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# Crystal structure of 3-{1-[(1-allyl-1*H*-indazol-6-yl)amino]ethylidene}-6-methyl-2*H*-pyran-2,4(3*H*)-dione

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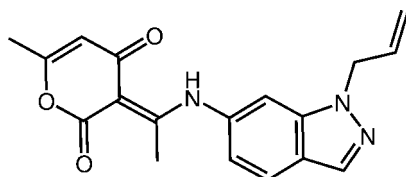
In the title compound, C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>17</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, the dihedral angle between the planes of the indazole ring system [maximum deviation = 0.012 (1) Å] and the pyran-2,4-dione ring is 54.03 (6)°. An intramolecular N—H···O hydrogen bond closes an *S*(6) ring. The same H atom also participates in an intermolecular N—H···O hydrogen bond, which generates an inversion dimer. The dimers are linked by weak C—H···O contacts, thereby forming a three-dimensional network.

**Keywords:** crystal structure; pyran-2,4-dione; pharmacological activity; indazole derivatives.

**CCDC reference:** 1033266

## 1. Related literature

For pharmacological activities of indazole derivatives, see: Cerecetto *et al.* (2005); Jennings & Tennant (2007); Sun *et al.* (1997). For innovative methods in their synthesis, see: Paul *et al.* (2014).



## 2. Experimental

### 2.1. Crystal data

C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>17</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>3</sub>

*M<sub>r</sub>* = 323.35

Triclinic, *P* $\bar{1}$   
*a* = 6.7708 (11) Å  
*b* = 10.5761 (17) Å  
*c* = 11.9643 (17) Å  
 $\alpha$  = 88.239 (9)°  
 $\beta$  = 81.123 (9)°  
 $\gamma$  = 79.140 (9)°

*V* = 831.3 (2) Å<sup>3</sup>  
*Z* = 2  
 Mo *K*α radiation  
 $\mu$  = 0.09 mm<sup>-1</sup>  
*T* = 296 K  
 0.39 × 0.34 × 0.29 mm

### 2.2. Data collection

Bruker X8 APEX CCD diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2009)  
*T<sub>min</sub>* = 0.685, *T<sub>max</sub>* = 0.746

11752 measured reflections  
 3929 independent reflections  
 2930 reflections with *I* > 2σ(*I*)  
*R<sub>int</sub>* = 0.027

### 2.3. Refinement

*R*[*F*<sup>2</sup> > 2σ(*F*<sup>2</sup>)] = 0.044  
*wR*(*F*<sup>2</sup>) = 0.131  
*S* = 1.04  
 3929 reflections

217 parameters  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max}$  = 0.19 e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min}$  = -0.19 e Å<sup>-3</sup>

**Table 1**  
 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
N3—H3N···O3	0.91	1.77	2.5567 (15)	143
N3—H3N···O3 <sup>i</sup>	0.91	2.51	3.0612 (16)	120
C6—H6···O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.93	2.54	3.3554 (19)	146
C8—H8A···O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.97	2.53	3.495 (2)	173

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$ ; (ii)  $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$ .

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: *SAINTE* (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: *SAINTE*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 2012); software used to prepare material for publication: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009) and *pubCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

## Acknowledgements

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Supporting information for this paper is available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB7311).

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## supporting information

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## Crystal structure of 3-{1-[(1-allyl-1*H*-indazol-6-yl)amino]ethylidene}-6-methyl-2*H*-pyran-2,4(3*H*)-dione

Mohamed El Ghozlani, El Mostapha Rakib, Ahmed Gamouh, Mohamed Saadi and Lahcen El Ammari

### S1. Comment

Pharmacologically active indazole and its derivatives are widely used as drug in treating various human diseases including cancer, inflammation, cardiovascular, and others (Cerecetto, *et al.*, 2005; Jennings & Tennant, 2007; Sun, *et al.*, 1997). This has incited researchers to develop innovative methods in their synthesis (Paul, *et al.*, 2014).

The two fused five- and six-membered rings (N1/N2/C1 to C7), part of the molecule of the title compound, are almost planar, with the maximum deviation of 0.012 (1) Å arising from atom N1. The fused rings system is nearly perpendicular to the allyl group (C8 C9 C10) as shown in Fig. 1 (torsion angle C9 C8 N1 C7 = 88.9 (2)°). Moreover, the dihedral angle between the indazole system and the plan through the atoms forming the pyran-2 ring (C12 to C16O) is 54.03 (6)°.

In the crystal, molecules are connected through N—H···O hydrogen bonds in the way to build dimers which are linked by weak C—H···O contacts, forming a three-dimensional network as shown in Fig.2 and Table 2.

