0324 (5)	-0.0089 (7)	0.0130 (5)	-0.0059 (6)
O4	0.0392 (6)	0.0679 (8)	0.0440 (6)	-0.0100 (5)	0.0080 (5)	-0.0148 (5)
O3	0.0433 (6)	0.0666 (8)	0.0639 (7)	-0.0125 (6)	0.0232 (6)	-0.0090 (6)
O2	0.0506 (7)	0.1280 (14)	0.0374 (6)	-0.0351 (8)	0.0159 (5)	-0.0089 (7)
C9	0.0393 (8)	0.0500 (9)	0.0372 (7)	-0.0039 (6)	0.0136 (6)	-0.0013 (6)
C11	0.0365 (7)	0.0392 (7)	0.0438 (7)	-0.0025 (6)	0.0106 (6)	-0.0032 (6)
C4	0.0335 (7)	0.0478 (8)	0.0392 (7)	-0.0022 (6)	0.0060 (5)	0.0011 (6)
C8	0.0406 (8)	0.0463 (8)	0.0331 (7)	0.0010 (6)	0.0109 (6)	0.0009 (6)
C2	0.0446 (8)	0.0370 (7)	0.0413 (7)	-0.0013 (6)	0.0121 (6)	-0.0015 (6)
C1	0.0355 (7)	0.0440 (8)	0.0304 (6)	0.0000 (6)	0.0061 (5)	0.0008 (5)
C3	0.0409 (8)	0.0425 (8)	0.0441 (8)	0.0052 (6)	0.0128 (6)	-0.0016 (6)
C5	0.0443 (8)	0.0431 (8)	0.0491 (8)	-0.0054 (7)	0.0101 (7)	-0.0088 (7)
C6	0.0423 (8)	0.0460 (9)	0.0433 (8)	0.0025 (6)	0.0110 (6)	-0.0090 (6)

C10	0.0361 (7)	0.0510 (9)	0.0387 (7)	-0.0075 (6)	0.0120 (6)	-0.0043 (6)
C12	0.0446 (9)	0.0753 (13)	0.0604 (11)	-0.0159 (9)	0.0032 (8)	-0.0172 (9)
C7	0.0589 (12)	0.120 (2)	0.0396 (9)	-0.0031 (12)	0.0235 (8)	-0.0041 (10)
C13	0.0690 (14)	0.108 (2)	0.0559 (11)	-0.0218 (13)	-0.0014 (10)	-0.0194 (12)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^{\circ}$)

Cl1—C4	1.7386 (16)	C2—H2	0.9300
O1—C8	1.3434 (18)	C1—C6	1.388 (2)
O1—C7	1.432 (2)	C3—H3	0.9300
O4—C11	1.3156 (19)	C5—C6	1.382 (2)
O4—C12	1.4669 (19)	C5—H5	0.9300
O3—C11	1.198 (2)	C6—H6	0.9300
O2—C10	1.2058 (19)	C12—C13	1.463 (3)
C9—C8	1.352 (2)	C12—H121	0.9700
C9—C10	1.443 (2)	C12—H122	0.9700
C9—H9	0.99 (2)	C7—H71	0.9600
C11—C10	1.551 (2)	C7—H73	0.9600
C4—C5	1.376 (2)	C7—H72	0.9600
C4—C3	1.379 (2)	C13—H131	0.9600
C8—C1	1.479 (2)	C13—H132	0.9600
C2—C3	1.382 (2)	C13—H133	0.9600
C2—C1	1.389 (2)		
C8—O1—C7	119.46 (14)	C6—C5—H5	120.4
C11—O4—C12	114.34 (13)	C5—C6—C1	120.31 (15)
C8—C9—C10	125.29 (14)	C5—C6—H6	119.8
C8—C9—H9	120.5 (12)	C1—C6—H6	119.8
C10—C9—H9	114.0 (12)	O2—C10—C9	128.48 (15)
O3—C11—O4	125.25 (15)	O2—C10—C11	118.20 (14)
O3—C11—C10	123.32 (14)	C9—C10—C11	113.28 (13)
O4—C11—C10	111.42 (13)	C13—C12—O4	108.48 (17)
C5—C4—C3	121.70 (15)	C13—C12—H121	110.0
C5—C4—C11	119.01 (13)	O4—C12—H121	110.0
C3—C4—C11	119.30 (13)	C13—C12—H122	110.0
O1—C8—C9	122.91 (14)	O4—C12—H122	110.0
O1—C8—C1	109.03 (12)	H121—C12—H122	108.4
C9—C8—C1	128.07 (13)	O1—C7—H71	109.5
C3—C2—C1	120.57 (14)	O1—C7—H73	109.5
C3—C2—H2	119.7	H71—C7—H73	109.5
C1—C2—H2	119.7	O1—C7—H72	109.5
C6—C1—C2	119.42 (14)	H71—C7—H72	109.5
C6—C1—C8	118.61 (14)	H73—C7—H72	109.5
C2—C1—C8	121.87 (14)	C12—C13—H131	109.5
C4—C3—C2	118.81 (14)	C12—C13—H132	109.5
C4—C3—H3	120.6	H131—C13—H132	109.5
C2—C3—H3	120.6	C12—C13—H133	109.5
C4—C5—C6	119.16 (15)	H131—C13—H133	109.5

C4—C5—H5	120.4	H132—C13—H133	109.5
C12—O4—C11—O3	0.5 (2)	C1—C2—C3—C4	-1.6 (2)
C12—O4—C11—C10	-178.46 (15)	C3—C4—C5—C6	0.1 (3)
C7—O1—C8—C9	-3.7 (3)	C11—C4—C5—C6	-179.59 (13)
C7—O1—C8—C1	175.94 (18)	C4—C5—C6—C1	-1.7 (3)
C10—C9—C8—O1	172.10 (16)	C2—C1—C6—C5	1.6 (2)
C10—C9—C8—C1	-7.4 (3)	C8—C1—C6—C5	178.17 (15)
C3—C2—C1—C6	0.0 (2)	C8—C9—C10—O2	0.6 (3)
C3—C2—C1—C8	-176.42 (13)	C8—C9—C10—C11	-177.11 (15)
O1—C8—C1—C6	-50.98 (19)	O3—C11—C10—O2	-165.08 (18)
C9—C8—C1—C6	128.62 (18)	O4—C11—C10—O2	13.9 (2)
O1—C8—C1—C2	125.51 (16)	O3—C11—C10—C9	12.9 (2)
C9—C8—C1—C2	-54.9 (2)	O4—C11—C10—C9	-168.14 (14)
C5—C4—C3—C2	1.5 (2)	C11—O4—C12—C13	176.14 (19)
C11—C4—C3—C2	-178.80 (12)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
C7—H71···O2 ⁱ	0.96	2.54	3.434 (2)	155
C3—H3···O3 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.60	3.479 (2)	158

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