### S2. Experimental

1-Allyl-6-nitroindazole (1.0 mmol) was added to a mixture of indium powder (450 mg, 3.91 mmol), and acetic acid (1.12 ml, 10 mmol) in THF (2 ml), followed by the addition of 4-hydroxy-6-methyl-2-pyrone (1.0 mmol) in THF (3 ml). The reaction mixture was stirred at 353 K. After the reaction was completed, the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (30 ml), filtered through Celite, poured into 10% K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (25 ml), and then extracted with ethyl acetate (30 ml x 3). The combined organic extracts were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated. The resulting residue was purified by flash chromatography (eluted with Ethyl acetate: Hexane 4:6). The title compound was recrystallized from the solvent mixture ethyl acetate/hexane to yield yellow blocks (yield: 85%, m.p.: 392 K).

### S3. Refinement

H atoms were located in a difference map and treated as riding with C—H = 0.96 Å, C—H = 0.97 Å, C—H = 0.93 Å, and N—H = 0.90 Å for methyl, methylene, aromatic CH and NH respectively. All hydrogen with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2 U_{\text{eq}}$  (methylene, aromatic, NH) and  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5 U_{\text{eq}}$  for methyl.

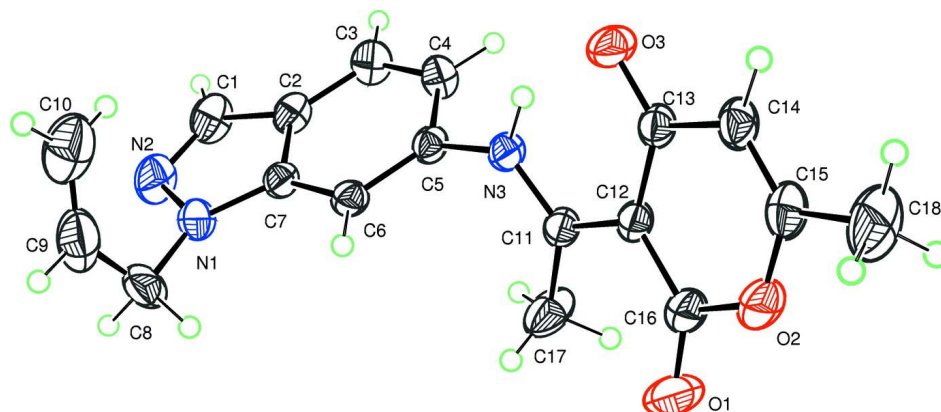


Figure 1

Molecular structure of the title compound with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

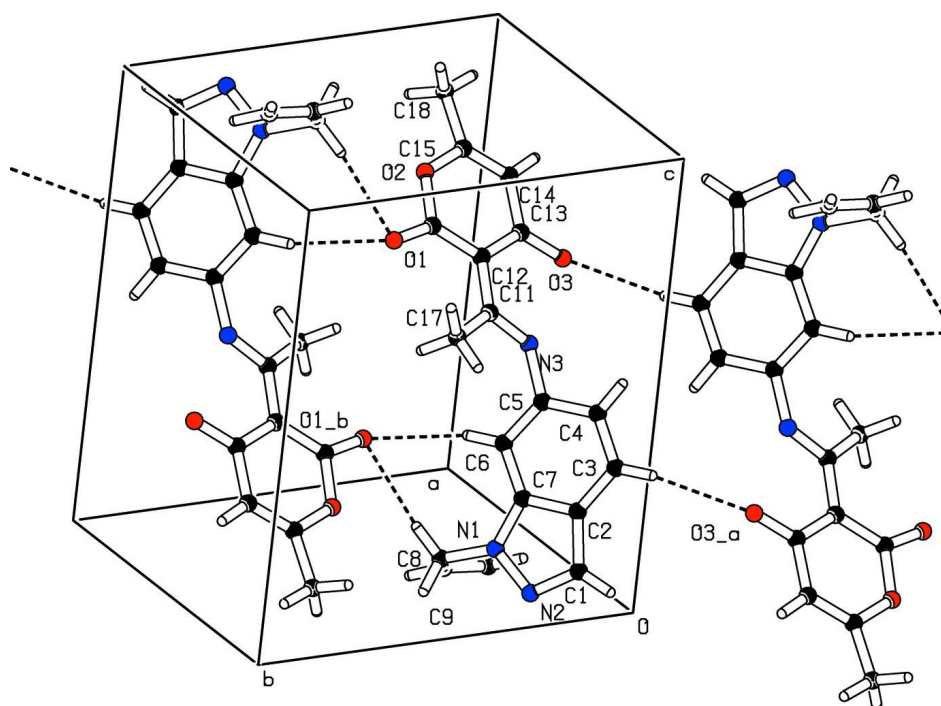


Figure 2

Partial crystal packing for the title compound showing N3—H3N...O3, C6—H6...O1 and C8—H8A...O1 hydrogen bonds as dashed lines.

### 3-{1-[(1-Allyl-1*H*-indazol-6-yl)amino]ethylidene}-6-methyl-2*H*-pyran-2,4(3*H*)-dione

#### Crystal data

$C_{18}H_{17}N_3O_3$

$M_r = 323.35$

Triclinic,  $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol:  $-P\ 1$

$a = 6.7708$  (11) Å

$b = 10.5761$  (17) Å

$c = 11.9643$  (17) Å

$\alpha = 88.239$  (9)°

$\beta = 81.123$  (9)°

$\gamma = 79.140$  (9)°

$V = 831.3$  (2) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 340$

$D_x = 1.292$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Melting point: 392 K  
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$   
 Cell parameters from 3929 reflections  
 $\theta = 2.6\text{--}27.9^\circ$

$\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 296 \text{ K}$   
 Block, yellow  
 $0.39 \times 0.34 \times 0.29 \text{ mm}$

*Data collection*

Bruker X8 APEX CCD  
 diffractometer  
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
 Graphite monochromator  
 $\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan  
 (SADABS; Bruker, 2009)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.685$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.746$

11752 measured reflections  
 3929 independent reflections  
 2930 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.027$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 27.9^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.6^\circ$   
 $h = -8 \rightarrow 8$   
 $k = -12 \rightarrow 13$   
 $l = -15 \rightarrow 15$

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$   
 Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.044$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.131$   
 $S = 1.04$   
 3929 reflections  
 217 parameters  
 0 restraints  
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
 map  
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
 neighbouring sites  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0634P)^2 + 0.1441P]$   
 where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.19 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.19 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against all reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on all data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	-0.2126 (2)	0.27561 (17)	0.19077 (14)	0.0535 (4)
H1	-0.3315	0.2495	0.1792	0.064*
C2	-0.1187 (2)	0.24555 (13)	0.28909 (11)	0.0394 (3)
C3	-0.1571 (2)	0.17674 (15)	0.38933 (12)	0.0453 (4)
H3	-0.2704	0.1375	0.4040	0.054*
C4	-0.0230 (2)	0.16880 (14)	0.46546 (11)	0.0419 (3)
H4	-0.0454	0.1230	0.5324	0.050*
C5	0.14799 (19)	0.22876 (12)	0.44391 (10)	0.0327 (3)
C6	0.1916 (2)	0.29707 (12)	0.34631 (10)	0.0347 (3)
H6	0.3054	0.3358	0.3323	0.042*
C7	0.0533 (2)	0.30446 (12)	0.26930 (10)	0.0352 (3)
C8	0.2094 (3)	0.42381 (18)	0.10121 (14)	0.0664 (5)

H8A	0.2818	0.4594	0.1529	0.080*
H8B	0.1464	0.4943	0.0572	0.080*
C9	0.3587 (4)	0.3318 (3)	0.02309 (16)	0.0820 (7)
H9	0.4607	0.3652	-0.0227	0.098*
C10	0.3598 (3)	0.2112 (3)	0.01307 (18)	0.0866 (7)
H10A	0.2609	0.1733	0.0570	0.104*
H10B	0.4595	0.1616	-0.0382	0.104*
C11	0.3460 (2)	0.29146 (12)	0.58397 (10)	0.0349 (3)
C12	0.4993 (2)	0.24657 (12)	0.65330 (10)	0.0341 (3)
C13	0.5675 (2)	0.11088 (13)	0.66967 (10)	0.0359 (3)
C14	0.7230 (2)	0.07406 (14)	0.74087 (11)	0.0429 (3)
H14	0.7646	-0.0126	0.7568	0.051*
C15	0.8078 (2)	0.16072 (16)	0.78399 (12)	0.0474 (4)
C16	0.5936 (3)	0.33761 (15)	0.70210 (12)	0.0482 (4)
C17	0.2422 (3)	0.42837 (15)	0.57937 (16)	0.0671 (6)
H17A	0.1140	0.4326	0.5532	0.101*
H17B	0.3260	0.4753	0.5284	0.101*
H17C	0.2197	0.4655	0.6535	0.101*
C18	0.9761 (3)	0.1362 (2)	0.85373 (18)	0.0806 (6)
H18A	0.9316	0.1796	0.9250	0.121*
H18C	1.0918	0.1679	0.8145	0.121*
H18B	1.0133	0.0454	0.8665	0.121*
N1	0.0511 (2)	0.36448 (12)	0.16653 (10)	0.0472 (3)
N2	-0.1112 (2)	0.34456 (14)	0.11844 (11)	0.0574 (4)
N3	0.28794 (17)	0.20639 (10)	0.52426 (9)	0.0350 (3)
H3N	0.3443	0.1235	0.5379	0.042*
O1	0.5633 (3)	0.45366 (11)	0.69316 (13)	0.0832 (5)
O2	0.74794 (18)	0.28942 (11)	0.76619 (9)	0.0567 (3)
O3	0.50060 (18)	0.02513 (9)	0.62444 (9)	0.0538 (3)

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C1	0.0429 (9)	0.0691 (11)	0.0520 (9)	-0.0058 (8)	-0.0233 (7)	-0.0044 (8)
C2	0.0330 (7)	0.0437 (8)	0.0413 (7)	-0.0003 (6)	-0.0124 (5)	-0.0057 (6)
C3	0.0325 (7)	0.0595 (9)	0.0459 (8)	-0.0136 (6)	-0.0057 (6)	-0.0009 (7)
C4	0.0404 (8)	0.0494 (8)	0.0360 (7)	-0.0096 (6)	-0.0055 (6)	0.0045 (6)
C5	0.0351 (7)	0.0320 (6)	0.0313 (6)	-0.0016 (5)	-0.0108 (5)	-0.0025 (5)
C6	0.0392 (7)	0.0317 (6)	0.0362 (6)	-0.0083 (5)	-0.0128 (5)	0.0005 (5)
C7	0.0413 (7)	0.0306 (6)	0.0340 (6)	-0.0015 (5)	-0.0130 (5)	-0.0012 (5)
C8	0.1033 (15)	0.0663 (11)	0.0490 (9)	-0.0470 (11)	-0.0384 (10)	0.0265 (8)
C9	0.0885 (15)	0.130 (2)	0.0434 (9)	-0.0647 (15)	-0.0069 (10)	0.0047 (11)
C10	0.0708 (14)	0.125 (2)	0.0651 (12)	-0.0253 (14)	0.0001 (10)	-0.0205 (13)
C11	0.0409 (7)	0.0328 (7)	0.0307 (6)	-0.0022 (5)	-0.0090 (5)	-0.0023 (5)
C12	0.0401 (7)	0.0347 (7)	0.0288 (6)	-0.0061 (5)	-0.0099 (5)	-0.0020 (5)
C13	0.0405 (7)	0.0375 (7)	0.0298 (6)	-0.0037 (6)	-0.0102 (5)	-0.0011 (5)
C14	0.0483 (8)	0.0446 (8)	0.0344 (6)	0.0024 (6)	-0.0160 (6)	0.0005 (6)
C15	0.0472 (9)	0.0594 (9)	0.0366 (7)	-0.0040 (7)	-0.0163 (6)	-0.0006 (6)

C16	0.0641 (10)	0.0441 (8)	0.0438 (8)	-0.0155 (7)	-0.0247 (7)	0.0010 (6)
C17	0.0909 (14)	0.0388 (8)	0.0736 (11)	0.0151 (8)	-0.0484 (10)	-0.0163 (8)
C18	0.0723 (13)	0.1046 (16)	0.0736 (12)	-0.0078 (12)	-0.0479 (11)	-0.0039 (11)
N1	0.0629 (8)	0.0466 (7)	0.0385 (6)	-0.0134 (6)	-0.0258 (6)	0.0080 (5)
N2	0.0622 (9)	0.0659 (9)	0.0493 (7)	-0.0067 (7)	-0.0324 (7)	0.0040 (6)
N3	0.0408 (6)	0.0308 (5)	0.0347 (5)	-0.0014 (5)	-0.0159 (5)	0.0006 (4)
O1	0.1312 (13)	0.0405 (7)	0.1001 (10)	-0.0286 (7)	-0.0724 (10)	0.0073 (6)
O2	0.0669 (7)	0.0579 (7)	0.0567 (6)	-0.0191 (6)	-0.0349 (6)	-0.0013 (5)
O3	0.0747 (8)	0.0333 (5)	0.0610 (7)	-0.0055 (5)	-0.0394 (6)	-0.0006 (4)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

C1—N2	1.311 (2)	C11—N3	1.3166 (16)
C1—C2	1.4215 (19)	C11—C12	1.4309 (18)
C1—H1	0.9300	C11—C17	1.4890 (19)
C2—C3	1.399 (2)	C12—C16	1.4339 (18)
C2—C7	1.407 (2)	C12—C13	1.4394 (18)
C3—C4	1.3723 (19)	C13—O3	1.2575 (16)
C3—H3	0.9300	C13—C14	1.4447 (18)
C4—C5	1.408 (2)	C14—C15	1.325 (2)
C4—H4	0.9300	C14—H14	0.9300
C5—C6	1.3765 (18)	C15—O2	1.3649 (19)
C5—N3	1.4355 (15)	C15—C18	1.494 (2)
C6—C7	1.4022 (17)	C16—O1	1.2099 (19)
C6—H6	0.9300	C16—O2	1.4010 (18)
C7—N1	1.3672 (17)	C17—H17A	0.9600
C8—N1	1.456 (2)	C17—H17B	0.9600
C8—C9	1.495 (3)	C17—H17C	0.9600
C8—H8A	0.9700	C18—H18A	0.9600
C8—H8B	0.9700	C18—H18C	0.9600
C9—C10	1.284 (3)	C18—H18B	0.9600
C9—H9	0.9300	N1—N2	1.3684 (18)
C10—H10A	0.9300	N3—H3N	0.9090
C10—H10B	0.9300		
N2—C1—C2	111.83 (14)	C11—C12—C16	119.56 (12)
N2—C1—H1	124.1	C11—C12—C13	120.72 (11)
C2—C1—H1	124.1	C16—C12—C13	119.64 (12)
C3—C2—C7	119.78 (12)	O3—C13—C12	123.39 (12)
C3—C2—C1	136.29 (14)	O3—C13—C14	119.55 (12)
C7—C2—C1	103.93 (13)	C12—C13—C14	117.06 (12)
C4—C3—C2	118.11 (13)	C15—C14—C13	121.62 (13)
C4—C3—H3	120.9	C15—C14—H14	119.2
C2—C3—H3	120.9	C13—C14—H14	119.2
C3—C4—C5	121.11 (13)	C14—C15—O2	121.58 (13)
C3—C4—H4	119.4	C14—C15—C18	127.34 (16)
C5—C4—H4	119.4	O2—C15—C18	111.07 (14)
C6—C5—C4	122.61 (12)	O1—C16—O2	113.34 (13)

C6—C5—N3	120.24 (12)	O1—C16—C12	128.87 (14)
C4—C5—N3	116.93 (11)	O2—C16—C12	117.75 (13)
C5—C6—C7	115.68 (12)	C11—C17—H17A	109.5
C5—C6—H6	122.2	C11—C17—H17B	109.5
C7—C6—H6	122.2	H17A—C17—H17B	109.5
N1—C7—C6	130.43 (13)	C11—C17—H17C	109.5
N1—C7—C2	106.87 (12)	H17A—C17—H17C	109.5
C6—C7—C2	122.70 (12)	H17B—C17—H17C	109.5
N1—C8—C9	113.14 (15)	C15—C18—H18A	109.5
N1—C8—H8A	109.0	C15—C18—H18C	109.5
C9—C8—H8A	109.0	H18A—C18—H18C	109.5
N1—C8—H8B	109.0	C15—C18—H18B	109.5
C9—C8—H8B	109.0	H18A—C18—H18B	109.5
H8A—C8—H8B	107.8	H18C—C18—H18B	109.5
C10—C9—C8	126.33 (19)	C7—N1—N2	110.85 (13)
C10—C9—H9	116.8	C7—N1—C8	128.13 (13)
C8—C9—H9	116.8	N2—N1—C8	120.20 (12)
C9—C10—H10A	120.0	C1—N2—N1	106.50 (12)
C9—C10—H10B	120.0	C11—N3—C5	128.38 (11)
H10A—C10—H10B	120.0	C11—N3—H3N	113.9
N3—C11—C12	118.25 (11)	C5—N3—H3N	117.7
N3—C11—C17	118.15 (12)	C15—O2—C16	122.25 (11)
C12—C11—C17	123.55 (12)		

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>
N3—H3N $\cdots$ O3	0.91	1.77	2.5567 (15)	143
N3—H3N $\cdots$ O3 <sup>i</sup>	0.91	2.51	3.0612 (16)	120
C6—H6 $\cdots$ O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.93	2.54	3.3554 (19)	146
C8—H8A $\cdots$ O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.97	2.53	3.495 (2)	173

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+1, -y, -z+1$ ; (ii)  $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$ .